EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

Prepared for

THE LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT 770 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD LOS ANGELES, CA 90017

Prepared by

TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES 6083 BRISTOL PARKWAY, SUITE 200 CULVER CITY, CA 90230

		*			
					•
					<u>-</u> -
	4.				

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD

		<u>Page</u>
1.0	INTR	RODUCTION AND BACKGROUND1-1
	1.1	Purpose of the EIR
	1.2	Authorization and Focus1-1
	1.3	Lead Agency
	1.4	Intended Uses of this Report
	1.5	Public Review and Comments
2.0	SUM	MARY 2-1
	2.1	Summary of Project Description
	2.2	Summary of Potential Environmental Impacts
	2.3	Areas of Controversy
3.0	PRO.	JECT DESCRIPTION
	3.1	Background 3-1
	3.2	Project Objective
	3.3	Project Location
	3.4	Existing Conditions
	3.5	Description of Project
4.0	ENVI	RONMENTAL IMPACTS 4.0-1
	4.1	Aesthetics and Lighting 4.1-1
	4.2	Air Quality
	4.3	Cultural Resources
	4.4	Geology and Seismicity 4.4-1
	4.5	Hazards and Hazardous Materials
	4.6	Land Use and Planning 4.6-1
	4.7	Noise 4.7-1
	4.8	Public Services
	4.9	Transportation & Traffic
	4.10	Utilities & Service Systems
5.0	ALTI	ERNATIVES 5-1
	5.1	Description of Project Alternatives 5-1
	5.2	Analysis of Alternatives5-1
	5.3	Environmentally Superior Alternative

TABLE OF CONTENTS (cont.)

			rage
6.0			VE AND LONG-TERM EFFECTS6-1
	6.1		ative Effects
	6.2		h-Inducing Impacts
	6.3	irrever	sible Adverse Environmental Effects
7.0	EFFE	CTS DE	TERMINED NOT TO BE SIGNIFICANT
8.0	ORGA	NIZAT	TIONS AND PERSONS CONSULTED8-1
9.0	RESPO	ONSE T	TO COMMENTS9-1
10.0	CORR	ECTIC	ONS AND ADDITIONS
APPE	NDICES	S	
	Append	dix A	Notice of Preparation and Initial Study
	Append	dix B	Comments on the NOP
	Append	dix C	Air Quality Data
	Append	dix D	Cultural Resources Letters
	Append	dix E	Phase I Hazardous Waste Assessment
	Append	dix F	Noise Data
	Appen	dix G	Traffic Study/Supplemental Traffic Analysis
	Appen	dix H	Comments on the Draft EIR
			LIST OF FIGURES
Figure	1-1	Aerial	Photograph of Proposed Site
Figure	3-1	ELAC	Enrollment Service Areas
Figure	3-2	Region	nal Location
Figure	3-3	Existin	ng Site Plan
Figure	3-4	Photog	graph of Campus Entrance
Figure	3-5	Photog	graph of Bus and Access Road
Figure	3-6	Photog	graphs Showing Deferred Maintenance
Figure	3-7	Photog	graph of Athletic Field and Classroom
Figure	3-8	Photog	graph of Existing Baseball Field
Figure	3-9	Photog	raph of Stadium Parking Lot and Stadium Facilities
Figure	3-10	Adjace	ent Land Uses
Figure	3-11	Photog	raph of Residential Properties Adjacent to Campus
Figure	re 3-12 Photograph of Sensitive Receptor Schools		

TABLE OF CONTENTS (cont.)

List of	Figures	(cont.)
---------	---------	---------

Figure 3-13	Proposed Site Plan	. 3-17
Figure 3-14	Phase 1	. 3-18
Figure 3-15	Phase 2	. 3-19
Figure 3-16	Phase 3	. 3-20
Figure 3-17	Phase 4	. 3-21
Figure 3-18	Phase 5	. 3-22
Figure 3-19	Photograph of Temporary Buildings	. 3-25
Figure 3-20	Buildings to be Removed	. 3-26
Figure 4.4-1	Seismic Hazard Zones Map	4.4-3
Figure 4.7-1	A-Weighted Decibel Scale	4.7-2
Figure 4.7-2	Sensitive Noise Receptor Locations	4.7-5
Figure 4.8-1	Fire Stations	4.8-2
	LIST OF TABLES	
Table 2-1	Summary of Environmental Impacts and Mitigation Measures	2-2
Table 3-1	Temporary Buildings Targeted for Removal	. 3-27
Table 3-2	Tentative Project Construction Phasing	. 3-27
Table 4.1-1	Description in Changes of Line of Sight	4.1-4
Table 4.1-2	Aesthetic and Visual Impacts	4.1-5
Table 4.2-1	Air Quality Summary for Study Area Monitoring Station 1997-1999	4.2-2
Table 4.2-2	Existing Carbon Monoxide Concentrations	4.2-4
Table 4.2-3	SCAQMD Daily Emissions Thresholds	4.2-5
Table 4.2-4	Construction Emissions	4.2-6
Table 4.2-5	Daily Operations Emissions	4.2-7
Table 4.2-6	Future (2015) Carbon Monoxide Concentrations at Project Area Intersections	4.2-8
Table 4.2-7	Carbon Monoxide Concentrations at Various Distances from 2,200-Car Parking	
	Structure	4.2-9
Table 4.4-1	Capable Faults	
Table 4.6-1	Comparison of the Proposed Project to SCAG Regional Policies	4.6-2
Table 4.7-1	City of Monterey Park Noise Standards	4.7-3
Table 4.7-2	City of Monterey Park Permitted Increase in Noise Levels	4.7-3
Table 4.7-3	Existing Noise Levels	4.7-4
Table 4.7-4	Maximum Noise Levels of Common Construction Machinery	4.7-7
Table 4.7-5	Outdoor Construction Noise Levels	
Table 4.7-6	Construction Noise Impacts	4.7-8
Table 4 7-7	Operational Peak Hour Noise Levels at Sensitive Receptors	4710

TABLE OF CONTENTS (cont.)

List of Tables (cont.)

Table 4.7-8	Effect of Crowd Noise on Ambient Noise Levels at Various Areas 4.7-11
Table 4.7-9	Construction Noise Impact with Muffler Utilization
Table 4.8-1	Fire Stations Serving the East Los Angeles College Campus
Table 4.9-1	Level of Service Definitions for Signalized Intersections
Table 4.9-2	Level of Service Definitions for Unsignalized Intersections 4.9-3
Table 4.9-3	Existing Intersection Level of Service
Table 4.9-4	Inventory of Parking Space
Table 4.9-5	Existing Parking Lot Utilization
Table 4.9-6	Peak Period Parking Use by Category
Table 4.9-7	East Los Angeles College Campus Trip Generation Estimates 4.9-7
Table 4.9-8	Year 2015 Cumulative Base and Cumulative Plus Project Intersection LOS 4.9-9
Table 4.9-9	Projected Future On-site Student Parking Demands
Table 6-1	Cumulative Air Emissions (Pounds per Day)
Table 6-2	Traffic-Related Cumulative Projects

FOREWORD

OVERVIEW

This Final Environmental Impact Report (Final EIR) has been prepared in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), including Sections 15088, 15089, and 15132 of the State CEQA Guidelines.

As defined by Section 15132 of the State CEQA Guidelines: "The Final EIR shall consist of: (a) the Draft EIR or a revision of the draft; (b) comments and recommendations received on the Draft EIR, either verbatim or in summary; (c) a list of persons, organizations, and public agencies commenting on the Draft EIR; (d) the responses of the Lead Agency to significant environmental points raised in the review and consultation process; [and] (e) any other information added by the lead agency."

The environmental review phase of a project precedes the consideration of project approval. The environmental review phase identifies the environmental impacts in compliance with CEQA, while the project approval phase considers the range of factors (environmental, economic, social, etc.) relevant to the decision to approve a project. Certification of the EIR does not constitute project approval, it simply marks the end of the environmental review phase. It signifies the judgment of the lead agency that the EIR is legally adequate under CEQA and the contents of the EIR reflect the agency's independent judgment of the scope of environmental impacts.

Section 15093 of the CEQA Guidelines states:

- (a) No public agency shall approve or carry out a project for which an EIR has been certified which identifies one or more significant environmental effects of the project unless the public agency makes one or more written findings for each of those significant effects, accompanied by a brief explanation of the rationale for each finding. The possible findings are:
 - 1) Changes or alterations have been required in, or incorporated into, the project which avoid or substantially lessen the significant environmental effect as identified in the final EIR.
 - 2) Such changes or alterations are within the responsibility and jurisdiction of another public agency and not the agency making the finding. Such changes have been adopted by such other agency or can and should be adopted by such other agency.
 - 3) Specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other considerations, including provision of employment opportunities for highly trained workers, make infeasible the mitigation measures or project alternatives identified in the final EIR.
- (b) The findings required by subsection (a) shall be supported by substantial evidence in the record.
- (c) The finding in subsection (a) (2) shall not be made if the agency making the finding has concurrent jurisdiction with another agency to deal with identified feasible mitigation measures or alternatives. The finding in subsection (a) (3) shall describe the specific reasons for rejecting identified mitigation measures and project alternatives.

		i I

approval to avoid or substantially lessen significant environmental effects. These measures must be fully enforceable through permit conditions, agreements, or other measures.

- (e) The public agency shall specify the location and custodian of the documents or other materials which constitute the record of the proceedings upon which its decision is based.
- (f) A statement made pursuant to Section 15093 does not substitute for the findings required by this section.

PUBLIC REVIEW OF THE DRAFT EIR

The Draft EIR (DEIR) for the East Los Angeles College (ELAC) Master Plan along with a request for public comments was circulated beginning December 15, 2000. The 45-day circulation period formally closed on January 29, 2001. However, as a courtesy to interested parties, the Lead Agency extended the comment period to February 2, 2001. The DEIR was available for public review at the ELAC campus as well as the East Los Angeles County Library and the Bruggemeyer Memorial Library.

REVISIONS IN THE EIR

Certain changes were made in response to comments to the EIR. These changes are indicated in strikethrough and underlined text. Deleted text is stricken (deleted text) and new text is underlined (new text). Section 9.0, Response to Comments from Persons and Organizations Consulted and Section 10.0, Corrections and Additions, are entirely new, therefore no changes are marked in these sections. Section 10.0, Corrections and Additions, contains a comprehensive list of all alterations made to the DEIR, including changes made to figures.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Los Angeles Community College District has prepared a Facilities Master Plan for the expansion of East Los Angeles College (ELAC) located in Monterey Park, California (See **Figure 1-1**). This Environmental Impact Report (EIR) addresses the potential environmental effects of the proposed expansion of the ELAC facilities. The college, established in 1945, saw an increase in enrollment to 17,197 students for the year 1999. To date ELAC has the largest student population of the nine colleges in the Los Angeles Community College District. In order to be able to provide a quality education to all incoming students, ELAC has proposed the expansion and renovation of various ELAC facilities as part of the Master Plan.

1.1 PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of an Environmental Impact Report (EIR), as defined in Section 15121 (a) of the State Guidelines for the implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 14, Division 6, Chapter 3 "Guidelines," is to "inform public agency decision-makers and the public generally of the significant environmental effects of a project, identify possible ways to minimize the significant effect and describe reasonable alternatives to the project." This document assesses the significant environmental impacts, including unavoidable adverse impacts and cumulative impacts, related to the adoption of the proposed East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan (hereafter referred to as the "proposed project"). Where there is potential for a significant adverse effect, this report identifies mitigation measures or alternatives that would either eliminate the impact or reduce the effect to a less-than-significant level. This report also identifies those significant effects that may be unavoidable even after the implementation of mitigation or policies.

1.2 AUTHORIZATION AND FOCUS

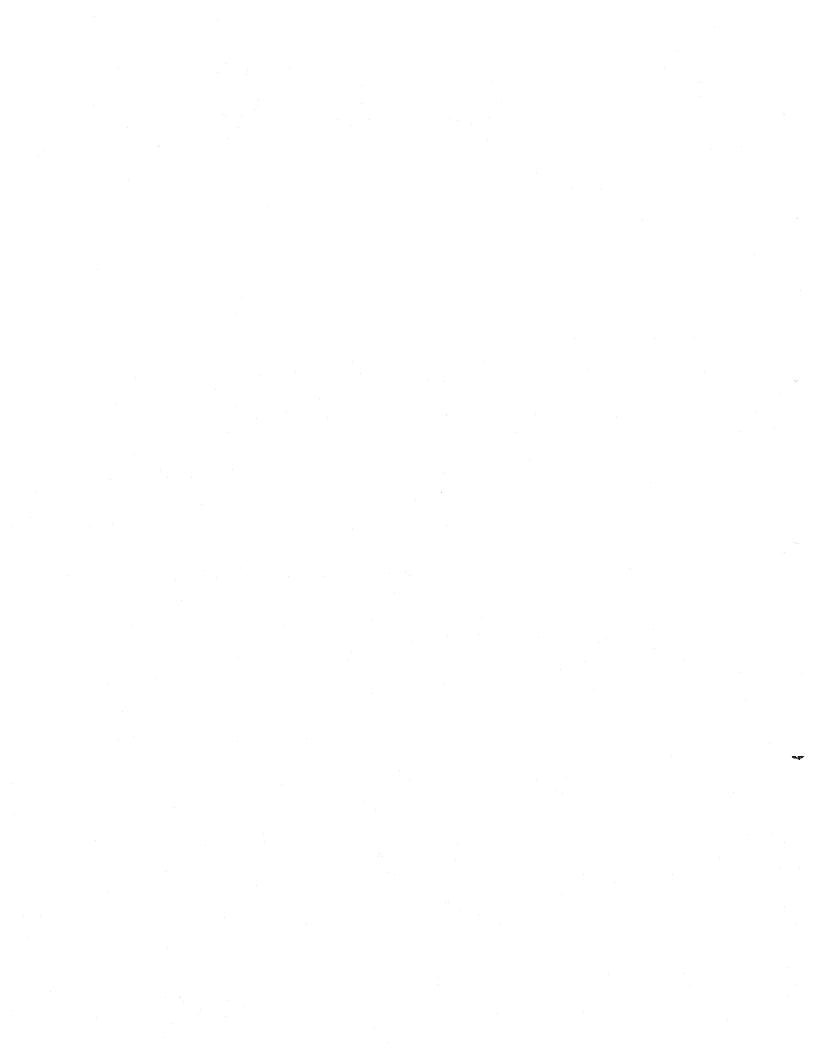
This EIR has been prepared in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) of 1970 and the Guidelines for the Implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act (the "State CEQA Guidelines"), as amended to date. Specifically, this document evaluates the environmental effects which may result from the implementation of the ELAC Facilities Master Plan. The following environmental issues were identified in the Initial Study, dated June 27, 2000, as having potential to result in a significant impact:

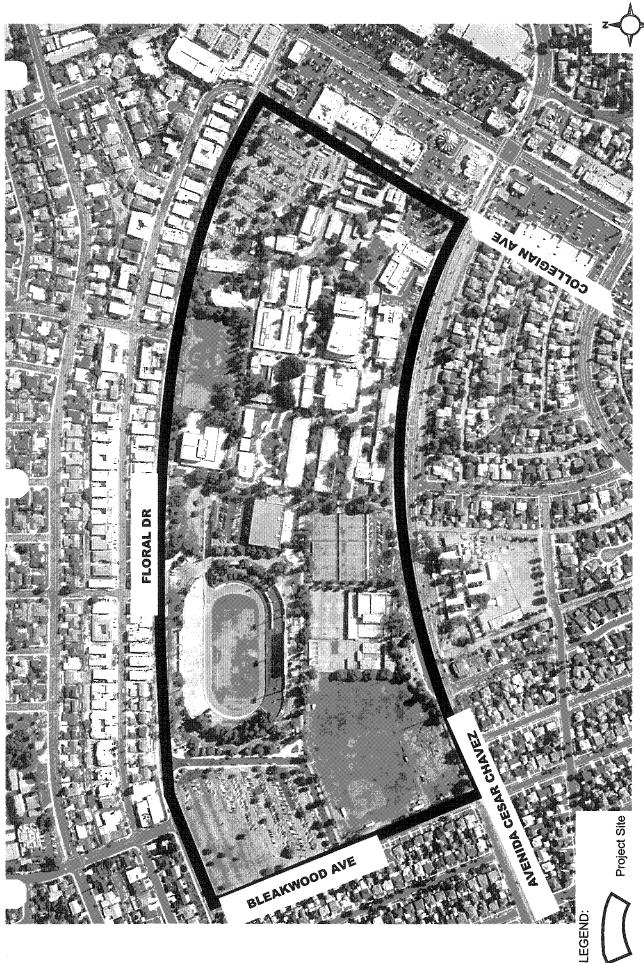
- Aesthetics
- Air Quality
- Cultural Resources
- Hazards & Hazardous Materials
- Noise
- Public Services
- Transportation/Traffic
- Utilities/Service Systems

Subsequent to the circulation of the Notice of Preparation, it was determined that the proposed project may also have adverse impacts related to Seismic Hazards and Land Use and Planning.

1.3 LEAD AGENCY

The Los Angeles Community College District is the Lead Agency in accordance with Section 15367 of the CEQA Guidelines, which defines the lead agency as "the public agency which has the principal responsibility for carrying out or approving the project." The East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan is proposed by:





SOURCE: East Los Angeles College Master Plan



LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

Los Angeles Community College District

770 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90017 Contact: William A. Dunn

1.4 INTENDED USES OF THE EIR

This EIR is prepared at the direction and under the supervision of the Los Angeles Community College District (LACCD). As discussed above, the LACCD is the Lead Agency. The intended use of this EIR is to assist the LACCD in making decisions with regards to the approval of the ELAC Facilities Master Plan. Additionally, the EIR will be used for future approvals of projects by the LACCD which are consistent with the Master Plan.

1.5 PUBLIC REVIEW AND COMMENTS

A Notice of Preparation for this EIR was issued on June 29, 2000, by the Lead Agency. Information, data, and observations resulting from these contacts are included where relevant. This Draft EIR will be circulated for a 45-day public review period. The public is invited to comment in writing on the information contained in this document. Persons and agencies commenting are encouraged to provide information that they believe is missing from the Draft EIR, or to identify where the information can be obtained. All comment letters received will be responded to in writing, and the comment letters, together with the responses to those comments, will be included in the Final EIR.



2.0 SUMMARY

This chapter summarizes the key findings of this Environmental Impact Report, including the environmental effects, mitigation measures, unavoidable significant adverse impacts, and any areas of environmental controversy concerning the proposed project.

2.1 SUMMARY OF PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The ELAC Facilities Master Plan is being prepared for the purpose of meeting the increasing demand for classroom space and facilities, improving the aesthetic character of ELAC, and handling safety issues. The Master Plan will be designed to allow for development of the facilities which would permit a capacity of 25,000 students, an increase of approximately 45 percent of the current enrollment of 17,197 students. Current enrollment of 17,197 students was as of the Fall 2000 headcount. This figure includes students enrolled in Non-credit and Credit programs, as well as the community services program (extension courses for personal development, leisure and recreation). This figure does not include enrollment at satellite locations (off-campus locations).

Improvements contemplated in the Master Plan will add approximately 457,161 433,149 square feet of space to the ELAC facilities. The Master Plan will also include plans for air conditioning, infrastructure upgrade, and landscaping. Infrastructure improvements include increasing electrical power, improving data lines and other infrastructure needed for a local area network for the campus. Other physical improvements include signage, lighting, fire safety and security.

2.2 SUMMARY OF POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

This Environmental Impact Report (EIR) has been prepared to analyze the potential significant environmental impacts associated with the construction and long-term operation of the proposed project, and to identify mitigation measures capable of avoiding or substantially reducing the impacts. To satisfy the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and to assist the Los Angeles Community College District and other interested citizens and community organizations in understanding the findings of the EIR, potential impacts of the proposed project have been divided into three categories: unavoidable significant adverse impacts, significant impacts that can be mitigated to less-than-significant levels, and impacts which are less than significant or nonexistent when compared to the environmental impact thresholds identified in this report. The criteria for the determination of a significant impact in each environmental topic area is discussed in the body of this report.

The impacts are evaluated for the construction period as well as operational. As required by CEQA, mitigation measures are identified in this EIR to avoid or substantially reduce the level of all identified significant impacts. However, certain significant environmental impacts cannot be reduced to a level below significance, even with application of the identified mitigation measures. Such impacts are identified in the Draft EIR as "unavoidable significant impacts." **Table 2-1** provides a summary of impacts and mitigation measures discussed in Section 4.0 of this EIR.

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY	OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MI	ITIGATION MEASURES
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
AESTHETICS		
Visual Impacts on Adjacent Residences	L1 All high-intensity light standards associated with the tennis courts, athletic fields and/or stadium expansion shall be fitted with visors and glare control devices such that all light is focused on the fields, and glare and spill light on adjacent properties is minimized to the	No Significant Impact with mitigation
	greatest extent feasible. Spillover and glare shall be routinely monitored by ELAC and any necessary adjustments and/or repairs shall be made to ensure that spillover and glare are maintained at levels specified in the project lighting plan.	
	L2 Fencing along the boundaries of the athletic fields, tennis courts, parking structures (where appropriate) shall be shielded at all times such that no light generated by the lighting structures can penetrate through the fence, thereby reducing spill lighting on residential properties.	
	L3 Parking Structures will be fitted with screens where appropriate to prevent vehicle headlight glare onto adjacent residential properties.	
AIR QUALITY		
Construction Air Quality Impacts	AQ1 The construction area and vicinity (500-foot radius) shall be swept and watered at least twice daily.	Unavoidable Significant Impacts Related to PM10
	AQ2 Site-wetting shall occur often enough to maintain a ten percent surface soil moisture content throughout all site grading and excavation activity.	
	AQ3 All haul trucks shall either be covered or maintained with two feet of free board.	
	AQ4 All haul trucks shall have a capacity of no less than 14 cubic yards.	
	AQ5 All unpaved parking or staging areas shall be watered at least four times daily.	

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY	OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND M	ITIGATION MEASURES
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
	AQ6 Site access points shall be swept/washed within thirty minutes of visible dirt deposition.	
	AQ7 On-site stockpiles of debris, dirt, or rusty material shall be covered or watered at least twice daily.	
	AQ8 Operations on any unpaved surfaces shall be suspended when winds exceed 25 mph.	
	AQ9 Car-pooling for construction workers shall be encouraged.	
	AQ10 Wash mud-covered tires and under carriages of trucks leaving construction sites. AQ11 Provide for street sweeping, as needed, on adjacent roadways to remove dirt dropped by construction vehicles or mud which would otherwise be carried off by trucks departing project sites.	
	AQ12 Securely cover loads of dirt with a tight fitting tarp on any truck leaving the construction sites to dispose of excavated soil.	
CULTURAL RESOURCE:		
Removal of Buildings	No Mitigation Measures Required	No Significant Impacts
Archeological Sensitivity for Undeveloped Areas		
GEOLOGY		
Seismie Hazards	GS1 A California Certified Engineer and Geologist shall conduct a detailed subsurface engineering geologic/geo-technical investigation prior to completing final design plans for each proposed project. The sitespecific geotechnical investigation should	No Significant Impacts
	comply with the Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117 Guidelines to avoid seismic hazard impacts. The investigation should recommend mitigation measures and provide for an agency	

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES				
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation		
	review of the investigation procedures. The investigation should include soil borehole logs to evaluated surface rupture, landsliding and settlement potential. The investigation report should include recommendations for ensuring seismic safety on the site including ground improvements and shall be considered by the State Architect in the approval of all plans.			
HAZARDS & HAZARDOI	US MATERIALS			
Removal of Buildings	HW1 Secondary containment is recommended beneath metal drums used for waste liquids in the maintenance operations area.	No Significant Impacts		
	HW2 For those campus facilities effected by the Master Plan, Lead-based paint testing should be conducted due to the deteriorating condition of many painted surfaces. All materials identified as containing lead shall be removed by a licensed lead-based paint/materials abatement contractor.			
	HW3 For those campus facilities affected by the Master Plan, asbestos sampling should be conducted to determine if building materials used in the construction of the structures in question have an asbestos fiber content. All material identified as containing asbestos shall be removed and/or encapsulated by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor as provided by the provisions of Rule 1403 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rules and Regulations			
	HW4 PCB containing units removed from buildings affected by the Master Plan should be properly disposed of as required by law.			
LAND USE/PLANNING				
Land Use Compatibility	None Required	No Significant Impacts		

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY	OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MI	TIGATION MEASURES
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
NOISE		
Construction Noise	N1 Construction or demolition hours shall be limited to activities conducted between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays:	Unavoidable Significant Impacts Related to Construction Noise
	N2 Noisy construction activities within 1,000 feet of a school or daycare center shall be conducted from 7:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m., or when the school or daycare center is not in session.	
	N3 When feasible, change the timing and/or sequence of the noisiest construction operations to avoid sensitive times of the day.	
·	N4 Use noise control devices, such as equipment mufflers, enclosures, and barriers.	
	N5 Stage construction operations as far from noise sensitive uses as possible:	
	N6 Maintain all sound-reducing devices and restrictions throughout the construction period.	
	N7 When feasible, replace noisy equipment with quieter equipment (for example, a vibratory pile driver instead of a conventional pile driver and rubber-tired equipment rather than track equipment).	
	N8 Construction equipments shall be located as far as possible from noise-sensitive areas:	
	N9 Adjacent residents shall be given regular notification of major construction activities and their duration.	
	N10 A sign, legible at a distance of 50 feet, shall be posted on the construction site identifying a telephone number where residents can inquire about the construction process and register complaints.	

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY	OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND M	ITIGATION MEASURES
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
	N11 Major construction sites within 1,000 feet of Lane Elementary School shall be reviewed with the Los Angeles Unified School District to determine whether a construction noise mitigation program shall be implemented to mitigate noise-related disruptions. Similarly, major construction sites within 1,000 feet of Brightwood Elementary School shall be reviewed with the Alhambra School District to determine whether a construction noise mitigation program shall be implemented to mitigate noise-related disruptions. The mitigation program shall consider such measures as limited hours of construction, limiting construction in certain site areas to hours when the school would not be affected, providing prior notification to the school of particularly noisy activities, substitution of electric powered versus combustion engine powered equipment, and the use of temporary shrouds or barriers.	
Stadium Noise	N12 Construction occurring within 1,000 feet of the Child Development Center shall be limited to hours when the Child Development Center would not be affected. The Child Development Center shall be notified of particularly noisy activities. N13 Sound walls of sufficient height shall be constructed along the perimeter of the Weingart Stadium, behind the top bleachers, to reduce sound transmission within the vicinity of the Stadium.	Unavoidable Significant Impacts Related to Stadium Noise
	N14 Events at Weingart Stadium should be limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. All activities in the Weingart Stadium should stop at 10:00 p.m.	
PUBLIC SERVICES		
Police Service Due to Increased Enrollment	No Mitigation Required	No Significant Impacts
Fire Access	No Mitigation Required	No Significant Impacts
TRANSPORTATION AND	TRAFFIC	
Operational Traffic Impacts	T1 Install a traffic signal at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive.	No Significant Impacts

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES			
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation	
	T2 Install a traffic signal at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue.		
	T3 At the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive, widen Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane, and a shared through/right-turn lane on eastbound approach. Restripe Floral Drive to provide two eastbound departure lanes.		
Construction Traffic Impact	T4 The Project manager or designee should notify the LAUSD Transportation Branch of the expected start and ending dates for the various portions of the project that may affect traffic through the areas.		
	T5 The contractors shall avoid staging trucks and equipment along streets in the area to facilitate the movement of buses during peak traffic hours.		
	T6 When possible, avoid heaviest construction traffic between the hours of 6:30 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. and between 3:30 p.m. and 4:30 p.m. to minimize delays to the arrivals and departures of buses.		
	T7 Contractors shall remind their drivers of construction vehicles of the requirement to stop for the red flashing lights of any school bus.		
Special Events Impacts	T8 The College shall implement a Special Event Parking and Access Management Program. This program will provide guidelines for addressing parking and access during stadium events, and could include such features as assigned parking, or parking/traffic attendants to direct stadium event attendees to use the stadium parking structure. Provisions for alternative parking for attendees should the structure become full should also be detailed.		

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES			
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation	
UTILITIES/SERVICE SY	(STEMS		
Utility Capacity Due To Increased Enrollment	U1 In undertaking the landscape improvements to the campus drought tolerant plants shall be used wherever possible. U2 As a water conservation measure, the proposed projects shall be equipped with wastewater conservation fixtures including low flow toilets.	No Significant Impacts	
	U3 A recycling program shall be designed to reduce the amount of solid waste going to landfills. U4 Recycling bins and chutes shall be provided at appropriate locations to promote		
	the recycling of paper, metal, glass, and other recyclable materials.		

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY OF E	NVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION ME	<u>ASURES</u>
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
AESTHETICS		
Glare and Glow impacts to residences near athletic fields and parking structures.	L1 All high-intensity light standards associated with the tennis courts, athletic fields and/or stadium expansion shall be fitted with visors and glare control devices such that all light is focused on the fields, and glare and spillover light onto adjacent properties is minimized. Spillover and glare shall be routinely monitored and lights adjusted and/or repaired by ELAC to ensure that ELAC's contribution to ambient light levels outside of the school property shall not exceed 1 foot candle.	Less than Significant Impact
	L2 Screening (i.e., trees, fencing, etc) along the boundaries of the athletic fields, tennis courts (on parking structure), and parking structures (where appropriate) shall be used to diffuse glare and spillover light. Screening shall be of such height and density to intercept the line of sight between the light fixtures and adjacent residential properties.	
	L3 Parking Structures will be fitted with screens where appropriate to prevent vehicle headlight glare onto adjacent residential properties.	
AIR QUALITY		
Construction Air Quality Impacts. PM ₁₀ emissions anticipated to exceed SCAQMD thresholds during grading/ excavation phase of construction period, and during overlapping construction periods of individual projects.	AQ1 PM ₁₀ Abatement. Through construction contracts, ELAC shall ensure that best practices are employed to reduce the creation of inhaleable dust particles during the construction process. Abatement shall use measures consistent with SCAQMD Rule 403, including site wetting, covering of haul trucks and storage piles, and periodic street sweeping.	Unavoidable Significant Impacts Related to PM ₁₀
CULTURAL RESOURCES		
No Significant Impacts Identified	No Mitigation Measures Required	No Significant Impacts
GEOLOGY		
Seismic Hazards: The project may be subject to seismic hazards such as ground-shaking and landslides.	GS1 A California Certified Engineer and Geologist shall conduct a detailed subsurface engineering geologic/geotechnical investigation prior to completing final design plans for each proposed project. The site-specific geotechnical investigation should comply with the Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117 Guidelines to avoid seismic hazard impacts. The investigation should recommend mitigation measures and provide for an agency review of the investigation procedures. The investigation should include soil borehole logs to evaluated surface rupture, landsliding and settlement potential. The investigation report should include recommendations for ensuring seismic safety on the site including ground improvements and shall be considered by the State Architect in the approval of all	No Significant Impacts
	plans.	

Impacts from asbestos- containing materials, lead paint,	Mitigation Measures ATERIALS HW1 Secondary containment is recommended beneath metal drums used for waste liquids in the maintenance	Significance After Mitigation
Removal of Buildings. Potential Impacts from asbestos-containing materials, lead paint,	HW1 Secondary containment is recommended beneath	
Impacts from asbestos- containing materials, lead paint,		
	HW2 For those campus facilities effected by the Master Plan, lead-based paint testing should be conducted due to the deteriorating condition of many painted surfaces. All	No Significant Impacts
	materials identified as containing lead shall be removed by a licensed lead-based paint/materials abatement contractor. HW3 For those campus facilities affected by the Master Plan, asbestos sampling should be conducted to determine if building materials used in the construction of the structures in question have an asbestos fiber content. All material identified as containing asbestos shall be removed and/or encapsulated by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor as provided by the provisions of Rule 1403 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rules and Regulations HW4 PCB containing units removed from buildings affected by the Master Plan should be properly disposed of as required by law.	
LAND USE/PLANNING		
No Significant Impacts Identified	None Required	No Significant Impacts
NOISE		
Construction activity during the hours of 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. on weekdays, or 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, or Holidays would result in a significant noise impact.	N1 Construction activities (i.e., demolition, ground clearing, excavation, grading, laying of foundations, structural and finishing activities) shall be conducted between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. N2 For schools within 500 feet of a major construction site on the ELAC campus, coordination must be undertaken with the appropriate school district to define mitigation measures to substantially reduce construction noise impacts. Such measures may include limiting hours of construction for noisy construction activities (i.e., excavation and finishing phases), limiting construction in certain site areas to hours when the school would not be affected, providing prior notification to the school of particularly noisy activities, substitution of electric powered versus combustion engine powered equipment, and the use of temporary shrouds or barriers may be considered. N3 Change the timing and/or sequence of the noisiest construction operations (i.e., excavation and finishing phases) to avoid sensitive times of the day.	Mitigation Measures N1-N6 would reduce construction related noise impacts to a less-than-significant level, but intermittent disruptions having significant impacts and discernible noise changes would remain.

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY OF E	NVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION ME.	ASURES
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
	N4 Use noise control devices, such as equipment mufflers, enclosures, and barriers.	
	N5 Adjacent residents shall be given notification of major construction activities and their duration. A sign, legible at a distance of 50 feet, shall be posted on the construction site identifying a telephone number where residents can inquire about the construction process and register complaints.	
	N6 Construction occurring within 1,000 feet of the Child Development Center shall be limited to hours when the Child Development Center would not be affected. The Child Development Center shall be notified of particularly noisy activities.	
Stadium Noise: Crowd noise and public address system noise could result in a significant impact during stadium events.	N7 Prior to implementation of improvements to the Weingart Stadium, an acoustical noise analysis shall be conducted to determine the need or requirement for the construction of a sound wall to be located along the perimeter of the Weingart Stadium, behind the top of the bleachers, to achieve noise abatement within the vicinity of the stadium. The college shall implement the recommendations and findings of the acoustical analysis.	Less than Significant Impact after Mitigation
	N8 Events at Weingart Stadium should be limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on a weekday or weekend.	
	N9 Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or school activities and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive load noises.	
	N10 The use of compressed air horns and similar noise generating devices by spectators shall be prohibited. Signs shall be posted within and outside of the stadium indicating this restriction.	
	N11 Parking structures shall be designed to reduce noise impacts on adjacent sensitive receptors by ensuing that the sides facing sensitive uses are enclosed, surfaces shall be chosen that will reduce tire squeal, and the implementation of a good neighbor signage program. Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or schools and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive loud noises, instructing drivers to disable alarms while parking on campus, prohibition against tailgating and a posted speed limit. All prohibitions shall be strictly enforced by on-campus security.	

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY OF E	NVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION ME	ASURES
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
PUBLIC SERVICES		
Increased demand for Police Service	PS1 ELAC shall implement security features (i.e., security cameras, improved lighting, maintenance of landscaping, and security phone system) as proposed in the Facility Master Plan.	Less than Significant Impact
	PS2 ELAC shall design, in coordination with the Montercy Park Police Department, and implement a Special Event Security Plan. Issues addressed may include, but not be limited to: security needs, emergency evacuation procedures, and money handling issues.	
TRANSPORTATION AND TRA	AFFIC	
Operational Traffic Impacts: Significant traffic impact at Bleakwood Avenue and Floral	T1 Install a traffic signal at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive.	No Significant Impacts
Drive during PM peak hour, and at Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez during PM peak hour.	T2 At the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive, widen Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane, and a shared through/right-turn lane on eastbound approach. Restripe Floral Drive to provide two eastbound departure lanes.	
Construction Related Traffic Impacts	T3 The Project Manager or designee shall notify the LAUSD Transportation Branch, Caltrans, LACMTA, Montebello Transit and any other appropriate City or County Department, to the extent that they are affected, of the expected start and ending construction dates for the various portions of the project that may affect traffic through the areas.	Less than Significant Impact. The future provision of substantial additional on- campus parking is expected to reduce or eliminate these concerns overflow parking concerns.
	T4 The contractors shall avoid staging trucks and equipment along streets in the area to facilitate the movement of buses during peak traffic hours.	
	T5 When possible, avoid heaviest construction traffic between the hours of 6:30 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. and between 3:30 p.m. and 4:30 p.m. to minimize delays to the arrivals and departures of buses.	
	T6 Prior to construction of the proposed parking facilities, a detailed construction program, including construction traffic and parking, and campus parking relocation (if necessary), will be prepared. This plan will be submitted for approval to the City of Monterey Park.	
	T7 To accommodate any additional need for parking during construction, temporary parking and shuttle bus service will be provided off-site as needed for those displaced parking spaces only.	
Special Events Impacts: Infrequent traffic impacts to intersection level of service, residential access and on-street	T8 Upon completion of stadium improvements, the College shall, in coordination with the City of Monterey Park, implement a Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program for major events (10,000 people or	Less than Significant Impact

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY OF E	NVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEA	ASURES
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
parking during events.	greater). Specifics of this program should be finalized based on actual scheduled events and anticipated attendance. This program shall include a traffic management plan which shall be developed in coordination with the City of Monterey Park Police Department and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for major events. This plan shall include directional signage to ensure efficient traffic flow and traffic control officers to minimize delays.	
	Such a Program could include, but not limited to, the following elements:	
	 A traffic control plan, including traffic control officers at campus access points, to direct and control traffic during peak arrival and departure times for stadium events. 	
	Information services to educate attendees about recommended access routes and parking locations. Such a service could supply maps or other information along with ticket sales and signage.	
	• Enhanced enforcement of off-site parking violations, to address nearby resident's concerns about increased traffic and parking demands during events.	
	If necessary during events with expected high attendance, satellite parking areas should be identified. However, the current level of stadium usage would not suggest the need for this measure on a regular basis.	
	 Provision of special event and school parking separation (designated school parking areas). 	
	 Provisions for alternative parking for attendees, should on-campus parking become full. 	
	 Use of tandem, or stacked parking on campus lots and/or turf parking to handle overflow during large stadium events. 	
	T9 Upon completion of stadium improvements, provisions shall be made for off-site parking and shuttle service as needed to handle parking overflow during special events at the Weingart Stadium.	
UTILITIES/SERVICE SYSTEM	<u>is</u>	S. (2.17)
Utility Demand Due To Increased Enrollment: Incremental increase to water demand could contribute to regional impacts to water	U1 In undertaking the landscape improvements to the campus drought tolerant plants shall be used wherever possible. U2 As a water conservation measure, the proposed projects	Less than Significant Impact

TABLE 2-1: SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS AND MITIGATION MEASURES		
Potential Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Significance After Mitigation
supply.	shall be equipped with wastewater conservation fixtures including low flow toilets.	
Increase in solid waste generation could contribute to regional impacts to landfill capacity.	U3 A recycling program shall be designed and implemented to reduce the amount of solid waste going to landfills. This program shall promote the recycling of newspaper, glass bottles, aluminum, bimetal cans and P.E.T. bottles.	Less than Significant Impact
	U4 Adequate recycling bins and chutes shall be provided at appropriate locations with sufficient access for recycling vehicles.	·

Unavoidable Significant Impacts. Section 15382 of the CEQA Guidelines defines a significant impact on the environment as "a substantial, or potentially substantial, adverse change in any of the physical conditions within an area affected by the project, including land, air, water, flora, fauna, ambient noise, and objects of historic or aesthetic significance." In order to approve a project with unavoidable significant impacts, the lead agency, Los Angeles Community College District, must adopt a Statement of Overriding Considerations (in accordance with 15093 of the CEQA Guidelines) indicating that the benefits of approving the proposed project outweigh the negative environmental consequences. For this reason, the public benefits of the proposed project must be clearly articulated.

<u>Unavoidable Significant Adverse Impacts.</u> Based on the analysis contained in the Draft EIR, the proposed project would create the following unavoidable significant impacts after the application of mitigation measures:

- Air Quality Impacts Related Impacts to PM10PM₁₀ from Construction. PM₁₀ emissions are anticipated to exceed SCAQMD thresholds during the grading/excavation phase of the construction period. Overlapping construction could result in an exceedance of the SCAQMD threshold for PM₁₀.
- Noise Related Impacts from Intermittent Disruptions during Construction
- Noise Related Impacts from Stadium Operation

Significant Impacts That Can Be Mitigated To Less-Than-Significant Level. Based on the analysis contained in theis Draft EIR, the proposed project would result in the following significant impacts that can be mitigated to less-than-significant levels:

- Visual Impacts on Adjacent Residences
- Geological Impacts Related to Seismic Hazards
- Hazards Related to Removal of Buildings (Asbestos, Lead, PCB's)
- Event Traffic and Parking Impacts
- Utility Capacity Due to Increased Enrollment
- Noise Related Impacts from Stadium Operation

Less-Than-Significant Or No Impact. Based on the analysis contained in the Draft EIR and the Initial Study (Appendix A) for the ELAC Facilities Master Plan the following were found to result in a less-than-significant impact or no impact:

- Agricultural Resources
- Biological Resources
- Cultural Resources
- Hydrology/Water Quality
- Land Use Compatibility
- Mineral Resources
- Population/Housing
- Scenic Resources
- Public Services (Police Service due to Increased Enrollment, Fire Access, Schools)
- Recreation

2.3 AREAS OF CONTROVERSY

No areas of controversy or issues to be resolved by the decision-makers have been identified for this project.



3.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

3.1 BACKGROUND

The East Los Angeles College (ELAC) Facilities Master Plan has been developed to meet the overall needs of students, the college community, and the general surrounding community. As the most populous and second oldest college within the Los Angeles Community College District, ELAC has experienced continued and steady growth in student enrollment. The primary service area for the East Los Angeles College includes nine communities covering an area of approximately 77 square miles (See **Figure 3-1**). Student enrollment has grown by approximately 17 percent in the past ten years. In 1999 ELAC enrollment reached approximately 17,197 students.

In anticipation of further acceleration in college population growth due to demographic changes and student population increases at junior and high school levels, ELAC has entered into the master planning process with a focused attempt at planning for future build-out of the college up to the year 2010. To meet forthcoming instructional program and student services needs, the college has established a tentative priority list for new facilities that will allow for a comprehensive plan to meet overall college, student, and community needs. The priority list will be visited and updated annually in order to remain focused on the actual need and demands of the college community.

3.2 PROJECT OBJECTIVE

The Master Plan is proposed to be undertaken in order to facilitate superior instructional delivery that the ELAC students and the community need and deserve. The goals of the proposed project are drawn from discussions with the Master Plan Steering Committee, and with participants from the administration, faculty, staff, students, representatives from governmental agencies, and the community. The following facility goals were developed from these campus-wide meetings and reflect the participants' primary concerns:

- To have an inviting and enjoyable college campus;
- To have a safe and friendly college campus; and
- To be a community landmark.

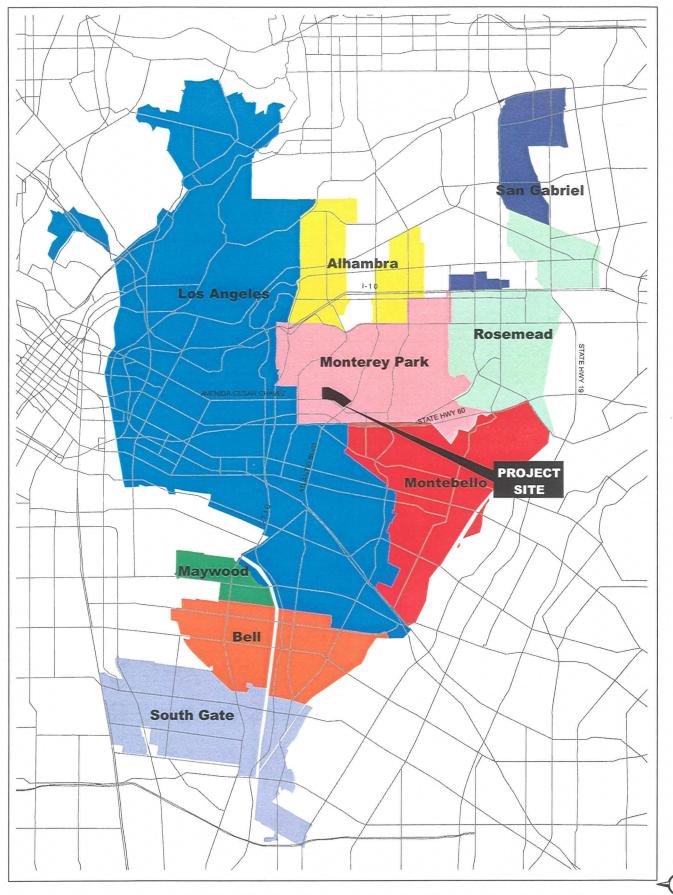
It is also the concern of the administration that ELAC is unable to fully meet the educational needs of current students due to overcrowding and inadequate facilities. Expansion would enable the college to accommodate the expected increase in enrollment as it is ELAC's goal to provide an improved learning environment. Expansion would also result in technological improvements, aesthetic improvements, improved safety through building improvements, lighting and adequate and convenient parking, and the ability to maintain and/or increase course offerings and programs.

The Master Plan includes the expansion and improvement of the Weingart Stadium. This proposed project is intended to encourage non-school related athletic events (i.e., professional soccer games). This increased use in the stadium facilities would provide the college with the financial means to undertake continued improvement to the college facilities.

3.3 PROJECT LOCATION

The East Los Angeles Community College is located at 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez in the City of Monterey Park in Los Angeles County. The ELAC campus is 5½ miles east of Downtown Los Angeles. Geographically, the ELAC campus is nestled at the base of two groups of hills, the Repetto and Montebello hills, which cross from the northwest to the southeast of the six-mile area surrounding the college.





SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates/MapInfo, 2000



FIGURE 3-1

Specifically, the ELAC campus is bounded by Avenida Cesar Chavez to the south, Collegian Avenue to the east, Bleakwood Avenue to the west, and Floral Drive to the north.

Regional access to ELAC is provided by the Pomona (SR-60), Long Beach (I-710) and San Bernadino (I-10) Freeways. The Pomona Freeway runs in an east-west direction, approximately 0.3 miles south of the college. Access between the campus and the Pomona Freeway is obtained via Atlantic Boulevard. The Long Beach Freeway runs in a north-south direction, approximately one mile west of the campus. Access to the campus from the Long Beach Freeway is obtained via Floral Drive and Avenida Cesar Chavez. The San Bernadino Freeway runs in an east-west direction, approximately 1.8 miles north of the campus. Access to the campus from the San Bernadino Freeway is via Atlantic Boulevard (see **Figure 3-2**).

The major streets serving the campus are Atlantic Boulevard, Eastern Avenue, and Garfield Avenue in the north-south direction, and Avenida Cesar Chavez in the east-west direction.

The main access to the campus is off of Avenida Cesar Chavez entering onto the college's Access Road. This entrance is the only entrance oriented toward pedestrians. All other campus entrances are oriented toward vehicular use. The primary access point to the main student parking facility, the Stadium Lot, is provided by Avalanche Way via Floral Drive and Bleakwood Avenue. Secondary access to the campus is provided by Floral Drive and Collegian Street.

3.4 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Existing Site Conditions

Originally, the ELAC site was used for agricultural purposes. The ELAC campus encompasses 82 acres. Established in 1945, the campus is well developed with a mixture of temporary and permanent buildings (See **Figures 3-3** through **3-5**). The campus maintains a variety of open and outdoor space. However, the campus overall is suffering from deferred maintenance particularly the temporary buildings. (See **Figures 3-6** and **3-7**).

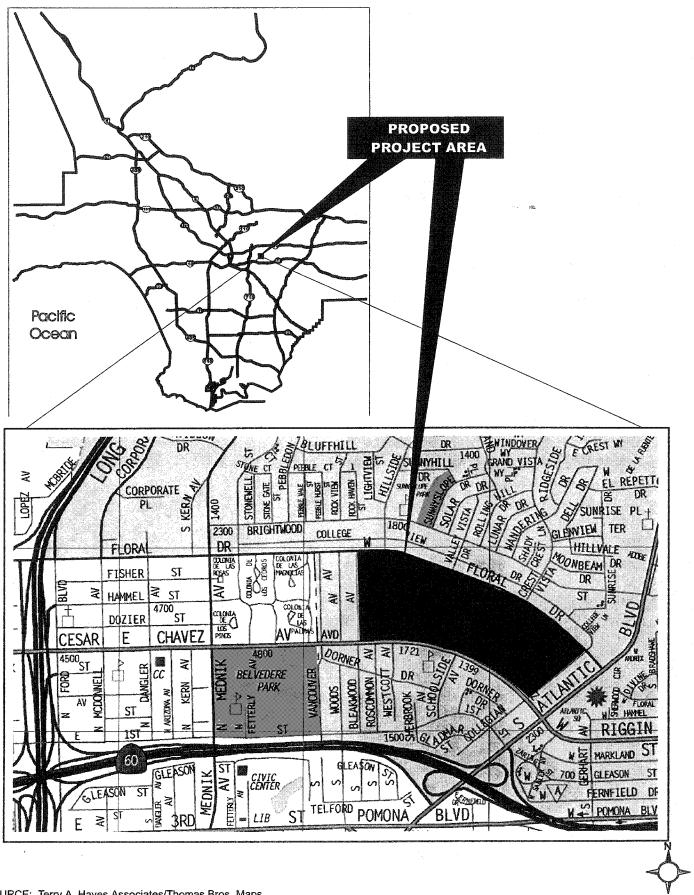
Buildings

The campus academic area, located on the eastern side of the campus, includes the Dr. Helen Miller Bailey Library, Library Annex, classroom buildings, Ingalls Auditorium, Little Theater, Vincent Price Gallery, and the Student Center. Temporary buildings are located within the academic area and are primarily used as classroom space. The temporary buildings are wooden bungalows mostly installed in the 1950's. These bungalows do not comply with current building and safety codes; are not adequately ventilated; and do not contain air conditioning. Most of these buildings are not equipped for access by disabled persons.

Athletic and recreational facilities are located on the west and central-north edge of the campus. The athletic and recreational facilities include the Swim Stadium, the Women's and Men's Gyms, and the Weingart Stadium, which has a 20,400-seat capacity. A baseball field and tennis courts are located on the west site of the campus. The campus police are also located on the west side of campus within the Weingart Stadium (See **Figures 3-8 and 3-9**).

Existing Plant Facilities are located at the northeast end of campus at Floral Drive. Three temporary buildings serve as storage for Plant Facilities.

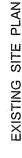
The most recent development on campus is a Child Development Center. The facility is located at the southwest border of the campus on Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez.

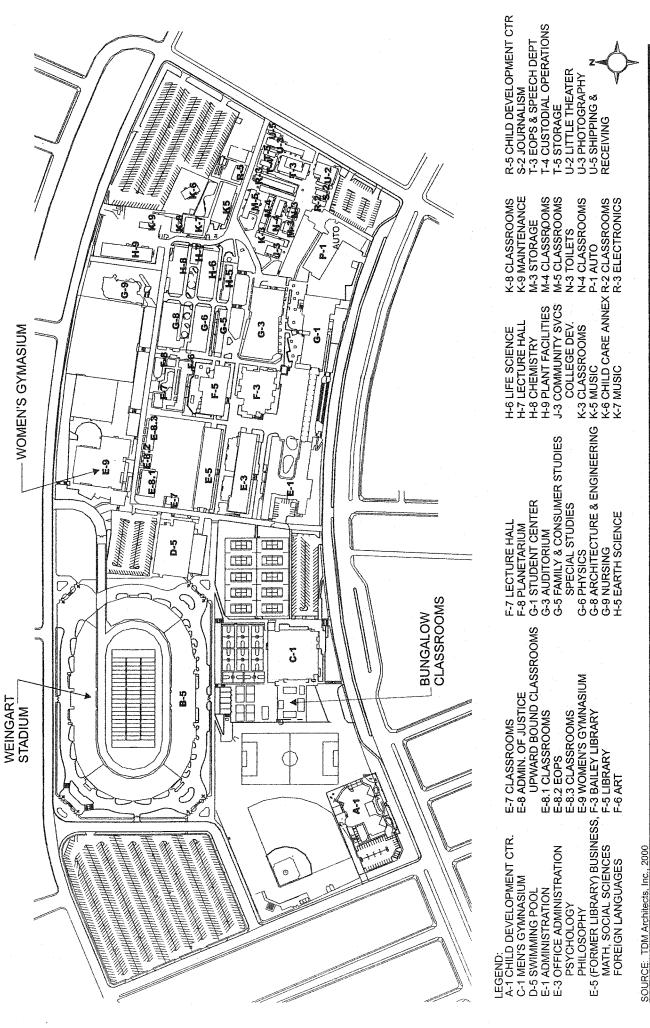


SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates/Thomas Bros. Maps

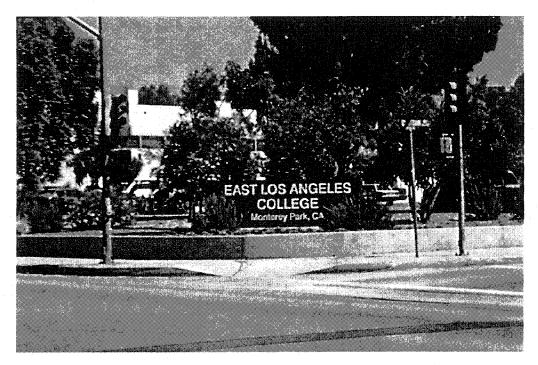


-IGURE 3-3

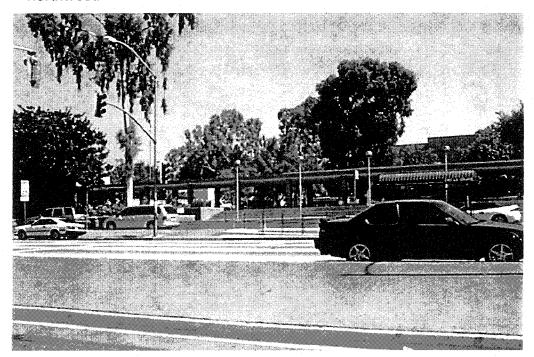




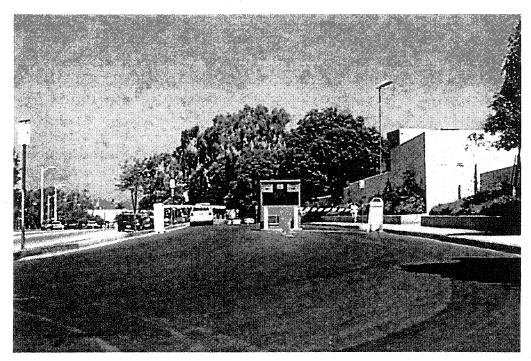
Angeles College Facilities in EIR Master



Corner of Collegian Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez, looking northwest.



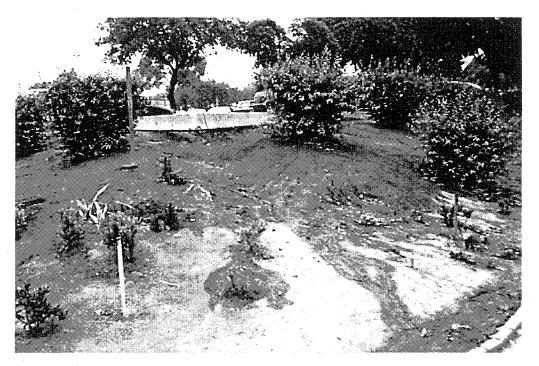
Entrance to the campus on Avenida Cesar Chavez looking north.



View looking east along Avenida Cesar Chavez. Guard Booth is on frontage access road on the north side of Avenida Cesar Chavez.



Buses serving the campus, primarily stop along Collegian Avenue.



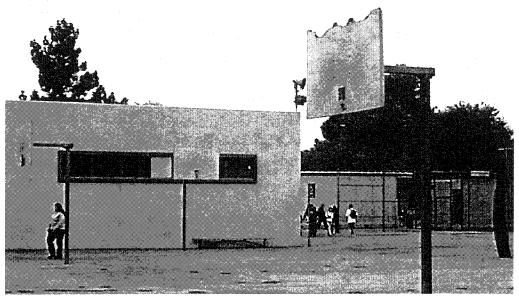
Landscaping at the corner of Floral Drive and Collegian Avenue (northeast corner of the campus) is sparse and requires maintenance.



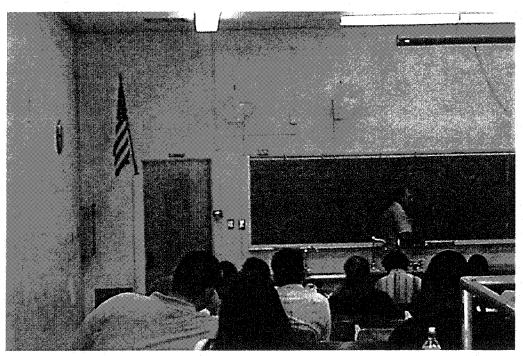
Seating northeast of the student park outside of classroom building shows signs of wear.

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates

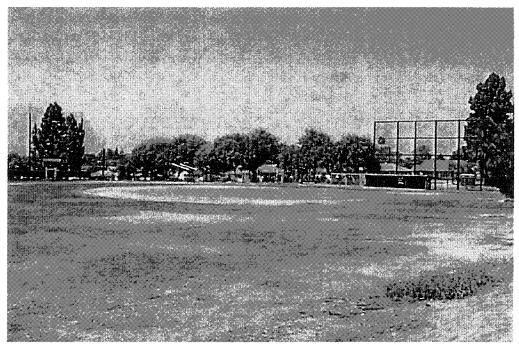




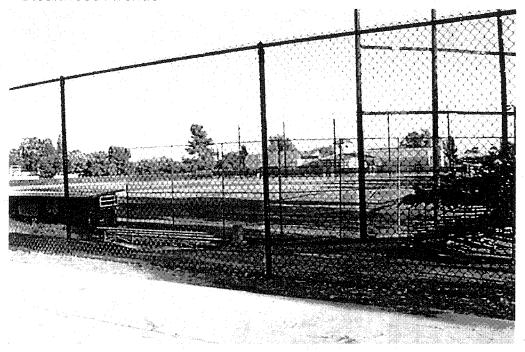
Athletic field and basketball courts located east of tennis courts require replacement. The basketball courts will be replaced with volleyball courts, under the master plan.



Lecture Hall within center of campus. Walls and ceiling show signs of deterioration.

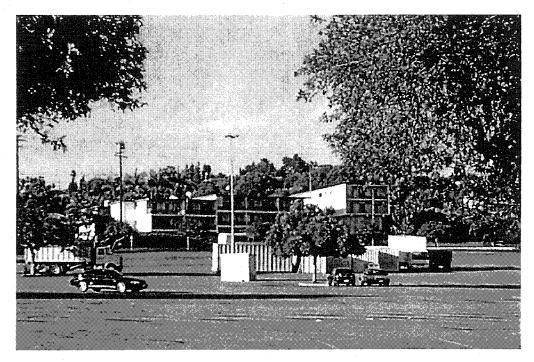


View of baseball field on the west side of the campus. This view is from the northeast looking towards the residential properties on Bleakwood Avenue.



View of the baseball field looking southeast towards the campus.





Northeast Campus parking lot looking north towards multi-family residential properties on Floral Drive.



View of Weingart Stadium from the multi-family residential units on Floral Drive.

The ELAC buildings are generally one-and two story structures. Many of the buildings are more than 40 years old and require maintenance. More than 40 percent of the buildings on the campus are classified as temporary structures. The ELAC campus contains two park-like areas. One park-like area is located near the center of the campus within the academic uses and the second park is situated adjacent to Floral Drive, to the east of the Weingart Stadium.

Parking

The campus provides 1,830 surface parking spaces in five major lots, three medium-sized lots, and curbside parking along Avalanche Way and Access Road. The five major parking lots within the campus are:

- Pool Lot, located to the north of the natatorium and east of Weingart Stadium, in the center of campus;
- Tennis Lot, located on Access Way, adjoining the tennis courts to the north;
- Northeast Lot, located at the corner of Floral Drive and Collegian Avenue;
- Southeast Lot, located at the corner of Avenida Cesar Chavez and Collegian Avenue; and
- Stadium Lot, located at the corner of Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive

The Northeast Lot located near the academic center of campus is often full. The largest parking lot is the Stadium Lot, and it is typically underutilized due to the distance of the lot from the academic center of the campus. Overall, the parking lots are poorly maintained and have inadequate lighting and are thus a safety concern.

Overall Campus Conditions

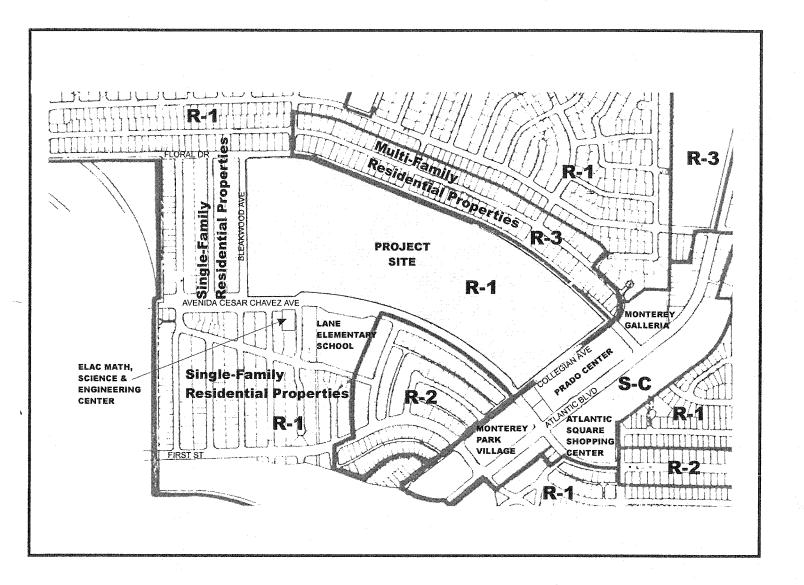
<u>Landscaping</u>. Landscaping within the campus consists of overgrown, haphazardly placed, and irregularly shaped trees and shrubs. Minimum landscaping exists along the edge of campus. Within the campus, sidewalks are cracked, with occasional patches of bare dirt.

<u>Technology</u>. Upgrades in electrical and data line infrastructure for instructional, security, fire alarm, and energy management systems are needed. In addition, many of the buildings on campus lack air conditioning.

<u>Safety requirements</u>. A majority of the buildings on campus do not meet current codes, such as seismic safety, energy compliance, and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

Surrounding Land Uses

Multi-family residential units are located to the north of the ELAC campus on Floral Drive. Single-family units are located along the west and south side of the campus on Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez. Robert Hill Lane Elementary School is situated on the south side of Avenida Cesar Chavez, across the street from the ELAC campus. TwoFour shopping Ecenters are located to the east of the campus onoff of Collegian Avenue. The Prado PlazaCenter is located on the north side of Avenida Cesar Chavez and, the Atlantic Square Shopping Center is located to the south of Avenida Cesar Chavez ast of Atlantic Boulevard and the Monterey Galleria is located north of Floral Drive (See Figures 3-10 through 3-12). A fast food restaurant is located on the corner of Avenida Cesar Chavez and Collegian Avenue and a gas station is located to the east of the fast food restaurant.



LEGEND:

R-1 = Single-Family Residential

R-2 = Medium-Multiple Residential

R-3 = High-Density Multiple Residential

S-C = Shopping Center

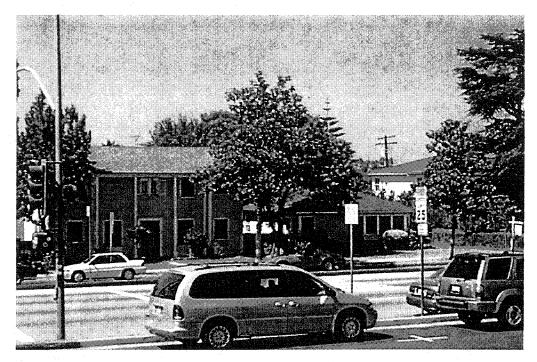
SOURCE: City of Monterey Park, Zoning Map, April 14, 1998



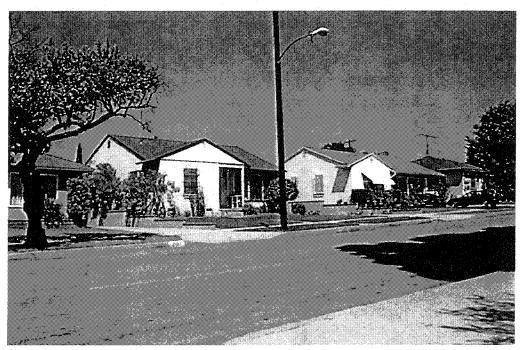
East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan EIR LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

FIGURE 3-10

ADJACENT LAND USES



Residential units on the south side of Avenida Cesar Chavez across the street from the campus. Residential properties are identified as sensitive receptors in addressing air quality and noise impacts.



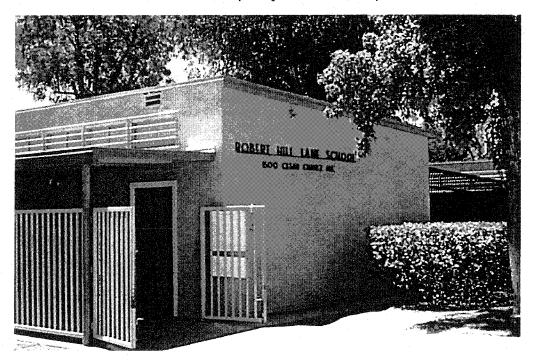
Single-family residential units on Bleakwood Drive (west of the campus), looking northwest. These properties may also be particularly affected by traffic generated by stadium events, and are also identified as sensitive receptors in addressing air quality and noise impacts.

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates





ELAC Child Development Center at southwest edge of the campus at the corner of Avenida Cesar Chavez and Bleakwood Avenue. This use would be sensitive to air quality and noise impacts.



Robert Hill Lane Elementary School is located south of the ELAC Campus off of Avenida Cesar Chavez. This use would also be sensitive to air quality and noise impacts.

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates



3.5 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

ELAC is overcrowded and unable to adequately meet current educational requirements of the students. Further, anticipated growth is expected to aggravate the problems that ELAC is currently experiencing. In order to meet the increasing demand for classroom space and facilities, to improve the aesthetic character of ELAC, and to handle safety issues, ELAC is undertaking the preparation of this growth a Facilities Master Plan. This plan is designed to address the physical improvements to the campus. The Facilities Master Plan will be designed to allow for development of the facilities which would permit a capacity of 25,000 students. Buildout would permit an increase from the current enrollment of 17,197 students. This will allow for an approximately 45 percent increase in enrollment has been prepared.

The Facilities Master Plan is intended to act as a guide for future development within the campus. Improvements contemplated in the Master Plan will add approximately 433,149 square feet of space to the ELAC facilities. The Master Plan will also include plans for air conditioning, infrastructure upgrade, and landscaping. In order to meet the goals of the Facilities Master Plan, several projects have been proposed (See Figures 3-13 to 3-18):

- Technology Center The purpose of this building is to consolidate and expand the operations of the Architecture, Art, Broadcasting, Computer Science and Information Technology, Engineering, Electronics, Journalism, Office Administration and Photography departments. These new facilities will enable these departments to take advantage of modern technology. Further, the additional space would address capacity for increased student population. The building, a 99,600-square-foot98,065-square-foot structure, will rise four stories. The Technology Center would enclose the northern portion of the main courtyard and would be located north of the existing student park. This project would replace several temporary buildings on the east side of campus.
- Comprehensive Fitness Center and Modernization of the Swim Stadium The Comprehensive Fitness Center will provide the campus with improved total fitness facilities which will be shared by Men's and Women's Athletics and the community at large. This proposed project will modernize the existing swim stadium and eliminate one of the two swimming pools, thus creating an 8,000-square-foot floor exercise area. The existing bleachers will be modified to allow space to accommodate exercise equipment. The locker Rooms and bathroom facilities will be updated to meet current codes and standards.
- **Performing and Fine Arts Center** This proposed project will be located along the eastern side of the ELAC campus. This 126,500-square-foot 119,270-square-foot facility will replace temporary structures. The facility will include a gallery, exhibition space and a theater. The two-story building will include a basement. The objective of this new facility is to consolidate and modernize existing art-related facilities. The building will house the Art, Dance, Theater Arts and Music Departments.
- Volleyball Courts, Practice Football and Soccer Fields Volleyball courts will be located on the
 west side of the campus west of the proposed elevated tennis courts and parking structure. This
 proposed project will add one full-sized field to the east of the existing field for football and soccer
 practice. A retaining wall, which will allow the fields to be level, will be constructed along the east
 side of the field, west of the men's gymnasium.
- Student Services and Administration Building Additions The proposed project will connect the northeast and southeast wings of the Administration Buildings at the formal front entry of the campus. Addition to the Library Annex are also proposed. The facility would contain the student services functions that currently occur in temporary structures throughout the campus. This

FIGURE 3-13

F-3 BAILEY LIBRARY F-5 LIBRARY G-1 STUDENT CENTER G-3 AUDITORIUM G-9 NURSING P-1 AUTO TECHNOLOGY

FOREIGN LANGUAGES E-9 WOMEN'S GYMNASIUM

E-5 (FORMER LIBRARY) BUSINESS, MATH SOCIAL SCIENCES

E-1 ADMINISTRATION E-3 OFFICE ADMINISTRATION

A-1 CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER B-5 BLEACHERS

LEGEND

C-1 MEN'S GYMNASIUM D-5 SWIMMING POOL

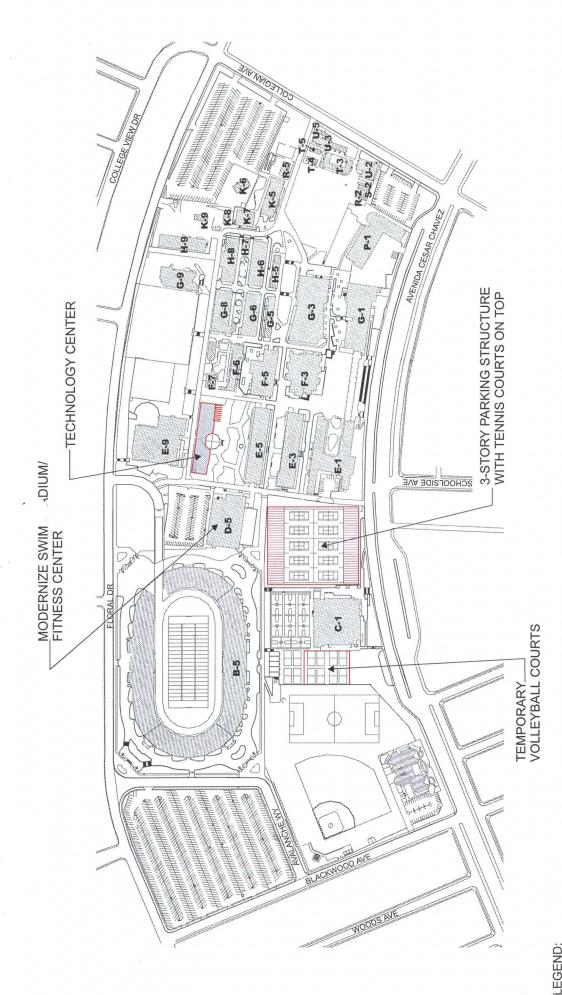
PSYCHOLOGY PHILOSOPHY

TDM Architects, Inc., 2000

Angeles College Facilities an EIR

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

PROPOSED SITE PLAN



A-1 CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER E-5 (FORMER LIBRARY) B-5 BLEACHERS

BUSINESS. MATH C-1 MEN'S GYMNASIUM D-5 SWIMMING POOL E-1 ADMINISTRATION E-3 OFFICE ADMINISTRATION

F-7 LECTURE HALL F-8 PLANETARIUM H-6 LIFE SCIENCE

BUSINESS, MATH SOCIAL SCIENCES FOREIGN LANGUAGES

PSYCHOLOGY PHILOSOPHY

SPECIAL STUDIES G-6 PHYSICS E-9 WOMEN'S GYMNASIUM F-3 BAILEY LIBRARY F-5 LIBRARY F-6 ART SOURCE: East Los Angeles College Master Plan

G-8 ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING G-1 STUDENT CENTER G-3 AUDITORIUM G-5 FAMILY & CONSUMER STUDIES

H-8 CHEMISTRY R-2 CLASSROOMS
H-9 PLANT FACILITIES R-3 ELECTRONICS
K-5 MUSIC R-5 CHILD DEVELOPMENT
K-6 CHILD CARE ANNEX S-2 JOURNALISM
K-7 MUSIC T-3 EOPS & SPEECH DEPT H-5 EARTH SCIENCE H-7 LECTURE HALL

K-9 MAINTENANCE T-5 STORAGE
P-1 AUTO TECHNOLOGY U-2 LITTLE THEATER
R-2 CLASSROOMS U-3 PHOTOGRAPHY
R-3 ELECTRONICS U-5 SHIPPING AND RECEIVING
R-5 CHILD DEVELOPMENT CTR

T-4 CUSTODIAL OPERATIONS

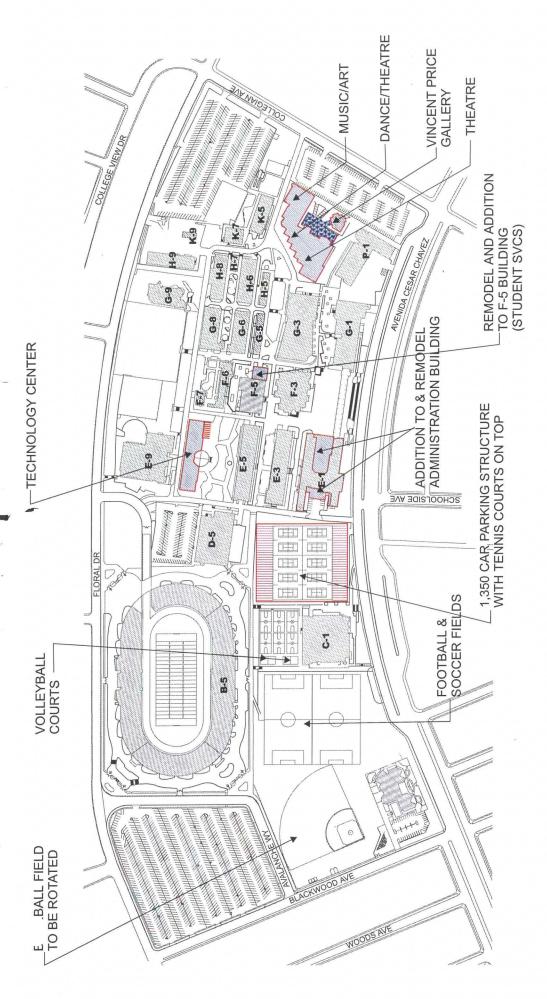
K-8 CLASSROOMS

G-9 NURSING

FIGURE 3-14

Angeles College Facilities in EIR Master East





A-1 CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER C-1 MEN'S GYMNASIUM B-5 STADIUM EGEND

D-5 SWIMMING POOL E-1 ADMINISTRATION E-3 OFFICE ADMINISTRATION **PSYCHOLOGY PHILOSOPHY**

F-7 LECTURE HALL
G-1 STUDENT CENTER
G-3 AUDITORIUM
G-5 FAMILY & CONSUMER STUDIES FOREIGN LANGUAGES E-5 (FORMER LIBRARY) BUSINESS, MATH SOCIAL SCIENCES

SPECIAL STUDIES
G-6 PHYSICS
G-8 ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING
G-9 NURSING E-9 WOMEN'S GYMNASIUM F-3 BAILEY LIBRARY F-5 LIBRARY F-6 ART

H-9 PLANT FACILITIES H-5 EARTH SCIENCE H-6 LIFE SCIENCE H-7 LECTURE HALL H-8 CHEMISTRY

K-5 MUSIC K-7 MUSIC P-1 AUTO

FIGURE 3-15

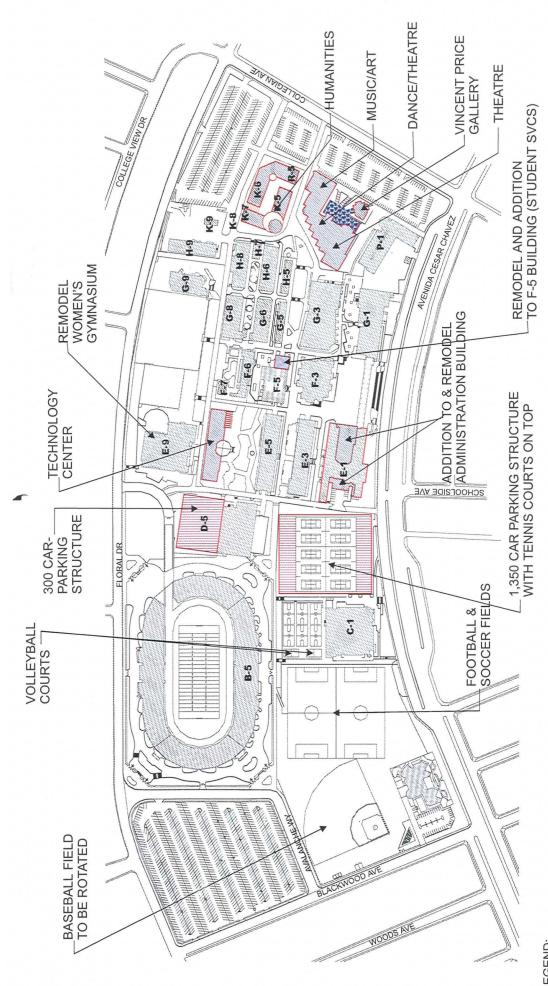
College Facilities Angeles (an EIR Master

SOURCE: East Los Angeles College Master Plan

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

PHASE 2





F-7 LECTURE HALL BUSINESS, MATH SOCIAL SCIENCES FOREIGN LANGUAGES A-1 CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER E-5 (FORMER LIBRARY)
B-5 BLEACHERS
C-1 MEN'S GYMNASIUM
D-5 SWIMMING POOL
E-1 ADMINISTRATION
E-3 OFFICE ADMINISTRATION
F-3 BAILEY LIBRARY

E-9 WOMEN'S GYMNASIUM F-3 BAILEY LIBRARY F-5 LIBRARY F-6 ART

G-8 ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING G-9 NURSING G-1 STUDENT CENTER G-3 AUDITORIUM G-5 FAMILY & CONSUMER STUDIES SPECIAL STUDIES G-6 PHYSICS

P-1 AUTO TECHNOLOGY

H-6 LIFE SCIENCE H-7 LECTURE HALL H-8 CHEMISTRY H-9 PLANT FACILITIES K-9 MAINTENANCE

T-5 STORAGE U-2 LITTLE THEATER U-3 PHOTOGRAPHY

T-4 CUSTODIAL OPERATIONS S-2 JOURNALISM T-3 EOPS & SPEECH DEPT

H-5 EARTH SCIENCE

U-5 SHIPPING AND RECEIVING

FIGURE 3-16

PHASE

Los Angeles College Facilities r Plan FIR Master East

SOURCE: East Los Angeles College Master Plan

PSYCHOLOGY PHILOSOPHY

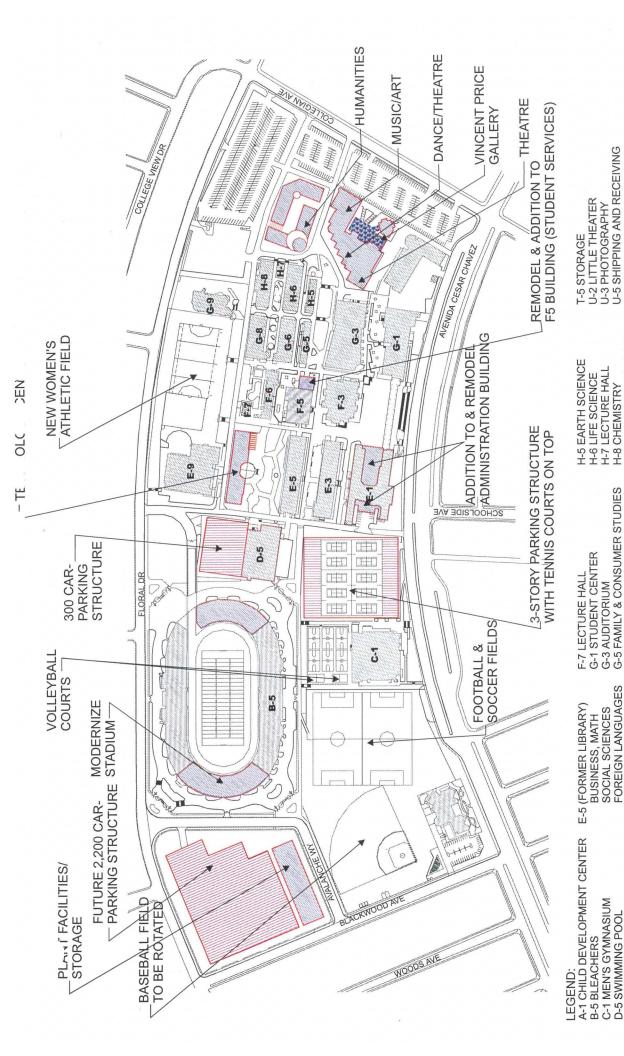


FIGURE 3-17

S-2 JOURNALISM T-3 EOPS & SPEECH DEPT T-4 CUSTODIAL OPERATIONS

G-8 ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING G-9 NURSING

SPECIAL STUDIES

G-6 PHYSICS

E-9 WOMEN'S GYMNASIUM F-3 BAILEY LIBRARY F-5 LIBRARY F-6 ART

FOREIGN LANGUAGES

D-5 SWIMMING POOL E-1 ADMINISTRATION E-3 OFFICE ADMINISTRATION

PSYCHOLOGY PHILOSOPHY

C-1 MEN'S GYMNASIUM

B-5 BLEACHERS

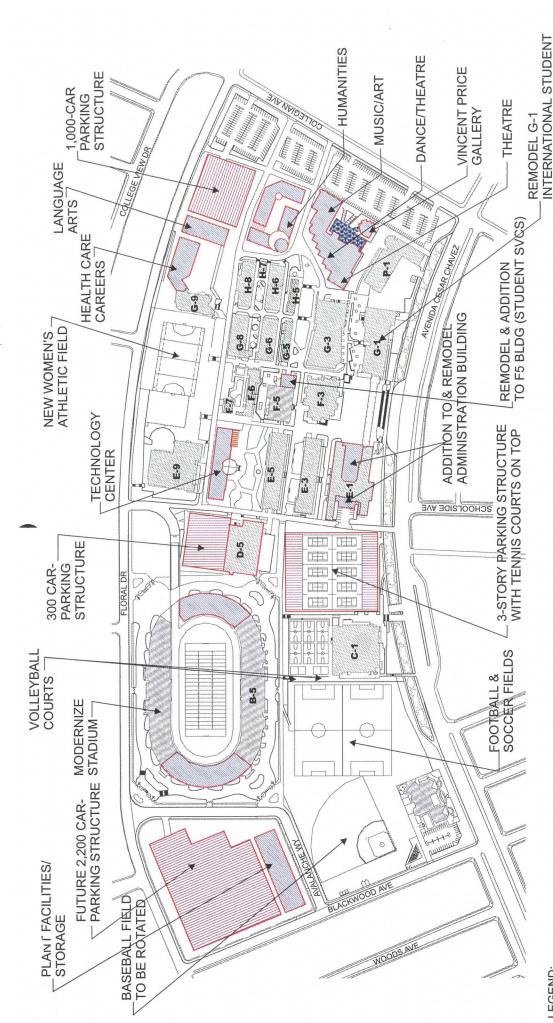
H-8 CHEMISTRY P-1 AUTO TECHNOLOGY

Angeles College Facilities an EIR

SOURCE: East Los Angeles College Master Plan

Plan Master

PHASE 4



CENTER T-5 STORAGE
U-2 LITTLE THEATER
U-3 PHOTOGRAPHY
U-5 SHIPPING AND RECEIVING T-3 EOPS & SPEECH DEPT T-4 CUSTODIAL OPERATIONS H-5 EARTH SCIENCE H-6 LIFE SCIENCE H-7 LECTURE HALL S-2 JOURNALISM H-8 CHEMISTRY P-1 AUTO G-8 ARCHITECTURE & ENGINEERING G-9 NURSING F-7 LECTURE HALL
G-1 STUDENT CENTER
G-3 AUDITORIUM
G-5 FAMILY & CONSUMER STUDIES SPECIAL STUDIES G-6 PHYSICS E-9 WOMEN'S GYMNASIUM F-3 BAILEY LIBRARY F-5 LIBRARY F-6 ART FOREIGN LANGUAGES A-1 CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER E-5 (FORMER LIBRARY) B-5 BLEACHERS BUSINESS, MATH SOCIAL SCIENCES

FIGURE 3-18

PHASE

Los Angeles College Facilities r Plan EIR Plan Master East

SOURCE: East Los Angeles College Master Plan

D-5 SWIMMING POOL E-1 ADMINISTRATION E-3 OFFICE ADMINISTRATION

PSYCHOLOGY PHILOSOPHY

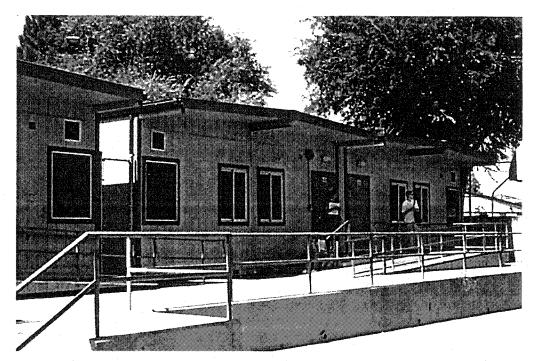
C-1 MEN'S GYMNASIUM

proposed project will reconstruct approximately 36,700 square feet of existing space, and add approximately 62,590 square feet of space.

- Modernization of Women's Gymnasium Rehabilitation of this 1961 concrete structure will facilitate improved instructional delivery and provide up-to-date amenities for women currently not available.
- Humanities Center The proposed humanities center would be located to the north of the proposed Performing and Fine Arts Center and encompass approximately 110,000 square feet (95,700 net new square feet).
- New Women's Athletic Field This new field will be located on the north side of the campus immediately east of the women's gymnasium.
- New Plant Facilities Located at the northwest side of the campus immediately south of the 2,200- car parking structure, 40,000 square feet will be provided for plant facilities.
- New Plant Facilities/Storage At the northwest side of the campus immediately south of the 2,200-car parking structure, 40,000 square feet will be provided for plant facilities.
- Modernization of Weingart Stadium The proposed project includes new seating at the east and west ends of the playing fields, as well as new shower and locker facilities and other stadium appurtenances below the new seating. The stadium currently seats 20,400 persons. With implementation of the Master Plan the stadium would seat 30,000 persons. The field will be expanded transforming the stadium into an international-size stadium suitable for professional athletic games.
- Language Arts and Health Care This 78,000-square-foot facility will be located on the northeast side of campus in an area which is currently used for maintenance and storage. Two buildings are included in this project: a new Language Arts building and an expansion of the existing nursing building.
- Re-orientation of Baseball Field Undertaken to restore the full outfield to the existing baseball field.
- Remodel Student Center The existing Student Center, situated to the east of the formal entry to the campus, would be remodeled. No buildings would be removed for this project, and no increase in floor area would occur.
- Air Conditioning, Infrastructure Upgrade, Landscaping, and Security Upgrades These improvements will primarily affect buildings that are not targeted for removal. Several buildings, which are proposed to be removed under the Facilities Master Plan. will need improvements for continued use in the short term as the proposed projects will be phased over a ten-year period. Infrastructure improvements would be necessary to install air-conditioning units in existing facilities. Infrastructure improvements include increasing electrical power to the amounts required to operate the proposed air-conditioning units an structural improvements to support the new air-conditioning units. Data line improvements are proposed to allow local area network throughout the campus. Upgraded landscape features for the frontage road are proposed and will improve the campus appearance by providing street frontage with consistent and well-maintained landscape along the Avenida Cesar Chavez campus entry.

Fire safety, security features, and a campus-wide energy management system are incorporated into this proposed project. As part of infrastructure upgrades and as an effort to improve security, cameras and a public address system will be installed. Security cameras, monitored from the security office, will be installed in strategic locations such as the parking areas. A public address system is essential in case of the need for evacuation of students.

- Math and Science Complex This proposed facility will serve to consolidate the math and science facilities and will replace many existing classroom buildings north of the Auditorium Building. The proposed facility will encompass approximately 140,000 square feet creating an additional 79,704 square feet.
- **Parking** Additional parking will <u>primarily</u> be provided in four parking structures. Parking will also be provided in a parking lot on the east side of the campus <u>through the removal of existing parking lots</u>. Approximately 3,512 net new parking spaces will be provided as <u>existing parking lots</u> will be removed in order to construct parking structures.
 - 1,350-Car Parking Structure (with Raised Tennis Courts and Campus Police Facilities) This proposed project will be located at the center of the campus near the Avenida Cesar Chavez boundary of the campus, and will be used as preferred parking for a variety of campus activities, as well as, future developments envisioned by the Facilities Master Plan. The proposed project four level structure will provide approximately 1,350 parking spaces. This structure will include three Three levels are above-ground and one subsurface level. The proposed project also involves the construction of tennis courts replacing includes tennis courts on the top level. These tennis courts are intended to replace the existing tennis courts to be demolished which will be located at the are targeted for removal top level of build the parking structure. This structure will also house the campus police office.
 - **1,000-Car Parking Structure** This structure will provide 1,000 parking spaces with up to four levels above-ground and one level below-ground. This parking structure will be located near the northwest corner of the campus.
 - **2,200-Car Parking Structure** The proposed project will replace the existing surface parking lot at the northwest corner of the ELAC with a new parking structure. The proposed project will provide parking for approximately 2,200 vehicles with two levels above-ground and one subsurface level, and. This structure will house the plant facility's office and shops.
 - **300-Car Parking Structure** This 300-car parking structure will be located near the north boundary of the campus east of the Weingart Stadium. This lot will replace the existing "pool" lot. This structure will contain three levels above-ground and one level below-ground.
- Removal of Bungalows Approximately 40 percent of the buildings on campus are temporary structures. At least five of these structures date back to World War II when they were used as military housing before being moved to the campus in 1957. Additional bungalows were installed on campus in the early 1970's to keep up with the growing student enrollment. However, the bungalows are suffering from age and deferred maintenance. In addition, the buildings do not meet current safety standards. In an effort to remedy this, a majority of the bungalows are proposed to be removed (See Figure 3-14 and 3-15)(See Figure 3-19 and 3-20).



Bungalows, located in the southwest portion of campus between the football field and tennis courts.

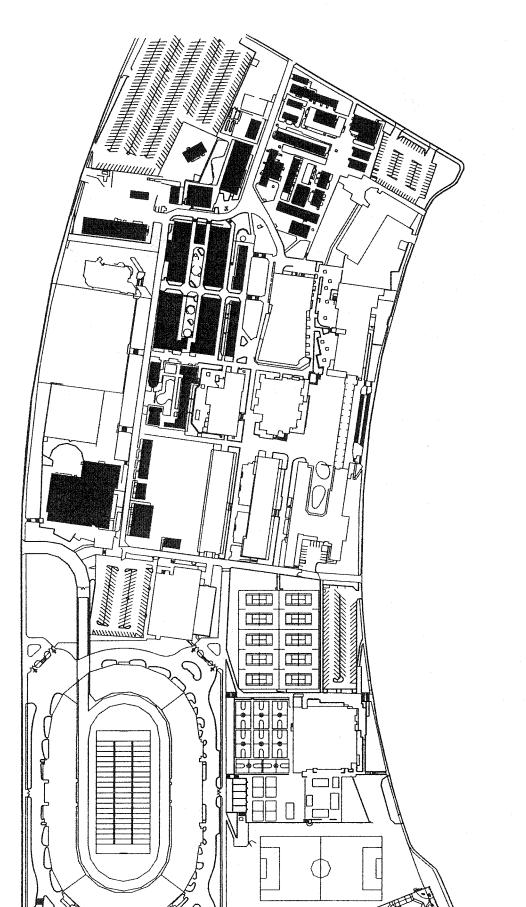


Bungalows, installed in 1957, formerly used as military barracks in World War II, located on the east side of the campus.

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates







LEGEND:

Buildings to be removed

SOURCE: TDM Architects, Inc., 2000

ITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan EIR

The bungalows that are to remain will be upgraded. **Table 3-1** identifies the bungalows that are targeted for action.

TABLE 3-1: TEMPORARY BUILDINGS TARGETED FOR REMOVAL			
Action	Building		
Relocatable Buildings	E-7 Media Production Center E-8.1 Student Services E-8.2 Classrooms E-8.3 Classrooms J-3 Community Services College Development K-6 Child Care Annex K-9 Maintenance Storage M-3 Storage M-4 Classrooms M-5 Classrooms	N-3 Restrooms N-4 Classrooms R-2 Classrooms R-3 Electronics R-5 Child Development Center S-2 Journalism T-3 EOPS and Speech Department T-4 Custodial Operations U-2 Little Theater U-3 Photography U-5 Shipping and Receiving Building	
Non-Permanent Fixed Structures	E-9 Women's Gymnasium F-6 Art F-7 Lecture Hall F-8 Planetarium G-5 Family and consumer Studies Special Education G-6 Physics	G-8 Architecture and Engineering H-5 Earth Science H-6 Life Science H-7 Lecture Hall H-8 Chemistry H-9 Plant Facilities K-5 Music K-7 Music K-8 Classrooms	
SOURCE: TDM Architects			

The bungalows north of the Student Park will be displaced with the new Technology Center. The bungalows on the eastern portion of campus are also proposed to be replaced with the new Performing and Fine Arts Center. The bungalows located between the football/soccer field and the Men's Gym would be removed and the football/soccer field would be extended into the newly available area.

Construction Phase

TABLE 3-2: PROJECT CONSTRUCTION PHASING		
Project	Estimated Year of Construction	
Technology Center	2002	
1,350-Car Parking Structure (with raised tennis courts)	2002	
300-Car Parking Structure	2003	
Air-Conditioning and Infrastructure Upgrade,	2003	
Performing and Fine Arts Center	2004	
Volleyball Courts, Practice Football and Soccer Fields	2004	

TABLE 3-2: PROJECT CONSTRUCTION PHASING	
Project	Estimated Year of Construction
Student Services and Administration Building Additions	2005
Humanities Center	2006
Comprehensive Fitness Center and Modernization of Swim Stadium	2006
Women's Gymnasium	2006
Modernization of Weingart Stadium	2007
2,200-Car Parking Structure	2007
New Plant Facilities	2007
Language Arts and Health Care Careers	2008
1,000-Car Parking Structure	2008
East Parking Lot	2008
Remodel Student Center (International Student Center)	2008
Landscaping and Lighting	2008
Math and Science Complex	2010
Removal of Bungalows	Ongoing
SOURCE: TDM Architects.	

TABLE 3-2: TENTATIVE PROJECT CONSTRUCTION	PHASING			
	<u>Gross</u>	Net Added	Estimated Year	
Phase 1				
Technology Center	98,065	40,253	2001	
1,350-Car Parking Structure (with raised tennis courts)	380,000	<u>N/A</u>	<u>2002</u>	
Comprehensive Fitness Center and Modernization of Swim Stadium	N/A	N/A	2002	
Air-Conditioning and Infrastructure Upgrade	N/A	<u>N/A</u>	2002	
Phase 2				
Performing and Fine Arts Center	119,270	<u>58,637</u>	2003	
Volleyball Courts, Practice Football and Soccer Fields	<u>N/A</u>	N/A	2003	
Student Services and Administration Building	<u>68,500</u>	62,590	2005	
Women's Gymnasium Remodel	N/A	N/A	2006	

TABLE 3-2: TENTATIVE PROJECT CONSTRUCTION	PHASING		
	Gross	Net Added	Estimated Year
300-Car Parking Structure	<u>120,000</u>	N/A	2006
Humanities Center	110,000	95,700	2006
Phase 4			
New Women's Athletic Field	N/A	<u>N/A</u>	2006
2,200-Car Parking Structure	880,000	<u>N/A</u>	2007
New Plant/Storage Facilities	40,000	<u>29,116</u>	2007
Modernization of Weingart Stadium	40,000	<u>N/A</u>	2007
Language Arts and Health Care Careers	<u>78,000</u>	67,149	2008
1,000-Car Parking Structure	400,000	N/A	2008
Rotate Baseball Field	<u>N/A</u>	N/A	2008
Phase 5			
Remodel Student Center (International Student Center)	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	2008
Landscaping and Lighting	<u>N/A</u>	N/A	2008
Math and Science Complex	140,000	79,704	2010
Removal of Bungalows	<u>N/A</u>	N/A	Ongoing
Total Square Footage	2,473,835	433,149	
SOURCE: TDM Architects.			

4.0 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

The environmental setting, impacts, and mitigation section of the EIR assesses the potential beneficial and adverse impacts of the proposed East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan in the following areas, as identified in the Initial Study and during the Notice of Preparation process:

- Aesthetics & Lighting
- Geology and Seismicity
- Noise
- Utilities/Service System
- Air Quality
- Hazards & Hazardous Materials
- Public Services
- Cultural Resources
- Land Use/Planning
- Transportation/Traffic

Analysis of each of these environmental issues is organized within the following five subsections:

Environmental Setting - A description of existing conditions, prior to the implementation measures envisioned in the ELAC Facilities Master Plan, and a discussion of the policy and technical background necessary for analysis of potential impacts.

Thresholds of Significance - The thresholds by which the Facilities Master Plan and subsequent implementation projects are measured to determine if a project will cause a substantial, or potentially substantial, adverse change in the existing environmental conditions.

Environmental Impact - An analysis of the beneficial and adverse effects of the Facilities Master Plan, including, where appropriate, assessments of the significance of potential adverse impacts relative to established criteria and thresholds (relative to existing conditions per CEQA).

Mitigation Measures - Wherever significant adverse impacts relative to existing conditions have been identified under the preceding Environmental Impact section, appropriate and reasonable measures are recommended to minimize impacts.

Impacts After Mitigation Measures - The impacts of the proposed project which would remain following the implementation of the proposed mitigation measures.



4.1 **AESTHETICS & LIGHTING**

EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The approximately 82-acre project site is located in a fully developed urban setting. Generally, the project site and its vicinity varies between having relatively steep sloping and gentle sloping areas. The project site, as well as its surrounding area south of Floral Drive, gently slopes down in a north-south and west-east direction (approximately a 30 foot change in elevation in each direction). The area to the north of Floral Drive and west of Atlantic Boulevard has relatively steep slopes. There is an approximately 100 to 200 feet change in elevation within a half mile north of Floral Drive. Although elevation on the East Los Angeles College (ELAC) campus gently slopes downward in most areas, there are several areas within the campus where steep slopes exists, such as Avalanche Way and near the Ingalls Auditorium.

The vistas of the surrounding neighborhoods overlook the ELAC campus. On Bleakwood Avenue, single-family residential units overlook the baseball field and surface parking for Weingart Stadium. There is minimal landscaping fronting Bleakwood Avenue. On Floral Drive there is predominantly two and three story multi-family units that overlook Weingart Stadium, parking and classroom buildings. There are large trees fronting Floral Drive east of the stadium extending to Collegian Avenue. These partially obscure some of the views from the residential units. Collegian Avenue includes commercial strip centers which are oriented east away from the campus. Surface parking lots front Collegian Avenue on the campus. On Avenida Cesar Chavez there are predominantly residential units which are located across from the main ELAC entrance, tennis courts, classrooms and parking structures. There is little landscaping located along Avenida Cesar Chavez.

There are no existing state designated scenic highways within one mile of the ELAC campus. The two designated scenic highways closest to the college are State Route 110 Arroyo Seco Historic Parkway and Interstate 210 Foothill Freeway. Both are approximately seven miles away to the west and north respectively.

Landscaping within the ELAC campus consists of trees, shrubs, and grass areas. Minor landscaping surrounds the edge of the campus. In addition, cyclone fencing is located along several areas of the school's boundaries. The eastern portion of the Weingart Stadium is heavily landscaped with trees. The western portion of the stadium consists of several trees and shrubs that has been shaped to spell "ELAC."

Currently, open spaces are dispersed throughout the campus. Open space includes small courtyards adjacent to classrooms, as well as several athletic fields, the campus entrance plaza, two park-like areas, and surface parking lots.

A park-like area, landscaped with trees, is located to the east of Weingart Stadium. The second park-like area is known as the Student Park. This open space area is located to the south of three temporary buildings, to the east of the Media Production Center, and to the north of the existing Business, Math, Social Sciences, Foreign Languages Building. The Student Park is well maintained with several trees, and several pedestrian walkways crosses the Student Park.

The athletic field located at the southwest corner of the campus along Bleakwood Avenue currently consists of a baseball diamond and a football/soccer field. Several volleyball courts and tennis courts are located to the east of the football/soccer field. A group of athletic fields, known as the Women's Athletic Fields, is located between the gymnasium and the Nursing Education Building within the center of campus and adjacent to Floral Drive. This group of athletic fields are surrounded by mature trees.

The campus entrance plaza, located on Access Way, between the Administration Building to the west, Bailey Library to the north, and the Student Center to the east, is paved. This area is the main entrance to the campus. Most of the surface parking lots are located along the edge of the campus. The campus has five major surface parking lots: the Stadium Lot (located at the northwest corner of the campus), the Tennis Lot (located on Access Way, adjacent to the tennis courts), the Southeast Lot (located at the corner of Avenida Cesar Chavez and Collegian Avenue), the Northeast Lot (located at the corner of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive), and the Pool Lot (located to the north of Natatorium and east of the Weingart Stadium). Several trees are scattered throughout the Stadium and Northeast Lot. In addition, a few trees line the outer edges of each of the five parking lots. Landscaping around the campus varies from being well maintained in some areas to patchy and deteriorated in other areas.

Existing Aesthetic Conditions

The campus can be characterized as aging, with nearly all buildings in need of repair. A majority of the buildings on campus have been constructed prior to 1973 (approximately 93 percent) and are in poor condition. The eastern portion and several areas of the campus consist of mostly bungalows, which had been set up on campus as early as the 1950s. These bungalows were placed on campus for use as temporary classrooms and laboratories. The bungalows have occasionally been moved to different locations within the campus, but have not been replaced by permanent buildings.

Structures within the project area are one to two stories in height and do not cast shadows on the adjacent residential properties. The only building located on the western boundary of Bleakwood Avenue is the Child Development Center. The Child Development Center is a one-story building that has a setback of approximately 50 feet from Bleakwood Drive. This 50 foot setback is such that a shadow is not cast on adjacent land uses. The Women's Gymnasium, Plant Facilities, and the Weingart Stadium, which is cut into a hill, is located adjacent to Floral Drive. These structures are adjacent to the multi-family residential units to the north. However, these structures are situated below the residential buildings. The residential buildings sit approximately 15 feet above the stadium and, thus, shadows are not cast onto the adjacent residential units.

Existing Lighting Conditions

Lighting levels in the project vicinity are typical to the light levels of similar suburban areas in Los Angeles. Currently, the nighttime ambient light level is low to moderate for the surrounding neighborhoods and there is no direct light emitted from the college onto any residential neighborhoods or commercial properties. The ambient light in the surrounding community is predominantly the result of vehicle headlights, street lights and commercial lighting along the major arterial streets surrounding the college. In addition, security and signage lighting from the college and residential lighting add to the total ambient light levels.

The Weingart Stadium, which has a 20,000 seat capacity, is nestled into the hillside on the north side of the campus and is a major source of light during events. The stadium is used year round for football, soccer, track and field, and other special events. There are six main lighting structures attached to Weingart Stadium. They are located at the top of the stadium behind the bleachers. There are three light standards on the north and south sides of the field with 27 high-intensity lights on each. Currently, the lights do not include any visors or shields to prevent glare, however they are focused onto the field and do not emit any direct light into the surrounding neighborhoods. Because the stadium is situated lower than the existing grade on Floral Drive, the lighting structures are located almost level with the top of the apartments and residential units located on the north side of Floral Drive. The apartments and residential units are predominantly two and three stories overlooking the stadium. Lighting for the stadium is based upon the scheduling of sports and other events, however, the college closes at 10:00 p.m. and lighting is turned off.

Lighting for surrounding commercial land uses is limited to ornamental signs, security lighting, and lighting for surface parking. Lighting at the ELAC campus is below average and has many dark and poorly lit areas. The lighting consists primarily of security lighting, signage, parking and walkway lights. No buildings are constructed of reflective materials, which may be a source of glare.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

A significant visual and aesthetic impact would result if:

- The proposed project would have a demonstrable negative aesthetic effect on the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surrounding,
- The proposed project would result in lighting being cast on adjacent residential property,
- The proposed project would entail buildings with surface areas that are highly reflective,
- The proposed project would result in buildings that would cast shadows on adjacent residences or other sensitive outdoor uses (such as swimming pools) for more than three hours during the day.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

The proposed Facilities Master Plan would result in changes to the aesthetic and visual characteristics of the college. However, the planned improvements would not result in any unmitigable impacts. The following is a summary of the planned projects and changes to the existing conditions.

Aesthetics

Landscaping Impacts. The Facilities Master Plan does not propose construction or any changes to the parklike area to the east of Weingart Stadium, the Student Park, and the campus entrance plaza. The addition of trees along pedestrian walkways, the perimeter of the campus, and along building exteriors are proposed. There are no impacts associated with the landscaping improvements.

Aesthetic Impacts Related to Construction of Parking Structures. Parking structures will replace surface parking in the Stadium Lot, Tennis Lot, Pool Lot, and the eastern portion of the Northeast Lot. Construction of the parking structures would result in the removal of trees that are located within the parking lots. However, replacement landscaping including trees and grass will be provided along the perimeter of the new 2,200-car parking structure at the Stadium Lot. In addition, the southern portion of the Stadium Lot will be replaced with a building for plant facilities/storage. The surface parking at the Tennis Lot and the tennis courts north of the lot will be replaced with a 1,350 car-parking structure. Tennis courts will be provided at the top level of the parking structure, resulting in no loss of tennis facilities.

The eastern section of the Northeast Lot will be replaced with a 1,000-car parking structure. Additional landscaping will be added along the edge of the remaining surface parking at the Northeast Lot. The bungalows at the eastern portion of the campus will be removed to extend the surface parking from the Southeast to the Northeast Lot. In addition, a 300-car parking structure will be built just east of Weingart Stadium.

The four planned parking structure improvements are located predominantly on the perimeter of the campus. Because these structures will be at least three stories tall, they will change the line of sight for the surrounding residential neighborhoods. However, no impacts will be associated with the parking structures. **Table 4.1-1** summarizes the changes in line of sight after the parking structures are erected.

TABLE 4.1-1: DESCRIPTION IN CHANGES OF LINE OF SIGHT			
Planned Improvement	Existing Line of Sight	New Line of Sight	
P-1 Parking Structure & Tennis Courts	Tennis courts and street level parking	Parking structure with tennis courts on top	
P-2 Parking Structure	None	Structure is located just east of Weingart Stadium and behind large trees that front Floral Dr. Residential units on Floral sit above street and will not have view blocked by small parking structure	
P-3 Parking Structure	Residents at intersection of Bleakwood Ave. and Floral Dr. can see Weingart Stadium and the baseball park	New parking structure will partially impair view of stadium and baseball fields for a handful of residential properties	
P-4 Parking Structure	None	Residential units located near intersection of Floral Dr. and Collegian Ave. face the surface parking lots and large trees fronting Floral Dr. The parking structure will be nestled between two large buildings	
SOURCE: Arellano Associates.			

Field Improvements. The women's athletic field will be expanded on the south side into the existing slope. The athletic fields (consisting of the baseball and football/soccer field) located at the southwest portion of the campus would also be expanded. The baseball field would be rotated such that home plate is located at the southwest portion of the field, restoring the full outfield that was previously reduced for the Child Development Center. The football/soccer field would extend to the east, replacing the bungalows and handball courts to the east of the field. This would expand the existing football/soccer field by one full size. To expand the field, as well as to level the field, a retaining wall will be constructed along the east side of the fields. No impact will result from the proposed field improvements.

New Building Impacts. The new Technology Center will replace the temporary buildings to the north of the Student Park. The Performing and Fine Arts Center will replace the multiple temporary structures located on the east side of the campus allowing the southern parking lot along Collegian Avenue to be expanded to more than double its current capacity. Located just north of the Fine Arts building will be the new Humanities Center structure which will replace the existing Music Buildings. The Language Arts and Health Care building is located on the north east corner of campus in an area currently used for maintenance and storage facilities. There will be two buildings including an expansion of the existing nursing building and a new Language Arts building. In addition, the Math and Science Complex will replace many of the existing classroom buildings north of the Auditorium Building.

The tallest building included in the planned improvements is four stories in height. Buildings will be built with materials similar to existing structures on campus including non-glare materials. The buildings being proposed are primarily located on the interior of the campus and would not significantly impact any line of site for the surrounding neighborhoods. Furthermore, the proposed buildings are compatible with the existing structures on campus and will not result in an impact.

The following table (See **Table 4.1-2**) summarizes the planned improvements and the aesthetic and visual characteristics.

TABLE: 4.1-2: AESTHETIC AND VISUAL IMPACTS			
Planned Improvement	Aesthetics: Stories/Height/ Materials	Lighting: Type/Height/ Quantity	Comments
Technology Center	4 stories above + 1 below/concrete block; precast concrete & stucco	Not Applicable	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings + water feature at the entrance
P-1 Parking Structure & Tennis Courts	3 stories above + 1 below/concrete with screens on streetside	Tennis courts will be lit with directional lighting using visor shields	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings
Performing and Fine Arts Center	2 – 3 stories	Plaza lights 12' – 16' pedestrian intensity	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings + water feature at the plaza level
Practice Football and Soccer Fields	On grade	Pedestrian lighting around perimeter	Not Applicable
Student Services & Admin Building	Addition to existing 1 story building (fill in existing courtyard)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Humanities Center	3 – 4 stories	Not Applicable	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings
Fitness Center & Modernization of Swim Stadium	1 story	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
P-2 Parking Structure	3 stories above + 1 below/ concrete with screens on street side	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Women's Athletic Field Improvements	Field improvements and expansion on south side	Pedestrian lighting	Not Applicable
Modernization of Women's Gymnasium	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

TABLE: 4.1-2: AESTHETIC AND VISUAL IMPACTS				
Planned Improvement	Aesthetics: Stories/Height/ Materials	Lighting: Type/Height/ Quantity	Comments	
P-3 Parking Structure & New Plant Facilities	Parking – 3 stories; plant – 2 stories + basement/concrete with screens on north & west side	Not Applicable	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings	
Stadium Modernization	Match existing height/ concrete	Pedestrian lighting	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings	
Language Arts & Health Care	2 – 3 stories	Pedestrian Plaza lighting 12' – 16' high	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings	
Student Center Remodel	No new square footage/ modernize existing	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
P-4 Parking	3 stories + basement/ Concrete	Not Applicable	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings + landscaping	
Landscape Frontage Road		Pedestrian lighting per campus and city standards	Beautification of the campus along Avenida Cesar Chavez	
Math & Science Complex	3 story + basement/ concrete; stucco	Pedestrian lighting in courtyard	Low voltage accent lighting may be introduced on some buildings + water feature in courtyard	
SOURCE: Arellano Associates.				

Lighting

Plan Implementation Impacts. The proposed Facilities Master Plan also proposes lighting improvements throughout the campus to provide a sense of security. Lighting throughout the campus would be consistent to discourage dark or poorly lit areas. Pedestrian walkways and parking areas are of particular concern.

Parking Structure Impacts. There will be four new parking structures added to the college. These structures will include security lighting which will not emit glare into the surrounding neighborhoods. There may be a small amount of glow that will result from the parking structures potentially slightly raising the ambient night light levels in the surrounding neighborhoods. Vehicles parking in the structure will not emit any direct light into the neighborhoods due to the screens that are part of planned mitigation. This will not result in any glare into the surrounding community. No impacts will result from implementation of these structures.

Athletic Field Impacts. The most prominent lighting improvements associated with the planned projects in the new Master Plan include the improvements to the Athletic fields, courts and the stadium. At the Weingart Stadium lighting improvements will be limited to increased pedestrian lighting on the east and west side of the stadium. This improvement will not result in any glare to the surrounding community, but will add increase glow to the existing ambient levels.

The 1,350 car parking structure will include tennis courts on top of the three-story structure. High intensity directional lighting will be used to light the courts. This will result in glare and glow to the residential units located along Avenida Cesar Chavez. Visors and glare shields will be recommended to control this impact. In addition, practice football and soccer fields and the women's athletic field will be expanded. Additional pedestrian lighting will be added to the perimeter of these fields. This will not result in any glare to surrounding neighborhoods, but glow will be added to the ambient levels.

New Building Impacts. Various new building will be built within the campus removing a variety of existing substandard structures. Lighting will be used as accents to the new structures and security lighting installed. This will result in a positive improvement to the existing conditions which include dark and unsecure areas. The lighting associated with the new buildings will not result in glare or glow to the surrounding community. No impacts are associated with these improvements.

MITIGATION MEASURES

- L1—All high-intensity light standards associated with the tennis courts, athletic fields and/or stadium expansion shall be fitted with visors and glare control devices such that all light is focused on the fields, and glare and spillspillover light onto adjacent properties is minimized to the greatest extent feasible. Spillover and glare shall be routinely monitored by ELAC and any necessary adjustments lights adjusted and/or repairs shall be made repaired by ELAC to ensure that spillover and glare are maintained at levels specified in the project lighting plan. ELAC's contribution to ambient light levels outside of the school property shall not exceed 1 foot candle.
- Fencing along the boundaries of the athletic fields, tennis courts, parking structures (where appropriate) shall be shielded at all times such that no light generated by the lighting structures can penetrate through the fence, thereby reducing spill lighting on residential properties.
- <u>L2</u> <u>Screening (i.e., trees, fencing, etc...)</u> along the boundaries of the athletic fields, tennis courts (on parking structure), and parking structures (where appropriate) shall be shielded at all times such that

no light generated by the lighting structures can penetrate through the fence, thereby reducing spill lighting on used to diffuse glare and spillover light. Screening shall be of such height and density to intercept the line of sight between the light fixtures and adjacent residential properties.

L3 Parking Structures will be fitted with screens where appropriate to prevent vehicle headlight glare onto adjacent residential properties.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

No unavoidable significant impacts are anticipated to result from implementation of the proposed project with regard to aesthetics or lighting. Implementation of the mitigation measures listed above would reduce potential impacts to less than significant levels.

4.2 AIR QUALITY

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Climate

Regional. The climate of the project site vicinity, as with all of Southern California, is controlled largely by the strength and position of the subtropical high pressure cell over the Pacific Ocean. This high pressure cell maintains moderate temperatures and comfortable humidity, and limits precipitation to a few storms during the winter wet season. Temperatures are normally mild, except during the summer months, which commonly bring substantially higher temperatures. Winds in the project area are usually driven by the dominant land/sea breeze circulation system. Regional wind patterns are dominated by daytime on-shore sea breezes. At night, the wind generally slows and reverses direction, traveling toward the sea.

Southern California experience frequent temperature inversions. Inversion occurs when pollutants are trapped under a layer of still air, preventing pollutants from moving away from the area. Inversions may be either ground-based or elevated. Ground-based inversions are more severe during clear cold early winter mornings. Under conditions of a ground-based inversion, very little mixing or turbulence occurs and high concentrations of primary pollutants may occur in proximity to the source of emissions, along local and major roadways. Elevated inversions can be generated by a variety of meteorological phenomena. Elevated inversions act as a lid or upper boundary and restrict vertical mixing. Below the elevated inversion dispersion is not restricted. Mixing height for elevated inversions are lower in the summer and are more persistent. This low summer inversion puts a lid over the South Coast Air Basin, and is responsible for the high levels of ozone observed during the summer months.

Local. Although the entire South Coast Air Basin (SCAB) share similar overall climatic features, differences exist throughout the region because of topographic features and distance from the ocean. The City of Monterey Park is inland, therefore, spring and summer days in the city are less subject to clouds or fogs than coastal cities. In addition, days in the city are warmer.

The nearest air monitoring station with meteorological data is recorded at the Downtown Los Angeles Monitoring Station (approximately 4.4 miles northwest of the project site). Predominant wind direction is from the southwest. Calm winds (less than two miles per hour) occurs approximately 7.9 percent throughout the year. Average wind speed in the vicinity is approximately 5.39 miles per hour.

Air Quality Management

The proposed project is located in the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB), a 6,600-square-mile area encompassing Orange County and the non-desert portions of Los Angeles, Riverside, and San Bernardino counties. Air quality control in the SCAB is regulated by federal, state, and regional control authorities. At the federal level, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is involved in local air quality planning through the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA), as amended by the CAA Amendments of 1990. The Federal CAA sets timetables for attaining the national ambient air quality standards. Under National Standards, the SCAB/Los Angles County has been designated as a non-attainment area for ozone, carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide and PM₁₀, and as an attainment area for sulfur dioxide. Federal CAA deadlines for attaining carbon monoxide, PM₁₀, and ozone standards in the SCAB are 2000, 2005, and 2010, respectively. At the state level, the California Clean Air Act (CCAA) of 1988 set air quality planning and regulatory responsibilities for the SCAB. The California Air Resources Board (CARB) is responsible for coordinating efforts to attain and maintain ambient air quality standards and conducting research into the causes of, and solutions to, air pollution problems. The CARB is charged with controlling motor vehicle emissions. The

CARB, in fulfilling its obligations under the California Clean Air Act, has designated the Los Angeles County portion of the SCAB as an attainment area for nitrogen dioxide and sulfur dioxide. The CARB has designated the Los Angeles County portion of the SCAB as non-attainment for ozone, carbon monoxide, and PM₁₀. Non-attainment areas were required to adopt plans in 1991 to meet state standards, and to revise these plans every three years. Unlike the Federal CAA, the California CAA has no attainment deadlines. California's ambient air standards are more stringent than national standards for the same pollutants.

The SCAB is jurisdictionally the responsibility of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) and CARB. The SCAQMD sets and enforces regulations for stationary sources in the basin. The SCAQMD and the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) have responsibility for preparing the Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP), which contains measures to meet state and federal requirements. The AQMP is intended to bring the SCAB into compliance with state air quality standards. Designated portions of an AQMP, which is prepared or subsequently revised to comply with the national ambient air standards, are submitted to CARB for incorporation in the SIP with plans and regulations from other air quality management and air pollution control districts in the state. When approved by CARB and the EPA, the AQMP becomes part of the State Implementation Plan (SIP) for the SCAB. The SIP is a collection of AQMPs for all air basins within the state.

Existing Air Quality. Two air monitoring stations are within the vicinity of ELAC. The Central Los Angeles Monitoring Station is located at 1630 N. Main Street, in Los Angeles, approximately 4.4 miles northwest of the project site. The Pico Rivera Monitoring Station is located approximately 6.5 miles southeast of the project site, at 3713-B San Gabriel River Parkway, in Pico Rivera. The two stations monitor ozone (O₃), carbon monoxide (CO), and nitrogen dioxide (NO₂). However, sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and particulates (PM₁₀) are only monitored at the Central Los Angeles Monitoring Station. Table 4.2-1 shows the number of violations recorded at the two station during the 1997-99 period, as well as, the state and national ambient air quality standards for each pollutant. The most recent monitoring data (1999) for the two stations indicate that, with the exception of ozone and PM₁₀, there were no exceedences of the federal or state standards as they pertain to each of the criteria pollutants monitored. During the 1997-99 period, CO and NO₂ concentrations were higher at the Central Los Angeles Monitoring Station than at the Pico Rivera Monitoring Station. With the exception of 1999, Pico Rivera Monitoring Station recorded a higher concentration of O₃ than at Central Los Angeles Monitoring Station.

TABLE 4.2-	1: AIR QU	ALITY SUMMARY FOR S	STUDY AF	REA MON	IITORING	STATIO	ON 1997-1	1999
		Federal and State	Centr	al Los An	geles	F	ico River	a
Pollutant	Period	Standard	1997	1998	1999	1997	1998	1999
Ozone	1-Hour	Days > 0.12 ppm (Federal Standard)	0	5	1	6	10	0
		Days > 0.09 ppm (State Standard)	6	17	13	18	31	6
		Maximum Concentration	0.120	0.148	0.128	0.133	0.183	0.119
Carbon Monoxide	8-Hour	Days > 9 ppm (Federal Standard)	0	0	0	0	0	0
W.115.		Days > 9 ppm (State Standard)	0	0	0	0	0	0

		Federal and State	Centr	al Los An	geles	P	ico River	a
Pollutant	Period	Standard	1997	1998	1999	1997	1998	1999
		Maximum Concentration	7.80	6.18	6.37	6.10	6.07	5.50
Nitrogen Dioxide	1-Hour	Days > 0.25 ppm (State Standard)	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Maximum Concentration	0.198	0.170	0.212	0.149	0.140	0.155
Sulfur Dioxide	24-Hour	Days > 0.14 ppm (Federal Standard)	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a
		Days > 0.04 ppm (State Standard)	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a
		Maximum Concentration	0.011	0.006	0.010	n/a	n/a	n/a
PM ₁₀	24-Hour	Days > 150 µg/m³ (Federal Standard)	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a
	direct and plant in management of the state	Days > 50 µg/m³ (State Standard)	15	11	19	n/a	n/a	n/a
		Maximum Concentration	102	80	88	n/a	n/a	n/a

/a/ All values are in parts per million (ppm) except for PM₁₀, which is measured in micrograms per cubic meter (μg/m³). **SOURCE:** California Air Resources Board.

Existing Carbon Monoxide (CO) Concentrations. Carbon monoxide concentrations are typically used as the sole indicator of conformity with the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAS) because: (1) CO levels are directly related to vehicular traffic volumes, the main source of air pollutants; and (2) CO concentrations and characteristics can be modeled using State recognized methods. In other words, the operational air quality impacts associated with a project are generally best reflected through the estimated changes in related CO concentrations. The background level of CO is typically defined as the average of second-highest eight-hour readings over the past three-year period. Based on recorded monitoring data at the Central Los Angeles station, the existing eight-hour background concentration is estimated to be 5.74 ppm for eight hour concentrations. Assuming a typical persistence factor of 0.7, the estimated one-hour background concentration would be 8.21 ppm.¹

Vehicular traffic is the main source of CO. Therefore, the highest concentrations of CO is generally found along sidewalks, as CO is a very localized gas. CO dissipates quickly under normal meteorological conditions, which means that CO concentrations decrease substantially as distance from the source (intersection) increases. CO concentrations were evaluated along the sidewalks at the seven study intersections most affected by the proposed project and have the worst levels of operation and delay. It is at these locations that carbon monoxide concentrations would be the highest. For each of the seven

Persistence factor is the ratio between the eight hour and one hour second annual maximum CO concentrations measured at a continuous air monitoring station. A persistence factor of 0.7 is typically used in urban areas.

intersections modeled, traffic related contributions were added to the background conditions discussed above. One-hour and eight-hour CO concentrations adjacent to these intersections were estimated using the CAL3QHC dispersion model, which was developed by the US Environmental Protection Agency. This model utilizes EMFAC 7F emissions factors, meteorological data, traffic volume, speed, and vehicle mix inputs. Existing conditions at the study intersections are shown in **Table 4.2-2**. Currently, no intersection exceeds the state one-hour standard of 20 ppm. However, four intersections exceed the state eight-hour standard of 9 ppm. Of the four intersections that exceed the state standard, two intersections (Atlantic Boulevard/CesarBoulevard/Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue and Atlantic Boulevard/Floral Drive) are located within one block east of the campus. SR-60 Freeway westbound off-ramp/1st Street and Atlantic Boulevard intersection is located approximately 0.13 miles south of the campus. I-710 northbound on-ramp/Ford Avenue and Floral Drive intersection is located approximately 0.8 miles west of the campus.

TABLE 4.2-2: EXISTING CARBON MONOXIDE (CO) CONCENTRATIONS (parts per million)					
	CO Concentration at Nearest Sidev				
Intersection	1-Hour (State Standard = 20 ppm)	8-Hour (State Standard = 9 ppm)			
I-710 NB On-Ramp/Ford Avenue & Floral Drive	13.8	9.7			
Bleakwood Avenue & Floral Drive	11.8	8.3			
Bleakwood Avenue & Avenida Cesar Chavez-Avenue	12.1	8.5			
SR-60 Freeway WB Off-Ramp/1st Street & Atlantic Boulevard	13.9	9.7			
Atlantic Boulevard & Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue	14.2	10.0			
Collegian Avenue & Floral Drive	11.1	7.8			
Atlantic Boulevard & Floral Drive	14.0	9.8			

Note: 1-Hour and 8-Hour carbon monoxide concentrations for the intersection I-710 NB On-Ramp/Ford Avenue & Floral Drive are based on AM peak hour traffic conditions. All other carbon monoxide concentrations are based on PM peak hour traffic conditions. SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates, Kaku Associates.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Air quality impacts of a project can be separated into two categories: short-term impacts due to construction and long-term permanent impacts due to project operations. The proposed project would have a significant air quality impact if:

- Daily construction or operation emissions were to exceed SCAQMD thresholds for carbon monoxide (CO), reactive organic gas (ROG), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), sulfur oxide (SO₂) or particulates (PM₁₀).
 Table 4.2-3 lists the thresholds for each of these pollutants.
- The proposed project would cause a violation of the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAS) for either the one-hour or the eight-hour period, which are 20.0 parts per million (ppm) and 9.0 ppm, respectively. If there are currently violations of the CAAS, then a 1.0 ppm increase for the one-hour period, and a 0.45 ppm increase for the eight-hour period would be considered a significant impact.

• The proposed project is not consistent with the South Coast AQMP because it would result in emissions greater than the SCAQMD thresholds or increase the number and severity of air quality violations at sensitive locations within the project area.

TABLE 4.2-3: SCAQMD DAILY EMISSIONS THRESHOLDS (in pounds per day)				
Pollutant	Construction	Operations		
Carbon Monoxide	550	550		
Reactive Organic Gas	75	55		
Nitrogen Oxides	100	55		
Sulfur Oxides	150	150		
PM ₁₀	150	150		
SOURCE: SCAQMD, CEQA Air Quality Handbo	ook, 1993.			

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Construction Impacts

Construction of the proposed projects in the Facilities Master Plan are anticipated to occur between the years 2002 and 2010. Because the actual construction schedule is speculative, a hypothetical worst-case construction scenario was developed. The development of the Technology Building will require the most buildings to be removed, thus this development was used to determine daily construction emissions during the demolition phase of construction. It is assumed that the buildings and bungalows would be demolished on-site. The construction of the 2,200-car parking structure and new Plant Facilities was used to calculate daily construction emissions during the grading/excavation and foundation phase since these developments would require the most grading, excavation, and foundation.

Daily emissions for the proposed project are calculated based on the procedures contained in the SCAQMD CEQA Handbook. Construction emissions for the proposed project were calculated based on the amount of demolition, area of grading, volume of excavation, size of footprint for foundations, maximum allowable size of structure to be built, and total days construction that is anticipated to occur. The calculations encompass emissions from the use of heavy-duty equipment, earth loading and unloading, paving, architectural coatings, construction worker vehicle trips, and haul truck travel on both paved and unpaved surfaces. **Table 4.2-4** shows worst-case construction emissions for the proposed project. Because the daily emissions numbers provided in **Table 4.2-4** represent worst-case scenario, emissions on most construction days for each proposed development are expected to fall well below the thresholds for each pollutant. Emissions of CO, ROG, NO_x, and SO_x are not anticipated to exceed SCAQMD thresholds on any days during the construction period. However, as indicated in **Table 4.2-4**, PM₁₀ emissions are anticipated to exceed SCAQMD thresholds during the grading/excavation phase of the construction period. Thus, a significant impact would result.

Construction phases for some of the developments proposed in the Facilities Master Plan could potentially overlap, and increase emissions during certain days. Based on **Table 4.2-4**, overlapping construction is not likely to exceed SCAQMD thresholds for CO, ROG, NO_x, and SO_x. However, overlapping construction could result in an exceedance of the SCAQMD threshold for PM₁₀.

TABLE 4.2-4: CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS (pounds per day)							
		Pollutants					
Construction Phase	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Reactive Organic Gas (ROG)	Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	Sulfur Oxides (SO _x)	(Mitigated) Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀)		
Demolition /a/	17	3	31	2	23		
Grading/Excavation /b/	35	8	52	3	180		
Foundation /b/	22	3	25	2	16		
Maximum	35	8	52	3	180		
SCAQMD Thresholds	550	75	100	150	150		
Exceed Thresholds?	No	No	No	No	Yes		

/a/ Emissions were based on the development of the Technology Center. Assumes targeted buildings will be removed.

/b/ Emissions were based on the development of the 2,200 car-parking structure and new Plant Facilities.

NOTE: Assumes proper implementation of dust abatement measures consistent with AQMD Rule 403.

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates, see Appendix C.

The proposed project is subject to the provisions of SCAQMD Rule 403-Fugitive Dust, which restricts visible emissions from construction. This rule would reduce the amount of particulate matter entrained in the air as a result of construction activities at the project site. Under Rule 403, a person conducting activities capable of generating fugitive dust is required to use the applicable best available control measures to minimize future dust emissions from fugitive dust source types, which are part of the activities. Rule 403 prevents fugitive dust that is visible in the atmosphere from an active operation, open storage pile, or disturbed surface area from being emitted in the atmosphere beyond the property line of the emissions source. In addition, Rule 403 requires the bulk material, which has been tracked-out by the fugitive dust generating activity, on the public paved roadways to be removed within one hour. The removal of the track-out of bulk material onto public paved roadways within one hour. At the end of each work day, all visible roadways dust, generated by the fugitive dust generating activity, is required to be removed from public paved roadways. Rule 403 also states that at least one of the options in Table 3 of the rule needs to be implemented.

SCAQMD Rule 403 would reduce PM_{10} emissions generated by construction activities. Implementation of mitigation measures would further decrease construction emissions, such that emissions would be reduced to the maximum extent feasible. Reductions in PM_{10} emissions during the foundation phase is negligible.

Operations Impacts

Long-term project emissions would be generated by motor vehicles (mobile sources). Air quality impacts for the operations phase was estimated by using the California Air Resources Board's URBEMIS7G operational emissions model, which considers the type of land use, vehicle mix, and average trip lengths. The traffic report prepared by traffic consultant, Kaku Associates, indicates that the proposed project is anticipated to generate approximately 5,410 daily trips (see Section 4.9 of this report). The results, shown in **Table 4.2-5**, show that operational emissions are not anticipated to exceed SCAQMD significance threshold for any criteria pollutants.

		Polluta	nt	
Project	СО	ROG	NO _x	PM ₁₀
East Los Angeles Facilities Master Plan	232	23	74	34
SCAQMD Threshold	550	55	55	150
Exceed Threshold?	No	No	No	No

Carbon-Monoxide Hot Spot Analysis

CO Concentrations from Street Intersections. Overall, CO concentrations are expected to be lower than existing conditions in the year 2015 due to stringent state and federal mandates for lowering vehicle emissions. Although traffic volumes would be substantially higher in the future with and without implementation of the proposed project, CO emissions from vehicles are expected to be much lower due to technological advances in vehicle emissions system and turnover in the vehicle fleet.

As indicated in **Table 4.2-6**, year 2015 "no project" conditions (i.e., ambient growth plus cumulative projects, but does not include the proposed project) one-hour CO concentrations at study intersections would range from 5.0 to 6.6 ppm, and eight-hour concentrations would range from 3.5 to 4.6 ppm. The greatest increase in CO concentrations attributable to the addition of project-generated traffic is expected to occur at the intersection of Atlantic Boulevard and Floral Drive, where the one-hour concentration would increase from 6.2 ppm to 6.7 ppm, and the eight-hour concentration would increase from 4.4 ppm to 4.7 ppm.

Since CO is a gas which disperses quickly, CO concentrations at sensitive receptor locations are expected to be much lower than CO concentrations at sidewalk locations, which is the model in this analysis. As shown in **Table 4.2-6**, no impact is expected at the analyzed sidewalk locations, thus no significant increase in CO concentrations at sensitive receptor locations are expected, and no significant impacts would occur.

Weingart Stadium-CO Concentrations Due to Traffic Generated by Events. The proposed Master Plan project includes the modernization and expansion of the existing Weingart Stadium located near the northwest corner of the campus. Primary stadium parking is located to the west of the stadium at the corner of Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive. The stadium expansion will result in an increase in the number of seats from the existing 20,000 seats to 30,000 seats for a 50 percent increase in capacity.

The utilization of the stadium will be essentially characterized as a "special event" and generally occurs on Friday evenings and weekend afternoon and/or evenings. Thus, the effects of the stadium expansion on the surrounding intersections and neighborhood streets were examined for a Friday evening and a Saturday afternoon/evening. Events occurring on these days were judged to be typical of the type of events to be expected at the stadium. Kaku Associates has prepared a supplemental traffic analysis (See Appendix G) to address the potential impacts related to the expansion and upgrade of the Weingart Stadium. The supplemental traffic analysis is more focused and is designed to address "special event" impacts, thus two intersections were identified for analysis: Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue/Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue.

TABLE 4.2-6: I	FUTURE (2		BON MON NTERSEC			TIONS AT	PROJEC	Γ AREA
		1-Hour Concentration (State Standard = 20.0)		8-Hour Concentration (State Standard = 9.0)				
Intersection	No Project	Project	Change	Impact?	No Project	Project	Change	Impact?
I-710 NB On- Ramp/Ford Avenue & Floral Drive	5.6	5.7	0.1	No	3.9	4.0	0.1	No
Bleakwood Avenue & Floral Drive	5.0	5.0	0.0	No	3.5	3.5	0.0	No
Bleakwood Avenue & Avenida Cesar Chavez -Avenue	5.0	5.0	0.0	No	3.5	3.5	0.0	No
SR-60 Freeway WB Off- Ramp/1st Street & Atlantic Boulevard	6.6	6.7	0.1	No	4.6	4.7	0.1	No
Atlantic Boulevard & Avenida Cesar Chavez -Avenue	6.0	6.0	0.0	No	4.2	4.2	0.0	No
Collegian Avenue & Floral Drive	5.1	5.1	0.0	No	3.6	3.6	0.0	No
Atlantic Boulevard & Floral Drive	6.2	6.7	0.5	No	4.4	4.7	0.3	No
SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes	Associates, CA	L3QHC (carbor	n-monoxide disp	persion) model p	orintouts contain	ed in Appendix	cC.	-

As indicated in **Table 4.2-6**, implementation of the Master Plan would result in weekday one- and eight-hour carbon monoxide (CO) concentrations of approximately 5.0 and 3.5 parts per million (ppm), respectively, at the two intersections. According to the supplemental traffic analysis, project traffic additions to the street segments is considered minimal and the level of service (LOS) on the key intersections will not change. Because these intersections operate at an improved LOS during the time periods examined the one- and eight-hour CO concentrations during stadium events is expected to fall below 5.0 and 3.5 ppm, respectively. CO concentrations at the two intersections would not exceed the State one- and eight-hour standard of 20 and 9.0 ppm, respectively. No significant impacts are anticipated.

CO Concentrations from Parking Lots. The proposed project would increase parking spaces on campus by constructing four new parking structures. CO emitted from the parking structures would potentially impact nearby sensitive receptors. The largest parking structure that would be constructed on the ELAC campus is the 2,200-car parking structure, which is located at the corner of Floral Drive and Bleakwood

Avenue. Among the four parking structures proposed in the Facilities Master Plan, the 2,200-car parking structure is the closest to residential units.² The parking structure would consist of three stories, of which one of the stories is subterranean. CO emissions from vehicles are higher during cold starts (starting a vehicle after its engine has been turned off for a few hours) than during hot starts (starting a vehicle before the engine has time to cool down). During morning peak hour, a majority of the vehicles entering the campus have been operating for a few hours, and thus a majority of the vehicles on campus would be operating under hot start conditions. However, more students would be leaving campus in the evening than in the morning. Thus, there would be a higher volume of vehicles that are operating under cold start conditions during the evening hours. **Table 4.2-7** shows CO concentrations at certain distances from the parking structure. As the table shows, areas within approximately 60 meters (197 feet) of the parking structure would exceed the State one hour CO standards, and areas within approximately 120 meters (394 feet) of the parking structure would exceed the State eight hour CO standards. Thus, nearby residential units that are within approximately 120 meters of the parking structure would be significantly impacted.

Distance from Parking Structure (meters)	1-Hour Concentration (State Standard = 20.0)	8-Hour Concentration (State Standard = 9.0)	Exceed 1- Hour State Standard?	Exceed 8- Hour State Standard?
15	20.6	14.4	Yes	Yes
30	23.8	16.7	Yes	Yes
60	26.2	18.3	Yes	Yes
120	16.8	11.8	No	Yes
240	10.9	7.6	No	No

Consistency with the Air Quality Management Plan

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates, see Appendix C.

The AQMP for the South Coast Air Basin has been prepared by the SCAQMD to ensure that the basin attains the objectives of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards as well as the California Ambient Air Quality Standards. Criteria for determining consistency with the AQMP is defined in Chapter 12, Section 12.2 and Section 12.3 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District's CEQA Air Quality Handbook.

Consistency Criterion No. 1: The proposed project will not result in an increase in the frequency or severity of existing air quality violations or cause or contribute to new violations, or delay the timely attainment of air quality standards or the interim emissions reductions specified in the AQMP.

SCAQMD methodologies require that an air quality analysis for projects include forecasts of project emissions in a regional context during construction, and in a regional as well as local context, during project occupancy. The analysis above shows that daily construction and operations emissions are not anticipated to exceed SCAQMD significance thresholds.

²Residential units adjoins the proposed 2,200 parking structure to the north and west. The residential units are approximately 60 feet from the project site.

This consistency criteria pertains to pollutant concentrations, rather than total emissions, as distinguished by the SCAQMD. The SCAQMD has identified CO as the best indicator pollutant for determining whether air quality violations would occur, because CO is most directly related to automobile traffic. As shown in the analysis above, the proposed project would not result in a violation of the State CO concentration standards. Thus, the proposed project is considered consistent with the Consistency Criterion No. 1.

Consistency Criterion No. 2: The proposed project will not exceed the assumptions in the AQMP in 2010 or increments based on the year of project buildout phase.

The growth assumptions, generated by the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG), is based on the General Plans of cities located within the SCAG region. The proposed project is a service institution, and thus, implementation of the proposed project would not directly result in the growth of population, housing, and employment.

MITIGATION MEASURES

- AQ1 The construction area and vicinity (500-foot radius) shall be swept and watered at least twice daily.
- AQ2 Site-wetting shall occur often enough to maintain a ten percent surface soil moisture content throughout all site grading and excavation activity.
- AQ3 All haul trucks shall either be covered or maintained with two feet of free board.
- AQ4 All haul trucks shall have a capacity of no less than 14 cubic yards.
- AQ5 All unpaved parking or staging areas shall be watered at least four times daily.
- AQ6 Site access points shall be swept/washed within 30 minutes of visible dirt deposition.
- AQ7 On-site stockpiles of debris, dirt, or rusty material shall be covered or watered at least twice daily.
- AQ8 Operations on any unpaved surfaces shall be suspended when winds exceed 25 mph.
- AQ9 Car-pooling for construction workers shall be encouraged.
- AQ10 Wash mud-covered tires and under-carriages of trucks leaving construction sites.
- AQ11 Provide for street sweeping, as needed, on adjacent roadways to remove dirt dropped by construction vehicles or mud which would otherwise be carried off by trucks departing project sites.
- AQ12 Securely cover loads of dirt with a tight fitting tarp on any truck
- AQ1 PM10 Abatement. Through construction contracts. ELAC shall ensure that best practices are employed to reduce the creation of inhaleable dust particles during the construction process. Abatement shall use measures consistent with SCAQMD Rule 403, including site wetting, covering of haul trucks and storage piles, and periodic street sweeping.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

With the implementation of the above mitigation measures, construction related impacts related to PM_{10} would not be reduced to less-than-significant levels.

4.3 CULTURAL RESOURCES

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Monterey Park was once inhabited by the Shoshone Indians now known as the Gabrielinos. Gabrielino is an European term, the name applied to Indians living in the vicinity of the Spanish mission of San Gabriel in historic times, and by extension to those living in the area—broadly speaking, the Los Angeles basin—in late prehistory. The East Los Angeles College (ELAC) campus is located in Monterey Park. The campus and the surrounding area was previously used for agricultural purposes.

On the ELAC campus there are several permanent structures built prior to 1950 throughout the campus. Buildings over 50 years of age are generally suspect and should be considered for historical significance. There are also buildings designated as temporary that exist on campus that are over 50 years of age. These temporary buildings are wooden bungalows originally located at the old Santa Ana Army Base. These bungalows were used as military housing and date back to World War II. Five of these structures are still in use on campus. These buildings, which were relocated to the campus in 1957, are currently used as classrooms and/or storage facilities. The buildings are wood-framed bungalows with painted wood siding, wood-framed panelized windows, and gable roofs with asphalt roof shingles.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The proposed project would have a significant impact on cultural resources if:

- The proposed project has the potential to disturb areas that are considered to be archaeologically or paleontologically sensitive;
- The proposed project would remove buildings or places listed on or eligible for either the National Register of Historic Places or the California Register of Historic Resources, locally designated landmarks, or have the potential to remove or affect buildings constructed prior to 1949; and
- The proposed project has the potential to disturb or affect sacred areas that are known to the archaeological resource centers, the Native American Heritage Commission, or to tribal descendants of Native Americans.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Historic Resources include but are not limited to, any object, building, structure, site, area, place, record, manuscript which is historically or archaeologically significant, or is significant in the architectural, engineering, scientific, economic agricultural, education, social, political, military, or cultural annals of California.

A record search of the East Los Angeles College campus was conducted by the South Central Coastal Information Center at California State University, Fullerton on July 13, 2000. The search included a review of all recorded historic and prehistoric archaeological sites within one-half mile radius of the project site, as well as, known cultural resource survey and excavation reports. The record search indicates that four archaeological surveys and/or excavations have been previously conducted within one-half mile radius of the project area. No known prehistoric or historic archaeological artifacts exist on or within one-half mile of the project site. The record search has determined that there are no National register of Historic places properties, California Historical Landmarks, California State Historic resources, California points of Historical Interest or City of Los Angeles Historic cultural monuments within a half-mile radius of the project site.

A search of the area was conducted by the California Native American Heritage Commission. A record search of the Sacred Lands file failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate project area (See Appendix D).

"A resource that is not listed in, or determined to be eligible for listing in, the California Register of Historic Resources, not included in a local register of historic resources, or not deemed significant in a historical resource survey may nonetheless be historically significant, pursuant to public resources code section 21084". The Facilities Master Plan proposes to replace several temporary buildings (bungalows) with permanent buildings. Buildings built before 1950 may be considered for eligibility as a state or national historic place. Buildings or bungalows on campus, which are considered as a historic landmark by the State or National Register of Historic Places, will be required to be incorporated in future developments.

An evaluation of the bungalows has found that any historical integrity that the bungalows may have retained has been lost due to the move of the bungalows from the Santa Ana Military base. This is due to the fact that the buildings have lost all basic historic connection. These buildings have undergone various changes over the years to maintain their use as classroom and administrative facilities.

An evaluation of all permanent buildings on campus has been conducted for potential Historical Significance. Analysis has determined that two buildings on campus are at least 50 years old. There are no proposed changes to these buildings. It should also be noted that these buildings have not been identified as historically significant. Furthermore, construction of proposed projects is not anticipated to cause damage to any other buildings other than those intended to be destroyed or remodeled. Thus, no impact to historical resources is anticipated.

MITIGATION MEASURES

As no potential significant impacts have been identified, no mitigation measures are required.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

The proposed project is not anticipated to have significant adverse impacts on cultural resources.

4.4 GEOLOGY AND SEISMICITY

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Geologic Materials and Soil Characteristics

The project site is located in Monterey Park within the Los Angeles County. The topography of Los Angeles County is widely varied and includes mountains, valleys, coastal plain and desert areas. Monterey Park is in the southerly part of the most dominant mountain range in Los Angeles County, the San Gabriel Mountains. Monterey Park has two different topographical areas. The northern Portion of the city is valley floor and the central section consists of moderate relief hills.

Based on review of the Los Angeles County Soil Survey General Report and Soil Map the site has been identified with Altamont Diablo Soil Association. Specifically, the site is underlain by artificial fill and alluvial soils. The artificial fill consists of dark brown and brown mottled, clayey silt with sand and pebbles. The alluvial soils consist of flood plain deposits of dark brown to brown clayey, sandy tilt and brown silty sand with some gravel. Holocene age alluvial deposits could be prone to liquefaction if groundwater is locally perched in the shallow unconsolidated Holocene age alluvial. Drainage at the site is by sheet flow to the south. The campus is located on a nearly level area with mild slopes. Site elevation is 300 feet above mean sea level. Groundwater depth in the area is at 225 feet.

Seismicity

The project site is not within a state designated Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone for surface rupture hazard. There are however several faults in the vicinity of the site. By definition, an active fault is one that has had surface displacement within Holocene time (about the last 11,000 years). A potentially active fault is a fault that has demonstrated surface displacement of Quaternary age deposits (last two million years). Inactive faults have not moved in the last two million years.

The Elysian Park Blind Thrust fault is less than one mile from the project site. This fault constitutes the most significant ground motion hazard to the project site (See **Table 4.4-1**). The Elysian Thrust, originally defined as the Elysian Park Fold and Thrust Belt, was once postulated to extend northwesterly from the Santa Ana Mountains to the Santa Monica Mountains, extending westerly and paralleling the Santa Monica-Hollywood and Malibu coast Faults. The Elysian Park Fold and Thrust Belt is presently known as the Elysian Park Thrust, and is now believed to be smaller in size, only underlying the central Los Angeles Basin. This fault zone was responsible for the 1987 Whittier Narrows earthquake.

The Raymond Fault is an oblique-slip fault and is not known to be active. This fault is five miles away from the project site. The Santa Monica-Hollywood Fault Zone is eight miles away and is a reverse fault system that has not been active since the Holocene. The Whittier-Elsinore Fault Zone is a major right lateral strike-slip fault system approximately one mile away from active project site and in the Holocene (11,000 years ago). Other nearby faults are the Newport Inglewood Fault, the Sierra Madre Fault, the Verdugo Fault, and the San Gabriel fault. These faults are thought to have lower potential.

TABLE 4.4-1: CAPABLE FAULTS			
Fault	Maximum Moment Magnitude	Distance From Site	Type of Fault
Elysian Park Thrust	6.7	Less than 1 mile	Blind Thrust fault
Newport Inglewood Fault	6.9	12 miles	Major right lateral, strike-slip fault
The Raymond Fault	6.7	5 miles	Oblique-slip fault
Santa Monica-Hollywood Fault Zone	6.4-6.6	8 miles	Reverse fault system
Whittier-Elsinore Fault Zone /a/	6.8	1 mile	Major right lateral strike-slip fault system

[/]a/ The moment magnitude is denoted by Mw. It takes into account both the energy released and the amplitude of a distant earthquake. The commonly used Richter Scale is not used because it is known to saturate at higher magnitudes and does not correlate well with other fault parameters such as fault length and slip rate.

SOURCE: California Division of Mines and Geology. Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Assessment for the State of California; Appendix A, Table 182 California Faults.

Landslide

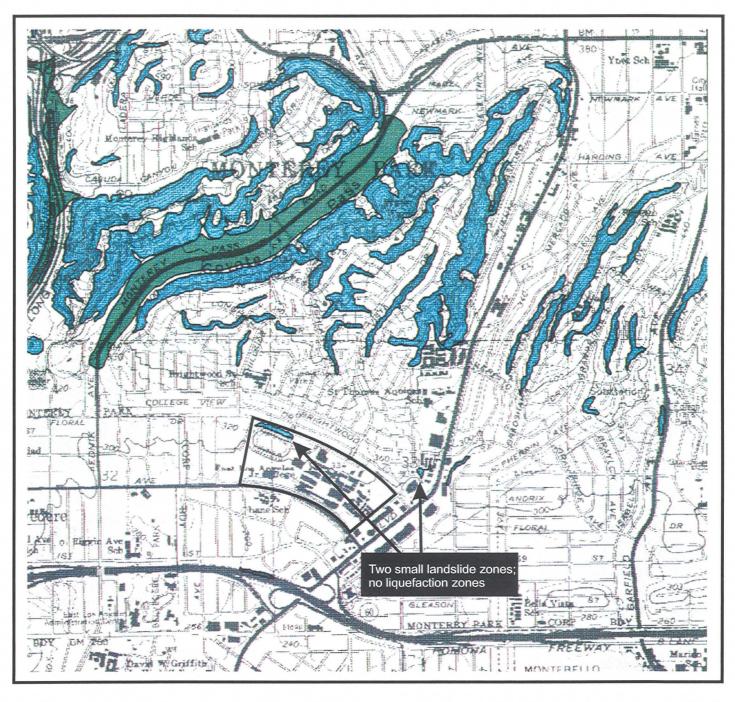
A landslide is the descent of earth and rock down a slope. Some areas are at higher risk for landslides due to inherent instability. This instability is generally caused by a steep slope or unstable soil composition. Heavy rainfall, flooding, or ground movements such as earthquakes can induce landslides. The March 25, 1999 Seismic Hazard Zones Map lists areas which have been identified as landslide hazard zones. Review of the Map identified two landslide zones near the project site. (See Figure 4.4-1). A landslide zone was located on the northwest border of the college campus north of the Weingart Stadium. The second landslide zone was identified adjacent to the campus near the northeast border of the campus.

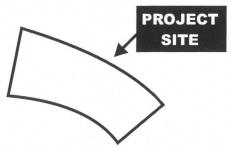
Liquefaction

Liquefaction is essentially the transformation of the soil to a liquid state. Liquefaction is a phenomenon in which the strength and stiffness of a soil is reduced by earthquake shaking or other rapid loading. Liquefaction potential has been found to be the greatest where the groundwater level is shallow, and loose, fine sands occur with a depth of about 50 feet or less. Significant factors that affect liquefaction include water level, soil type, particle size and gradation, relative density, confining pressure, intensity of shaking and duration of shaking. A review of the March 25, 1999 Seismic Hazard Zones Map has indicated that there are no liquefaction zones located within or adjacent to the site.

Tsunamis, Inundation, and Seiches

Tsunamis are usually caused by displacement of the ocean floor causing large waves. Tsunamis are typically generated by seismic activity. A seiche is a standing wave in an enclosed or partly enclosed body of water. Seiches are normally caused by earthquake activity, and can affect harbors, bays, lakes, rivers and canals. Inundation is flooding caused by tsunamis or seiches. The site is not located within a coastal zone or within 1/4 mile of a body of water; therefore, tsunamis, inundation or seiches are not potential hazards.







SOURCE: California Division of Mines & Geology, Issued by State Geologist March 25, 1999



Volcanic Hazards

The project site is not subject to any known volcanic hazards. The nearest location of volcanic activity is more than 100 miles away (Amboy and Pigsah Craters, Little Lake, and the Coso Mountains).

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The proposed project would be considered to have a significant effect if associated construction activity resulted in the following geologic hazard on the proposed project area:

- Potential for failure of new construction due to loose saturated sand or soft clay, and/or cobbles and large boulders obstructing excavation;
- Potential for ground rupture and damage to the project resulting from seismic activity; and
- Potential for liquefaction, settlement, lateral spreading and/or surface cracking and probable attendant damage to structures resulting from earthquake induced ground shaking.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Seismicity

The ELAC campus is not within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone. However, the site is situated above the Elysian Park Thrust Fault. The site could be subject to strong ground shaking as the result of an earthquake on this fault. There is potential for ground shaking to have a significant impact on the proposed development.

Movements on any of the previously described active and potentially active faults could cause strong groundshaking at the site. Ground motions have been postulated for the site corresponding to the Design Basis Earthquake (DBE) as having a 10 percent probability for exceedance during a 50-year time period. The estimated peak ground acceleration for the DBE is 0.48g. Ground motions for the site for an Upper Bound Earthquake (UBE) is postulated as a 10 percent chance of exceedance in 100 years. UBE is defined in Section 1629.2.6 of the 1995 California Building Code as "the motion having a 10 percent probability of being exceeded in a 100-year period of maximum level of motion which may ever be expected at the building site within the known geologic framework." The estimated peak ground acceleration for the ELAC site is 0.58g. Both the calculated ground motion for the Upper Bound Earthquake and the Design Basis Earthquake greatly exceeds the envelope of the 1998 California Building Codes (CBC).²

The potential effects of groundshaking will be reduced to a less-than-significant level by designing the new ELAC facilities to resist strong ground motions approximating the Design Basis Earthquake standards and the associated ground accelerations expected to occur in the vicinity of the project site. Potential impacts from groundshaking will be further reduced through proper engineering design and conformance with current City and State seismic building and development code requirements.

¹ Design Basis Earthquake standards as identified in the 1997 Uniform Building Code Section 1627, 1629.1, 1631.2 for Residential and Commercial.

² See Appendix A - Comments to Notice of Preparation. From Robert Sydnor, California Certified Engineering Geologist. C.D.M.G. Note 48 - Checklists for the Review of Geological Seismic Reports for California Public Schools, Hospitals, and Essential Services Buildings. July 1, 2000.

Landslides

Landsliding can occur due to seismic groundshaking. Because there is a state designated landslide zone onsite (northwest part of site), impacts are anticipated.

Other Seismic Impacts

The likelihood of other geologic hazards (tsunamis, inundation, seiches, liquefaction, or slope instability) impacting the site are considered very low and no significant impacts to the project would be expected.

MITIGATION MEASURES

A California Certified Engineer and Geologist shall conduct a detailed subsurface engineering geologic/geotechnical investigation prior to completing final design plans for each proposed project. The site-specific geotechnical investigation should comply with the Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117 Guidelines to avoid seismic hazard impacts. The investigation should recommend mitigation measures and provide for an agency review of the investigation procedures. The investigation should include soil borehole logs to evaluated surface rupture, landsliding and settlement potential. The investigation report should include recommendations for ensuring seismic safety on the site including ground improvements and shall be considered by the State Architect in the approval of all plans.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

Implementation of the mitigation measures identified above would reduce impacts associated with seismic hazards to a less-than-significant level.

4.5 HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

A Phase One Environmental Site Assessment was conducted of the East Los Angeles College (ELAC) campus and selected buildings on October 5, 2000 by Property Condition Consultants (See Appendix E). The purpose of the assessment was to attempt to uncover past or present environmentally related events that negatively impact the ELAC campus. Research included a governmental records search, research of permits, interviews, review of historical and aerial photographs and other supporting documentation and an on-site inspection.

The assessment uncovered the existence of a 6,000-gallon underground storage tank (UST). The 6,000-gallon UST is currently in operation in the maintenance shop on the north portion of the campus. The tank conforms to current State of California regulation for UST systems.

A 6,000-gallon UST was appropriately removed in 1991 from the maintenance area with nominal contamination found.

A 10,000-gallon UST was abandoned in place in 1991 near the auditorium. Formal closure was authorized by the County of Los Angeles Department of Public Works.

Hazardous materials are stored and utilized as part of the maintenance operations conducted on campus. These include lubricating oils, paint, and solvent. These appear to be stored and utilized appropriately.

Hazardous waste is generated as a result of maintenance operations conducted on the campus. These include oil, filters, paints, and solvents. Manifest information and site inspection evidenced appropriate storage and removal.

Hazardous materials use and storage is located in the north-central maintenance shop area. There was no indication of hazardous waste storage problems in the area of the maintenance shop or on the entire campus. An underground storage tank is also located in this area. Drums of PCB containing lighting ballasts, waste oil and filters are stored in metal drums on this yard. There is also a paint spray booth located in the shop buildings.

Poly-chlorinated biphenyl(PCB). PCB containing transformers were banned in 1976 by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA). Several transformers were observed on site but appeared to be in satisfactory condition. PCB's may also be found in capacitors and fluorescent lighting unit ballasts.

Asbestos Materials. Asbestos containing building materials were widely used in structures built between 1945 and 1980. Common asbestos-containing building materials include vinyl flooring and associated mastic, wallboard and associate joint compound, plaster, stucco, acoustic ceiling spray, ceiling tiles, heating system components and roofing materials. Commercial/industrial structures are affected by asbestos regulations if damage occurs or if remodeling, renovation or demolition activities disturb asbestos-containing building materials. The structures on the property in question were constructed between 1950 and the present. Asbestos containing building materials are likely to be identified in types of building targeted for removal. Building materials suspected of having an asbestos content include floor tiles and linoleum, plaster walls, wallboard, ceiling tiles, exterior stucco and roofing materials. These were observed in damaged condition.

Lead Paint. Lead paint was primarily utilized from the 1920's to 1978. There is a strong likelihood of lead-based paint historically used in some of the structures on the ELAC campus. Lead-based paint is likely to be identified on wood components used in the construction of the wood frame bungalows. This was observed to be in flaking condition. Commercial/industrial structures are affected by lead-based paint regulations if damage occurs or if remodeling, renovation or demolition activities disturb lead-based paint surfaces.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The proposed project would have a significant impact if:

- The proposed project would expose daytime and/or residential populations to health hazards; and
- The proposed project would entail a risk of explosion or release of hazardous substances.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

There are no apparent environmentally-related concerns regarding the current or historic operations conducted on the project site. There are no apparent concerns regarding the migration of subsurface contamination from off-site sources. An environmentally-related concern is noted regarding the project site due to the likely presence of building materials containing asbestos. During the site survey, paint chips were observed on windowsills and around building exteriors. There is an environmentally related concern of the existence of lead-based paint used in older buildings on the campus. The present underground storage tank is a continued source of environmental concern by virtue of its existence. However, there was no evidence to indicate that immediate action to an environmentally-related concern was needed.

Construction Impacts

The demolition and/or renovation of any structures with asbestos containing materials or lead-based paint would have the potential to release these substances into the atmosphere if these substances are not properly stabilized or removed prior to demolition activity. This could result in a significant impact.

Operation Impacts

Operation of the expanded ELAC campus would continue as it currently does. All potentially hazardous materials would be stored, handled and disposed of in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Consequently, campus operations would not be expected to pose any significant risks related to accidental release of hazardous materials due to the expansion of the campus. Operational impacts would be less than significant.

MITIGATION MEASURES

- HW1 Secondary containment is recommended beneath metal drums used for waste liquids in the maintenance operations area.
- HW2 For those campus facilities effected by the Master Plan, Lead-based paint testing should be conducted due to the deteriorating condition of many painted surfaces. All materials identified as containing lead shall be removed by a licensed lead-based paint/materials abatement contractor.
- HW3 For those campus facilities effected by the Master Plan, asbestos sampling should be conducted to determine if building materials used in the construction of the structures in question have an asbestos

fiber content. All material identified as containing asbestos shall be removed and/or encapsulated by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor as provided by the provisions of Rule 1403 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rules and Regulations

HW4 PCB containing units removed from buildings effected by the Master Plan should be properly disposed of as required by law.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

Implementation of the mitigation measures identified above would reduce impacts associated with hazardous waste to a less-than-significant level.



4.6 LAND USE & PLANNING

Existing Environmental Settings

The East Los Angeles College (ELAC) campus encompasses approximately 82 acres in the City of Monterey Park. The ELAC campus is bounded by Avenida Cesar Chavez to the south, Collegian Avenue to the east, Bleakwood Avenue to the west, and Floral Drive to the north. The ELAC campus and its surrounding environment are fully developed. The surrounding neighborhood can be described as primarily residential. The college has operated in its current location since 1945.

Land uses to the immediate north of the ELAC campus consist primarily of multi-family residential units. Single-family residential units are located to the west with single-family and multi-family residential units located to the south of the campus. and south of the campus. An elementary school (Robert Hill Lane Elementary School) is located between the single family residential units on Avenida Cesar Chavez. In addition, a mathematics and engineering building, which is part of the ELAC, is located immediately to the west of the elementary school. Commercial land uses adjoins the ELAC campus to the east. Land uses in the commercial area consist of restaurants, retail stores, and banks.

Existing uses within the ELAC campus include two parks, classrooms, lecture halls, library, planetarium, student center, administrative offices, parking lots, storage, Women and Men's Gymnasium, Child Development Center, Ingalls Auditorium, Little Theatre, Weingart Stadium, Vincent Price Gallery, Plant Facilities, and Student Center.

Land Use Plans

Regional

SCAG's Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide. The ELAC campus is located within the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) region. SCAG has prepared the Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide (RCPG) to serve as a framework to guide decision-making with respect to the growth and changes that can be anticipated by the year 2015 and beyond. At the regional level, the goals, objectives, and policies in the RCPG are used for measuring consistency with adopted plan. However, the city and county governments have the authority and responsibility for land use and other critical planning decisions. The relationship of SCAG policies to the proposed development alternatives is shown in **Table 4.6-1**.

Local

The City of Monterey Park General Plan 2000 Land Use Element designates the ELAC campus as R1 (single family residential). Adjacent land uses are zoned R-3 (high-density multiple residential) to the north, R1 to the west, R-1 and R-2 (Medium-Multiple Residential) to the south, and SC (shopping center) to the east.

Thresholds of Significance

The proposed project would have a significant land use impact if:

- The proposed project is not consistent with the goals and objectives, and/or land use designations and zoning of the City of Monterey Park General Plan.
- The proposed project is not consistent with the goals and objectives, and/or land use designations and zoning of the applicable environmental plans and land use plans, such as the Southern California Association of Governments Comprehensive Regional Plan,

- The proposed project would create conflicts or nuisances with existing surrounding land uses. Conflicts would include proximity effects related to noise, lighting, parking, etc., and
- The proposed project would create a substantial physical disruption to neighborhoods and communities.

Environmental Impact

Compatibility with Local Plans and Land Use Regulations

The ELAC campus is a major land use fixture in the community since 1945. Any changes in character, intensity or type of land use within the campus boundaries would typically be compatible with the surrounding land uses in the City of Monterey. Jurisdiction and authority over the project site and development of the site However, belongs to the Los Angeles Community College District. However, it is the desire of the Community College District to take into account the goals of the Monterey Park General Plan in the implementation of any new development within the College Campus. In furthering this effort the compatibility of the development proposed in the Master Plan must remain consistent.

In evaluating the potential impacts of the ELAC Master Plan, the existing ELAC campus use was reviewed for compatibility with local planning regulations. Educational facilities are typically located in residential areas. As noted in the General Plan many schools are located in low density residential areas (as is ELAC). The ELAC campus does not conflict with the policies or goals of the General Plan Land Use Element. There is no indication that the proposed expansion and renovation of the ELAC campus would result in any conflict as the proposed project does not involve a change in existing use. The college is updating its Master Plan with planned improvements that are consistent with the existing uses on campus. The Master Plan does not include any new uses that do not current exist on the campus. Therefore, the planned projects in the new Master Plan are compatible with the surrounding land uses and do not create any land use impacts.

Currently, the City of Monterey is updating its General Plan and is expected to adopt the new plan in 2001. The new General Plan does not include any significant changes to the existing plan that would impact the plans of ELAC.

Consistency with SCAG Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide

The consistency of the proposed development alternatives with SCAG policies is shown in Table 4.6-1.

TABLE 4.6-1 COMPARISON OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT TO SCAG REGIONAL POLICIES					
Policy	Type and Goals	Finding	Discussion/Cross Reference		
REGIO	ONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN	AND GUIDE			
3.03	The timing, financing, and location of public facilities, utility systems, and transportation systems shall be used by SCAG to implement the region's growth policies.	Not Applicable	The proposed project is not the development of public facilities, utility systems or transportation systems.		

	E 4.6-1 COMPARISON OF THE PROMAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN	POLICIES	REGIONAL POLICIES
4.01	Transportation investments shall be based on SCAG's adopted Regional Performance Indicators (mobility, accessibility, environment, reliability, safety, livable communities, equity, and cost effectiveness).	Not applicable	The proposed project does not contain any regional transportation investment elements. Therefore, this policy is not applicable.
4.02	Transportation investments shall mitigate environmental impacts to an acceptable level.	Not applicable	The proposed project does not contain any regional transportation investment elements.
4.04	Transportation Control Measures shall be a priority.	Consistent with this policy	See Section 4.9, Transportation and Traffic which identifies project-specific mitigation measures.
4.06	Implementing transit restructuring, including Smart Shuttles, freight improvements, advanced transportation technologies, airport ground access and traveler information services are RTP priorities.	Not applicable	The proposed project does not require the implementation of transit restructuring.
4.16	Maintaining and operating the existing transportation system will be a priority over expanding capacity.	Consistent with this policy	The proposed project may result in localized impacts to the transportation system which would be mitigated. The project would be within projected growth forecasts and would not place an undue burden on the existing regional transportation system. The project may include local improvements to the existing transportation system (See Section 4.9)
GROV LIVING	VTH MANAGEMENT CHAPTER F G	POLICIES TO IMPROVE THE	REGIONAL STANDARD OF
3.05	Encourage patterns of urban development and land use, which reduce costs on infrastructure construction, and make better use of existing facilities.	Consistent with this policy	The proposed project is located within an urbanized area, with an extensive network of infrastructure in place. As a result, development of this project would not demand

TABLE	4.6-1 COMPARISON OF THE PR	OPOSED PROJECT TO SCAG	REGIONAL POLICIES
			expansion of infrastructure into outlying or undeveloped areas. The project would use existing facilities to the greatest extent possible.
3.09	Support local jurisdictions' efforts to minimize the cost of infrastructure and public service delivery, and efforts to seek new sources of funding for development and the provision of services.	Consistent with this policy	See Discussion for Policy 3.05
3.10	Support local jurisdictions' actions to minimize red tape and expedite the permitting process to maintain economic vitality and competitiveness.	Consistent with this policy	This report is a EIR to a Master Plan. Because this report evaluates all proposed projects within the Master Plan, future permitting of the individual component in the Master Plan can be streamlined.
GROV	VTH MANAGEMENT CHAPTER F	POLICIES TO IMPROVE THE	REGIONAL QUALITY OF LIFE
3.12	Encourage existing or proposed local jurisdictions' programs aimed at designing land uses which encourage the use of transit and thus reduce the need for roadway expansion, reduce the number of auto trips and vehicle miles traveled, and create opportunities for residents to walk and bike.	Not applicable.	The proposed project consists of renovation and expansion of existing use.
3.14	Support local plans to increase density of future development located at strategic points along the regional commuter rail, transit systems, and activity centers.	Not applicable	The proposed project is the builtout of an existing use.
3.16	Encourage developments in and around activity centers, transportation corridors, underutilized infrastructure systems, and areas needing recycling and redevelopment.	Not Applicable	See Discussions for Policies 3.12-3.14.
3.18	Encourage planned development in locations least likely to cause environmental impact.	Not applicable	The site is a fully improved urban location.

TABLE	4.6-1 COMPARISON OF THE PR	OPOSED PROJECT TO SCAG	REGIONAL POLICIES			
3.21	Encourage the implementation of measures aimed at the preservation and protection of recorded and unrecorded cultural resources and archaeological sites.	Consistent with this policy	See Section 4.3 of this EIR.			
3.23	Encourage mitigation measures that reduce noise in certain locations, measures aimed at preservation of biological and ecological resources, measures that would reduce exposure to seismic hazards, minimize earthquake damage, and to develop emergency response and recovery plans.	Consistent with this policy	See Summary of Mitigation Measures discussed in Chapter 2.0 Summary of this EIR.			
GROWTH MANAGEMENT CHAPTER POLICIES TO PROVIDE SOCIAL, POLITICAL, AND CULTURAL EQUITY						
3.27	Support local jurisdictions and other service providers in their efforts to develop sustainable communities and provide, equally to all members of society, accessible and effective services, such as: public education, housing, health care, social services, recreational facilities, law enforcement, and fire protection.	Not applicable Consistent with this policy	The proposed project involves the renovation and addition to an existing educational facility and is undertaken to meet an increasing demand for educational opportunities.			
AIR Q	UALITY CHAPTER CORE ACTIO	NS				
5.07	Determine specific programs and associated actions needed (e.g., indirect source rules, enhanced use of telecommunications, provision of community based shuttle services, provision of demand management based programs, or vehicle-milestraveled/emission fees) so that options to command and control regulations can be assessed.	Consistent with this policy	See Mitigation Measures summarized in Chapter 2.0 Summary of this EIR			

TABLE 4.6-1 COMPARISON OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT TO SCAG REGIONAL POLICIES					
5.11	Through the environmental document review process, ensure that plans at all levels of government (regional, air basin, county, subregional, and local) consider air quality, land use, transportation and economic relationships to ensure consistency and minimize conflicts.	Consistent with this policy	As discussed in Chapter 4.2 Air quality this EIR would be considered consistent with the South Coast Air Quality Management District's Air Quality Management Plan.		
WATER QUALITY CHAPTER RECOMMENDATIONS AND POLICY OPTIONS					
11.07	Encourage water reclamation throughout the region where it is cost-effective, feasible, and appropriate to reduce reliance on imported water and wastewater discharges. Current administrative impediments to increased use of wastewater should be addressed.	Consistent with this policy	The feasibility of using reclaimed water for the landscaped and open space areas of the project site will be examined and utilized as necessary to comply with all applicable City-mandated water conservation and wastewater discharge policies where possible.		
SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates.					

Any impacts associated with the SCAG Regional Policies are discussed in the relevant sections of this Draft Program EIR.

Mitigation Measures

None required.

Impacts After Mitigation Measures

There are no adverse significant land use impacts associated with this project.

4.7 NOISE

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Noise Definition and Terminology

Noise is defined as unwanted or excessively loud sound. The degree to which noise can impact the human environment range from levels that interfere with speech and sleep (annoyance and nuisance) to levels that cause adverse health effects (hearing loss and psychological effects). Human response to noise is subjective and can vary greatly from person to person. Factors that influence individual response include the intensity, frequency, and pattern of noise, as well as the amount of background noise present and the nature of work or human activity that is exposed to the noise source.

Sound is technically described in terms of loudness (amplitude) and frequency (pitch). The standard unit of measurement for sound is the decibel (dB). The human ear is not equally sensitive to sound at all frequencies. The "A-weighted scale" (dBA) reflects the normal hearing sensitivity range of the human ear. On this scale, the range of human hearing extends from approximately 3 to 140 dBA. The smallest perceptible sound level change is about three decibels, while ten dBA increase is perceived by most people as a doubling of the sound level. Examples of typical A-weighted sound levels in different environments are shown in **Figure 4-7.1**.

Sound Propagation and Attenuation

Generally, noise is most audible when traveling by direct line-of-sight. Barriers, such as walls, berms, or buildings, that break the line-of-sight between the source and the receiver greatly reduces noise levels from the source since sound can only reach the receiver by bending over the top of the barrier (diffraction). Sound barriers can reduce sound levels by approximately 10 to 15 dBA. However, if a barrier is not high or long enough to break the line-of-sight from the source to the receiver, its effectiveness is greatly reduced. In a situation where the source or the receiver is located three meters above the ground, or whenever the line-of-sight averages more than three meters (approximately 9.84 feet) above the ground, sound levels would reduce by approximately three decibels for each doubling of distance.

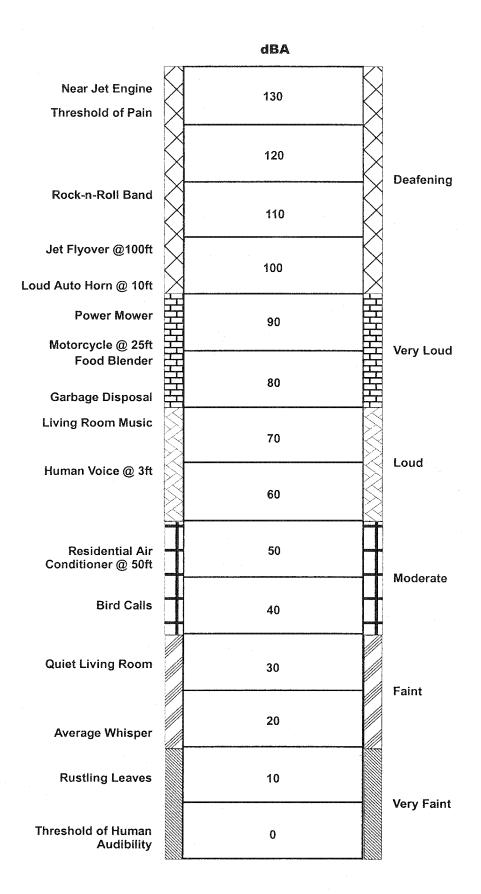
City of Monterey Park General Plan Noise Element and Noise Ordinance

The ELAC campus is not within the jurisdiction of the City of Monterey Park. However, noise sensitive land uses, such as adjacent residential units, surround the campus. These sensitive land uses are located within the City of Monterey Park and have the potential to be impacted by noise generated by activities on the ELAC campus. Because the noise sensitive land uses are located within the City of Monterey Park, the City Noise Ordinance would protect the sensitive land uses from intruding noise sources.

The City of Monterey Park General Plan Noise Element has established goals to control and abate noise. These goals include:

- Provide a safe, healthy noise level within the City that will not be physically or psychologically detrimental to residents,
- Coordinate intergovernmental efforts to abate noise;
- Reduce noise levels produced by all types of motor vehicles,
- Reduce the impact of construction and industrial noise,

¹Line-of-sight is a direct line between the noise source and the noise receptor.



SOURCE: Cowan, James P., Handbook of Environmental Acoustics



- Minimize unnecessary outdoor noises,
- Provide the basis for noise evaluation in land use considerations and Environmental Impact Reports,
- Acquaint people with the seriousness of noise pollution, and with ways they can assist in reducing noise,
- Maintain building codes which require soundproofing.

The City of Monterey Park Municipal Code (Title 9, Chapter 9.53.040-9.53.050) has established noise standards for the City of Monterey Park. These noise standards are used for intruding noise sources that are continuous and cannot be reasonably discontinued for sufficient time in which the ambient noise level can be determined. **Table 4.7-1** shows the noise standards for different land uses in the City of Monterey Park.

Noise Zone	Time	Allowable Noise Level (dBA)
Residential	7:00 a.m 10:00 p.m.	55
	10:00 p.m 7:00 a.m.	50
Commercial	7:00 a.m 10:00 p.m.	65
	10:00 p.m 7:00 a.m.	55
Industrial	Anytime	70

The City of Monterey Park allows for noise levels to increase, depending on the duration of the noise. **Table 4.7-2** shows the permitted increase in noise levels, as set forth in the Municipal Code Title 9 Chapter 9.53.040 (**Table 4.7-1**).

Permitted Increase (dBA)		Duration of Increase Permitted (minutes per hour)	
	5	1	
	10		
	15		
	20	Less than 1 minut	

The City of Monterey Park Municipal Code exempts certain activities from the noise ordinance (Title 9, Chapter 9.53.070). Activities that are exempt from the noise ordinance include:

- Activities conducted on public playgrounds and public or private school grounds, including, but not limited to, school athletic and school entertainment events, and
- Construction or demolition work conducted between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

Sensitive Receptors

Land uses that are considered sensitive to noise impacts are referred to as "sensitive receptors." Noise sensitive receptors include, but are not limited to, schools, residences, libraries, hospitals and other care facilities. Noise sensitive receptors adjoining the proposed project include residential units to the immediate north, south, and west of the ELAC campus, Robert Hill Lane Elementary School (located on the south side of Avenida Cesar Chavez adjacent to the ELAC campus), and the Child Development Center (located on the ELAC campus). Other nearby sensitive receptors include Brightwood Elementary School (approximately 0.1 miles north of the project site).

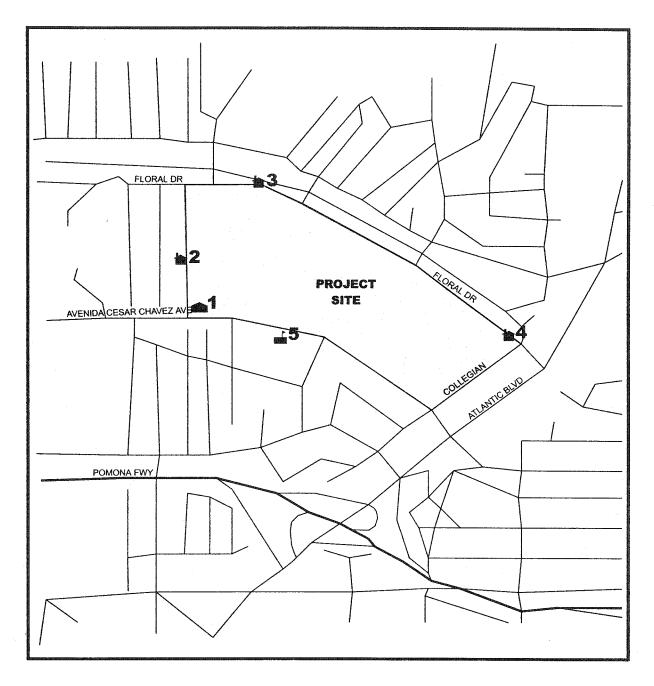
Existing Setting

The existing noise environment of the project area is typical of an urban region and can be characterized by a background, or ambient, noise level generated by automobile traffic on the nearest roadways and a variety of other characteristic urban noise events, such as barking dogs, home and car stereos, and people.

The Quest Q-400 Noise Dosimeter was used to measure ambient noise levels at five locations within the vicinity of the project site. Noise measurements were taken at Robert Hill Lane Elementary School, the Child Development Center, and adjacent residential uses to the north and west of the ELAC campus (see Figure 4.7-2). Noise measurements were conducted during the evening hours between 6:00 p.m. and 7:00 p.m. on August 9, 2000 and during the daytime hours between 10:00 a.m. and 1:30 p.m. on August 10, 2000. Evening and daytime noise measurements were taken to correspond with day and evening classes. The ambient noise level is relatively the same during daytime and evening hours. Noise measurements were taken for a ten-minute period at each site. Existing noise levels at each sensitive receptor site, as recorded, are listed in Table 4.7-3. Noise levels for each sensitive receptors range between 57 and 66 dBA. ² Existing ambient noise level at R2 is lower because noise measurements were taken in a residential street (Bleakwood Avenue). Ambient noise levels are higher at SR1, SR3, SR4, and SR5 since these areas are situated adjacent to arterial streets, where traffic volumes are higher.

TABLE 4.7-3: EXISTING NOISE LEVELS (dBA, Leq)					
Sensitive Receptor (SR)	Noise Monitoring Location	Measurement (dBA)			
SR1	Child Development Center (Corner of Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez)	60			
SR2	Single-family Residential: 2065 Bleakwood Avenue	57			
SR3	Multi-family Residential north of Floral Drive	66			
SR4	Multi-family Residential: Corner of College View Avenue and Floral Drive	63			
SR5	Robert Hill Lane Elementary School	63			
SOURCE: Terry A. Ha	ayes Associates.				

²dBA is the abbreviation for A-weighted decibels. The A-weighted decibel scale reflects the normal hearing sensitivity range of the human ear. An increase of 3 dBA is generally considered to be the point at which people can perceive a change in the sound level. Leq is the abbreviation for the equivalent sound level. Leq is a sound energy average of the fluctuating noise levels recorded in a given time period, generally one hour.



LEGEND:

- Residences
- Schools
- Development Center
- 1 = Child Development Center
- 2 = Single-Family Residential Units
- 3 = Multi-Family Residential Units
- 4 = Multi-Family Residential
- 5 = Lane Elementary School

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates, 2000





East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan EIR Currently, minimum barriers exist between the campus and adjacent sensitive receptors. The boundaries of the campus are landscaped with few trees, which do not break the line-of-sight between the campus and the sensitive land uses. Adjacent multi-family residential units to the north of Floral Drive are situated approximately 18 feet above Floral Drive and could be viewed from the bleachers along the southern portion of Weingart Stadium.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The proposed project would result in a significant impact if:

- Noise generated by the proposed project would exceed the City of Monterey Park noise standards as indicated in **Tables 4.7-1** and **4.7-2**;
- The project would entail construction activities that would raise ambient noise level on a typical construction day by more than five decibels;
- The proposed project would result in a discernible change in ambient community noise levels (an incremental change of three decibels or more, resulting from stationary or mobile sources); and
- The proposed project would entail uses or activities that would produce severe noise levels, i.e., sound levels greater than 100 dBA at sensitive locations that could adversely affect human health.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Construction Impact

In general, construction activities resulting from development within the project site would increase ambient noise levels in the vicinity on an intermittent, but temporary, basis. Noise levels during construction would fluctuate depending on the construction phase, equipment type and duration of use, distance between the noise source and receptor, and the presence/absence of barriers between the noise source and receptor.

Typical noise levels from various types of equipment that may be used during construction of the proposed project are listed in **Table 4.7-4**. The table shows noise levels at distances of 50 feet and 100 feet from the construction noise source. Generally, noise levels decrease by six decibels over hard surfaces and nine decibels over soft surfaces for each doubling of distance. For example, the noise level for a paving breaker would be 82 dBA at 50 feet, 76 dBA at 100 feet, and 70 dBA at 200 feet.

	Noise Level (dBA) /a/			
Noise Source	50 Feet	100 Feet		
Paving Breaker	82	76		
Jackhammer	82	76		
Steamroller	83	77		
Street Paver	80	74		
Backhoe	83	77		
Street Compressor	67	6		
Front-End Loader	79	73		
Street Cleaner	70	64		
Idling Haul Truck	72	66		
Cement Mixer	72	66		

Table 4.7-4 shows noise levels of individual equipment. However, noise level would vary depending on the amount and type of equipment used during construction. **Table 4.7-5** shows the typical noise levels that can be expected during each construction phase. As the table shows, the highest noise levels are expected to occur during the grading/excavation and finishing phase. It should be emphasized that the noise levels presented in **Table 4.7-5** represent worst case conditions and would be of an infrequent and temporary nature.

equipment listed in this table were taken at distances of 10 feet and 30 feet from the source. SOURCE: Cowan, James P., 1994. <u>Handbook of Environmental Acoustics</u>, p. 230.

	Noise Level (dBA, Leq)				
Construction Phase	At 50 Feet	At 50 Feet with Mufflers			
Ground Clearing	84	82			
Grading/Excavation	89	86			
Foundations	78	77			
Structural	85	83			
Finishing	89	86			

To determine worst-case noise impacts at sensitive receptor locations, construction noise was modeled by introducing the noise level associated with the finishing phase of a typical development project to the ambient noise level. The noise source was assumed to be active for approximately 40 percent of the eight-

hour work day (consistent with the Environmental Protection Agency studies of construction noise), generating a noise level of 89 dBA (Leq) at a reference distance of 50 feet.

Several projects proposed in the Facilities Master Plan are proposed to start within the same year. Therefore, overlapping noise impacts may result from the construction sites. However, it is not currently known whether construction for each development would be completed prior to the construction of a new development. Although many projects proposed by the Facilities Master Plan are not anticipated to start within the same year, construction may occur before previous developments have been completed, which would potentially increase construction noise impacts. **Table 4.7-6** shows the impact construction noise would have at nearby sensitive receptor locations. It is assumed that proposed developments with the same target start years are built at the same time and completed before new developments with different start dates, are constructed. Noise level at adjacent sensitive receptor locations was calculated by (1) making a distance and/or height adjustment to the construction source sound level and (2) logarithmically adding the adjusted construction noise source level to the ambient noise level.

TABLE 4.7-6: CONSTRUCT	TION NOISE IMPACTS (dBA, Leq)			
Sensitive Receptors Closest to Construction Site	Distance To Construction Sites	Existing Ambient (dBA)	New Ambient (dBA) /a/	Increase (dBA)
Technology Center & 1,350 Date: 2002	Car-Parking Structure With Raise	ed Tennis Co	urts - Targel	Start
Robert Hill Lane Elementary School and Residential Units on Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue	1,000 feet from Technology Center, 150 feet from 1,350-Car Parking Structure	63	72	9
300 Car-Parking Structure -	Target Start Date: 2003			
Residential Units on Floral Drive (east of Valley Vista Drive)	260 feet	66	69	3
Performing and Fine Arts C	enter & Practice Football/Soccer I	Field - Targe	t Start Date:	2004
Residential Units on Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue	440 feet from Performing and Fine Arts Center, 2,000 feet from Practice Football/Soccer Field	63	65	2
Child Development Center	50 feet from Practice Football/Soccer Field, 2,300 feet from Performing and Fine Arts Center	60	81	21
Remodeling of Administrat	ion Building & Remodeling of F-5	Building - Ta	arget Start D	ate: 2005
Residential Units on Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue	200 feet	63	65	2

TABLE 4.7-6: CONSTRUCT	ION NOISE IMPACTS (dBA, Leq)			换设计
Sensitive Receptors Closest to Construction Site	Distance To Construction Sites	Existing Ambient (dBA)	New Ambient (dBA) /a/	Increase (dBA)
Humanities Building & New	Women's Athletic Field - Target	Start Date: 20)06	
Sensitive Receptors Closest to Construction Site	Distance To Construction Sites	Existing Ambient (dBA)	New Ambient (dBA) /a/	Increase (dBA)
Residential Units on Floral Drive (north of the construction site for the Humanities Building)	660 feet from New Women's Athletic Field, 400 feet from Humanities Building	63	66	3
Residential Units at the Corner of Floral Drive and Crest Vista Drive	100 feet from New Women's Athletic Field, 770 feet from Humanities Buildings	63	78	15
2,200 Car-Parking Structure, N	ew Plant Facilities, & Modernized Sta	adium - Targe	t Start Date: 2	007
Residential Units on Bleakwood Drive	60 feet from 2,200-Car Parking Structure and Plant Facilities, 770 feet from Weingart Stadium	57	82	25
Residential Units on Floral Drive (east of Hillside Street)	300 feet from Weingart Stadium, 100 feet from 2,200-Car Parking Structure, 550 feet from Plant Facilities	66	76	10
Language Arts and Health Car Parking Structure - Target Sta	e Building, Remodeling of G-1 Intern t Date: 2008 <i>Icl</i>	ational Studer	ıt Center, & 1,	000 Car-
Residential Units on Floral Drive (adjacent to construction sites)	100 feet	63	78	15
consistent with the Environmental Protecticonstruction sound levels for each develop	struction noise sources would be active for approximation Agency studies of construction noise). Construction noise combined at sensitive receptor locations then buildings(noise barriers) occupy 65 to 90 perceives.	tion sound levels an	e adjusted for dista	nce. In addition,

[/]b/ A five decibel attenuation is provided when buildings(noise barriers) occupy 65 to 90 percent of the length of the noise source. Construction site for these proposed developments are located behind building. Thus, noise levels at sensitive receptor locations are adjusted for noise attenuation provided by the buildings that break the line of sight of the construction site and sensitive receptor location.

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates.

Should proposed developments with similar target start dates occur simultaneously, new ambient sound levels greater than five decibels would occur at six locations. A significant impact is anticipated to occur. Construction activities are exempted from the City of Monterey Park Noise Ordinance if activities are conducted between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. during the weekdays and 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. Should construction activities occur between 7:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. on weekdays, and between 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, a significant impact would occur. Mitigation measures should be implemented to reduce noise impacts to the maximum extent feasible.

Operational Impact

Traffic-Related Noise. Noise readings taken at five sensitive receptors were used to calibrate CALTRANS' Sound32 noise prediction model, which utilizes three-dimensional computer mapping, traffic volume, vehicle

[/]c/ Remodeling of G-1 International Student Center will occur within the interior of the building. Consequently, minimum noise impact to the surrounding area is expected at this construction site.

mix, and traffic speed inputs to estimate noise levels. Data inputs were tailored using estimated future peak hour traffic volumes for project area intersections to accurately estimate the future noise level with and without the proposed project at each sensitive receptor.³

As **Table 4.7-7** shows, there would not be a noticeable noise change (increase of three decibels or more) at any of the sensitive receptor locations. However, existing ambient sound levels exceed the City of Monterey Park Noise Limits (see **Table 4.7-1**) for residential zones, and future ambient sound levels with and without the proposed project would continue to exceed the City noise limits.

Sensitive Receptor	Existing	Future Without Project	Future With Project	Change Attributable to Project	Impact? (Future With Project minus Future Without Project ≥3?)
SR1 (Child Development Center)	60	61	62	- 1	No
SR2 (Single-family Residential Unit: 2065 Bleakwood Avenue)	57	58	58	0	No
SR3 (Multi-family Residential Units north of Floral Drive)	66	67	67	0	No
SR4 (Multi-family Residential Units at corner of College View Avenue and Floral Drive)	63	64	65	1	No
SR5 (Robert Hill Lane Elementary School)	63	64	64	0	No

Weingart Stadium. Among the projects proposed by the Facilities Master Plan, the modernization of Weingart Stadium would have the greatest impact on noise levels in the vicinity, especially during nighttime, when events are likely to occur at the stadium. Noise generated from Weingart Stadium would potentially affect sensitive receptors located several hundred feet from the stadium. Currently, the Weingart Stadium has a seating capacity of approximately 20,400 persons and is one of the largest stadiums in Southern California. The modernization of Weingart Stadium would create additional seating to the east and west of the stadium. An additional 9,600 seats will be added for a total capacity of 30,000. The Weingart Stadium has been used by the community for recreation, high school football games, holiday events (such as the Fourth of July), and other community events. The stadium has also been used to host events specific to ELAC. The purpose of the proposed project is to make Weingart Stadium an attractive venue for ELAC events and community events as well as rental for other events, such as professional soccer games.

³Kaku Associates, <u>Traffic and Parking Study for East Los Angeles College Master Plan</u>, September 2000.

The proposed project would increase events held at the Weingart Stadium. Events that have the potential to generate the loudest crowd noise include football games. Typically, instantaneous crowd noise of approximately 65,000 people in an open stadium for a football game could reach up to approximately 111 dBA. Generally, sound level decreases by three decibels each time the number of identical sources is decreased by half. For example, 65,000 people would generate a noise level of 111 dBA, 32,500 people would generate a noise level of 109 dBA, 12,250 people would generate a noise level of 106 dBA, and so on. Table 4.7-8 shows the impact a crowd of 30,000 people, 20,000 people, and 10,000 people would have on ambient noise levels at nearby residential areas. Crowd noise was based on a reference crowd size of 65,000 people generating 111dBA in the center of the field. It is assumed that crowd noise would occur approximately 60 percent of the time during a three-hour event.

	Existing	10,000 People		20,000 People		30,000	People
Sensitive Receptor Areas	Ambient Sound Level (dBA) /b/	New Ambient (dBA) /c/	Increase (dBA)	New Ambient (dBA) /b/	Increase (dBA)	New Ambient (dBA) /b/	Increase (dBA)
Multi-family Residential Units North of Floral Drive, Adjoining Weingart Stadium	66	68	2	73	7	78	12
Single Family Residential Units East of Bleakwood Avenue, Adjoining the Stadium Parking Lot	57	59	2	65	8	70	13

[/]a/ Assumes a reference crowd size of 65,000 people generating 111 dBA.

A crowd of 20,000 to 30,000 people would significantly increase sound levels by over three decibels at nearby sensitive receptor locations. The likelihood of an event that would generate 30,000 people would be infrequent. It is more likely that the modernized stadium would generate a crowd size of 10,000 to 20,000 people. Noise generated at the Weingart Stadium would be exempted from the City of Monterey Park Noise Ordinance since events would be located on school grounds. In addition, there has not been any awareness of incidences that would require the City to enforce the Noise Ordinance on events at the Weingart Stadium.4 Mitigation measures should be implemented such that future noise at the Weingart Stadium would not result in an issue in which the City would be forced to apply the Noise Ordinance.

In addition, the 2,200-car parking structure, proposed in the ELAC Facilities Master Plan, is a three-level parking structure, with two levels above ground, and one level below ground. The parking structure would

[/]b/ Pre-project ambient sound level at sensitive receptor location.

[/]c/ New sound level at sensitive receptor location.

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates, see Appendix F.

⁴Conversation with Ray Hamada, Senior Planner with the City of Monterey Park, October 11, 2000.

attenuate noise levels to as much as five dBA at residential units on Bleakwood Avenue. The parking structure would minimize the impact that noise generated at Weingart Stadium, would have on residential units on Bleakwood Avenue.

Public Address System. To be clearly intelligible, a public address system must generate at least ten dBA above the background noise levels. Currently, four loudspeakers are located on the scoreboard at Weingart Stadium. The location of the loudspeakers are typical of many existing stadium sound systems. The proposed project would not result in a change in the current public address system. However, the increase in events resulting from the modernization of Weingart Stadium would potentially result in an increase usage of the public address system. It is estimated that the public address system would be used approximately 30 percent of the time during an event. In addition, the public address system would only be used during an event. Although the modernization of the Weingart Stadium would potentially result in an increase use of the public address system, the use of the system would remain infrequent (occurring during an event) and temporary (lasting for a few hours).

MITIGATION MEASURES

Construction Noise

- N1 Construction oractivities (i.e., demolition hours shall be limited to activities, ground clearing, excavation, grading, laying of foundations, structural and finishing activities) shall be conducted between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.
- For schools within 500 feet of a major construction site on the ELAC campus, coordination must be undertaken with the appropriate school district to define mitigation measures to substantially reduce construction noise impacts. Such measures may include limiting hours of construction for noisy construction activities within 1000 feet of a school or daycare center shall be conducted from 7:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m., or when the school or daycare center is not in session. (i.e., excavation and finishing phases), limiting construction in certain site areas to hours when the school would not be affected, providing prior notification to the school of particularly noisy activities, substitution of electric powered versus combustion engine powered equipment, and the use of temporary shrouds or barriers may be considered.
- When feasible, change the timing and/or sequence of the noisiest construction operations to avoid sensitive times of the day.
- N4 Use noise control devices, such as equipment mufflers, enclosures, and barriers.
- N5 Stage construction operations as far from noise sensitive uses as possible.
- N6 Maintain all sound-reducing devices and restrictions throughout the construction period.
- When feasible, replace noisy equipment with quieter equipment (for example, a vibratory pile driver instead of a conventional pile driver and rubber-tired equipment rather than track equipment).
- N8 Construction equipments shall be located as far as possible from noise-sensitive areas.
- N9 Adjacent residents shall be given regular notification of major construction activities and their duration:

- N10 A sign, legible at a distance of 50 feet, shall be posted on the construction site identifying a telephone number where residents can inquire about the construction process and register complaints.
- Major construction sites within 1000 feet of Lane Elementary School shall be reviewed with the Los Angeles Unified School District to determine whether a construction noise mitigation program shall be implemented to mitigate noise-related disruptions. Similarly, major construction sites within 1000 feet of Brightwood Elementary School shall be reviewed with the Alhambra School District to determine whether a construction noise mitigation program shall be implemented to mitigated noise-related disruptions. The mitigation program shall consider such measures as limited hours of construction
- <u>N3</u> Change the timing and/or sequence of the noisiest construction operations (i.e., excavation and finishing phases) to avoid sensitive times of the day.
- <u>N4</u> <u>Use noise control devices, such as equipment mufflers, enclosures, and barriers.</u>
- Adjacent residents shall be given notification of major construction activities and their duration. A sign, legible at a distance of 50 feet, shall be posted on the construction site identifying a telephone number where residents can inquire about the construction process and register complaints.
- <u>N6</u> Construction occurring within 1,000 feet of the Child Development Center shall be limited to hours when the Child Development Center would not be affected. The Child Development Center shall be notified of particularly noisy activities.

Stadium Noise

- Prior to implementation of improvements to the Weingart Stadium an acoustical noise analysis shall be conducted to determine the need or requirement for the construction of a sound wall to be located along the perimeter of the Weingart Stadium, behind the top of the bleachers, to achieve noise abatement within the vicinity of the stadium. The college shall implement the recommendations and findings of the acoustical analysis.
- N8 Events at Weingart Stadium should be limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on a weekday or weekend.
- N9 Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or school activities and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive load noises.
- <u>N10</u> The use of compressed air horns and similar noise generating devices by spectators shall be prohibited. Signs shall be posted within and outside of the stadium indicating this restriction.
- Parking structures shall be designed to reduce noise impacts on adjacent sensitive receptors by ensuing that the sides facing sensitive uses are enclosed, surfaces shall be chosen that will reduce tire squeal, and the implementation of a good neighbor signage program. Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or schools and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive loud noises, instructing drivers to disable alarms while parking on campus, prohibition against tailgating and a posted speed limit. All prohibitions shall be strictly enforced by on campus security.

N12 Construction occurring within 1000 feet of the Child Development Center shall be limited to hours when the Child Development Center would not be affected. The Child Development Center shall be notified of particularly noisy activities.

Operational Noise

- N13 Sound walls of sufficient height shall be constructed along the perimeter of the Weingart Stadium, behind the top bleachers, to reduce sound transmission within the vicinity of the Stadium.
- N14 Events at Weingart Stadium should be limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. All activities in the Weingart Stadium should stop at 10:00 p.m.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

Construction Impact

Topographical and meteorological conditions affect sound wave propagation and the effectiveness of the mitigation measures listed above. As previously indicated in **Table 4.7-4**, machinery equipped with mufflers would reduce noise levels. **Table 4.7-9** shows construction noise impact at nearby sensitive receptor locations with muffler utilization.

TABLE 4.7-9: CONSTRUCT	ION NOISE IMPACT WITH MUFFL	ER UTILIZAT	ION (dBA, L	eq)			
Sensitive Receptors Closest to Construction Site	Distance	Existing Ambient	New Ambient /a/	Increase			
Technology Center & 1,350 Car-Parking Structure With Raised Tennis Courts - Target Start Date: 2002							
Robert Hill Lane Elementary School and Residential Units on Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue	1,000 feet from Technology Center, 150 feet from 1,350 Car- Parking Structure	63	69	6			
300 Car-Parking Structure -							
Residential Units on Floral Drive (east of Valley Vista Drive)	260 feet	66	67	1			
Performing and Fine Arts C	enter & Practice Football/Soccer I	Field - Targe	t Start Date:	2004			
Residential Units on Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue	440 feet from Performing and Fine Arts Center, 2,000 feet from Practice Football/Soccer Field	63	64	1			
Child Development Center	50 feet from Practice Football/ Soccer Field, 2,300 feet from Performing and Fine Arts Center	60	78	18			

Sensitive Receptors Closest to Construction Site	Distance	Existing Ambient	New Ambient /a/	Increase
Remodeling of Administrat	ion Building & Remodeling of F-5	Building - Ta	arget Start D	ate: 2005
Residential Units on Avenida Cesar Chavez Avenue	200 feet	63	64	1
Humanities Building & New	Women's Athletic Field - Target	Start Date: 20	006	
Residential Units on Floral Drive (north of the construction site for the Humanities Building)	660 feet from New Women's Athletic Field, 400 feet from Humanities Building	63	64	1
Residential Units at the Corner of Floral Drive and Crest Vista Drive	100 feet from New Women's Athletic Field, 770 feet from Humanities Buildings	63	75	12
2,200 Car-Parking Structure 2007	e, New Plant Facilities, & Moderniz	zed Stadium	- Target Sta	rt Date:
Residential Units on Bleakwood Drive	60 feet from 2,200 Car-Parking Structure and Plant Facilities, 770 feet from Weingart Stadium	57	79	22
Residential Units on Floral Drive (east of Hillside Street)	300 feet from Weingart Stadium, 100 feet from 2,200 Car-Parking Structure, 550 feet from Plant Facilities	66	74	8
Language Arts and Health (1,000 Car-Parking Structure	Care Building, Remodeling of G-1 - Target Start Date: 2008 /c/	Internationa	l Student Ce	nter, &
Residential Units on Floral Drive (adjacent to construction sites)	100 feet	63	75	12
/a/New ambient sound level assumes con consistent with the Environmental Protecti construction sound levels for each develoy /b/ A five decibel attenuation is provided w	struction noise source would be active for approxima on Agency studies of construction noise). Construction twere combined at sensitive receptor locations then buildings(noise barriers) occupy 65 to 90 perceted behind building. Thus, noise levels at sensitive	tion sound levels ar s. nt of the lenath of th	e adjusted for dista ne noise source. C	nce. In addition

provided by the buildings that break the line of sight of the construction site and sensitive receptor location.

/c/ Remodeling of G-1 International Student Center will occur within the interior of the building. Consequently, minimum noise impact to the surrounding area is expected at this construction site. **SOURCE:** Terry A. Hayes Associates.

Muffler utilization would reduce ambient sound level by two to three decibels at each sensitive receptor location. However, construction noise would continue to exceed five decibels at six sensitive receptor locations. This impact is considered unavoidable and significant.

Operational Impact

Although noise levels generated at the Weingart Stadium for school events would not be subjected to the City Noise Ordinance, a crowd that exceed approximately 20,000 people would increase sound levels by over three decibels at nearby sensitive receptor locations. Mitigation measures would prevent excessive noise from impacting sensitive receptor locations during overnight hours (between 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.).

4.8 PUBLIC SERVICES

This section of the EIR addresses the impact the proposed project will have on fire service and police protection.

FIRE PROTECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Fire protection services for the East Los Angeles College (ELAC) campus is provided by the City of Monterey Park Fire Department (MPFD). Three fire stations currently exist within the City. **Table 4.8-1** shows the fire stations that serves the ELAC campus. The nearest fire station to the ELAC campus is located on 701 Monterey Pass Road (approximately 0.6 miles north of the project site). As of the year 2000, the Monterey Park Fire Department has 58 employees. Emergency response time is 4.5 minutes for the entire city.¹

Fire Station	Address	Response Personnel	Location
Station 1	320 W. Newmark Avenue.	23	1.89 miles from the ELAC Campus
Station 2	2001 S. Garfield Avenue	15	1.04 miles from the ELAC Campus
Station 3	704 Monterey Pass Road	9	Located 1.03 miles from the ELAC Campus.

Calls for service would primarily be responded to by Station 2 as this station provides paramedics rescue ambulance service (See **Figure 4.8-1**).

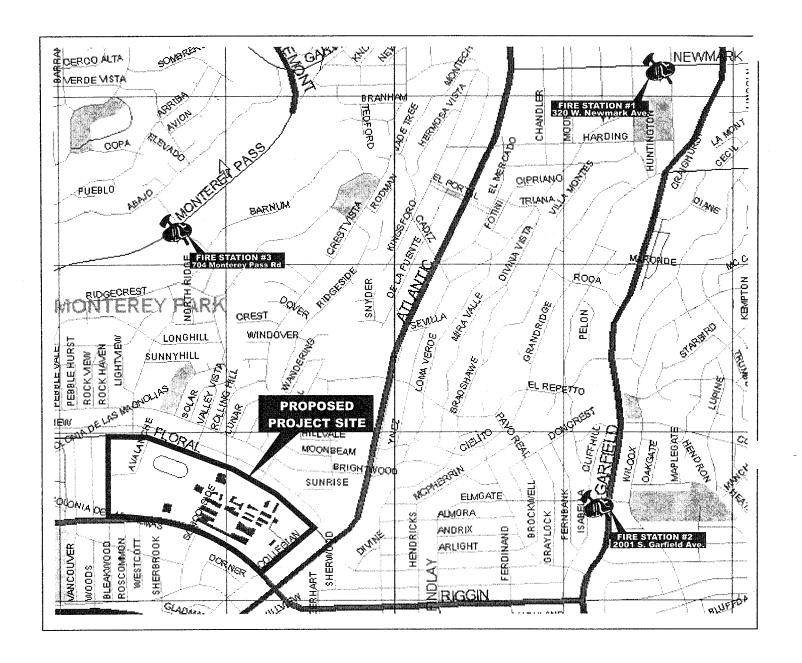
According to the City of Monterey Park Program Summary-Fire, the MPFD currently achieves service objectives of the fire department and maintains the minimum of 15 firefighters/paramedics.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The proposed project would have a significant impact on fire protection services if:

- substantially diminishes the level of fire protection services;
- creates a substantial need for additional fire department personnel or equipment; or
- fails to comply with applicable fire codes and regulations, thereby putting persons or property at substantial risk in the event of a fire.

¹Based on September 27, 2000 conversation with Jerry Wombacher, Fire Marshall in the Fire Prevention Division.





SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates/Thomas Bros. Maps, 2000



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Emergency response time is the total time from when a call requesting assistance is made until the time that a unit responds to the scene. The response time of fire protection service depends upon the distance from the nearest station to a given location and the level of traffic congestion. According to the City of Monterey Park Fire Department, the city is sufficiently covered in terms of distances from stations to areas within the city. Implementation of the ELAC Master Plan would encourage an increased enrollment up to approximately 7,800 additional students. This increase would result in an additional 5,410 daily vehicular trips to the campus. A reduction in the Level of Service on the surrounding street system could result in a decrease in response time to the ELAC campus and/or surrounding uses. Currently, existing traffic in the vicinity of the campus does not impair response time. However, future traffic projections and cumulative new development may result in congestion in the vicinity of the campus during peak traffic hours. This additional traffic may impair response to the campus. The traffic from the ELAC Master Plan would not significantly increase the amount of congestion. Section 4.9, Transportation and Traffic, indicates that the proposed project would not have a significant traffic impact on the 12 analyzed intersections. Therefore, the proposed ELAC Master Plan is not expected to substantially increase congestion or emergency response times and no additional personnel would be required.

The total number of calls for fire service within the City of Monterey Park for 1999 was 3,460 and was projected to increase to 3,636 calls for the year 2000. Calls to the ELAC campus for the year 2000 constituted less than 1 percent of projected total (35 calls to the ELAC campus were recorded). A breakdown of the calls by type show that 29 calls were for emergency medical service, 1 for public assistance (non-emergency call), and 5 were cancelled prior to arrival. With campus enrollment anticipated to rise by 45% by the year 2010, the additional 7,803 new students would theoretically result in an additional 16 calls by the year 2010 for a total of 51 calls (45% increase in call volume from the campus). The addition of sixteen calls to the total calls to campus with full buildout of the Master Plan is not considered to be a significant impact.

It is recognized that conditions within the City of Monterey Park that would have an affect on the need for fire service over the next nine years cannot be accurately determined. However, it is likely that the additional calls for service to the ELAC campus would continue to constitute approximately 1 percent of the total calls for service. This can be seen due to the expected increase in the population of Monterey Park by the year 2010 which is projected to rise to approximately 77.125 per Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) projections. The current population of Monterey Park is 63.957 which will constitute a 20% rise in population. Assuming that calls for fire service rise in proportion to the population approximately 3.856 calls for service can be expected by year 2010. Thus, calls for service to the ELAC campus would remain at 1% of total calls. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in a significant impact on fire service as no need for additional facilities or resources will be required due to implementation of the ELAC Facilities Master Plan.

Fire hazards are anticipated to be reduced as the old uses on campus will be replaced with new facilities which will comply with current fire codes. Further, access to and from the campus will remain unobstructed.

Prior to the construction of new facilities on the ELAC campus, individual projects must undergo Plan Review and would be subject to the Monterey Park Fire Department (MPFD) permit process to document the use and storage of hazardous materials, if any. Information such as the type and amount of materials to be stored will be required. The new facilities will be required to undergo annual inspection by the MPFD.

It is not anticipated that the net addition of 433,149 square feet of space would result in the need for the provision of new fire service or facilities. The Master Plan proposes to replace existing facilities with upgraded facilities.

MITIGATION MEASURES

As no potential significant impacts have been identified, no mitigation measures are required.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

The proposed project is not anticipated to have significant adverse impacts on fire protection.

POLICE PROTECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

ELAC Security Police Department

Police Protection at the ELAC Campus is provided by the ELAC branch of Security for the Los Angeles Community College District, as of January 2001, is being provided by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. Police Department. The ELAC Police Department provides service within a one-mile radius of the campus. The boundary of the ELAC's Police force jurisdiction is approximately one mile outside of Jurisdiction is within the college campus boundary. Based on a site analysis conducted during a Phase 2 study, current security needs on campus was determined. One sergeant, two Bonus-I deputies and 13 armed Los Angeles County Security Officers have been assigned to the campus. Currently, the ELAC Police Department employs 10 sworn officers, 17 campus security officers, 3 clerks, and 6 escorts. For the 1999 year, campus Crime statistics for the ELAC campus was provided for 1999 year (Year 2000 statistics unavailable). Campus offenses consisted primarily of theft and vehicular burglary. There were four incidents of felony assault and one rape. Other offenses included 31 traffic and 4,438 parking citations. The total number of arrests made for the year was 12.

Monterey Park Police Department

The Monterey Park Police Department (MPPD) is located at 320 W. Newmark Avenue, Monterey Park, CA 91754. Response time for 1999 was 3.40 minutes. The MPPD employs approximately 46 sworn officers for a population of 67,409 residents. The MPPD responded to approximately 40,970 total calls for service in 1999 (estimated). employs 82 sworn officers. For security issues outside the purview of campus security, the Monterey Park Police Department (MPPD) received approximately 109 calls to the ELAC campus in the year 2000 (while under the operation of the College District Security personnel). A majority of the calls ranged from medical calls (assistance to Monterey Park Fire Department emergency medical personnel) through vehicle code violations. Campus offenses also included vehicular burglary.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

For the purposes of this EIR, the proposed project would have a significant impact if it:

- Creates a substantial need for additional police department personnel or facilities; or
- substantially diminishes the level of police protection services by adversely affecting police response time.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

The ELAC Police Department responds to calls taking place on the campus and within a one-mile radius of the campus. With an enrollment of 17,197 students the ELAC Police Department maintains one officer for every 1,719 students or 1 security personnel (officer and security officer) for every 1,011 students. It is projected by the year 2005 and additional 17 full time officers will be required to accommodate increased enrollment. An increase in police personnel is proposed as part of the Master Plan. With the addition of 17 full time officers (assuming worst case scenario of 25,000 students) 1 security personnel for every 925 students will be provided. Further, the proposed project includes the addition of security cameras in strategic points throughout the campus as well as improved lighting.

The addition of approximately 8,000 students without the addition of the 17 new officers would result in 1 security personnel per every 1,470 students. Without the implementation of the additional security features, particularly the hiring of additional officers, an impact on the Monterey Park Police Department may occur if enrollment increases.

Future security needs for the campus will be evaluated by the L.A. County Sheriff Department in coordination with the Monterey Park Police Department. For existing needs, 17 officers have been determined to be appropriate based on a study done in coordination the MPPD.

As to impacts to the Monterey Park Police Department, currently, the calls for service to the campus were less than 0.01 percent of the total calls received by the department for the year 2000. Using the assumption that if enrollment increases. approximately 45% and crime levels on campus rise proportionately, the MPPD is estimated to receive an additional 50 calls per year by year 2010 (for a total of 159 calls). Thus, calls for service would remain less than 1 percent.

Considering all available information, it is highly unlikely that crime levels on campus would rise significantly such that additional police facilities or resources would be required to handle security issues on campus. Because existing calls to the campus constitute a negligible impact when compared to calls as a whole to the MPPD and security needs are now being evaluated and handled by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department a less than significant impact is expected to occur.

MITIGATION MEASURES

- PS1 Hire additional 17 new officers ELAC shall implement security features (i.e., security cameras, improved lighting, maintenance of landscaping, and security phone system) as proposed in the Facility Master Plan.
- PS2 Implementation of security features (i.e., security cameras and improved lighting) as proposed in the Facility Master Plan
- PS2 ELAC shall design and implement a Special Event Security Plan, in coordination with the Monterey Park Police Department. Issues addressed may include, but not be limited to: Security needs, emergency evacuation procedures, and money handling issues.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

Upon implementation of the above mitigation measures, no significant impact is expected to occur.

4.9 TRANSPORTATION & TRAFFIC

This section summarizes the findings of the traffic and parking study conducted by Kaku Associates on September 2000. The complete traffic and parking study report is included in Appendix G of this document. A supplemental traffic report was prepared November 6, 2000 to address impacts specifically related to the expansion of Wiengart Stadium and this report is included in Appendix G following the traffic and parking study.

The traffic and parking study was prepared to evaluate traffic generated by the proposed Facilities Master Plan and the impacts on the surrounding street system. The traffic analysis addresses existing conditions, cumulative base conditions, and cumulative plus project conditions. Existing and potential future parking demands were analyzed in detail. Traffic and parking mitigation measures were recommended as needed.

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Existing Street System

Regional access to the ELAC campus is provided by the Pomona (SR-60) and Long Beach Freeway (I-710). The Pomona Freeway is located approximately 0.25 miles south of the project site and runs in an east-west direction. Access to the Pomona Freeway is via Atlantic Boulevard. The Long Beach Freeway (I-710) is approximately 1 mile west of the project site and runs in a north-south direction. Direct access to the ELAC campus from I-710 can be obtained through Avenida Cesar Chavez and Floral Drive.

The major streets serving the ELAC campus are Atlantic Boulevard, Eastern Avenue, and Garfield Avenue in the north-south direction, and Avenida Cesar Chavez in the east-west direction. The main access to the campus is on Avenida Cesar Chavez at Access Road. The main student parking facility, located at the northwest corner of the campus, is primarily accessible on Avalanche Way via Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive. The campus is also accessible on Floral Drive.

Existing Public Transit Service

The campus is currently served by bus services provided by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transit Authority (MTA), City of Montebello, and the Monterey Park Spirit. The following bus lines currently serve the campus:

- MTA Route # 30, 31 & 470 These travel along 1st Street, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- MTA Route # 256 This route travels along 3rd Street in the study area, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- <u>MTA Route # 258 & 259</u> These routes travel along Arizona Avenue and Mednik Boulevard in the study area, connecting East Los Angeles and South Los Angeles.
- <u>MTA Route # 260</u> This route travels along Atlantic Avenue in the study area, connecting East Los Angeles and South Los Angeles.
- <u>Montebello Route # 40, 341, 342 & 343</u> These routes travel along 3rd Street in the study area, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.

- <u>Monterey Park Route # 1</u> This route travels along Avenida Cesar Chavez, 1st Street and Atlantic Boulevard in the study area and serves ELAC as well as central Monterey Park.
- Monterey Park Route #2 This route travels along Atlantic Boulevard and Floral Drive in the study area and serves ELAC, as well as Central Monterey Park.
- <u>Monterey Park Route #4</u> This route travels along Monterey Pass Road and Corporate Center Drive in the study area and serves the Medical Center, as well as the northern Monterey Park.
- <u>Monterey Park Route # 5</u> This route travels along Atlantic Avenue, Floral Drive, and Corporate Center Drive in the study area and serves ELAC, Corporate Center, and southern Monterey Park.

Existing Traffic Conditions

The level of service (LOS) is a qualitative measure used to describe the condition of traffic flow, ranging from excellent conditions at LOS A to overloaded conditions at LOS F. The City of Monterey Park has established LOS C as the minimum acceptable level of service. The definitions for each level of service are described in **Table 4.9-1** for signalized intersections and **Table 4.9-2** for unsignalized intersections.

TABLE 4.9	-1: LEVEL OF SERVIC	E DEFINITIONS FOR SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS
Level of Service	Volume/Capacity Ratio	Definition
А	0.00 - 0.60	EXCELLENT. No vehicles waits longer than one red light and no approach phase is fully used.
В	0.61 - 0.70	VERY GOOD. An occasional approach phase is fully utilized; many drivers begin to feel somewhat restricted within groups of vehicles.
С	0.71 - 0.80	GOOD. Occasionally drivers may have to wait through more than one red light; backups may develop behind turning vehicles.
D	0.81 - 0.90	FAIR. Delays may be substantial during portions of the rush hours, but enough lower volume periods occur to permit clearing of developing lines, preventing excessive backups.
E	0.91 - 1.00	POOR. Represents the most vehicles intersection approaches can accommodate; may be long lines of waiting vehicles through several signal cycles.
F	> 1.00	FAILURE. Backups from nearby locations or on cross streets may restrict or prevent movement of vehicles out of the intersection approaches. Tremendous delays with continuously increasing queue lengths.
SOURCE: Trans	sportation Research Board, Transp	ortation Research Circular No. 212, Interim Materials on Highway Capacity, 1980.

Level of Service	Average Total Delay (seconds/vehicle)
A	0 - 10.0
В	10.0 - 15.0
С	16.0 - 25.0
D	26.0 - 35.0
E	36.0 - 50.0
F	> 50.0

The "Intersection Capacity Utilization" (ICU) method of analysis was used to determine the intersection volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio and corresponding level of service for the 12 signalized study intersections. For unsignalized intersections (two-way STOP sign-controlled intersections), the level of service was determined by using the "Two-Way Stop Control" analysis method contained in the *Highway Capacity Manual, Special Report No. 209* (Transportation Research Board, 1997).

Table 4.9-3 summarizes the existing weekday morning and afternoon peak hour V/C ratio and/or average vehicle delay, and corresponding LOS, at each of the study intersections based on the methodology described above. As shown in **Table 4.9-3**, the intersection of Ford Boulevard/I-710 Northbound On-ramp and Floral Drive currently operates at LOS E during morning peak hour, and LOS D during afternoon peak hour. All other study intersections are currently operating at LOS C or better during both the morning and afternoon peak hours.

Existing Parking Conditions

Currently, there are eight parking lots (five major lots and three medium-sized lots) that exist on the ELAC campus. The five major parking lots within the campus are the Stadium Lot, Pool Lot, the Tennis Lot, Northeast Lot, and Southeast Lot. Of the eight parking lots, three are located along the edge of the campus. The Stadium Lot is located at the northwest corner of campus on Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive. The Northeast Lot is located on the corner of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive. The Southeast Lot is on the corner of Avenida Cesar Chavez and Collegian Avenue. The Tennis Lot is situated at the southern edge of campus to the east of the main campus entrance, on Avenida Cesar Chavez. In addition to the campus parking lots, parking is available along Avalanche Way and Access Road. All parking facilities on campus, except along Avalanche Way, are restricted and are located within the gated areas of the campus. A total of 1,830 parking spaces are available on campus. **Table 4.9-4** shows the total number of spaces available in each parking facility.

TABLE 4.9-3: EXISTING INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE						
	AM Peak Hour		PM Peak H	lour		
Intersection	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS		
1. I-710 SB Off-Ramp/Humphreys Av & Floral Dr	0.651	В	0.588	Α		
2. I-710 NB On-Ramp/Ford BI & Floral Dr	0.920	E	0.863	D		
3. Mednik Av/Monterey Pass Rd & Floral Dr	0.564	Α	0.564	Α		
4. Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr /a/	13	В	17	С		
5. Bleakwood Av & Av Cesar Chavez Av /a/	13	В	17	С		
6. SR-60 Freeway EB Off-Ramp & Atlantic Bl	0.549	Α	0.719	С		
7. SR-60 Freeway WB Off-Ramp/1st St & Atlantic BI	0.652	В	0.765	С		
8. Collegian Av & Ay Cesar Chavez Av	0.494	A	0.544	А		
9. Atlantic Bl & Av Cesar Chavez Av	0.709	С	0.789	С		
10. Collegian Av & Floral Dr	0.496	A	0.789	С		
11. Atlantic Bl & Floral Dr	0.616	В	0.726	С		
12. Atlantic BI & Brightwood St	0.634	В	0.611	В		

/a/ Stop-controlled intersection; methodology does not calculate V/C. Represents total intersection delay in seconds. **SOURCE**: Kaku Associates, September 2000.

			Number of Spa	ices	
Location	Regular	Handicap	Car Pool	Motorcycle	Lot Total
Pool Lot	83	6	3	12	104
Tennis Lot	85	4	3	0	92
Administration Lot	13	1	0	0	14
M-2 Lot	37	0	0	0	37
Northeast Lot	390	8	0	0	398
Southeast Lot	79	2	3	0	84
Men's P.E. Lot	15	0	0	0	15
Stadium Lot	855	10	0	0	865
Access Road	131	10	0	10	151
Avalanche Way	70 (meters)	0	0	0	70
Grand Total	1,758	41	9	22	1,830

Existing Parking Utilization

Parking utilization surveys were conducted by Kaku Associates, Inc. on November 24, 1998 between 7:00 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. to assess the use of the various parking facilities during the school session. The survey primarily emphasized the use of the five major parking lots, which provide approximately 84 percent of the total available parking supply on campus.

Parking on the ELAC campus have three peak periods. The peak periods occur during the morning, from 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m., during the afternoon from 5:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m., and during the evening, from 7:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. During morning peak hour, approximately 64 percent (984 parking spaces) of the total available parking spaces were used. A total of 712 parking spaces were occupied during peak afternoon hours. During evening peak hour, approximately 58 percent (891 parking spaces) of the total available parking spaces were used. Among all the parking facilities, only the Northeast Lot reached maximum capacity, which occurred during morning peak hour between 9:00 a.m. and 10:00 a.m. **Table 4.9-5** shows existing use of parking lots during peak hour.

TABLE 4.9	5: EXISTIN	NG PARKIN	G LOT UTILIZ	ATION			
		Morning	Peak Hour	Afternoon	Peak Hour	Evening	Peak Hour
Type of Lot	Total Capacity	Number of Spaces Occupied	Percentage Utilized	Number of Spaces Occupied	Percentage Utilized	Number of Spaces Occupied	Percentage Utilized
Student Lo	ts				1,575		
Stadium Lot	865	404	47%	256	30%	403	47%
Northeast Lot	398	396	99%	336	84%	345	87%
Subtotal	1,263	800	63%	592	47%	748	59%
Faculty/Sta	ff/Guest Lo	ots	1.2				
Pool Lot	104	72	69%	46	44%	59	57%
Tennis Lot	92	67	73%	43	47%	42	46%
Southeast Lot	84	45	54%	31	37%	42	50%
Subtotal	280	184	15%	120	10%	143	11%
Total	1,543	984	64%	712	46%	891	58%
SOURCE: Kaku	Associates.		24000400 000000000000000000000000000000	- Annumation and the second se		the property of the second	

Existing Parking Demand Rates

The student enrollment in 1998 (at the time the inventory and parking surveys were conducted) was approximately 16,500. Of these 16,500 students, 5,280, or 32 percent, were students who took morning classes. The total daytime student population was 7,425 students, approximately 45 percent of the total population. Total nighttime student population was approximately 9,075 students, approximately 55 percent

of the total population. **Table 4.9-6** shows the peak parking demands in the five major parking lots during morning, afternoon and evening peak hours.

TABLE 4.9-6: PEAK PERI	OD PARKING USE BY CA	TEGORY	
Period	Students	Staff/Faculty	Total
Morning Peak Hour	800	184	984
Afternoon	592	120	712
Nighttime Peak Hour	748	143	891
SOURCE: Kaku Associates, Septembe	r 2000.		THE STATE OF THE S

Using the peak parking demand numbers in **Table 4.9-6**, it is estimated that students generate parking demands during the three surveyed periods at the following rates:

Morning Peak Hour 0.15 spaces/student

Afternoon 0.08 Nighttime Peak Hour 0.08

The remaining parking supply on campus provides a total of approximately 287 spaces, of which approximately 80 percent, or 230 spaces, are occupied during each of the peak periods of usage on campus. These spaces are used by faculty/staff and visitors to the campus. Adding these spaces to the known faculty/staff and guest/visitor parking use observed in the five major lots, results in a total peak parking demand of approximately 414 spaces for staff, faculty and visitors.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The City of Monterey Park has established criteria for determining the significance of traffic impacts of proposed projects within the City. Based on the criteria established by the City, a project is considered to have a significant traffic impact if:

- the addition of project-related traffic causes an intersection to operate at a half level of service worse than the pre-project conditions (V/C increase of 0.05); and
- intersections are caused to operate at worse than LOS C conditions by project-related traffic.
- the project provides less parking than needed as determined through an analysis of demand from the project.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Areawide Traffic Growth

A review of historical traffic count data and forecast population figures for Monterey Park indicate that traffic in the study area is predicted to increase at a rate of about 0.63 percent per year. Future ambient increases in the background traffic volumes due to regional growth and development are assumed to continue at this rate. Assuming a completion date in the year 2015, the existing year 2000 traffic volumes were increased by approximately 9.5 percent to reflect the ambient regional growth between 2000 and 2015.

Project Trip Generation

The number of trips generated by the proposed project were estimated based on trip generation rates/equations provided in the Institute of Transportation Engineers' *Trip Generation*, 6th Edition. The resulting estimate of the number of trips associated with the proposed project is summarized in **Table 4.9-7**. Although the Facilities Master Plan projects a total increase in enrollment of 7,803 students, to a total of 25,000, only about 3,511 new daytime students are expected. This is based on the current enrollment split of 45 percent daytime students and 55 percent evening and/or night students. Since daytime students are the most critical to the traffic analysis, the potential traffic impacts of the Master Plan are based on this number of students. While the number of new nighttime students will be greater than the number of daytime students, they travel to and from the campus during off-peak periods of traffic, when overall traffic and congestion on the adjacent street system are less, and the potential for significant traffic-related impacts is reduced.

TABLE 4.9-	7: EAST LOS ANGELE	S COLLEGE	CAMPUS	TRIP (GENER	ATION	ESTIM	ATES	
	ITE Trip Rate		Daily	AM	Peak F	lour	PM	Peak H	lour
Land Use	Category	Size	Trips	ln	Out	Total	ln	Out	Total
ELAC Student Growth	Junior/Community College	3,511 Students	5,410	445	45	490	405	190	595
SOURCE: ITE Tri	ip Generation Manual, 6 th Edition.			Amornia and an					

Using the ITE trip generation equations, the 3,511 new daytime students are expected to generate a total of approximately 5,410 net new trips per day. Approximately 492 net new trips will occur during the morning peak hour, while 597 net new trips will result during the evening peak hour.

Cumulative Base Traffic Conditions

The Year 2015 Cumulative Base peak hour traffic volumes were analyzed to determine the V/C ratio and/or average vehicle delay, and LOS at each of the 12 study intersections for without project conditions. The results are shown in **Table 4.9-8**. Based on the standards established by the City of Monterey Park, six of the twelve analyzed intersections are projected to operate at an unacceptable level of service (LOS D, E, or F) under future conditions without the addition of project traffic. These intersections are:

- Ford Boulevard/I-710 Northbound On-Ramp and Floral Drive (AM & PM)
- Atlantic Boulevard and SR-60 Eastbound Off-Ramp (PM Only)
- Atlantic Boulevard and SR-60 Westbound Off-Ramp/1st Street (PM Only)
- Atlantic Boulevard and Avenida Cesar Chavez (PM Only)
- Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive (PM Only)
- Atlantic Boulevard and Floral Drive (PM Only)

Cumulative Plus Project Traffic Conditions

The Cumulative Plus Project peak hour traffic volumes were analyzed to determine the projected Future Year 2015 operating conditions with the proposed East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan project. The results of the Cumulative Plus Project analysis are shown in **Table 4.9-8**. Traffic from the proposed project would increase V/C such that four of the twelve study intersections would have a significant impact during one or both of the peak hours. However, one of these intersections (Collegian Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez) would operate at acceptable levels of service (LOS C or better). According to City of Monterey Park Guidelines, since this impacted intersection is projected to operate at acceptable levels of service, excess capacity would be available at the intersection and specific project-related mitigation measures would not be required for this location. However, the three other intersections are forecast to operate at unacceptable LOS D or worse during the afternoon peak hour and require mitigation. The three significantly impacted intersections are:

- Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive
- Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez
- Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive

Future Parking Demand

With the completion of the proposed project in the Year 2015, the student population is expected to increase by approximately 8,500 students over the 1998 enrollment levels surveyed for the parking demand analysis. It is reasonable to assume that these additional students will exhibit parking-use profiles similar to those of the existing students. Thus, it is assumed that the 8,500 new students will be distributed among the various time periods:

Period	Master Plan Increase	Existing Student Enrollment	Total
Morning	2,720	5,280	8,000
Afternoon	3,825	7,425	11,250
Nighttime	4,675	4,400	9,075

These projections were used to forecast future parking demand for the campus. The parking demand rates observed on the campus during morning, afternoon, and nighttime were used to project the incremental increases in parking demand by students during various times of the day. **Table 4.9-9** summarizes the future parking demands generated by students during each time periods.

TABLE 4.9-8 YEAR 2015 CUMULATIVE B.	IVE BAS	E AND C	√ IOWO	TIVE PL	US PR	OJECT INT	ASE AND CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT INTERSECTION LEVELS OF SERVICE	LEVELS	OF SE	RVICE	
		Cumulative Base	ative	Cumulative Project	ative + ect	Project	7	With Mitigation	h tion		
Intersection	Peak Hour	V/C or Delay	ros	V/C or Delay	SOT	in V/C or Delay	Project Impact	S//C	ros	Project Increase in V/C	Residual Increase
1. I-710 SB Off-Ramp/Humphreys Av	AM .	0.733	ပ	0.752	ပ	0.02	ON	/q/	/q/		indian da handa da h
A TIOIRI UI	PM	0.664	В	0.694	В	0.03	ON	/q/	/Q/		mark market de santa en de market de santa market de sprikke de sprikke de sprikke de sprikke de sprikke de sp
2. I-710 NB On-Ramp/Ford BI &	AM	1.068	ш	1.082	Ш	0.01	ON	/q/	/q/		
וספו סו	PM	1.010	Щ	1.040	LL.	0.03	ON	/q/	/q/		
3. Mednik Av/Monterey Pass Rd &	AM	0.621	В	0.656	В	0.04	ON	/q/	/q/		and the state of t
רוסומו טו	PM	0.624	В	0.638	В	0.01	ON	/q/	/q/	The state of the s	
4. Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr /a/	AM	14	В	18	O	4	ON	0.571	K	n/a	ON
	PM	20	O	29	Q	6	YES	0.709	ပ	n/a	NO NO
5. Bleakwood Av & Av Cesar Chavez	AM	14	В	20	ပ	9	ON	0.448	A	n/a	ON
AV (d/	PM	21	ပ	39	Ш	4 1	YES	0.475	A	n/a	NO
6. SR-60 Freeway EB Off-Ramp &	AM	0.607	В	0.621	В	0.01	ON	/q/	/q/		PROBECTION CORRECTION CORRECTION CONTRACTOR
Audilio Di	PM	0.837	D	0.854	D	0.02	ON	/q/	/q/	***************************************	A PARTIE D'ALTERNATION DE SANTON DE
7. SR-60 Freeway WB Off-Ramp &	AM	0.728	ပ	0.755	၁	0.03	ON	/q/	/q/		rang war was de Landoù as san de Landoù a de Landoù a la
Alianno di	PM	0.912	ш	0.929	Ш	0.02	ON	/q/	/q/		
8. Collegian Av & Av Cesar Chavez	AM	0.538	A	0.565	А	0.03	NO	/q/	/q/		
A.K.	PM	0.604	Ω	0.654	В	0.05	YES	/q/	/q/		
9. Atlantic BI & Ax Cesar Chavez-Av	AM	0.800	U	0.823	Q	0.05	NO	/q/	/q/		
	PM	0.916	ш	0.957	Ш	0.04	ON	/q/	/q/		
10. Collegian Av & Floral Dr	AM	0.557	A	0.622	В	90.0	YES	0.492	A	-0.065	ON

TABLE 4.9-8 YEAR 2015 CUMULATIVE BASE AND CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT INTERSECTION LEVELS OF SERVICE	VE BASE	E AND CU	JMULA	TIVE PLI	JS PR(JECT INT	ERSECTION	LEVELS	OF SE	RVICE	
		Cumulative Base	ative e	Cumulative + Project	tive + ct	Project	i	With Mitigation	r iion		
Intersection	Peak Hour	V/C or Delay	SOT	V/C or Delay	ros	in V/C or Delay	Significant Project Impact	V/C	SOT	Project Increase in V/C	Residual Increase
	PM	0.875	O	0.922	Ш	90.0	YES	0.654	Θ	-0.221	ON
11. Atlantic BI & Floral Dr	AM	0.700	В	0.718	ပ	0.02	ON	/q/	/q/		
	PM	0.865	D	0.897	D	0.03	ON	/q/	/q/		,
12. Atlantic BI & Brightwood St	AM	0.716	ပ	0.717	၁	00.0	ON	/q/	/q/		
	PM	0.760	ပ	0.776	၁	0.02	ON	/q/	/q/		

/a/ Strip controlled intersection; methodology does not calculate V/C. Delay is reported as total intersection delay, in seconds. /b/ No mitigation required. Soptember 2000.

Period	Existing Parking Demand	Increase in Student Population (1998-2015)	Parking Demand Rate	Increase in Student Parking Demand	Total Parking Demand
Morning Peak Hour	800	2,720	0.15	412	1,212
Afternoon	592	3,825	0.08	305	897
Nighttime Peak Hour	748	4,675	0.08	385	1,133

As shown in **Table 4.9-9**, peak student parking demand will occur during morning peak hour. The proposed enrollment increase is expected to result in an on-site parking demand of approximately 1,212 spaces, an increase of 412 spaces.

As a result of enrollment growth, the number of faculty/staff positions is expected to increase. The number of faculty and staff positions was assumed to increase approximately 25 percent by Year 2015, and the parking demand associated with their use was increased accordingly. Similarly, the number of guests/visitors was assumed to increase by approximately 25 percent. This assumption results in a total future parking demand for staff, faculty, and visitors of approximately 518 spaces.

Adding these parking demands to the student demands (shown in **Table 4.9-9**) results in a projected year 2015 peak parking demand for the campus of 1,730 spaces during the morning periods, 1,335 spaces during afternoon hours, and 1,599 spaces during evening hours. The proposed project would provide a total of approximately 5,336 on-site surface and structural spaces. Therefore, the projected demand would be easily accommodated by the Master Plan.

It should be clarified that the parking projections in the study are based on surveys of on-campus parking use only. It is acknowledged that students of and visitors to the East Los Angeles College campus park in the surrounding neighborhoods to avoid obtaining a parking permit, or because convenient on-site parking is not available. This segment of the overall school parking demand has not been addressed in the calculations summarized above, and could add substantially to the total amount of campus parking actually needed to meet the parking demands of the proposed Facilities Master Plan. An accurate assessment of the amount of off-campus parking that occurs is extremely difficult to obtain, and is outside the scope of this study. It is important to understand that this activity currently occurs, and is likely to continue in the future. As a result, while provision of at least 1,730 on-campus parking spaces by ELAC will meet the expected on-site parking demands of the Facilities Master Plan, it will not address the existing or future use of nearby public streets for school parking. However, the proposed project will provide 5,336 spaces, which are expected to allow all students who currently park off-campus to be accommodated on-site.

Construction Related Impacts on Adjacent Robert Hill Lane Elementary School

During the construction phases truck and construction vehicles may cause traffic delays which would in turn effect the transportation of students to and from school. Furthermore, the addition of construction vehicles poses an increased danger to pedestrian students near staging areas.

Weingart Stadium Expansion

The proposed Master Plan project includes modernization and expansion of the existing Weingart Stadium located near the northwest corner of the campus. The expansion will increase the number of seats by 50 percent, from the current 20,000 seats to approximately 30,000 seats.

A supplemental traffic analysis was prepared by Kaku Associates, Inc. on November 6, 2000 to address potential impacts of expansion (See Appendix G). The utilization of the stadium is essentially a "special event" at the campus, and generally occurs during Friday evenings and weekend afternoon/evenings. Thus, the effects, when the typical traffic flow patterns and volumes on the surrounding street system are not likely to be critically affected by additional traffic.

Traffic impacts of the stadium expansion on the surrounding intersections and neighborhood streets were examined during Friday evening between 6:00 p.m. and 8:00 p.m. and Saturday between 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Twowere examined at the two intersections were analyzedmost likely to be affected, Avenida Cesar Chavez/Bleakwood Avenue, and Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue. Intersection traffic counts were conducted on Friday, September 29 between 6:00P.M. and 8:00 P.M., and on Saturday, September 30 between 4:00 P.M. and 7:00 P.M.

In addition, potential traffic impacts were examined on six street segments along the access routes to and from the stadium, were also analyzed. Traffic counts were conducted from midnight Thursday, September 29th through midnight Saturday, September 30th. The street segments analyzed are listed below:

- 1. Bleakwood Avenue, north of Avalanche Way
- 2. Bleakwood Avenue, south of Avalanche Way
- 3. Avenida Cesar Chavez, east of Bleakwood Avenue
- 4. Avenida Cesar Chavez, eastwest of Bleakwood Avenue
- 5. Floral Drive, east of Avalanche Way
- 6. Floral Drive, west of Bleakwood Avenue

Analysis of the identified intersections determined that additional traffic on the two <u>analyzed</u> intersections would not result in an impact. This is <u>primarily</u> due to the <u>fact that lower</u> traffic volumes <u>are lower</u> during the <u>periods of</u> stadium utilization <u>times as compared to the more critical peak hours examined in the Master Plan EIR traffic study</u>. These intersections <u>would continue</u> are <u>projected</u> to operate at their current level of service of LOS A for Avenida Cesar Chavez/Bleakwood Avenue and LOS B for Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue.

According to It is estimated that the analysis of the street segments the proposed stadium expansion would result in an additional 840 net new trips along Avenida Cesar Chavez and Floral Drive on Friday afternoon/evenings. -An additional 1,022 net new trips would result on Saturdays. Additionally, According to the analysis of the street segments, the addition of the proposed project traffic additions to the area street segments will would result in an increase typically be less than five percent of the existing in daily traffic on all of the street segments analyzed, and is not expected to cause a significant impact.

Analysis included assessment of potential access and parking related impacts on residential properties located along Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive. It has been determined that with the additional construction of 3.506 new on-campus parking spaces as proposed in the Master Plan, there would be sufficient parking to accommodate the expected increase in stadium activity parkingcapacity. However, it is recognized that impact on residential access and on-street parking may still occur. A Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program would reduce this potential be implemented to ensure that no "overflow" parking impacts to a less-than-significant level occur.

MITIGATION MEASURES

Operational Impacts

- T1_ Install a traffic signal at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive.
- T2 Install a traffic signal at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez.
- T3T2 At the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive, widen Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane, and a shared through/right-turn lane on eastbound approach. Restripe Floral Drive to provide two eastbound departure lanes.

Constructions Impacts

- The Project mManager or designee shouldshall notify the LAUSD Transportation Branch, Caltrans, LACMTA, Montebello Transit and any other appropriate City or County Department, to the extent that they are affected, of the expected start and ending construction dates for the various portions of the project that may affect traffic through the areas.
- T4 The contractors to shall avoid staging trucks and equipment along streets in the area to facilitate the movement of buses during peak traffic hours.
- When possible, avoid heaviest construction traffic between the hours of 6:30 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. and between 3:30 p.m. and 4:30 p.m. to minimize delays to the arrivals and departures of buses.
- Prior to construction of the proposed parking facilities, a detailed construction program, including construction traffic and parking, and campus parking relocation (if necessary), will be prepared. This plan will be submitted for approval to the City of Monterey Park.
- T7 Contractors to remind their drivers of construction vehicles of the requirement to stop for the red flashing lights of any school bus
- To accommodate any additional need for parking during construction, temporary parking and shuttle bus service will be provided off-site as needed for those displaced parking spaces only.

Special Events Impacts_

Upon completion of stadium improvements, the College shall, in coordination with the City of Monterey Park, implement a Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program. This program will provide guidelines for addressing parking and access during stadium events, and could include such features as assigned parking, or parking/traffic attendants to direct stadium event attendees to use the stadium parking structure. for major events (10,000 people or greater). Specifics of this program should be finalized based on actual scheduled events and anticipated attendance. This program shall include a traffic management plan which shall be developed in coordination with the City of Monterey Park Police Department and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for major events. This plan shall include directional signage to ensure efficient traffic flow and traffic control officers to minimize delays.

Such a Program could include, but not limited to, the following elements:

- A traffic control plan, including traffic control officers at campus access points, to direct and control traffic during peak arrival and departure times for stadium events.
- Information services to educate attendees about recommended access routes and parking locations. Such a service could supply maps or other information along with ticket sales and signage.
- Enhanced enforcement of off-site parking violations, to address nearby resident's concerns about increased traffic and parking demands during events.
- If necessary during events with expected high attendance, satellite parking areas should be identified. However, the current level of stadium usage would not suggest the need for this measure on a regular basis.
- Provision of special event and school parking separation (designated school parking areas).
- Provisions for alternative parking for attendees, should on-campus parking become full.
- <u>Use of tandem, or stacked parking on campus lots and/or turf parking to handle overflow</u> during large stadium events.
- Upon completion of stadium improvements, provisions shall be made for off-site parking and shuttle service as needed to handle parking overflow during special events at the Weingart Stadium.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

The effectiveness of the mitigation measures are shown in **Table 4.9-8**. As indicated in the table, the proposed measures will fully mitigate all project related impacts due to normal operations, and reduce them to less-than-significant levels. Special Events impacts would be reduced to less-than significant levels with implementation of mitigation.

4.10 UTILITIES & SERVICE SYSTEMS

WATER SUPPLY

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The East Los Angeles College is located in the San Gabriel Valley. The San Gabriel Valley is approximately 200 square miles and lies in the eastern Los Angeles County, California, at the foot of the San Gabriel Mountains. Water services in the San Gabriel Valley is provided by a number of private water companies and public water agencies. In any given year, as much as 80 to 85 percent of the water supply comes from groundwater sources. The remaining water demand is met by importing surface water from the State Water Project and from the Colorado River.

Three major groundwater basins are located in the valley: the Main San Gabriel Basin, the Raymond Basin, and the Puente Basin. The Main San Gabriel Basin is the largest of the three basins and is separated from the Raymond Basin to the northwest by the Raymond Fault, which serves as a partial barrier to groundwater flow. The Puente Basin is a shallow basin that underlies the Puente Valley and is tributary to the Main San Gabriel Basin. The three basins are managed separately.

The City of Monterey Park Water System receives its water supply from local groundwater. The water is produced by 12 City-owned wells, which has a total capacity of 20 million gallons per day (mgd). The wells are located in the vicinity of the Rio Hondo, outside the city limits, and in the Main San Gabriel groundwater basin. The Monterey Park Water System supplies an average of 10 mgd to its customers. Approximately 65 percent of the water used each year is supplied from local rainfall. Approximately 35 percent is imported by the San Gabriel Valley Municipal Water District from northern California. Then, the water percolates into the groundwater aquifers. In the City of Monterey Park, average water use per person is approximately 100 to 110 gallons per day.

Although the ELAC campus is located within the City of Monterey Park, water services is not provided by the City. Instead, the California Water Service Company supplies water to the ELAC campus. The company was established in 1926 supplies more than 100 billion gallons of water per year to approximately 1.5 million people in 58 California communities. The sources of supply for the East Los Angeles, Commerce, and Montebello systems are surface water purchased from the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD) and groundwater produced by 29 local wells. The system includes 48 booster pumps, 4 standby auxiliary boosters or generators and 24 storage tanks with a total capacity of 35 million gallons.

Currently, water supplied by the California Water Service Company to the ELAC campus travels through a six-inch pipe with a capacity of 450 gallons per minute. The ELAC currently uses 137,576 gallons of water per month.¹

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The proposed project would result in a significant impact on water if:

- the proposed project would represent a disproportionate demand for water compared to existing usage levels,
- the proposed project would require the construction of new water supply distribution system.

¹ Conversation with Larry Beck, Project Engineer for California Water Service Company, October 5 and 6, 2000.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

ELAC has a water usage factor of five gallons of water a day per student. The proposed project is anticipated to increase student enrollment from 17,197 students to 25,000 students. With a water usage factor of five gallons of water a day per student, future usage is expected to increase to 125,000 gallons per day, or 86.8 gallons of water per minute. Given that existing water pipe has a capacity of 450 gallons per minute, there is sufficient capacity in the existing water pipe to accommodate for additional water usage. Construction of a new water supply distribution system would not be necessary.

The provision of water to California has been an ongoing issue. The ability to meet future demand will depend in part upon the implementation of water conservation and reclamation efforts. Procurement of adequate water supplies is a regional issue. The following mitigation measures are recommended to ensure that water resources will be conserved to the greatest extent possible.

MITIGATION MEASURES

- U1 In undertaking the landscape improvements to the campus drought tolerant plants shall be used wherever possible.
- U2 As a water conservation measure, the proposed projects shall be equipped with wastewater conservation fixtures including low flow toilets.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

No significant impacts are anticipated.

WASTEWATER

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The City of Monterey Park contains a total of 126 miles of main line sewers, which collect more than two billion gallons of raw sewage each year. The City's storm drain system handles the run-off of storm water from all of the City streets and parking facilities, which ultimately ends up in the ocean.

Wastewater flow from the ELAC campus is discharged to the local sewer line and conveyed to the Monterey Park Extension Trunk Sewer. The sewer has a 15-inch diameter and a capacity of 3.9 million gallons per day (mgd). Peak flow was last measured in 1997 as 2.2 mgd. Wastewater is treated at the Joint Water Pollution Control Plant (JWPCP) in the City of Carson. The Joint Water Pollution Control Plant (JWPCP) is operated by the Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County. The JWPCP is one of the largest wastewater treatment plants in the world. It serves a population of about 31/2 million people and many industries in southern and eastern Los Angeles County. It provides advanced primary and partial secondary treatment for an average flow of 332.4 mgd. Total wastewater treatment capacity for the JWPCP is 385 mgd. The sewer load for the ELAC campus has been calculated to be approximately 3,665 gpm

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

A significant impact would occur if:

the proposed project would place a substantial burden on local infrastructure or regional treatment
facilities, such that the increased demand could not be met by available facilities or feasible local
improvements, or would warrant an unforeseen or unanticipated expansion of regional treatment
facilities.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

As determined by the County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County, the expected increase in average wastewater flow from the project site will be 70,075 gallons per day. According to a conversation with the County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County there is sufficient capacity at the JWPCP to accommodate the additional wastewater flow.

Further, there is sufficient capacity in sewer lines to accommodate additional wastewater flow. Thus, the proposed project would not require the expansion or development of additional wastewater facilities.

MITIGATION MEASURES

No mitigation measures are required.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

No significant impacts are anticipated.

SOLID WASTE

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

Los Angeles County currently has eight major landfills, four minor landfills, and 14 Class III landfills. Class III landfills accept all types of nonhazardous solid waste and must comply with strict environmental and technical standards mandated by local, state, and federal agencies. The project site is located within the solid waste service area of the Puente Hills Landfill No.6, located at 2800 S. Workman Mills Road in Whittier (approximately seven miles from ELAC). Puente Hills Landfill, a Class III landfill, has a capacity of approximately 72,000 tons per week, with a permitted remaining capacity of 15,092,000 tons. The landfill currently accepts 72,000 tons per week and thus, is at capacity. In 1999, the landfill accepted approximately 11,618 tpd. The Puente Hills Landfill is proposed to be expanded to accept an additional 12,000 tpd.

According to a conversation with Richard Pothier, Facilities Manager, the campus has an informal recycling program. However, the campus is in the process of implementing a formal recycling program. Currently

¹ Based on institutional wastewater factor for College/University. Loadings were calculated at 20 gallons per day per student.

² Conversation with Ruth Frazen, Engineering Technician at the County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County, October 3, October 6, 2000.

recycling activities consists of the mulching of green waste, recycling of aluminum cans (which are picked up by individuals in the community for recycling purposes) and the provision of bins for the recycling of white paper.

California Integrated Waste Management Act, AB 939

As many of the landfills in the state were approaching capacity and siting of new landfills became increasingly difficult, the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 (IWMA) AB 939 was designed to focus on source reduction, recycling and composting, and environmentally safe landfilling and transformation activities. The Act required cities and counties to divert 25 percent of all solid waste from landfills and transformation facilities by 1995, and 50 percent by the year 2000. In an effort to assist in meeting the goals of AB 939 the campus is in the process of implementing a formal recycling program. Mitigation has been provided to ensure compliance. However, mitigation measures U3 and U4 have been revised to more specifically address the goals of AB 939.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The proposed project would result in a significant impact on solid waste if:

• the proposed project would generate substantial amounts of solid waste.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Currently, ELAC averages a total of 1,248,000 pounds of solid waste per year, of which includes tree waste, grass clippings 644,900 pounds are from custodial and community scavenging, wood pallets, and cardboard.³ Eliminating miscellaneous waste (tree and grass clippings, scavenging, wood pallets and cardboard) approximately 603,100 pounds of solid waste was generated in 1999. The resulting solid waste factor for the college is approximately 0.15 pounds of solid waste per student a day, or 35 pounds per student per year. Implementation of the proposed project is anticipated to increase enrollment by 7,803 students. Using the solid waste generation factor of 0.15 pounds of solid waste per day, 25,000 students would generate approximately 3,750 pounds of solid waste per day, an increase of approximately 1,170 pounds (or 0.5 tons) per day. The increase of 0.5 tons per day would account for less than one percent of the total amount of solid waste accepted at the La Puente Landfill per day. This additional solid waste contribution would be negligible. However, due to the fact that the ability of area landfills to meet increasing solid waste contributions is an ongoing problem mitigation measures are recommended to help ensure that appropriate conservation measures are observed.

According to a conversation with Richard Pothier, Facilities Manager, the campus has an informal recycling program. The campus is planning to implement a formal Waste Management Plan by Summer 2001. Currently, approximately 36 percent of waste on the ELAC campus is diverted for recycling purposes. With the implementation of this program a recycling waste diversion rate of 41 percent is estimated for the year 2002. The college plans to attain a 50 percent diversion goal by year 2004. All waste reduction activities are taken in coordination with the California Integrated Waste Management Board and to meet the requirements of the State Agency Model Integrated Waste Management Plan. All new development on the campus would be subject to the Waste Management Plan developed for the campus.

³ Conversation with Art Lyons, Maintenance Supervisor of Custodians, October 10, 2000.

MITIGATION MEASURES

- U3 A recycling program shall be designed and implemented to reduce the amount of solid waste going to landfills. This program shall promote the recycling of newspaper, glass bottles, aluminum, bimetal cans and P.E.T. bottles.
- U4 Adequate recycling bins and chutes shall be provided at appropriate locations with sufficient access for recycling vehicles, to promote the recycling of paper, metal, glass, and other recyclable materials.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

No significant impacts are anticipated.

STORMWATER RUNOFF

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

ELAC has occupied the current site for more than 50 years. At present, the majority of the site consists of impermeable areas. Areas which are not paved or developed are landscaped with trees and grass. A stormwater drainage system is in place to accommodate runoff. It is calculated that at present the maximum rate of runoff during a worst-case (50-year) storm is 235 cubic feet per second.

THRESHOLDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

A significant impact would occur if:

• storm water runoff from the proposed project site would be increased above the level presently in existence to the extent that the existing drainage infrastructure would be insufficient.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

The proposed project is not anticipated to have an impact on storm water runoff quantities. Storm water runoff depends largely upon the amount of permeable (i.e., unpaved) areas on the site. The proposed projects involve the demolition of existing buildings and the construction of new buildings, as well as, the remodeling of existing buildings. They do not involve the development of open areas, so the ratio of impermeable areas to unpaved areas will remain essentially unchanged. Additionally, the project areas would be paved and landscaped to effectively convey surface runoff to flow within existing drainage patterns. Thus, the rate of rainwater absorption will remain approximately the same, and the change in the amount of runoff generated will be negligible. No significant impact is foreseen.

MITIGATION MEASURES

No mitigation measures are required.

IMPACTS AFTER MITIGATION MEASURES

No significant impacts are anticipated.

5.0 PROJECT ALTERNATIVES

5.1 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT ALTERNATIVES

Alternatives to the proposed project must be evaluated under Section 15126.6 of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). Because an Environmental Impact Report must identify ways to mitigate or avoid the significant effects that a project may have on the environment, the discussion of alternatives focuses on changes to the project or the project's location which are capable of achieving the objectives of the proposed project while avoiding or substantially lessening any significant effects associated with the project.

In the scope of alternatives to be examined in an EIR, the public agency must be guided by the doctrine of "feasibility." In the event specific economic, social, or other conditions make infeasible such project alternatives or such mitigation measures, individual projects may be approved in spite of one or more significant effects thereof. (Public Resources Code Section 21002)

The Legislature has defined "feasible" for purposes of CEQA review as "capable of being accomplished in a successful manner within a reasonable period of time, taking into account economic, environmental, social and technological factors." (Public Resources Code Section 21061.1; Guidelines Section 15364). In addition, among the factors that may be taken into account when addressing the feasibility of alternatives are site suitability, economic viability, availability of infrastructure, general plan consistency, other plans or regulatory limitations, jurisdictional boundaries, and whether the proponent can reasonably acquire, control, or otherwise have access to the alternative site. (Guidelines Section 15126.6) A project alternative which cannot be feasiblely accomplished need not be extensively considered.

5.2 ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES

ALTERNATIVE 1-NO PROJECT ALTERNATIVE

The No Project alternative is required by Section 15126(e) of the CEQA Guidelines and assumes that the proposed project would not be implemented. The No Project Alternative does not mean that development within the project area will be prohibited. The "No Project" alternative allows decision-makers to compare the impacts of approving the proposed project with the impacts of not approving the proposed project. With respect to the proposed project, analysis of the "No Project" alternative includes existing environmental impacts on-site, as well as those environmental effects which would be reasonably expected to occur in the foreseeable future if the project were not approved.

IMPACT SUMMARY

This alternative would avoid all impacts associated with the preferred alternative.

PROJECT OBJECTIVE

Although tThe No Project Aglternative is environmentally superior to the proposed project, it would not be considered a feasible alternative by the college because it would not meet project objectives, in particular the objective to provide a safe environment for the students.

Furthermore, as California enrollment continues to rise, ELAC would not be able to accommodate the needs of these additional students.

Bungalows. The cost to maintain most of the temporary facilities have become cost prohibitive for the college. Further, most of these buildings as they exist do not meet applicable safety standards.

Parking. Parking is currently underutilized in those parking lots located away from the administrative coremain educational uses of the campus. Underutilization in these lots results in lack of parking in other lots. The "No Project" objective would not serve to eliminate this problem. Rather, failure to act will result in an exacerbation of the problem.

Lighting, Air Conditioning and Landscaping. The temporary buildings are currently not air conditioned and provides an uncomfortable environmental not suitable for learning. Campus lighting upgrades could serve to improve safety on campus. Failure to implement new light upgrades would not meet the goal of improving safety on campus for the students and faculty. Landscaping in certain areas of the campus is sparse and detracts from the appearance of the campus.

ALTERNATIVE 2-UPGRADE EXISTING FACILITIES

This alternative would allow ELAC to continue to offer programming to existing students existing programming to students and would only allow upgrades to existing uses. This alternative would include the upgrade of the electrical infrastructure and air conditioning to those buildings capable of supporting such amenities. This alternative would also provide access for the disabled. In addition, temporary buildings that have outlived their usefulness will be demolished. Programs that are currently held in these building will either be discontinued or provided at a satellite facility. Lighting will be improved in those areas where safety issues are a concern.

The implementation of this alternative would improve energy efficiency on campus to conform to environmental and safety regulations and concerns.

Satellite Facilities. The continuation of the provision of off-campus classes can help to reduce lack of space for existing educational programming. Where programs must be discontinued on campus due to lack of space additional facilities may be acquired off campus.

IMPACT SUMMARY

This alternative would avoid all impacts associated with the preferred alternative.

PROJECT OBJECTIVES

This alternative while meeting environmental and safety related issues fail to adequately meet the primary goal of accommodating the existing student body and the anticipated growth in enrollment. Further, the goal of significantly improving the overall appearance of the campus would not be reached.

5.3 ENVIRONMENTALLY SUPERIOR ALTERNATIVE

Section 15126.6 (e)(2) of the State CEQA Guidelines requires that an environmentally superior alternative be identified among the selected alternatives (excluding the No Project alternative). The Superior Alternative —as discussed in the EIR requires the implementation of the Master Plan. Implementation Facilities Master Plan as proposed. The Master Plan is proposed to be undertaken in order to facilitate superior instructional delivery. The goals of the proposed projects in the Master Plan would allow the campus to meet all identified objectives: project are to have an inviting and enjoyable college campus, a safe and friendly college campus; and to be a community landmark. It is also the concern of the

administration that ELAC is unable to fully meet the educational needs of current students due to overcrowding and inadequate facilities. Expansion would enable the college to accommodate the expected increase in enrollment. Expansion would also result in technological and aesthetic improvements, improved safety through building improvements, lighting and adequate and convenient parking, and the ability to maintain and/or increase course offerings and programs.

6.0 CUMULATIVE AND LONG-TERM EFFECTS

In certain instances, a proposed project may have possible environmental effects which are individually limited but cumulatively considerable. In accordance with Section 15130 of the CEQA Guidelines (as amended through January 1, 2000), this EIR analyzes the cumulative impacts that could occur with the proposed project. Cumulative impacts (e.g., two or more individual effects which, when considered together, compound or increase the environmental impact of a proposed project) can result from individually minor but collectively significant projects taking place over a period of time.

The CEQA Guidelines require a discussion of the cumulative impacts of a project "when the project's incremental effect is cumulatively considerable," e.g., when "the incremental effects of an individual project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects." The Guidelines provide further direction as to the scope of a cumulative impact analysis. The discussion "need not provide as great detail as is provided for the effects attributable to the project alone" and "should be guided by the standards of practicality and reasonableness." Furthermore, an EIR should not discuss impacts that do not result in part from the evaluated project. An EIR may also determine that a project's contribution to a significant impact is *de minimus* and thus is not significant (i.e., the environmental conditions would be essentially the same whether or not the proposed project is implemented).

An adequate discussion of significant cumulative impacts can be accomplished by analyzing either (1) "a list of past, present, and probable future projects producing related or cumulative impacts, including, if necessary, those projects outside the control of the agency" or (2) "a summary of projections contained in an adopted general plan or related planning document, or in a prior environmental document which has been adopted or certified, which described or evaluated regional or area wide conditions contributing to the cumulative impact."³

6.1 CUMULATIVE EFFECTS

Aesthetics

The listed projects cumulative projects (approved or proposed development projects in the general study area) are too distant from each other to have a combined effect. In addition, each project is of a scale in keeping with the City of Monterey Park and the surrounding area. No cumulative change in the physical environment is expected.

The ELAC campus will be provided with upgraded lighting in an already developed environment. None of the listed projects would produce an intense concentration of lighting that would be different from a typical urban environment. No cumulative change in lighting is expected.

Air Quality

As shown in Table 6-1, daily mobile emissions are expected to fall below the daily emissions thresholds

¹ CEQA Guidelines, Section 15065(c).

² CEOA Guidelines, 15130(4)(b).

³ CEQA Guidelines, Section 15130 (b)(1).

established by the SCAQMD for all pollutants except Nitrogen Oxide. These cumulative NOX levels would exceed SCAQMD daily emissions criteria by 23 percent. The ELAC Master Plan accounts for about 11 percent of the cumulative NOX emissions, and thus accounts for about two percent of the overall NOX cumulative exceedance.

	Operational Emissions /a/						
Project	ROG	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀			
(1) Monterey Park Market Place	84	258	804	120			
(2) North Atlantic Project	59	185	575	86			
(3) Savon Drug Store	6	21	64	10			
(4) Bank of Canton	4	13	40	6			
(5) Hilton Hotel	21	56	177	26			
(6) Smart & Final	15	48	148	22			
(7) Monterey Views Development	5	12	45	6			
(8) Econo Lodge	2	6	18	3			
(9) Supermarket Addition	2	8	22	4			
(10) East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan	23	74	232	34			
TOTAL	221	679	2125	315			
CUMULATIVE SCAQMD THRESHOLDS /b/	550	550	5500	1500			
PERCENT OF THRESHOLD	40%	123%	39%	21%			
			1,4640				
ELAC PERCENT OF TOTAL	10%	11%	11%	11%			

Cultural Resources

No cultural resources have been identified within or adjacent to the ELAC campus, therefore, no cumulative effects are anticipated.

Geology and Seismicity

Concerns related to geology and seismicity are site specific. A portion of the proposed project site does have in area subject to landslide hazards. The proposed project site would not be expected to be affected by the other projects on the cumulative project list. As no projects are proposed to be developed on or adjacent to this sensitive area no cumulative effects are expected.

SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates, URBEMIS7G model output, see Appendix C.

Hazards and Hazardous Materials

Concerns related to hazardous materials are site specific. All new development projects would be required to mitigate prior to implementation hazardous concerns (if existing). The proposed ELAC project has not identified negative effects related to hazardous materials, therefore, no cumulative effects are anticipated.

Land Use and Planning

The proposed ELAC land use is in character with the surrounding developed setting. Further, the related projects appear to be in keeping with the low to moderate density character of the area. Thus, no cumulative effects are expected.

Noise

Although several projects are within the vicinity of the project site, the timing of development and degree of overlapping construction is unknown at this time. Because of the long-term phasing of the buildout of the ELAC Master Plan overlapping construction is unlikely. It is also important to note, that few of the proposed projects are located close enough together that they would likely disrupt traffic flows on the same street nor combine together to increase overall construction related noise as it would affect a single neighborhood or sensitive land use area. Thus, no construction-related noise cumulative impacts are anticipated.

With respect to traffic-related noise, a cumulative increase in traffic would result in sound level changes of one to two decibels when existing conditions are compared to future conditions, including the ELAC Master Plan. Because significant noise changes are typically defined as an increase of three decibels or more, no significant cumulative noise impacts are anticipated.

Public Services

An increased demand in fire and police service is expected and therefore, cumulative impacts would occur. However, ELAC intends to mitigate any cumulative impacts by hiring additional officers to mitigated the impact on police services would be mitigated through the implementation of additional security features and a Special Event Security Plan. In addition, the proposed ELAC Master Plan includes the removal of structures that currently do not meet current fire safety codes and will replace with new structures built to satisfy the most current and stringent fire safety requirements.

Transportation and Traffic

An assessment of future traffic conditions is needed to determine the impact of the project at the time of development. Future conditions must account for other known or planned projects. Forecasts of the future year 2015 Cumulative Base traffic volumes were developed by adding the traffic expected to be generated by approved or proposed development projects in the area to the forecast ambient traffic growth described above. Listings of proposed Projects in the study area were obtained from the City of Monterey Park as well as the City of Montebello and the County of Los Angeles. A review of these lists indicated that a total of nine projects of notable size have been proposed or approved within the study area (See **Table 6-2 ±**). This list does not include projects expected to generate fewer than ten P.M. peak hour trips, or development that is located outside an approximate two-mile radius from the campus.

TABLE 6-2 : TRAFFIC RELATED (D CUMULATIVE PROJECTS	ROJECTS							
Project	l and lea	Sizo	Daily	AM Peak Hour	k Hour		PM Peak Hour	k Hour	
1000	Lalla Ose	97IC	Trips	L	Out	Total	u	Ont	Total
Monterey Park Market Place Paramount Bl	Shopping Center	507258 sf	19,366	257	164	421	880	954	1,834
North Atlantic Project SEC Helman Av and Atlantic Bl	Shopping Center	300000 sf	13,815	187	120	307	623	674	1,297
Savon Drug Store SWC Newmark and Garfield Av	Pharmacy/ Drugstore	17000 sf	1,531	32	22	54	64	99	130
Bank of Canton SEC Garvey and Moore Av	Walk-In Bank	6000 sf	939	12	12	24	66	100	199
Hilton Hotel 700 Corporate Center	Hotel	500 Rms	4,115	171	109	280	162	143	305
	Discount Supermarket	20000 sf	па	24	10	34	94	103	197
Monterey Views Development De La Fuente and Atlantic Bl	Single-Family	83 DN	794	16	46	62	54	30	84
Econo Lodge 516 S. Atlantic Bl	Hotel	50 Rms	412	17	-	28	16	14	31
Supermarket Addition 3425 E. 1st St	Supermarket	5000 sf	558	10	9	16	29	29	58
ELAC Master Plan Project	Junior/Community College	3,511 Students	5,410	445	45	490	405	190	595
	9	Grand Total	46,939	1,171	547	1,718	2,426	2,302	4,728
SOURCE: Kaku Associates.									

In assessing the cumulative impacts of the proposed project, a combination of both of the methodologies listed above was utilized. The traffic analysis contained in this EIR is cumulative in nature. Specifically, the analysis takes into account ambient traffic growth as well as the effects of future planned and proposed projects. As discussed in the traffic section, ambient traffic was expected to increase by approximately 9.5 percent over the life of the ELAC Master Plan. Future developments —including the buildout of the ELAC Master Plan— were expected to increase daily trips by approximately 46,939 trips. The impact analysis, however revealed that these cumulative traffic increases with the implementation of mitigation measures would not result in unavoidable significant impacts. Thus, no cumulative traffic impacts are anticipated.

The traffic analysis was also used as the basis for determining air quality and noise impacts, as these impacts are predicated primarily on increases in vehicle traffic within the area. As shown in Table 6-2, daily mobile emissions are expected to fall below the daily emissions thresholds established by the SCAQMD for all pollutants except Nitrogen Oxide. These cumulative NOX levels would exceed SCAQMD daily emissions criteria by 23 percent. The ELAC Master Plan accounts for about 11 percent of the cumulative NOX emissions, and thus accounts for about two percent of the overall NOX cumulative exceedance.

With respect to traffic-related noise, increase cumulative traffic would result in sound level changes of from one to two decibels when existing conditions are compared to future conditions including the ELAC Master Plan. Because significant noise changes are typically defined as an increase of three decibels or more, no significant cumulative noise impacts are anticipated.

Although several projects are within the vicinity of the project site, the timing of development and degree of overlapping construction is unknown at this time. Because of the long-term phasing of the buildout of the ELAC Master Plan overlapping construction is unlikely. It is also important to note, that few of the proposed projects are located close enough together that they would likely disrupt traffic flows on the same street nor combine together to increase overall construction related noise as it would affect a single neighborhood or sensitive land use area. Thus, no construction-related noise cumulative impacts are anticipated. As discussed below, it is not expected that the proposed ELAC Master Plan—combined with other future developments—would have an adverse cumulative effect in impact categories such as: aesthetics, cultural resources, geology and seismicity, hazardous materials, land use, and utilities.

Utilities.

Utilities/Service Systems

A combined effect on utilities is expected. It is not expected that the increase will be significant as there appears to be adequate capacity in the current utility systems to accommodate the projects.

6.2 GROWTH-INDUCING IMPACTS

Section 15126.2(d) of the CEQA Guidelines states that the assessment of growth-inducing impacts in the EIR must describe the "ways in which the proposed project could foster economic or population growth, or the construction of additional housing, either directly or indirectly, in the surrounding environment."

The proposed project will not extend infrastructure such as roads, utilities and public facilities, beyond that which already exists and meets the needs of existing development in the project area. The proposed project site is located within a densely developed urban setting and will not introduce new land uses into a previously undeveloped area that could induce changes to the surrounding area.

Although the proposed project inherently represents growth within the area, including expansion of existing facilities, creation of new facilities, and marginal localized job growth, such growth is not of the scale that would affect regional population, housing, or employment forecasts. Thus, no significant growth-inducing impacts are anticipated.

6.3 IRREVERSIBLE ADVERSE ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Irreversible adverse environmental effects are not anticipated for the proposed project or any of the project alternatives. Construction and operation of the proposed project would rely upon the use of nonrenewable resources. Use of fossil fuel derived energy sources such as gasoline, diesel fuel, electricity, and natural gas would be necessary for transport of workers and materials during construction and provision of electricity, natural gas, and fuel for vehicles during the life of the project. Although the fossil fuel consumption associated with the project would constitute the depletion of a resource which is irretrievable and irreversible, the amount of resources consumed would not be of an extraordinary nature in a regional context. Thus, the proposed project's use of nonrenewable energy sources is not considered to constitute a significant impact.

7.0 EFFECTS DETERMINED NOT TO BE SIGNIFICANT

This section discusses expected effects of the proposed project and why these effects are not considered significant or why various effects would not be expected to occur.

AGRICULTURE RESOURCES

The project site is not currently utilized as farmland, or as any agricultural use. In addition, the project is located in an urbanized and developed area in which no farmland exists.

BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

The project site is located within an area that has been urbanized for many years and does not contain species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species. The site is not located within an area with riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community. The site is not located near a surface water body and there are no corridors for native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species nor will the proposed project impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites as there are no such sites located within or adjacent to the proposed project area.

FLOOD HAZARD

The proposed project site is not located within a 100-year or a 500-year flood inundation zone as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Program Map No. 0601140005C, Q3 Flood Data (5/96).

MINERAL RESOURCES

No mineral resources of value to the region or to the residents of the state were found to be known or to exist on or immediately adjacent to the proposed project site.

POPULATION AND HOUSING

The proposed project is not anticipated to induce substantial population growth in the area since no residential units would be included in the project. Possible new employment generated from the new development would draw from the local area and general region. In addition, the proposed project would be located in a highly urbanized area that is served by existing infrastructure. No major extensions of existing infrastructure would be necessary for the project since the project would continue to be served by existing utilities surrounding the site.

SCENIC RESOURCES

The general project area can be described as a developed urban setting with no distinguishing scenic or public views. No scenic highways exist within the area. Consequently, no scenic impact will occur.

SCHOOLS

The proposed project does not contain a residential component and would not directly affect school enrollment within the Monterey Park School District. Further, any change in site employment would be minimal and thus, no secondary student generation would be created due to new or unusual housing demand within the Monterey Park (or neighboring) School District service area.

RECREATION

The proposed project does not contain a residential component and is not anticipated to increase the demand for neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities from project operations.

8.0 ORGANIZATIONS AND PERSONS CONSULTED

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE AGENCIES CONSULTED

- County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County 1955 Workman Mill Road Whittier, CA 90601
- Southern California Association of Governments
 818 W. Seventh Street
 Los Angeles, CA 90017
- South Coast Air Quality Management District 21865 E. Copley Drive Diamond Bar, CA 91765
- City of Monterey Park
 320 W. Newmark Avenue
 Monterey Park, CA 91754
 - Planning Division
 - Public Works
 - Engineering
 - City of Monterey Park Fire Department
 - City of Monterey Park Police Department
- Los Angeles Unified School District 1449 S. San Pedro St.
 Los Angeles, CA 90015
 - School Traffic and Safety Education Section
 - Transportation Branch
 - Environmental Health and Safety
- California Water Service Company, Engineering 5243 Sheila Street Los Angeles, CA 90040
- State of California, The Resources Agency Department of Conversation, Division of Mines and Geology 801 K. Street, MS 12-31 Sacramento, CA 95814
- Native American Heritage Commission 915 Capitol Mall, Room 364 Sacramento, CA 95814

South Central Coastal Information Center,
 California Historic Resources Information System
 California State University, Fullerton
 Department of Anthropology
 800 North State College Boulevard
 Fullerton, CA 92834

DOCUMENT PREPARERS

Lead Agency

Los Angeles Community College District 770 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90017

William Dunn

Preparers of EIR

Environmental Impact Report Preparation

Terry A. Hayes Associates 6083 Bristol Parkway, Suite 200 Culver City, CA 90230

- Terry Hayes, Principal
- Randi Cooper, Project Manager
- Teresa Li, Assistant Planner
- Adrianne Boyd, Assistant Planner
- Erinn Gunn, Administrative Planning Assistant
- Janet Murphy, Graphics

Architect

TDM Architects 930 Colorado Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90041

• Diran Depanian, Principal

Traffic

Kaku Associates, Inc. 1453 Third Street, Suite 400 Santa Monica, CA 90401

- Dick Kaku, President
- Ron Hirsch, Project Manager
- Francesca Sevilla, Associate Planner

Land Use and Aesthetics

Arellano Associates 4091 Riverside Drive, Suite 117 Chino Hills, CA 91710

- Geneveva Arellano, Principal
- Chester Britt, Senior Associate

Hazardous Materials

Property Conditions Consultant 1651 South Carlos Avenue Ontario, CA 91761

• Al Dages, Principal

9.0 RESPONSE TO COMMENTS FROM PERSONS AND ORGANIZATIONS CONSULTED

The Draft EIR (DEIR) for the ELAC Master Plan along with a request for public comments was circulated beginning December 15, 2000. The 45-day circulation period formally closed on January 29, 2001. However, as a courtesy to interested parties, the Lead Agency extended the comment period to February 2, 2001. The DEIR was available for public review at the ELAC campus as well as at the East Los Angeles County Library and the Bruggemeyer Memorial Library. A total of four comments were received in response to the DEIR.

This Final EIR provides responses to all written comments received on the DEIR as required by Section 15088 of the CEQA Guidelines and has been prepared in accordance with Section 15132 of the Guidelines. Responses to Comments to the Draft EIR, issues raised by public comments warranted clarification or correction of certain statements in the Draft EIR. This section provides any such corrections or clarifications as required by Section 15132 of the CEQA Guidelines (see section 4.0 Corrections and Additions for a compilation of all changes). None of the corrections and additions constitutes significant new information or substantial project changes as defined by Section 15088.5 of the CEQA Guidelines. All written comments are contained in this section in their entirety along with the Lead Agency's responses. Copies of each comment letter are also provided.

Comment letters and responses to the Draft EIR are presented as follows:

- County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County Felicia Ursitti, Project Engineer 1955 Workman Mill Road Whittier, CA 90607 December 26, 2000
- County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County Ruth L. Frazen, Engineering Technician 1955 Workman Mill Road Whittier, CA 90607 January 17, 2001
- Southern California Association of Governments
 Jeffrey Smith, Senior Planner
 818 West Seventh Street, 12th Floor
 Los Angeles, CA 90017
 January 10, 2001
- 4. City of Monterey Park
 Ray Hamada, Planning Manager
 320 West Newmark Avenue
 Monterey Park, CA 91754
 January 29, 2001

COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Comment No. 1.1

The Puente Hills Landfill is a publicly owned and operated disposal facility open to the public. Currently, the Puente Hills Landfill closes early due to permit-imposed tonnage restrictions. The existing local land use permit authorizes the disposal of a maximum of 13,200 tons per day, not to exceed 72,000 tons per week. This permit is valid through November 1, 2003, at which time it will have to be renewed to continue operations. The proposed permit renewal would not increase the landfill's daily tonnage rate.

Response No. 1.1

Comment Noted.

Comment No. 1.2

The document should address the California Integrated Waste Management Act, AB 939, requiring cities to meet ambitious waste diversion goals. The Act also requires each city and county to promote source reduction, recycling and safe disposal of transformation.

Response No. 1.2

Add the following text to Page 4.10-4, section 4.10 Solid Waste, Environmental Setting:

California Integrated Waste Management Act, AB 939

As many of the landfills in the state were approaching capacity and siting of new landfills became increasingly difficult, the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 (IWMA) AB 939 was designed to focus on source reduction, recycling and composting, and environmentally safe landfilling and transformation activities. The Act required cities and counties to divert 25 percent of all solid waste from landfills and transformation facilities by 1995, and 50 percent by the year 2000. In an effort to assist in meeting the goals of AB 939 the campus is in the process of implementing a formal recycling program. Mitigation has been provided to ensure compliance. However, mitigation measures U3 and U4 have been revised to more specifically address the goals of AB 939.

Mitigation measures U3 and U4 shall now read as follows:

- U3 A recycling program shall be designed and implemented to reduce the amount of solid waste going to landfills. This program shall promote the recycling of newspaper, glass bottles, aluminum, bimetal cans and P.E.T. bottles.
- U4 Adequate recycling bins and chutes shall be provided at appropriate locations with sufficient access for recycling vehicles.

COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY

Comment No. 2.1

All information regarding Districts' sewerage facilities contained in the documents is currently complete and accurate.

Response No. 2.1

Comment Noted.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS

Comment No. 3.1

This approach to discussing consistency of support of SCAG policies is commendable and we appreciate your efforts.

Response No. 3.1

Comment Noted.

CITY OF MONTEREY PARK

Comment No. 4.1

Page 1-1, et al: Any reference to the 17,197 enrollment figure should be qualified to indicate if this number is actual students on the ELAC campus or does it also include students at any satellite facilities.

Response No. 4.1

Insert the following text to Page 2-1, section 2.0 Summary, Summary of Project Description, the end of the first paragraph.

Current enrollment of 17,197 students was as of the Fall 2000 headcount. This figure includes students enrolled in Non-credit and Credit programs, as well as the community services program (extension courses for personal development, leisure and recreation). This figure does not include enrollment at satellite locations (off-campus locations).

Comment No. 4.2

Page 2-1: The reference to adding approximately 457,161 does not appear consistent with the project description beginning on Page 3-16. Please confirm square footage. A table would be helpful.

Response No. 4.2

Table 3-2 shall be revised as follows:

	Gross	Net Added	Estimated Ye
Phase 1	·		L
Technology Center	98,065	40,253	2001
1,350-Car Parking Structure (with raised tennis courts)	380,000	N/A	2002
Comprehensive Fitness Center and Modernization of Swim Stadium	N/A	N/A	2002
Air-Conditioning and Infrastructure Upgrade	N/A	N/A	2002
Phase 2			
Performing and Fine Arts Center	119,270	58,637	2003
Volleyball Courts, Practice Football and Soccer Fields	N/A	N/A	2003
Student Services and Administration Building	68,500	62,590	2005
Phase 3			
Women's Gymnasium Remodel	N/A	N/A	2006
300-Car Parking Structure	120,000	N/A	2006
Humanities Center	110,000	95,700	2006
Phase 4			
New Women's Athletic Field	N/A	N/A	2006
2,200-Car Parking Structure	880,000	N/A	2007
New Plant/Storage Facilities	40,000	29,116	2007
Modernization of Weingart Stadium	40,000	N/A	2007
Language Arts and Health Care Careers	78,000	67,149	2008
1,000-Car Parking Structure	400,000	N/A	2008
Rotate Baseball Field	N/A	N/A	2008
Phase 5			
Remodel Student Center (International Student Center)	N/A	N/A	2008
Landscaping and Lighting	N/A	N/A	2008
Math and Science Complex	140,000	79,704	2010
Removal of Bungalows	N/A	N/A	Ongoing
Total Square Footage	2,473,835	433,149	

Comment No. 4.3

Page 2-2, 2-3. Mitigation Measures AQ3 and AQ12 have potential conflict with implementation. For apparently the same issue, AQ3 provides two options, but AQ12 provides only one of the options. Additional appropriate mitigation measures should include identification of equipment maintenance to optimal operational specifications and control of airborne particulate matter during any demolitions of buildings.

Response No. 4.3

The mitigation measure identified below will be undertaken as per the provision of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 403-Fugitive Dust Abatement guidelines. Rule 403 is designed to reduce dust and PM10 emissions during the construction and demolition phases of a project. Rule 403 includes grading, excavation, loading, crushing, cutting, planing, shaping or ground breaking as construction/demolition activities.

Remove Mitigation AQ1 through AQ12 and replace with the following Mitigation Measure:

AQ1 PM10 Abatement. Through construction contracts, ELAC shall ensure that best practices are employed to reduce the creation of inhaleable dust particles during the construction process. Abatement shall use measures consistent with SCAQMD Rule 403, including site wetting, covering of haul trucks and storage piles, and periodic street sweeping.

Comment No. 4.4

Page 2-4: A mitigation measure, which states that, "Design measures should be incorporated so as buildings and facilities should be located at a distance from residential uses to the maximum extent possible" should be considered for inclusion.

Response No. 4.4

New ELAC facilities are primarily located at the campus center. Location of specific buildings have been determined based on available land on campus and existing uses to be replaced. Further, where development is located along the perimeter of the campus, mitigation measures are provided to reduce proximity impacts on adjacent sensitive uses.

Comment No. 4.5

Page 2-5: Mitigation Measures N1 and N2 should include language to further qualify the types of activities. N1 should make reference to "general" construction activities and N2 should more definitively describe "noisy" construction activities.

Response No. 4.5

Mitigation Measure N11 has been removed and combined with N2.

Revise Mitigation Measures N1 and N2 to read:

N1 Construction activities (i.e., demolition, ground clearing, excavation, grading, laying of foundations, structural and finishing activities) shall be conducted between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

N2 For schools within 500 feet of a major construction site on the ELAC campus, coordination must be undertaken with the appropriate school district to define mitigation measures to substantially reduce construction noise impacts. Such measures may include limiting hours of construction for noisy construction activities (i.e., excavation and finishing phases), limiting construction in certain site areas to hours when the school would not be affected, providing prior notification to the school of particularly noisy activities, substitution of electric powered versus combustion engine powered equipment, and the use of temporary shrouds or barriers may be considered.

Comment No. 4.6

Page 2-6, et al: All references to Lane Elementary School should be corrected to Robert Hill Lane Elementary School.

Response No. 4.6

The requested change shall be made to the following:

Section 4.7 Noise

Page 4.7-4, Sensitive Receptors, third sentence

Page 4.7-4, Existing Setting, second paragraph, second sentence

Page 4.7-4, Table 4.7-3, fifth row of data

Page 4.7-8, Environmental Impact, Table 4.7-6, second row of data

Page 4.7-10, Table 4.7.7, last row of data

Page 4.7-14, Impacts After Mitigation, Table 4.7-9, second row of data

• Section 4.9 Transportation and Traffic

Page 4.9-11, heading that reads "Construction Related Impacts on Adjacent Lane Elementary School"

Comment No. 4.7

Page 2-6: Mitigation Measure N14 should include those days of the week that events are permitted.

Response No. 4.7

Mitigation Measure N14 is now N8 and shall read:

N8 Events at Weingart Stadium should be limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on a weekday or weekend.

The following Mitigation Measures shall be included:

- N9 Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or school activities and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive load noises.
- N10 The use of compressed air horns and similar noise generating devices by spectators shall be prohibited. Signs shall be posted within and outside of the stadium indicating this restriction.

Comment No. 4.8

Page 2-6: In Mitigation Measure N12, define the meaning of "sufficient."

This comment is assumed to refer to Mitigation Measure N13. Without a more in-depth acoustical analysis the appropriate height necessary to achieve noise abatement within the vicinity of the stadium cannot be determined. This measure is now N7 and shall be revised to read:

N7 Prior to implementation of improvements to the Weingart Stadium, an acoustical noise analysis shall be conducted to determine the need or requirement for the construction of a sound wall to be located along the perimeter of the Weingart Stadium, behind the top of the bleachers, to achieve noise abatement within the vicinity of the stadium. The college shall implement the recommendations and findings of the acoustical analysis.

Comment No. 4.9

Under Public Services, due to the pending contract for services between the College District and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, the analysis is insufficient at this time. A compilation of mitigation measures for Police services due to the increased enrollment and potential servicing of the stadium is anticipated. The document contains older data related to response from the City Public Safety personnel, and should be revised to include discussion relating to Applicable updates. Another related mitigation measure should indicate the timing of use of on-site security personnel.

Response No. 4.9

Replace the existing "Environmental Setting" under Police Protection on Page 4.8-3 with the following text:

ELAC Security

Security for the Los Angeles Community College District, as of January 2001, is being provided by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. Jurisdiction is within the college campus boundary. Based on a site analysis conducted during a Phase 2 study, current security needs on campus was determined. One sergeant, two Bonus-I deputies and 13 armed Los Angeles County Security Officers have been assigned to the campus.

Crime statistics for the ELAC campus was provided for 1999 year (Year 2000 statistics unavailable). Campus offenses consisted primarily of theft and vehicular burglary. There were four incidents of felony assault and one rape. Other offenses included 31 traffic and 4,438 parking citations. The total number of arrests made for the year was 12.

Monterey Park Police Department

For security issues outside the purview of campus security, the Monterey Park Police Department (MPPD) received approximately 109 calls to the ELAC campus in the year 2000 (while under the operation of the College District Security personnel). A majority of the calls ranged from medical calls (assistance to Monterey Park Fire Department emergency medical personnel) through vehicle code violations. Campus offenses also included vehicular burglary.

The following text shall replace the text under the "Environmental Impact" section on page 4.8-4:

Future security needs for the campus will be evaluated by the L.A. County Sheriff Department in coordination with the Monterey Park Police Department. For existing needs, 17 officers have been determined to be appropriate based on a study done in coordination the MPPD.

As to impacts to the Monterey Park Police Department, currently, the calls for service to the campus were less than 0.01 percent of the total calls received by the department for the year 2000. Using the assumption that if enrollment increases approximately 45% and crime levels on campus rise proportionately, the MPPD is estimated to receive an additional 50 calls per year by year 2010 (for a total of 159 calls). Thus, calls for service would remain less than 1 percent.

Considering all available information, it is highly unlikely that crime levels on campus would rise significantly such that additional police facilities or resources would be required to handle security issues on campus. Because existing calls to the campus constitute a negligible impact when compared to calls as a whole to the MPPD and security needs are now being evaluated and handled by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department a less than significant impact is expected to occur.

Comment No. 4.10

Reference to "Fire Access" should be restated as "Fire Services."

There should be further discussion in the document to identify current service needs to the college and potential service needs of the Stadium.

Response No. 4.10

In section 2.0 Summary, Table 2-1, Page 2-6, change "Fire Access" to Fire Services"

Fire hazards are anticipated to be reduced as the old uses on campus will be replaced with new facilities which will comply with current fire codes. Further, access to and from the campus will remain unobstructed.

See Response No. 4.30 for further discussion.

Comment No. 4.11

Page 2-7: All references to "Cesar Chavez Avenue" should be corrected to Avenida Cesar Chavez."

Response No. 4.11

Change All references of Cesar Chavez Avenue to Avenida Cesar Chavez in the following sections:

- Section 4.2 Air Quality
 - Page 4.2-4, Table 4.2-2, third and fifth row
 - Page 4.2-7, last sentence of last paragraph
 - Page 4.2-8, Table 4.2-6, fifth row
- Section 4.7 Noise

Page 4.7-8, Table 4.7-6, rows six and nine Pages 4.7-13 and 4.7-14, Table 4.7-9, rows two, six, and nine

Comment No. 4.12

Mitigation Measure T2 is not applicable since it already exists. All references as a mitigation measure should be omitted and any related traffic data and analysis should be reevaluated for an updated presentation.

The traffic analysis has been re-evaluated. Remove all references to Mitigation Measure T2 from the following:

Page 2-7, section 2.0 Summary

Page 4-9-12, section 4.9 Transportation and Traffic

Comment No. 4.13

In Mitigation Measure T3, indicate the extent of the proposed Mitigation to "widen" Floral Drive and expand in the body of the document.

Response No. 4.13

See Response No. 4.51.

Comment No. 4.14

For Mitigation Measure T4, other agencies such as Caltrans, MTA, Montebello Transit, and appropriate City and County Departments should be included in the list of entities to be notified.

Response No. 4.14

This Mitigation Measure is now T3 and shall be revised to read:

The Project Manager or designee shall notify the LAUSD Transportation Branch, Caltrans, LACMTA, Montebello Transit and any other appropriate City or County Department, to the extent that they are affected, of the expected start and ending dates for the various portions of the project that may affect traffic through the areas.

Comment No. 4.15

For Mitigation Measure T8, an implementation time, subject to City of Monterey Park review, should be indicated.

Response No. 4.15

Mitigation Measure T8 has been noted for revision. See Response No. 4.51.

Comment No. 4.16

Page 2-8: In Mitigation Measure U3 an implementation time should be indicated.

Response No. 4.16

See Section 4.10 Utilities, Solid Waste, Environmental Impact, Page 4.10-3. Replace the last paragraph with the following text:

According to a conversation with Richard Pothier, Facilities Manager, the campus has an informal recycling program. The campus is planning to implement a formal Waste Management Plan by Summer 2001. Currently, approximately 36% of waste on the ELAC campus is diverted for recycling purposes. With the

implementation of this program a recycling waste diversion rate of 41% is estimated for the year 2002. The college plans to attain a 50% diversion goal by year 2004. All waste reduction activities are taken in coordination with the California Integrated Waste Management Board and to meet the requirements of the State Agency Model Integrated Waste Management Plan. All new development on the campus would be subject to the Waste Management Plan developed for the campus.

See Response 1.2 for revisions to Mitigation Measure U3.

Comment No. 4.17

Figure 3-3: Not all facilities listed in the legend are identified on the map.

Response No. 4.17

Figure 3-3 has been revised. **Figure 3-13** (Site Plan) has also been revised. To show the phasing of the project see the addition of **Figures 3-14** through **3-18**. Insert all revised or new figures (found at the end of section 4.0 Corrections and Additions).

Comment No. 4.18

Page 3-12: The statement regarding the surrounding shopping centers needs to be corrected and expanded to indicate the following:

- The "Prado Center" is located on the north side of Avenida Cesar Chavez.
- The Monterey Park Village is located on the south side of Avenida Cesar Chavez.
- The Atlantic Square Shopping Center is located on the east side of Atlantic Boulevard.
- The Monterey Galleria is located on the north side of Floral Drive.

Response No. 4.18

The revised text in section 3.0 Project Description, Page 3-12 under "Surrounding Land Uses." Shall read:

Multi-family residential units are located to the north of the ELAC campus on Floral Drive. Single-family units are located along the west and south side of the campus on Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez. Robert Hill Lane Elementary School is situated on the south side of Avenida Cesar Chavez, across the street from the ELAC campus. Four shopping centers are located to the east of the campus off of Collegian Avenue. The Prado Center is located on the north side of Avenida Cesar Chavez, the Atlantic Square Shopping Center is located east of Atlantic Boulevard and the Monterey Galleria is located north of Floral Drive (See Figures 3-10 through 3-12). A fast food restaurant is located on the corner of Avenida Cesar Chavez and Collegian Avenue and a gas station is located to the east of the fast food restaurant

Comment No. 4.19

Figure 3-10: The figure should be corrected to include the R3 designation for the area north of Floral Drive and the R-2 designation for the area south of Avenida Cesar Chavez. The shopping centers indicated for page 3-12 should be approximately identified and corrected.

Response No. 4.19

See revised Figure 3-10 for requested corrections (at the end of section 4.0 Corrections and Additions).

Comment No. 4.20

Page 3-23: Project Construction Phasing should be considered to indicate all parking lot/structure improvements at the same time or prior to the modernization of the Weingart Stadium.

Response No. 4.20

Construction phasing is based on funding and technical considerations. If the stadium reaches capacity during construction there is the potential for parking spillover.

Add the following mitigation measure under section 4.9 Transportation and Traffic. This Mitigation Measure shall will read as follows:

To accommodate any additional need for parking during construction, temporary parking and shuttle bus service will be provided off-site as needed for those displaced parking spaces only.

For additional discussion see Response No 4.50.

Comment No. 4.21

Page 4.1-2: In the second paragraph under the "existing Lighting Conditions" section, the statement that the Stadium lights do not directly emit onto the surrounding neighborhoods should be confirmed through the production of a "line of projection" diagram that depicts the light standards and angles of direction. Figure 3-9 assists in understanding the potential issue, but the quality of the photo does not provide the clarity to ascertain that the lamps are not directly pointed across to which direct lighting could be received by the surrounding residential properties.

Response No. 4.21

Mitigation Measure L1 as revised addresses these issues.

Comment No. 4.22

Pages 4.1-5 and 4.1-6: Table 4.1-2 needs to be further clarified regarding pedestrian, security and other provisions of lighting for the planned improvements. For example, the P-2 Parking Structure may need to indicate lights with shields.

Response No. 4.22

Exterior building lighting has not been finalized at this time. General pedestrian and security lighting will be provided to ensure the safety of the faculty and students.

Comment No. 4.23

Pages 4.2-3 to 4.2-8: The Carbon Monoxide analysis needs to be further qualified to discuss the extent of study locations. There appears to be a number of other potentially impacted intersections, such as further west to Mednik Avenue at Avenida Cesar Chavez and Floral Drive, and the E-bound off-ramp at Atlantic Boulevard. The analysis should quantify the number of trucks and other equipment needed in which the emissions data is based upon. If changes, this needs to be coordinated with the traffic analysis. The analysis for the parking structures should be expanded, in particular to include the 1,000-car structure.

The three intersections that the traffic report indicated would be significantly impacted by the proposed project were evaluated (Bleakwood Avenue at Floral Drive, Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez, and Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive). In addition to these three intersections the DEIR also evaluates four other intersections that had a level of service of E or F. The intersections that were not evaluated were not materially effected by the project (i.e., were not expected to operate at a LOS greater than D). As indicated in the traffic study conducted by Kaku Associates, Mednick Avenue at Floral Dive and the SR -60 Freeway eastbound off-ramp and Atlantic Boulevard were not materially effected by operation of the project as the V/C increases by 0.01 and 0.02 during the A.M. and P.M. peak traffic hours respectively. Further, Mednick Avenue at Avenida Cesar Chavez was not evaluated. All intersections chosen for evaluation were done so in coordination with the City.

As to the analysis of the parking structures, the CO hot spot analysis deals with localized impacts. The EIR, by considering the larger parking structure (2,200 spaces) evaluated the worst case scenario. Thus, if no localized CO impacts is anticipated to result with the 2,200 space parking structure, no impact will result with the 1,000 car parking structure.

Comment No. 4.24

Page 4.5-2: Under Operation Impacts, in regards to the use and storage of hazardous materials, the discussion should indicate any review and comments from the City of Monterey Park Fire Department.

Response No. 4.24

Add the following text to the impact analysis in 4.8 Public Services, Fire Protection, Environmental Impact, Page 4.8-3 at the end of the section:

Prior to the construction of new facilities on the ELAC campus, individual projects must undergo Plan Review and would be subject to the Monterey Park Fire Department (MPFD) permit process to document the use and storage of hazardous materials, if any. Information such as the type and amount of materials to be stored will be required. The new facilities will be required to undergo annual inspection by the MPFD.

It is not anticipated that the net addition of 433,149 square feet of space would result in the need for the provision of new fire service or facilities. The Master Plan proposes to replace existing facilities with upgraded facilities.

Comment No. 4.25

Page 4.6-1: In the," there are also multiple-family residential units to the south.

Response No. 4.25

The second paragraph under "Existing Environmental Settings" shall be revised to read:

Single-family residential units are located to the west with single-family and multi-family residential units located to the south of the campus.

Comment No. 4.26

Page 4.6-4 and 4.6-5: Policies 3.12 and 3.27 would seem to be applicable to the activities and welfare of the college. The discussion should be expanded.

Policy 3.12

As stated, ELAC is an existing land use and thus a discussion of programs aimed at designing land uses which encourage the use of transit is not applicable.

Policy 3.27

Shall be changed to show that this project is consistent with this policy. Change discussion for this policy to read as follows:

The proposed project involves the renovation and addition to an existing educational facility and is undertaken to meet an increasing demand for educational opportunities.

Comment No. 4.27

Page 4.6-6: Policy 11.07 makes reference to "City mandated water conservation policies," but the college is served by the California Water Service Company, a private entity.

Response No. 4.27

The discussion under Policy 11.07 shall be revised to read:

The feasibility of using reclaimed water for the landscaped and open space areas of the project site will be examined and utilized where possible.

Comment No. 4.28

Page 4.7-10: The document does not adequately address operational noise impacts as a result of vehicle and pedestrian use of the proposed parking structures. Appropriate mitigation measures must be incorporated.

Response No. 4.28

Sources of operational impacts related to the use of the proposed parking structures include engine rev-ups, tire squeal and car alarms. To reduce these noise sources include the following mitigation measure:

N11 Parking structures shall be designed to reduce noise impacts on adjacent sensitive receptors by ensuing that the sides facing sensitive uses are enclosed, surfaces shall be chosen that will reduce tire squeal, and the implementation of a good neighbor signage program. Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or schools and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive loud noises, instructing drivers to disable alarms while parking on campus, prohibition against tailgating and a posted speed limit. All prohibitions shall be strictly enforced by on campus security.

Comment No. 4.29

Pages 4.7-11 and 4.7-15: The statement in the second paragraph related to exemption from the Monterey Park Noise Ordinance should clarify that it refers to "school events." The statement indicated that was paraphrased from conversation with Ray Hamada should be corrected to state, "In addition, there is not awareness of any incidences that would require the City to enforce the Noise Ordinance on events at the Weingart Stadium."

Section 4.7 Noise, Page 4.7-11, first paragraph, fifth sentence shall be changed to read:

In addition, there has not been any awareness of any incidences that would require the City to enforce the Noise Ordinance on events at the Weingart Stadium.

Section 4.7 Noise, Page 4.7-15, under Operational Impact, first sentence shall be changed to read:

Although noise levels generated at the Weingart Stadium for school events would not be subjected to the City Noise Ordinance, a crowd that exceed approximately 20,000 people would increase sound levels by over three decibels at nearby sensitive receptor locations.

Comment No. 4.30

Pages 4.8-1 and 4.8-3: According to Fire Marshall Jerry Wombacher, the analysis does not adequately address any discussion response call history to the college. It is anticipated that the expanded construction and growth of enrollment could proportionately increase the call volume, and increase service level requirements for fire fighting, building plan checks and inspections. City Staff conclusions would indicate that additional personnel would be required.

Response No. 4.30

Add the following text to the impact section for Section 4.8 Public Services, Fire Protection:

The total number of calls for fire service within the City of Monterey Park for 1999 was 3,460 and was projected to increase to 3,636 calls for the year 2000. Calls to the ELAC campus for the year 2000 constituted less than 1 percent of projected total (35 calls to the ELAC campus were recorded). A breakdown of the calls by type show that 29 calls were for emergency medical service, 1 for public assistance (non-emergency call), and 5 were cancelled prior to arrival. With campus enrollment anticipated to rise by 45% by the year 2010, the additional 7,803 new students would theoretically result in an additional 16 calls by the year 2010 for a total of 51 calls (45% increase in call volume from the campus). The addition of sixteen calls to the total calls to campus with full buildout of the Master Plan is not considered to be a significant impact.

It is recognized that conditions within the City of Monterey Park that would have an affect on the need for fire service over the next nine years cannot be accurately determined. However, it is likely that the additional calls for service to the ELAC campus would continue to constitute approximately 1 percent of the total calls for service. This can be seen due to the expected increase in the population of Monterey Park by the year 2010 which is projected to rise to approximately 77,125 per Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) projections. The current population of Monterey Park is 63,957 which will constitute a 20% rise in population. Assuming that calls for fire service rise in proportion to the population approximately 3,856 calls for service can be expected by year 2010. Thus, calls for service to the ELAC campus would remain at 1% of total calls. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in a significant impact on fire service as no need for additional facilities or resources will be required due to implementation of the ELAC Facilities Master Plan.

Comment No. 4.31

Due to the pending contract arrangements with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for campus law enforcement and security, the discussion would likely require revisions for staffing, operations and implementation of mitigation measures. The statement regarding no traffic impacts must be reconsidered.

The Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department has been selected and began overseeing law enforcement and security on the ELAC campus as of January 2001. See discussion under Response No. 4.9. This section has been reviewed for discussion of traffic related impacts. No additional response is required.

Comment No. 4.32

Pages 4.8-4: The discussion should include information on crime data related to response calls to specifically the college. The number of Monterey Park sworn officers should be corrected to reflect 82.

Response No. 4.32

See Response No. 4.9 regarding response calls to the campus for year 2000.

Page 4.8-4, section 4.8 Public Services, first paragraph, third sentence shall be revised to reflect 82 sworn officers.

Comment No. 4.33

Mitigation Measure PS1 needs reconfirmation.

Response No. 4.33

The Facilities Master Plan has provisions for the hiring of 17 additional security officers. Due to the recent contract with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, future security needs on campus will be determined by the Sheriff's Department in conjunction with the Monterey Park Police Department. Mitigation Measure PS1 as it relates to the hiring of 17 additional security officers shall be deleted.

Comment No. 4.34

PS2 needs to be expanded to include "in-house phones" connected to the Campus Security Office on parking structure levels and other strategic locations on the campus, and maintenance of landscaping to minimize concealment.

Response No. 4.34

Currently, a security phone system exists on campus via a public telephone system. All phones are programmed to contact the on-campus Sheriff's Department. All new facilities (including parking structures) will be equipped with this telephone system. Change mitigation measure PS2 to PS1 and revise to read:

PS1 ELAC shall implement security features (i.e., security cameras, improved lighting, maintenance of landscaping, and security phone system) as proposed in the Facility Master Plan.

Comment No. 4.35

An additional mitigation measure should be included to make reference to inter-jurisdictional cooperation on managing parking and access for special events at the stadium.

Response No. 4.35

The Special Event Parking and Access Management Plan will be designed to address such issues as on-street parking and parking in adjacent retail parking lots during special events. See revised Mitigation Measure T8 in Response No. 4.51.

Comment No. 4.36

Page 2.0: A need to discuss plans to address traffic flow in and around the college during construction.

Response No. 4.36

See Response No 4.50.

Comment No. 4.37

Page 2-1: There is a need to address traffic flow into parking areas during special events.

Response No. 4.37

See Response No. 4.51.

Comment No. 4.38

Page 2-10: The plans, under the less than significant or no impact heading, does not base the public safety issues based on the present policing with the Los Angeles County Sheriffs's.

Response No. 4.38

See Response No. 4.9.

Comment No. 4.39

Page 3-5: Security measures, with anticipated increase of 45% in student population, what are the policing plans through the provision of service from the Los Angeles County Sheriffs's Department.

Response No. 4.39

See Response No. 4.9.

Comment No. 4.40

Page 3-16: Will there be, or are there plans to have "in-house" phones inside each building so that incidents of trouble or calls for police service to the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Campus Police can be done so in the most expeditious way?

Response No. 4.40

See Response No. 4.34.

Comment No. 4.41

Also with anticipated expansion in use and contracts with special and sporting events, what are the security measures for money handling, traffic flow and lighting?

Issues related to money handling cannot be addressed at this time. This type of issue would be addressed in a Special Event Security Plan (See Response No. 4.45). See Response No. 4.51 regarding traffic flow issues and Response No. 4.42 regarding lighting.

Comment No. 4.42

Page 3-19: Where will the security camera be installed and who will make the recommendations as to the location, and distance between cameras and lighting proposed to be installed? The cameras need to be taped and kept on file for a period of time review. Also where will public address system, for evacuation purposes, be installed?

Response No. 4.42

As stated in the Draft EIR, buildout is proposed to be phased over the next ten years. No determination has been made at this time as to final design of new buildings and placement of such security features. However, as increased security is one of the main objectives of implementation of the Master Plan, all necessary provisions will be made as necessary with coordination with the Sheriff's Department for proper placement to maximize security.

Comment No. 4.43

Page 3-23: During construction, where there will be loss of parking spaces, how will parking issues be mitigated where the surrounding neighborhood will not suffer any impact?

Response No. 4.43

See Response No. 4.50.

Comment No. 4.44

Page 4.1-7. Lighting and phones, location of both items needs discussion and the lighting brightness needs to be addressed.

Response No. 4.44

See Response No. 4.34 and Response No. 4.42.

Comment No. 4.45

Page 4.8-3: Information is based on now defunct L.A. Community College District Police provision of service and not on service provided by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. The level and type of service should remain the same, however this is not discussed and can have a negative effect on the public safety of surrounding community. With an anticipated increase of 45% in college enrollment, there was a call in the Environmental Impact Report for an additional 17 police officers as well as increase in other related personnel, is this number of personnel going to be provided by the Sheriff Department since this study calls for it? Public safety plans for special events were not discussed as these events, with the proposed expansion of stadium capacity can impact the surrounding neighborhood. There needs to be coordination with the City of Monterey Park Departments.

Revise Mitigation Measure PS2 to read as follows:

PS2 ELAC shall design and implement a Special Event Security Plan, in coordination with the Monterey Park Police Department,. Issues addressed may include, but not be limited to: Security needs, emergency evacuation procedures, and money handling issues.

Comment No. 4.46

Page 4.8-4: The number of police and security personnel in relationship population of campus was discussed to ensure adequate campus public safety, however how was this ratio derived?

Response No. 4.46

See Response No. 4.9.

Comment No. 4.47

Pages 4.9-1 to 4.9-13: Comments from Steve Hilton, City Traffic Consultant is provided as follows: The master plan analyzed traffic impacts associated with the increased student load at the college. The following table presents those intersections that forecasted to operate at LOS "D" or worse and/or have significant impacts upon implementation of the ELAC master plan.

Table 1 INTERSECTIONS WITH LOS 'D' OR WORSE AND/OR SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS (Year 2015 Cumulative Plus Project ELAC Master Plan-EIR)

INTERSECTION	PEAK	WITHOUT MITIGATION		SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	WITH MITIGATION	
INTERSECTION	HOUR	V/C OR DELAY	LOS		V/C OR DELAY	LOS
Atlantic Blvd. & Avd.	AM	0.823	D	NO	n/a	n/a
Cesar Chavez	PM	0.957	Е	NO	n/a	n/a
Atlantic Blvd. & Floral	AM	0.718	С	NO	n/a	n/a
Dr.	PM	0.897	D	NO	n/a	n/a
Bleakwood Av & Avd.	AM	20	С	NO	0.448	A
Cesar Chavez	PM	39	E	YES	0.475	Α
Disaberra d Art & Flouri	AM	18	С	NO	0.571	A
Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr.	PM	029	D	YES	0.709	С
Callegian Area & Area	AM	5.565	A	NO	n/a	n/a
Collegian Ave. & Avd. Cesar Chavez	PM	2.654	В	YES	n/a	n/a

Callesian Assa & Floret	AM	0.622	В	YES	0.492	A
Collegian Ave. & Floral Dr.	PM	0.922	Е	YES	0.654	В
1.710 ND O.	AM	1.082	F	NO	n/a	n/a
I-710 NB On- Ramp/Ford B1 & Floral	PM	1.040	F	NO	n/a	n/a

Table 1, presents intersections that are expected to operate at LOS "D" or worse and/or whose impact is considered significant. Significant impact is when the addition of project related traffic causes an intersection to operate at a half level of service worse than the pre-project conditions (V/C increase of 0.05) or an intersection is caused to operate at worse than LOS C conditions by the addition of project-related traffic.

Intersections where the project traffic has a significant impact are presented in "Bold" typeface for easy recognition. According to the DEIR, the traffic added to these intersections can be mitigated. Bleakwood Avenue at Avenida Cesar Chavez was mitigated by installation of a recently installed traffic signal. Collegian Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez doesn't require mitigation since it is forecast to operate at LOS "B" even after addition of project related traffic. The intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive however, requires additional analysis. At the intersection of I-710 NB on-Ramps at Ford and Floral Drive is forecasted to operate at LOS "F" after the project. Project related traffic does not worsen conditions at I-710 NB on-Ramps at Ford and Floral Drive by a significant level.

Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive calculates to LOS "E" during the PM peak hour but in actuality operates significantly worse than that. For example, at noon this intersection experiences massive backups that frequently queue back to the west 400 feet or more.

What this means is traffic counts taken there only show the number of vehicles that get through the intersection during that period and doesn't account for the large number of vehicles that were blocked from entering the intersection. A delay analysis should be performed for this intersection, which will present a more accurate representation of the actual operating conditions.

Response No. 4.47

The level of service calculations for the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive, and all other signalized intersections analyzed in the DEIR, were performed using the Intersection Capacity Utilization (ICU) methodology. This analysis technique is an appropriate planning tool, and accepted by the City of Monterey Park. The purpose of the intersection analyses is to provide a comparison of the intersection conditions without and with the proposed project. The ICU methodology allows for a straightforward assessment of project impacts while holding all other factors constant. It should also be noted that the traffic study identifies Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive as being significantly impacted by the project. Calculation of the intersection operations using the delay-based methodology will likely yield similar results, and re-analysis is unnecessary and unwarranted. Additionally, the reference to intersection operations during the noon hours is not relevant to the analysis, since that time period was not analyzed.

Comment No. 4.48

The EIR indicates that traffic impacts at Collegian Avenue and Floral drive can be mitigated by widening Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane, and a shared through/right-turn lane on eastbound approach and restripe Floral Drive to provide two eastbound departure lanes. There doesn't appear to be room to add the two eastbound departure lanes suggested at this location. Insufficient information was provided as part of the EIR to determine if this recommended mitigation can be implemented. Preliminary

engineering drawings presenting the proposed mitigation will need to be provided and approved by the City prior to our acceptance of this proposed mitigation measure.

Response No. 4.48

The proposed mitigation for this intersection would not add two departure lanes, but rather provide two eastbound departure lanes on Floral Avenue, consisting of one through lane and one shared through/right-turn lane. A left turn lane is also proposed. Only one new lane is proposed.

Comment No. 4.49

On-street student parking, which impacts adjacent residential areas, is a major concern to both residents and the City. However, this problem is not anticipated to get much worse that it currently is. As more students park off-site the distance they have to walk increases proportionately making it less desirable than parking on the campus. Therefore, we expect student-parking intrusion into residential areas to remain relatively the same it currently is. Should residents find it increasingly difficult to find parking near their homes, the City can expand the permit areas as needed.

Forecasts of future student parking demand, was based solely on parking counts of on-site parking facilities. Expansion of enrollment will have a greater impact to on-site parking facilities than was forecast since off-site parking is nearly exhausted. As the distance of available parking increases and should the residential permit parking area be expanded more students will be parking on campus. Therefore, the forecast on-site student parking demand is too low.

Although the forecast on-site parking demand is too low, the proposed project indicates, upon completion, it will provide a total of 5,336 on-site surface and structural spaces, which should meet the anticipated student, faculty and visitor parking demands.

Nearby commercial uses have complained about students utilizing their parking lots and making it difficult for customers to find parking. Some of them have hired additional security personnel to try to keep college students from taking valuable customer parking. These developments have complained to the City that they are losing revenue because their customers can't find parking. Student parking intrusion into commercial areas needs to be stopped. It is suggested that the college adopt a program to educate students on where they can and cannot park and that campus security assist the local businesses in preventing their parking from being used by students.

Response No. 4.49

The parking surveys were conducted in late 1998, and reasonably represent current parking conditions at the Campus. Parking utilization was determined on a "per student" basis for the existing enrollment at that time. Enrollment has not increased substantially since the surveys, and while "per student" on-campus parking utilization may increase slightly with enrollment increases due to the lack of additional off-campus parking, the EIR estimates of future parking demand are considered reasonable.

As an example, even if all anticipated 4,675 nighttime students (the peak proposed enrollment increase period) were to drive and park on-campus, assuming a typical average vehicle occupancy (AVO) of 1.2, a total of 3,896 new spaces would be needed. Combined with the existing parking demand of 748 student and 143 faculty/staff spaces during that time yields a total demand of 4,787 spaces. The Master Plan project proposes to provide a total of approximately 5,336 Spaces. Therefore, more than sufficient parking is proposed, and parking is not anticipated to be a problem. Additionally, due to the amount of on-campus parking provided, off campus parking overflow is not expected to increase dramatically from existing levels, and therefore, no inventory of current off-campus parking is necessary.

Comment No. 4.50

The plan doesn't provide a phasing plan stating when these parking spaces will be added or how parking will be provided during construction. A phasing program should be developed and integrated into the master plan document.

Response No. 4.50

The new parking facilities are scheduled for construction under the following phasing plan:

1,350-space structure (with raised tennis courts)	2002
300-space parking structure	2006
2,200-space parking structure	2007
1,000-space parking structure	2008

As indicated by the above schedule, most of the parking facilities will be constructed independently, minimizing the effects of any necessary parking displacement. Additionally, as each structure is completed, the campus will provide more parking to accommodate any temporary relocations due to construction activity. It is beyond the scope of this document to prepare such plans at this stage of the project, however, the following mitigation measure shall be included and designated as T6.

Prior to construction of the proposed parking facilities, a detailed construction program, including construction traffic and parking, and campus parking relocation (if necessary), will be prepared. This plan will be submitted for approval to the City of Monterey Park.

Comment No. 4.51

In regards to the Weingart Stadium improvements:

From the information presented in the DEIR it appears that their analysis was based on the weekday peak hour traffic information utilized in the main body of the traffic section. It should be noted that Monterey Park frequently experiences heavier traffic volumes on weekends than on weekdays. This is due, in large part, to the ethnic shopping opportunities throughout town. If peak stadium activities are expected to occur on weekends then weekend traffic counts should be collected and used for the analysis. If not, weekday peak hour impacts must be recalculated to account for stadium activities.

Other issues that need to be addressed include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Numerous police officers are needed to direct traffic when events are held at the stadium since traffic capacity of surrounding intersections is pushed to the point of "grid lock". We realize that streets can't be designed to accommodate the demand from a major event at the stadium however; traffic control measures must be incorporated in the plan to handle this demand.
- 2. During stadium events the City receives a multitude of complaints from area residents, which include;
 - a. Traffic is so heavy they can't get to or from their homes.
 - b. I came home and have no place to park.
 - c. Their driveways are blocked and they can't get in or out.
 - d. Strangers are parked in their driveway.
 - e. Trash is littering their street and yard.

- f. People are drunk and yelling in front of their home.
- g. Fights are breaking out in front of their homes.

The DEIR made reference to a Special Event Parking and Access Management Program, which could reduce potential impacts to a less-than-significant level. That program should be included in the EIR and available for review.

Response No. 4.51

The analysis of impacts resulting from the proposed expansion of Weingart Stadium were based on supplemental traffic counts taken during the weekday post-PM peak hours (6:00 P.M. to 8:00 P.M.) and during the Saturday period of stadium activities (4:00 P.M. to 7:00 P.M.). These times were chosen following a review of the stadium's use schedule.

The stadium expansion analysis examined typical activities at the stadium, including a women's soccer game on Friday evening, and a men's football game on Saturday indicated that no specific attendance figures for the surveyed activities indicated that no specific attendance figures are kept. Estimates of attendance furnished by the College are approximately 120 to 150 attendees at the soccer game, and 400 to 500 attendees at the football game.

No historical data is available from the College regarding stadium attendance, since such records are not kept. However, discussions with College staff indicated that the activities surveyed are typical of stadium use. In the past, the stadium had been rented to Garfield and Roosevelt High Schools for football games, with attendance at these activities reported to be approximately 1,500 people. No such games were played at the stadium last year.

For typical stadium use, the stadium expansion analysis assumed the same level of activity and use for the expanded stadium. Trip generation estimates obtained from the new counts were factored upward by 50 percent to estimate the effects of the increase in stadium seating capacity from 20,000 to 30,000 seats.

For major events, because historical use of the stadium does not include maximum capacity, it is unlikely that such impacts would occur. However, should the stadium reach capacity mitigation has been provided to accommodate such event (See new Mitigation Measure T8). Further, such analysis was not conducted as CEQA guidelines require the project analysis to examine the foreseeable utilization of the stadium.

The discussion entitled "Weingart Stadium Expansion" will be replaced with the following text:

A supplemental traffic analysis was prepared by Kaku Associates, Inc. on November 6, 2000 to address potential impacts of expansion. The utilization of the stadium is essentially a "special event" at the campus, and generally occurs during Friday evenings and weekend afternoon/evenings, when the typical traffic flow patterns and volumes on the surrounding street system are not likely to be critically affected by additional traffic.

Traffic impacts of the stadium expansion were examined at the two intersections most likely to be affected, Avenida Cesar Chavez/Bleakwood Avenue, and Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue. Intersection traffic counts were conducted on Friday, September 29 between 6:00 P.M. and 8:00 P.M., and on Saturday, September 30 between 4:00 P.M. and 7:00 P.M.

In addition, potential traffic impacts were examined on six street segments along the access routes to and from the stadium. Traffic counts were conducted from midnight Thursday, September 29th through midnight Saturday, September 30th. The street segments analyzed are listed below:

- · Bleakwood Avenue, north of Avalanche Way
- · Bleakwood Avenue, south of Avalanche Way
- · Avenida Cesar Chavez, east of Bleakwood Avenue
- · Avenida Cesar Chavez, west of Bleakwood Avenue
- · Floral Drive, east of Avalanche Way
- · Floral Drive, west of Bleakwood Avenue

Analysis of the identified intersections determined that additional traffic on the two analyzed intersections would not result in an impact. This is primarily due to the lower traffic volumes during the stadium utilization times as compared to the more critical peak hours examined in the Master Plan EIR traffic study. These intersections are projected to operate at their current level of service of LOS A for Avenida Cesar Chavez /Bleakwood Avenue and LOS B for Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue.

It is estimated that the proposed stadium expansion would result in an additional 840 net new trips along Avenida Cesar Chavez and Floral Drive on Friday afternoon/evenings. An additional 1,022 net new trips would result on Saturdays. According to the analysis of the street segments, the addition of the proposed project traffic would result in an increase typically less than five percent in daily traffic on all of the street segments analyzed, and is not expected to cause a significant impact.

Analysis included assessment of potential access and parking related impacts on residential properties located along Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive. It has been determined that with the construction of 3,506 new on-campus parking spaces as proposed in the Master Plan, there would be sufficient parking to accommodate the expected increase in stadium capacity. However, it is recognized that impact on residential access and on-street parking may still occur. A Special Event Traffic Management, Parking and Access Management Program would be implemented to ensure that no "overflow" parking impacts occur.

Mitigation Measure T8 shall now read as follows:

Wonterey Park, implement a Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program for major events (10,000 people or greater). Specifics of this program should be finalized based on actual scheduled events and anticipated attendance. This program shall include a traffic management plan which shall be developed in coordination with the City of Monterey Park Police Department and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for major events. This plan shall include directional signage to ensure efficient traffic flow and traffic control officers to minimize delays.

Such a Program could include, but not be limited to, the following elements:

- A traffic control plan, including traffic control officers at campus access points, to direct and control traffic during peak arrival and departure times for stadium events.
- Information services to educate attendees about recommended access routes and parking locations. Such a service could supply maps or other information along with ticket sales and signage.
- Enhanced enforcement of off-site parking violations, to address nearby resident's concerns about increased traffic and parking demands during events. (Note: the future provision of substantial additional on-campus parking is expected to reduce or eliminate these concerns).
- If necessary, during events with expected high attendance, satellite parking areas should be identified. However, the current level of stadium usage would not suggest the need for this measure on a regular basis.

- Provisions of special event and school parking separation (designated school parking areas).
- Provisions for alternative parking for attendees should on campus parking become full.
- Use of tandem, or stacked parking on campus lots and/or turf parking to handle overflow during large stadium events.

Comment No. 4.52

1. Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive calculates to LOS "E" during the PM peak hour but in actuality operates significantly worse than that. A delay analysis should be performed for this intersection, which will present a more accurate representation of the actual operating conditions.

Response No. 4.52

See Response No. 4.47.

Comment No. 4.53

2. There doesn't appear to be room to add the two eastbound departure lanes suggested at the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive. Insufficient information was provided as part of the EIR to determine if this recommended mitigation can be implemented. Preliminary engineering drawings presenting the proposed mitigation will need to be provided and approved by the City prior to our acceptance of this proposed mitigation measure.

Response No. 4.53

See Response No. 4.48.

Comment No. 4.54

3. Nearby commercial uses have complained about students utilizing their parking lots and making it difficult for customers to find parking. It is suggested that the college adopt a program to educate students on where they can and cannot park and that campus security assist the local businesses in preventing their parking from being used by the students.

Response No. 4.54

Comment Noted.

Comment No. 4.55

4. The plan doesn't provide a phasing plan stating when the additional surface and structured parking spaces will be added or how parking will be provided during construction. A phasing program should be developed and integrated into the master plan document.

Response No. 4.55

See Response No. 4.50.

Comment No. 4.56

5. If peak stadium activities are expected to occur on weekends then weekend traffic counts should be collected and used for the analysis. If not, weekday peak hour impacts must be recalculated to account for stadium activities.

Response No. 4.56

See Response No. 4.51.

Comment No. 4.57

6. The EIR made reference to a Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program, which could reduce potential impacts to a less-than-significant level. That program should be included in the EIR and available for review.

Response No. 4.57

See Response No. 4.51.

Comment No. 4.58

7. On page 13, "Avenida Cesar Chavez, east of Bleakwood Avenue" is listed twice, shouldn't the second one be Avenida Cesar Chavez, west of Bleakwood Avenue?

Response No. 4.58

The bulleted list on page 4.9-12, fourth bullet, shall be corrected to read"...west of Bleakwood Avenue."

Comment No. 4.59

On page 13, first paragraph following the bulleted intersections (last sentence) should be corrected to state the following; "These intersections would continue to operate at their current level of service of LOS A for Avenida Cesar Chavez/Bleakwood Avenue and LOS C for Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue."

Response No. 4.59

The text in the DEIR indicating level of service B is correct.

Comment No. 4.60

Pages 4.9-1 & 4.9-6: The document needs to be more descriptive and explain the base parameters from which anticipated traffic is increased upon.

Response No. 4.60

This discussion can be found in section 6.0 Cumulative and Long-Term Effects under the heading 6.1 Cumulative Effects.

Comment No. 4.61

Page 4.9-5: The 1998 parking utilization study is outdated and needs to be replaced with more current data. The parking use analysis should also address on-street use.

Response No. 4.61

See Response No. 4.49.

Comment No. 4.62

Page 4.9-9: The intersection of Atlantic Boulevard and Pomona Boulevard should be evaluated as a potentially impacted intersection. There continues to be recognized congestion level at the proximity of this intersection.

Response No. 4.62

In scoping meetings with the City of Monterey Park, the intersection of Atlantic Boulevard and Pomona Boulevard was not identified as a requested study intersection. Further, examination of the project's impacts do not indicate any significant impacts to Atlantic Boulevard, including the SR-60 on and off-ramps north of Pomona Boulevard. While existing congestion at Atlantic Boulevard and Pomona Boulevard is of concern to the City, the traffic study indicates that potential project impacts at this location would not be anticipated, and no further analyses are warranted.

Comment No. 4.63

Page 4.9-11: The fourth paragraph acknowledges the potential impact on public streets because on-site parking is not completely used. This has raised local problems in the past and will likely expand with the growth of enrollment. This aspect needs to be thoroughly analyzed with a parking study.

Response No. 4.63

See Response No. 4.49.

Comment No. 4.64

Pages 4.9-12 and 4.9-13: The analysis projects net new trips as a result of the stadium expansion, however, does not identify how the figures are generated according to the type of activity that would occur at the stadium. Mitigation Measure T2 identifies an improvement that exists, therefore lending to reiterate that the analysis needs updates. Mitigation Measure T5 needs correction for consistency with summary on Page 2-7.

The following are comments and/or concerns relative to the supplemental traffic study.

There are basic flaws in the methodology used in calculating demand for the stadium.

- 1. The study counted the traffic on non-event days and event days and estimated stadium traffic based on the difference between the counts. Then they increased that by a factor of 50 percent to account for the same percentage increase in stadium seating.
- 2. The study didn't indicate how many of the 20,000 seats were occupied for each event surveyed.
- 3. The forecast of additional trips generated by the 10,000-seat expansion is way too low based on past experiences when stadium occupancy was very high. Capacity crowds should be used in all calculations.
- 4. Intersection Capacity Utilization was based on the traffic extrapolated from item #1 above and indicates that Level of Service will be very high. With a capacity crowd this couldn't happen.

An acceptable methodology would include the following:

- 1. The traffic counts taken on event and non-event days are acceptable.
- 2. A survey of vehicles parked prior to, during and after the event should be made.
- 3. Observations of vehicle occupancy for patrons destined for the stadium should be recorded.
- 4. Calculate traffic generation rates based on trips per occupied seat.
- 5. Calculate parking demand rates per occupied seat.
- 6. Determine traffic impacts to surrounding streets by adding traffic generation for a full stadium to the future traffic volumes presented in the Master Plan EIR.

Determine Parking Demand based on the above mentioned calculated parking demand rates and apply them to a capacity crowd.

Response No. 4.64

See Response Nos. 4.12, 4.51 and 4.65. Mitigation Measure T5 is now T4 and has been changed for consistency.

Comment No. 4. 65

1. The Police Department also reiterates the anticipated lack of parking to accommodate the Stadium use. Based upon a maximum attendance of 30,000 and plans for approximately 4,700 parking spaces available, the occupants per vehicle ration would equate to 6.38, which seems high.

Response No. 4.65

Based on historical data provided by the college, use of the stadium at full capacity (30,000 attendees) is unlikely and would be infrequent if it were to occur. In the event this level of activity were to occur mitigation has been provided. (See Mitigation Measures T8 and the addition of Mitigation Measure T9).

Upon completion of the proposed parking structures 5,336 spaces will be available on campus. Of the 30,000 attendees, approximately 20% would be expected to arrive by alternative modes of transportation (i.e., public transportation, drop-offs, walking, or biking (including motorized)) or are expected to be already on campus for educational purposes. Thus, 24,000 attendees are expected to utilize available parking. At 3.5 occupants per vehicle a total of 6,857 spaces would be required therefore, there would be a shortfall of 1,521 spaces or more (including parking set-aside for classes). This shortfall could be accommodated in several ways. The college, through mitigation, may make provisions for stacked or tandem parking at on-campus parking lots, provide for turf parking (on athletic fields or other open space areas) and/or provide for off-site parking with shuttle service. Parking issues will be addressed in detail in the Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Plan.

Upon completion of stadium improvements, provisions shall be made for off-site parking and shuttle service as needed to handle parking overflow during special events at the Weingart Stadium.

Comment No. 4.66

2. With the Sheriff's Department providing campus police services/security, the service levels are unknown to determine adequacy for providing traffic control and campus security for the increased numbers of people and vehicles to the college.

Response No. 4.66

See Response No. 4.15

Comment No. 4.67

3. Any future mitigation that may be resolved with use of the Monterey Park Police Department is subject to negotiation on levels of service and compensation.

Response No. 4.67

Comment Noted.

Comment No. 4.68

Page 5-2: Under Alternative 2, there should be expanded discussion to analyze the possible increased use of satellite facilities as a viable alternative.

Response No. 4.68

The use of satellite facilities does not fully address the quality of education mission that the school outreach component strives to achieve. Use of satellite facilities are primarily intended as outreach and thus does not allow for a full range of educational capacities.

Comment No. 4.69

Page 6-3: Some of the contents of the table is outdated and should be considered for updates. The college exhibits a regional draw; therefore, the analysis should have likely included more projects in East Los Angeles and Montebello.

Response No. 4.69

The City of Monterey Park as well as surrounding cities were consulted in formulating the related projects table. Only those project within up to approximately a two-mile radius were discussed. Although it is recognized that the college exhibits a regional draw the impact of the ELAC Facility Master Plan would not have a regional impact. Thus, the contents of the table represents what was current and appropriate at the time of the analysis.

The cumulative impact analysis was designed to address impacts of the related projects where projects are located as to have a combined effect. No cumulative regional analysis because sufficiently dissipated.

10.0 CORRECTIONS AND ADDITIONS

As outlined is Section 9.0 Response to Comments from Persons and Organizations Consulted, issues raised by public comments warranted clarification or correction of certain statements in the Draft EIR. This section provides any such corrections or clarifications as required by Section 15132 of the CEQA Guidelines in a sequence consistent with the organization of the Draft EIR. None of the Corrections and Additions constitutes significant new information or substantial project changes as defined by Section 15088.5 of the CEQA Guidelines.

1. Page 2-1, Insert the following text to section 2.0 Summary, Summary of Project Description, at the end of the first paragraph.

Current enrollment of 17,197 students was as of the Fall 2000 headcount. This figure includes students enrolled in Non-credit and Credit programs, as well as the community services program (extension courses for personal development, leisure and recreation). This figure does not include enrollment at satellite locations (off-campus locations).

- 2. Page 2-6, In section 2.0 Summary, Table 2-1, change "Fire Access" to Fire Services"
- **3.** Page 3-12, The revised text in section 3.0 Project Description, under "Surrounding Land Uses" shall read:

Multi-family residential units are located to the north of the ELAC campus on Floral Drive. Single-family units are located along the west and south side of the campus on Bleakwood Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez. Robert Hill Lane Elementary School is situated on the south side of Avenida Cesar Chavez, across the street from the ELAC campus. Four shopping centers are located to the east of the campus off of Collegian Avenue. The Prado Center is located on the north side of Avenida Cesar Chavez, the Atlantic Square Shopping Center is located east of Atlantic Boulevard and the Monterey Galleria is located north of Floral Drive (See **Figures 3-10** through **3-12**). A fast food restaurant is located on the corner of Avenida Cesar Chavez and Collegian Avenue and a gas station is located to the east of the fast food restaurant

4. Page 3-22, **Table 3-2** shall be revised as follows:

TABLE 3-2: TENTATIVE PROJECT CONSTRUCTION PHASING							
	Gross	Net Added	Estimated Year				
Phase 1							
Technology Center	98,065	40,253	2001				
1,350-Car Parking Structure (with raised tennis courts)	380,000	N/A	2002				
Comprehensive Fitness Center and Modernization of Swim Stadium	N/A	N/A	2002				
Air-Conditioning and Infrastructure Upgrade	N/A	N/A	2002				
Phase 2							
Performing and Fine Arts Center	119,270	58,637	2003				
Volleyball Courts, Practice Football and Soccer Fields	N/A	N/A	2003				

TABLE 3-2: TENTATIVE PROJECT CONSTRUCTION PHASING						
	Gross	Net Added	Estimated Year			
Student Services and Administration Building	68,500	62,590	2005			
Phase 3						
Women's Gymnasium Remodel	N/A	N/A	2006			
300-Car Parking Structure	120,000	N/A	2006			
Humanities Center	110,000	95,700	2006			
Phase 4						
New Women's Athletic Field	N/A	N/A	2006			
2,200-Car Parking Structure	880,000	N/A	2007			
New Plant/Storage Facilities	40,000	29,116	2007			
Modernization of Weingart Stadium	40,000	N/A	2007			
Language Arts and Health Care Careers	78,000	67,149	2008			
1,000-Car Parking Structure	400,000	N/A	2008			
Rotate Baseball Field	N/A	N/A	2008			
Phase 5						
Remodel Student Center (International Student Center)	N/A	N/A	2008			
Landscaping and Lighting	N/A	N/A	2008			
Math and Science Complex	140,000	79,704	2010			
Removal of Bungalows	N/A	N/A	Ongoing			
Total Square Footage	2,473,835	433,149				
SOURCE: TDM Architects.			Va u v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v			

5. Page 4.6-1, the second sentence in the second paragraph under "Existing Environmental Settings" shall be revised to read:

Single-family residential units are located to the west with single-family and multi-family residential units located to the south of the campus.

6. Page 4.6-5, Table 4.6-1, Policy 3.27 shall be changed to show that this project is consistent with this policy.

Change discussion for this policy to read as follows:

The proposed project involves the renovation and addition to an existing educational facility and is undertaken to meet an increasing demand for educational opportunities.

7. Page 4.6-6, Table 4.6-1, Policy 11.07 shall be revised to read:

The feasibility of using reclaimed water for the landscaped and open space areas of the project site will be examined and utilized where possible.

8. Page 4.7-11, section 4.7 Noise, first paragraph, fifth sentence shall be changed to read:

In addition, there has not been any awareness of any incidences that would require the City to enforce the Noise Ordinance on events at the Weingart Stadium.

9. Page 4.7-15, section 4.7 Noise, under Operational Impact, first sentence shall be changed to read:

Although noise levels generated at the Weingart Stadium for school events would not be subjected to the City Noise Ordinance, a crowd that exceed approximately 20,000 people would increase sound levels by over three decibels at nearby sensitive receptor locations.

10. Page 4.8-3, add the following text to the Environmental Impact section for section 4.8 Public Services, Fire Protection:

The total number of calls for fire service within the City of Monterey Park for 1999 was 3,460 and was projected to increase to 3,636 calls for the year 2000. Calls to the ELAC campus for the year 2000 constituted less than 1 percent of projected total (35 calls to the ELAC campus were recorded). A breakdown of the calls by type show that 29 calls were for emergency medical service, 1 for public assistance (non-emergency call), and 5 were cancelled prior to arrival. With campus enrollment anticipated to rise by 45% by the year 2010, the additional 7,803 new students would theoretically result in an additional 16 calls by the year 2010 for a total of 51 calls (45% increase in call volume from the campus). The addition of sixteen calls to the total calls to campus with full buildout of the Master Plan is not considered to be a significant impact.

It is recognized that conditions within the City of Monterey Park that would have an affect on the need for fire service over the next nine years cannot be accurately determined. However, it is likely that the additional calls for service to the ELAC campus would continue to constitute approximately 1 percent of the total calls for service. This can be seen due to the expected increase in the population of Monterey Park by the year 2010 which is projected to rise to approximately 77,125 per Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) projections. The current population of Monterey Park is 63,957 which will constitute a 20% rise in population. Assuming that calls for fire service rise in proportion to the population approximately 3,856 calls for service can be expected by year 2010. Thus, calls for service to the ELAC campus would remain at 1% of total calls. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in a significant impact on fire service as no need for additional facilities or resources will be required due to implementation of the ELAC Facilities Master Plan.

Fire hazards are anticipated to be reduced as the old uses on campus will be replaced with new facilities which will comply with current fire codes. Further, access to and from the campus will remain unobstructed.

Prior to the construction of new facilities on the ELAC campus, individual projects must undergo Plan Review and would be subject to the Monterey Park Fire Department (MPFD) permit process to document the use and storage of hazardous materials, if any. Information such as the type and amount of materials to be stored will be required. The new facilities will be required to undergo annual inspection by the MPFD.

It is not anticipated that the net addition of 433,149 square feet of space would result in the need for the provision of new fire service or facilities. The Master Plan proposes to replace existing facilities with upgraded facilities.

11. Page 4.8-3, Replace the existing "Environmental Setting" under Police Protection with the following text:

ELAC Security

Security for the Los Angeles Community College District, as of January 2001, is being provided by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. Jurisdiction is within the college campus boundary. Based on a site analysis conducted during a Phase 2 study, current security needs on campus was determined. One sergeant, two Bonus-I deputies and 13 armed Los Angeles County Security Officers have been assigned to the campus.

Crime statistics for the ELAC campus was provided for 1999 year (Year 2000 statistics unavailable). Campus offenses consisted primarily of theft and vehicular burglary. There were four incidents of felony assault and one rape. Other offenses included 31 traffic and 4,438 parking citations. The total number of arrests made for the year was 12.

Monterey Park Police Department

For security issues outside the purview of campus security, the Monterey Park Police Department (MPPD) received approximately 109 calls to the ELAC campus in the year 2000 (while under the operation of the College District Security personnel). A majority of the calls ranged from medical calls (assistance to Monterey Park Fire Department emergency medical personnel) through vehicle code violations. Campus offenses also included vehicular burglary.

- Page 4.8-4, section 4.8 Public Services, Police Protection, Environmental Setting section, first paragraph, third sentence shall be revised to reflect 82 sworn officers.
- Page 4.8-4, section 4.8 Public Services, Police Protection, the following text shall replace the text under the Environmental Impact section:

Future security needs for the campus will be evaluated by the L.A. County Sheriff Department in coordination with the Monterey Park Police Department. For existing needs, 17 officers have been determined to be appropriate based on a study done in coordination the MPPD.

As to impacts to the Monterey Park Police Department, currently, the calls for service to the campus were less than 0.01 percent of the total calls received by the department for the year 2000. Using the assumption that if enrollment increases approximately 45% and crime levels on campus rise proportionately, the MPPD is estimated to receive an additional 50 calls per year by year 2010 (for a total of 159 calls). Thus, calls for service would remain less than 1 percent.

Considering all available information, it is highly unlikely that crime levels on campus would rise significantly such that additional police facilities or resources would be required to handle security issues on campus. Because existing calls to the campus constitute a negligible impact when compared to calls as a whole to the MPPD and security needs are now being evaluated and handled by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department a less than significant impact is expected to occur.

14. Page 4.10-3, section 4.10 Utilities, Solid Waste, Environmental Impact, Replace the last paragraph with the following text:

According to a conversation with Richard Pothier, Facilities Manager, the campus has an informal recycling program. The campus is planning to implement a formal Waste Management Plan by Summer 2001. Currently, approximately 36% of waste on the ELAC campus is diverted for recycling purposes. With the implementation of this program a recycling waste diversion rate of 41% is estimated for the year 2002. The

college plans to attain a 50% diversion goal by year 2004. All waste reduction activities are taken in coordination with the California Integrated Waste Management Board and to meet the requirements of the State Agency Model Integrated Waste Management Plan. All new development on the campus would be subject to the Waste Management Plan developed for the campus.

15. Page 4.9-12, section 4.9 Transportation and Traffic, discussion entitled "Weingart Stadium Expansion" will be replaced with the following text:

A supplemental traffic analysis was prepared by Kaku Associates, Inc. on November 6, 2000 to address potential impacts of expansion. The utilization of the stadium is essentially a "special event" at the campus, and generally occurs during Friday evenings and weekend afternoon/evenings, when the typical traffic flow patterns and volumes on the surrounding street system are not likely to be critically affected by additional traffic.

Traffic impacts of the stadium expansion were examined at the two intersections most likely to be affected, Avenida Cesar Chavez/Bleakwood Avenue, and Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue. Intersection traffic counts were conducted on Friday, September 29 between 6:00P.M. and 8:00 P.M., and on Saturday, September 30 between 4:00P.M. and 7:00 P.M.

In addition, potential traffic impacts were examined on six street segments along the access routes to and from the stadium. Traffic counts were conducted from midnight Thursday, September 29th through midnight Saturday, September 30th. The street segments analyzed are listed below:

- 1. Bleakwood Avenue, north of Avalanche Way
- 2. Bleakwood Avenue, south of Avalanche Way
- 3. Avenida Cesar Chavez, east of Bleakwood Avenue
- 4. Avenida Cesar Chavez, west of Bleakwood Avenue
- 5. Floral Drive, east of Avalanche Way
- 6. Floral Drive, west of Bleakwood Avenue

Analysis of the identified intersections determined that additional traffic on the two analyzed intersections would not result in an impact. This is primarily due to the lower traffic volumes during the stadium utilization times as compared to the more critical peak hours examined in the Master Plan EIR traffic study. These intersections are projected to operate at their current level of service of LOS A for Avenida Cesar Chavez/Bleakwood Avenue and LOS B for Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue.

It is estimated that the proposed stadium expansion would result in an additional 840 net new trips along Avenida Cesar Chavez and Floral Drive on Friday afternoon/evenings. An additional 1,022 net new trips would result on Saturdays. According to the analysis of the street segments, the addition of the proposed project traffic would result in an increase typically less than five percent in daily traffic on all of the street segments analyzed, and is not expected to cause a significant impact.

Analysis included assessment of potential access and parking related impacts on residential properties located along Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive. It has been determined that with the construction of 3,506 new on-campus parking spaces as proposed in the Master Plan, there would be sufficient parking to accommodate the expected increase in stadium capacity. However, it is recognized that impact on residential access and onstreet parking may still occur. A Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program would be implemented to ensure that no "overflow" parking impacts occur.

16. Page 4.9-12, section 4.9 Transportation and Traffic, bulleted list, fourth bullet, shall be corrected to read"...west of Bleakwood Avenue."

17. Page 4.10-4, section 4.10 Utilities, Environmental Setting, Solid Waste, add the following text:

California Integrated Waste Management Act, AB 939

As many of the landfills in the state were approaching capacity and siting of new landfills became increasingly difficult, the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 (IWMA) AB 939 was designed to focus on source reduction, recycling and composting, and environmentally safe landfilling and transformation activities. The Act required cities and counties to divert 25 percent of all solid waste from landfills and transformation facilities by 1995, and 50 percent by the year 2000. In an effort to assist in meeting the goals of AB 939 the campus is in the process of implementing a formal recycling program. Mitigation has been provided to ensure compliance. However, mitigation measures U3 and U4 have been revised to more specifically address the goals of AB 939.

MULTIPLE CORRECTIONS

18. Change All references of Cesar Chavez Avenue to Avenida Cesar Chavez in the following sections:

Section 4.2 Air Quality

Page 4.2-4, Table 4.2-2, third and fifth row

Page 4.2-7, last sentence of last paragraph

Page 4.2-8, Table 4.2-6, fifth row

Section 4.7 Noise

Page 4.7-8, Table 4.7-6, rows six and nine

Pages 4.7-13 and 4.7-14, Table 4.7-9, rows two, six, and nine

Section 4.9 Transportation and Traffic

Page 4.9-4, Table 4.9-3, rows five, eight, and nine

Page 4.9-9, Table 4.9-8, rows five, eight, and nine

19. All references to Lane Elementary School shall be corrected to Robert Hill Lane Elementary School. The requested change shall be made to the following:

Section 4.6 Land Use and Planning

Page 4.6-1, Existing Environmental Settings, second paragraph, second sentence

Section 4.7 Noise

Page 4.7-4, Sensitive Receptors, third sentence

Page 4.7-4, Existing Setting, second paragraph, second sentence

Page 4.7-4, Table 4.7-3, fifth row of data

Page 4.7-8, Environmental Impact, Table 4.7-6, second row of data

Page 4.7-10, Table 4.7.7, last row of data

Page 4.7-14, Impacts After Mitigation, Table 4.7-9, second row of data

Section 4.9 Transportation and Traffic

Page 4.9-11, heading that reads "Construction Related Impacts on Adjacent Lane Elementary School" shall now read "Construction Related Impacts on Adjacent Robert Hill Lane Elementary Schools"

MITIGATION MEASURES

Changes to Mitigation Measures shall be made in there respective sections and in section 2.0 Summary as follows:

- 20. Revise Mitigation Measures in section 4.1 Aesthetics as follows:
 - All high-intensity light standards associated with the tennis courts, athletic fields and/or stadium expansion shall be fitted with visors and glare control devices such that all light is focused on the fields, and glare and spillover light onto adjacent properties is minimized. Spillover and glare shall be routinely monitored and lights adjusted and/or repaired by ELAC to ensure that ELAC's contribution to ambient light levels outside of the school property shall not exceed 1 foot candle.
 - L2 Screening (i.e., trees, fencing, etc...) along the boundaries of the athletic fields, tennis courts (on parking structure), and parking structures (where appropriate) shall be used to diffuse glare and spillover light. Screening shall be of such height and density to intercept the line of sight between the light fixtures and adjacent residential properties.
 - L3 Parking Structures will be fitted with screens where appropriate to prevent vehicle headlight glare onto adjacent residential properties.
- 21. Remove Mitigation AQ1 through AQ12 and replace with the following Mitigation Measure:
 - AQ1 PM10 Abatement. Through construction contracts, ELAC shall ensure that best practices are employed to reduce the creation of inhaleable dust particles during the construction process. Abatement shall use measures consistent with SCAQMD Rule 403, including site wetting, covering of haul trucks and storage piles, and periodic street sweeping.
- 22. Mitigation Measures for Noise Related Impacts found in section 4.7 Noise are as follows:
 - N1 Construction activities (i.e., demolition, ground clearing, excavation, grading, laying of foundations, structural and finishing activities) shall be conducted between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.
 - N2 For schools within 500 feet of a major construction site on the ELAC campus, coordination must be undertaken with the appropriate school district to define mitigation measures to substantially reduce construction noise impacts. Such measures may include limiting hours of construction for noisy construction activities (i.e., excavation and finishing phases), limiting construction in certain site areas to hours when the school would not be affected, providing prior notification to the school of particularly noisy activities, substitution of electric powered versus combustion engine powered equipment, and the use of temporary shrouds or barriers may be considered
 - N3 Change the timing and/or sequence of the noisiest construction operations (i.e., excavation and finishing phases) to avoid sensitive times of the day.
 - N4 Use noise control devices, such as equipment mufflers, enclosures, and barriers.
 - N5 Adjacent residents shall be given notification of major construction activities and their duration. A sign, legible at a distance of 50 feet, shall be posted on the construction site

- identifying a telephone number where residents can inquire about the construction process and register complaints.
- N6 Construction occurring within 1,000 feet of the Child Development Center shall be limited to hours when the Child Development Center would not be affected. The Child Development Center shall be notified of particularly noisy activities.
- N7 Prior to implementation of improvements to the Weingart Stadium an acoustical noise analysis shall be conducted to determine the need or requirement for the construction of a sound wall to be located along the perimeter of the Weingart Stadium, behind the top of the bleachers, to achieve noise abatement within the vicinity of the stadium. The college shall implement the recommendations and findings of the acoustical analysis.
- N8 Events at Weingart Stadium should be limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on a weekday or weekend.
- N9 Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or school activities and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive load noises.
- N10 The use of compressed air horns and similar noise generating devices by spectators shall be prohibited. Signs shall be posted within and outside of the stadium indicating this restriction.
- N11 Parking structures shall be designed to reduce noise impacts on adjacent sensitive receptors by ensuing that the sides facing sensitive uses are enclosed, surfaces shall be chosen that will reduce tire squeal, and the implementation of a good neighbor signage program. Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or schools and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive loud noises, instructing drivers to disable alarms while parking on campus, prohibition against tailgating and a posted speed limit. All prohibitions shall be strictly enforced by on campus security.
- 23. Change mitigation measure PS2 to PS1 and revise and add new PS2:
 - PS1 ELAC shall implement security features (i.e., security cameras, improved lighting, maintenance of landscaping, and security phone system) as proposed in the Facility Master Plan.
 - PS2 ELAC shall design and implement a Special Event Security Plan, in coordination with the Monterey Park Police Department,. Issues addressed may include, but not be limited to: Security needs, emergency evacuation procedures, and money handling issues.
- 24. Mitigation Measures for section 4.9 Transportation and Traffic shall be replaced with the following:
 - T1 Install a traffic signal at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive.
 - At the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive, widen Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane, and a shared through/right-turn lane on eastbound approach. Restripe Floral Drive to provide two eastbound departure lanes.
 - The Project Manager or designee shall notify the LAUSD Transportation Branch, Caltrans, LACMTA, Montebello Transit and any other appropriate City or County Department, to the

- extent that they are affected, of the expected start and ending construction dates for the various portions of the project that may affect traffic through the areas.
- The contractors shall avoid staging trucks and equipment along streets in the area to facilitate the movement of buses during peak traffic hours.
- When possible, avoid heaviest construction traffic between the hours of 6:30 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. and between 3:30 p.m. and 4:30 p.m. to minimize delays to the arrivals and departures of buses.
- Prior to construction of the proposed parking facilities, a detailed construction program, including construction traffic and parking, and campus parking relocation (if necessary), will be prepared. This plan will be submitted for approval to the City of Monterey Park.
- To accommodate any additional need for parking during construction, temporary parking and shuttle bus service will be provided off-site as needed for those displaced parking spaces only.
- Upon completion of stadium improvements, the College shall, in coordination with the City of Monterey Park, implement a Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program for major events (10,000 people or greater). Specifics of this program should be finalized based on actual scheduled events and anticipated attendance. This program shall include a traffic management plan which shall be developed in coordination with the City of Monterey Park Police Department and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for major events. This plan shall include directional signage to ensure efficient traffic flow and traffic control officers to minimize delays.

Such a Program could include, but not limited to, the following elements:

- A traffic control plan, including traffic control officers at campus access points, to direct and control traffic during peak arrival and departure times for stadium events.
- Information services to educate attendees about recommended access routes and parking locations. Such a service could supply maps or other information along with ticket sales and signage.
- Enhanced enforcement of off-site parking violations, to address nearby resident's concerns about increased traffic and parking demands during events.
- If necessary during events with expected high attendance, satellite parking areas should be identified. However, the current level of stadium usage would not suggest the need for this measure on a regular basis.
- Provision of special event and school parking separation (designated school parking areas).
- Provisions for alternative parking for attendees, should on-campus parking become full.
- Use of tandem, or stacked parking on campus lots and/or turf parking to handle overflow during large stadium events.

- T9 Upon completion of stadium improvements, provisions shall be made for off-site parking and shuttle service as needed to handle parking overflow during special events at the Weingart Stadium.
- 25. Mitigation measures U3 and U4 shall now read as follows:
 - U3 A recycling program shall be designed and implemented to reduce the amount of solid waste going to landfills. This program shall promote the recycling of newspaper, glass bottles, aluminum, bimetal cans and P.E.T. bottles.
 - U4 Adequate recycling bins and chutes shall be provided at appropriate locations with sufficient access for recycling vehicles.

FIGURES

26. The following Figures have been revised and shall be replaced with a revised figure.

Figure 3-3, Existing Site Plan

Figure 3-10, Adjacent Land Uses

Figure 3-13, Proposed Site Plan

27. To show the phasing of the project insert Figures 3-14 through 3-18.

Figure 3-14, Phase 1

Figure 3-15, Phase 2

Figure 3-16, Phase 3

Figure 3-17, Phase 4

Figure 3-18, Phase 5

28. To accommodate the change listed under 27, existing Figures 3-14 and 3-15 shall be renumbered to be Figures 3-19 and 3-20.

Appendix A

NOTICE OF PREPARATION AND INITIAL STUDY

NOTICE OF PREPARATION OF A DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT FOR THE EAST LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Lead Agency:

Los Angeles Community College District

Contact:

William A. Dunn

Project Title:

East Los Angeles College Master Plan Environmental Impact Report

The Los Angeles Community College District is the Lead Agency for the preparation and review of a Draft Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the proposed East Los Angeles College Master Plan. In accordance with the procedures set forth in CEQA, an Initial Study has been completed and the District has determined that an EIR is required. This Notice of Preparation (NOP) has been prepared to solicit the views of interested persons and agencies as to the scope and content of the environmental information that is relevant to the agencies' statutory responsibilities in connection with the proposed. A summary of the location, project description and probable environmental effects are provided below.

How to Comment:

Due to the time limits mandated by state law, response to this NOP must be sent within 30 days of receipt of this notice. The written public comment period begins June 29, 2000 and extends through July 31, 2000. Please send written responses to: Attn: Holliday Wagner, PhD, Dean of Planning and Research, East Los Angeles College, Office of the President, 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez, Monterey Park, CA 91754.

The EIR is scheduled for availability September, 2000. At that time, a Notice of Availability will be issued to participating and interested parties for comment during the 45-day public comment period.

Additional copies of the Initial Study are available at the Office of the President at the above address or can be viewed at http://www.webtaha.com/ELAC_NOP. For further information e-mail Randi Cooper at ELAC_Master_Plan@webtaha.com or write to TAHA, 6083 Bristol Parkway, Suite 200, Culver City, CA, 90230.

Background:

The East Los Angeles College (ELAC) Facilities Master Plan was developed to meet the overall needs of students, the college community, and the general surrounding community. As the most populous and second oldest college within the Los Angeles Community College District, ELAC is experiencing continued and steady growth in student enrollment. As of the Fall 1999 Census Enrollment Data enrollment was at 17,197 students. In anticipation of further acceleration in college population growth due to demographic changes and student population increases at junior and high school levels, ELAC entered into the master planning process with a focused attempt at planning for anticipated build-out of the college. To meet forthcoming instructional program and student services needs, the college has established a priority list for new facilities that will allow for a comprehensive plan to meet overall college needs, student needs, and community needs.

Project Objective:

The overall goals of the proposed project (facility master plan for the East Los Angeles College (ELAC)) are drawn from discussions with the Master Plan Steering Committee, and with

participants from the administration, faculty, staff, students, representatives from governmental agencies, and the community. The following facility goals were developed from these meetings and reflect the participants' concern:

- To have an inviting and enjoyable college campus;
- To have a safe and friendly college campus; and
- To be a community landmark.

Further, the Master Plan will focus on better utilizing existing facilities, plan building projects designed to accommodate changes in curriculum and growth in student enrollment, and plan for a maximum student enrollment. This effort is undertaken with the desire to replace inefficient substandard buildings, handle anticipated growth in educational needs for a growing population and the need for modernization to make ELAC a desirable educational choice.

Project Location:

The 82 acre East Los Angeles College is located in the City of Monterey Park in Los Angeles County. The ELAC is 5 ½ miles east of downtown Los Angeles. Geographically, the ELAC is nestled at the base of two groups of hills, Repetto and Montebello, which cross from the northwest to the southeast of the six-mile area surrounding the college. The ELAC campus is bounded by Avenida Cesar Chavez to the south, Collegian Avenue to the east, Bleakwood Avenue to the west, and Floral Drive to the north. (See Figure 1-Regional Location)

Regional access to the ELAC is provided by the Pomona (SR-60) and Long Beach (I-710) Freeways. The Pomona Freeway runs in an east-west direction, approximately 0.25 miles south of the college. Access between the campus and the Pomona Freeway is obtained via ramps at Atlantic Boulevard. The Long Beach Freeway runs in a north-south direction, approximately one mile west of the campus. Access to the Long Beach Freeway is obtained via Floral Drive and Cesar Chavez Avenue.

The major streets serving the campus are Atlantic Boulevard, Eastern Avenue, and Garfield Avenue in the north-south direction, and Avenida Cesar Chavez in the east-west direction.

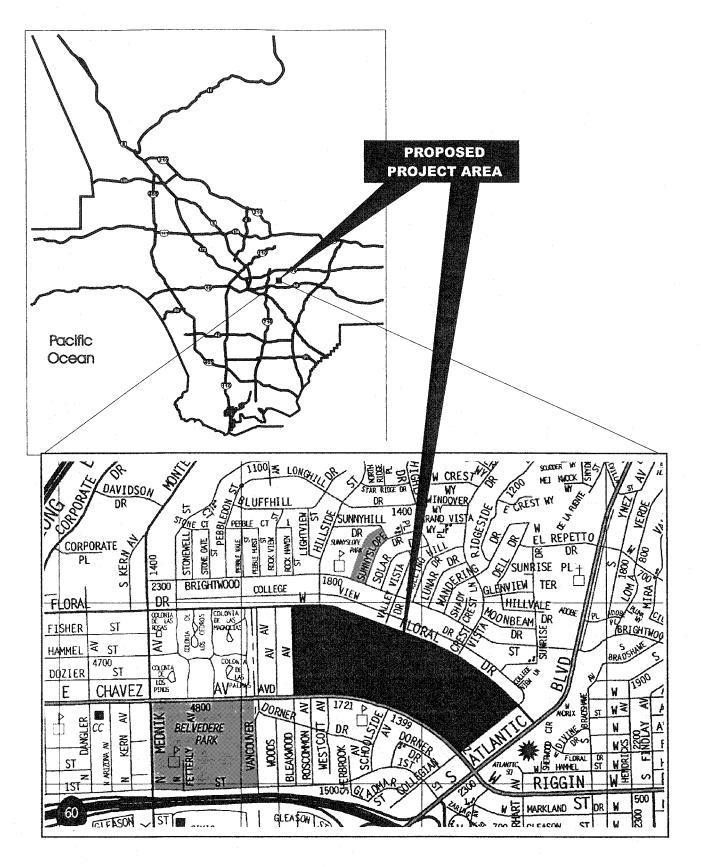
The main access to the campus is off of Avenida Cesar Chavez at Access Road. The primary access point to the main student parking facility, the Stadium Lot, is off of Avalanche Way via Floral Drive and Bleakwood Avenue. Secondary access to the campus is provided by Floral Drive.

Project Description:

In order to meet the increasing demand for classroom space and facilities, to improve the aesthetic character of East Los Angeles College, and to handle safety issues through the demolition of old and deteriorating bungalows; ELAC is undertaking the preparation of a Facilities Master Plan. This plan is designed to deal with the physical improvements to the campus. Anticipated buildout would permit an increase from current enrollment of 17,197 students. The Master Plan will be designed to allow for development of the facilities which would permit a capacity of 25,000 students. This will allow for an approximately 45% increase in enrollment.

Elements of the master plan include:

- Addition to and remodel of three existing buildings to increase capacity and full utilization of those buildings (Administration Building, Student Services, International Student Center).
- Expansion and remodel of the Weingart Stadium. Capacity of the stadium will be increased by 47% from 20,400 to 30,000 seats. In addition, the field will be expanded to be





SOURCE: Terry A. Hayes Associates/Thomas Bros. Maps



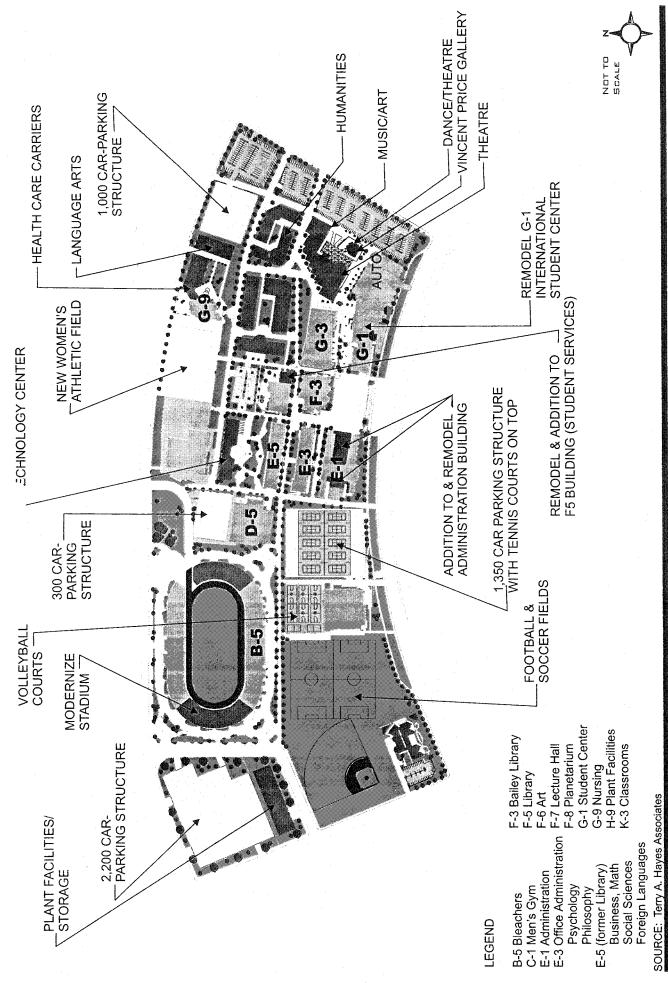
designated as an international size soccer field. This will allow for the goal of increasing the use of the stadium.

- Development of a Performing and Fine Arts Center which will include a gallery and exhibition space and a theater.
- Development of a Technology Center
- Construction of a Humanities Building
- Construction of new Math and Science Complex
- Construction of 4 parking structures to accommodate 4850 parking spaces. One of the structures will be designed with 10 tennis courts on the top level. Net parking will increase by 3,512 additional spaces.
- Improved and additional recreational fields and outdoor courts (New Women's Athletic Field, football and soccer fields, and volleyball courts)
- Language Arts Building
- Health Care Building
- New Plant/Storage Facilities

Improvements contemplated in the Master Plan will add approximately 457,161 square feet of space to the ELAC facilities. The master plan will also include plans for air conditioning and infrastructure upgrade and landscaping. Infrastructure improvements include increasing electrical power, improving data lines and other infrastructure needed for a local area network for the campus. Other physical improvements include signage and lighting, fire safety and security. (See Figure 2-Site Plan)

Potential Environmental Effects:

Potential environmental effects to be addressed in the Environmental Impact Report for the Master Plan will include traffic, parking, traffic related air quality, stadium and traffic related noise, impact on police service related to increased enrollment, fire access, utilities capacity due to increased enrollment, hazards related to removal of buildings, historic resources related to removal of buildings, archeological sensitivity for undeveloped areas, visual Impacts on adjacent residences, and land use compatibility. The impacts will be evaluated both for the construction period and operation. Measures to mitigate significant adverse impacts will also be addressed.



| East Los Angeles College Facilities | Master Plan EIR

COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

CEQA ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM

1. Project Title: East Los Angeles College Master Plan Environmental Impact Report

2. Lead Agency Name and Address: Los Angeles Community College District

770 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, CA 90017

3. Contact Person and Phone Number: William A. Dunn, (213) 891-2480

4. Project Location: 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez, Monterey Park, CA 91754.

5. Project Sponsor's Name and

Address:

Ernest Moreno, President East Los Angeles College 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez Monterey Park, CA 91754.

6. General Plan Designation: Residential 7. Zoning: R-1

8. Description of Project: (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation.

The East Los Angeles College (ELAC) Facilities Master Plan was developed to meet the overall needs of students, the college community, and the general surrounding community. As the most populous and second oldest college within the Los Angeles Community College District, ELAC is experiencing continued and steady growth in student enrollment. In anticipation of further acceleration in college population growth due to demographic changes and student population increases at junior and high school levels, ELAC entered into the master planning process with a focused attempt at planning for expansion of the college. To meet forthcoming instructional program and student services needs, the college has established a priority list for new facilities that will allow for a comprehensive plan to meet overall college needs, student needs, and community needs.

The Master Plan will be designed to allow for development of facilities which would permit a capacity of 25,000 students (current enrollment is approximately 17,197). Elements to be analyzed include addition to and remodel of 3 existing facilities, construction of up to 9 new buildings, 4 new parking structures, improved and additional recreational fields and outdoor courts as well as the modernization of the Weingart Stadium to include addition of 9,600 seats (total project will add approximately 476,300 net additional gross sq. ft. and approximately 3,512 additional parking spaces).

9. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting: Briefly describe the project's surroundings:

The East Los Angeles Community College is located in the City of Monterey Park in Los Angeles County. The ELAC is 5 ½ miles east of downtown Los Angeles. The ELAC campus is bounded by Avenida Cesar Chavez to the south, Collegian Avenue to the east, Bleakwood Avenue to the west, and Floral Drive to the north.

Adjacent uses to the ELAC campus includes single-family housing to the south and west side of the campus, multi-family housing north of the campus, an elementary school across from the project site to the south and commercial uses to the east.

10. Other Public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.)

California Community Colleges Chancellors Office County of Los Angeles, Public Works Department City of Monterey Park

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

William A. Dunn
Printed Name

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Χ	Aesthetics		Agricultural Resources	Х	Air Quality			
	Biological Resources	Χ	Cultural Resources		Geology/Soils			
Х	Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Hydrology/Water Quality		Land Use/Planning			
	Mineral Resources	Χ	Noise		Population/Housing			
Χ	Public Services		Recreation	Х	Transportation/Traffic			
Х	Utilities/Service Systems	Х	Mandatory Findings of Significance					
DET	ERMINATION: (To be complete	ed by	/ the Lead Agency.)					
On t	ne basis of this initial evaluation	1:						
	I find that the proposed proje		OULD NOT have a significant e prepared.	effec	et on the environment, and a			
I find that although the proposed project could not have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.								
Х	X I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.							
I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environmental, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze on the effects that remain to be addressed.								
	all potentially significant effection DECLARATION pursuant to a to that earlier EIR or NEGATIN	ts (a applid /E DI	roject could have a significant e) have been analyzed adequate cable standards, and (b) have b ECLARATION, including revision ct, nothing further is required.	ely in een a	an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE avoided or mitigated pursuant			
U	Jelliam A. Dur	R	c. June	27,	200			
Sig	nature		Date	- 				

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Significant With Impact Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation I. AESTHETICS. Would the project: Χ a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? Discussion: The general project area can be described as a developed urban setting with no distinguishing scenic or public views. The proposed project will not have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista as the proposed buildings will be consistent with the current building heights on the campus development of similar intensity and low rise character of adjacent uses. Consequently, no significant impacts would occur. b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, Х but not limited to; trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway. Discussion: No scenic resources are located in the vicinity of the project. No scenic highways exist within the area. Consequently, no significant impact will occur. Χ c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings? Discussion: Four multi-story parking structures will be built on site. As at least two of these structures will be easily visible from adjacent residences this issue must be considered in more depth. Χ d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area? Discussion: There is potential for an impact due to lighting from the proposed improvement and expansion the Weingart Stadium and upgraded lighting throughout the campus. The nearest residential properties are located to the north, south, and west of the project site (approximately 75 feet away on average). These uses could be impacted by any glare from emanating from the site. II. AGRICULTURE RESOURCES. Would the project: a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Х Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use? Discussion: The site is not currently utilized as farmland, or as any agricultural use. In addition, the project is located in an urbanized and developed area, in which no farmland exists. Consequently, no agricultural area would be

affected.

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE	MASTER F	LAN INITIAL	STUDY	
ISSUES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				Х
Discussion: The project site is not zoned for agricultura agricultural use. Therefore, the project will not conflict wi Act contract.	I use, nor is the thick the transfer is the transfer is the transfer is the transfer in the transfer in the transfer in the transfer is the transfer in the tr	ne site within the ning for agricult	e vicinity of are ural use, or a V	as zoned for Villiamson
c) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?				X
Discussion: The project is situated in a highly urbanize industrial uses surrounding the site. The site and its adjachanges in the existing environment would not result in the	icent areas ar	e not used as fa	irmlands. Con	sequently,
III. AIR QUALITY. Would the project:				
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?		X		
Discussion: The proposed project has the potential to construction and operational phases of the project. Sens properties to the north and west of the campus. A decrea or obstruct implementation of the appropriate air quality p	itive receptors ise in ambient	include the EL	AC campus ar	nd residential
b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or project air quality violation?	X			
Discussion: See III(a).				
c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?	X			
Discussion: The project site is located in an area that is monoxide, and PM10. An increase an air pollutants as a reand/or state standards.	designated a esult of the pro	s a non-attainm ject could lead	nent area for oz to an exceedar	zone, carbon nce in federal
d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?	X			

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially No Impact Less Than Less Than Significant Significant Significant Impact With Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation Discussion: Any change in pollutant concentrations is subject to have an effect on ELAC and the surrounding residential neighborhood. Residential properties are located to the north, south, east and west of the project site. In addition, Lane Elementary School is located south directly across from the project site on Avenida Cesar Chavez. The sensitive receptors may be exposed to substantial pollutant concentrations due to construction and operational related traffic. e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people? Discussion: There are no processes or activities proposed for the site that result in objectionable odors. IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the project: a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or Χ through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? Discussion: According to the County of Los Angeles General Plan Special Management Areas Map (November 1980), the proposed project is not within a Significant Ecological Area (SEA). The site is located within an area that has been urbanized for many years and does not contain species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species. Χ b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service? Discussion: According to the County of Los Angeles General Plan Land Use Special Management Areas Map (November 1980), the proposed project is not within a Significant Ecological Area (SEA). The site is located within an area that has been urbanized for many years and does not contain a riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community nor is the site located near a surface water body. c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? Discussion: According to the County of Los Angeles General Plan Special Management Areas Map (November 1980), the proposed project is not within a Significant Ecological Area (SEA). The site is located within an area that has been urbanized for many years. No designated wetlands are located within or adjacent to the proposed project area.

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY							
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
ISSUES		Incorporation					
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				X			
Discussion: According to the County of Los Angeles C 1980), the proposed project is not within a Significant Ec has been urbanized for many years and there are no corr nor will the proposed project impede the use of native will or adjacent to the proposed project area.	ological Area (idors for native	SEA). The site resident or mig	is located withi gratory fish or w	n an area that ildlife species			
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				X			
Discussion: The site is located within an area that has been urbanized for many years and there are no protective local policies or ordinances relating to biological resources on or adjacent to the site.							
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state Habitat Conservation Plan?				X			
Discussion: The site is located within an area that has been urbanized for many years and there have been no adopted habitat or conservation provisions that would be in conflict with the construction of the project.							
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project: a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section 15064.5?	X						
Discussion: The college campus was first opened in 19 the 1950's as well as bungalows identified as War World determine if any buildings or the bungalows are of history	l War II military	/ barracks. A s					
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?	X						
Discussion: Given that the project site has been previous on the site. Further research would be required to determine the project site has been previously as the project site has been provided by the project site							

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE	WASTER	PLAN INITIAL	STUDY	
ISSUES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				X
Discussion: Given that the site has been utilized as a resources that may have been on the property prior to us integrity. Site preparation would be limited to shallow excaresources could be present is unlikely.	se and develo	pment would ha	ave retained th	eir contextual
d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?			X	
Discussion: Given that the site has been utilized as a convolude be found on site. In any event, site preparation we the possibility that any human remains could be present	ould be limited			
VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS. Would the project:				
a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				X
Discussion : No known active or potentially active faults of site are the Elysian Park Seismic Zone, Newport-Inglewo Zone and the Whittier-Elsinore Fault Zone. The site is not be subject to groundshaking consistent with other areas of faults.	ood Fault, Ray Hocated in an	/mond Fault, Sa Alquist-Priolo F	anta Monica-Ho ault Studies Zo	ollywood Fault one and would
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				X
Discussion: The proposed project would not result in or exshaking. Facilities or buildings constructed on the site would codes.				
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				X

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Impact With Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation Discussion: According to the Los Angeles County Safety Element (Plate 4) Liquefaction Susceptibility Map (12/90), the proposed project site is not located in an area that may be subject to liquefaction. The proposed project would not expose people to adverse effects involving seismic-related ground failure. iv) Landslides? Discussion: According to the Los Angeles County Safety Element (Plate 5) Landslide Inventory Map (12/90), the proposed project site is not located within an area prone to landslides. The project site is relatively flat, and the surrounding area has no significant geologic forms or features. The proposed project would unlikely result in or expose people to potential impacts involving landslides. b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of Х topsoil? Discussion: There are no unique geologic features, unvegetated slopes or large areas of exposed soil immediately adjacent to the site. Any erosion that could occur during construction will be controlled by compliance with SCAQMD Rule 403 dust preventative measures. Upon completion of the project, the project site would be fully built out and landscaped, and no unpaved surfaces would exist on the site. Consequently, no significant soil erosion would be expected to occur, and no significant impacts are anticipated. c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse? Discussion: See VI(a) iii and iv. The project site is fully developed and has not been identified as geologically unstable and is not anticipated to become unstable as a result of the project. d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property? Discussion: Expansive soils are identified by the shrink/swell behavior of the soil. According to the USDA Conservation Service, L.A. County area has not been adequately surveyed. However, it is unlikely that expansive soils exists onsite as the site has been developed for many years without the problems typically associated with expansive soils, i.e. cracked or unlevel foundations. Further, a geological assessment done in 1998 failed to identify shrink/swell behavior in the artificial fill and alluvial soils found onsite. No impact is anticipated due to expansive soil. Х e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater? Discussion: The project site has been developed with urban uses for many years and a sewer system has been integrated into the infrastructure of the surrounding area. Therefore, soils capable of supporting septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems are not required.

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Significant With Impact Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation VII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. Would the project: a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the Χ environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials? Discussion: There are no processes or activities proposed for the site which would require the routine transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials. b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the Χ environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment? Discussion: No materials are to be used onsite which are known to be hazardous or release hazardous emissions. No significant impact would occur. Χ c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? Discussion: The nearest school is situated within 0.03 mile from the project site on Avenida Cezar Chavez Street. Further, the proposed project is the expansion and rehabilitation of a school campus. However, as the proposed project will not utilize or generate hazardous emissions or materials, no significant impact are anticipated. d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment? Discussion: It is not anticipated that the project site is listed as a hazardous materials site as it has been used as a school campus since 1945. However, a Phase I Hazardous Waste Assessment must be done to ensure that the project site or any portion of the site has not been listed. e) For a project located within an airport land use plan Χ or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? Discussion: The nearest airport is the El Monte Airport, located approximately 6.7 miles northeast from the site. According to the Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) Part 77 Section 77.17, a structure that "exceeds 2,000 feet in height above the ground will be presumed to be a hazard to air navigation." The development on the proposed

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Significant Impact With Impact Mitigation **ISSUES** Incorporation project site will not exceed 2000 feet in height. Based on the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) requirements, the project would not result in a safety hazard for people working in the area. f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, Χ would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? Discussion: No private airstrip exists within the vicinity of the site. Consequently, no significant impact will occur. g) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with Х an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? Discussion: According to the Los Angeles County Safety Element Critical Facilities and Lifeline Systems (Plate 8) map, the project site is not situated in an area that would interfere with an emergency facilities or lifeline facilities. Arterial streets in the City are used for evacuation under emergency circumstances. Since arterial streets in the City are laid out in a grid system, traffic could be rerouted from closed streets to alternate routes. Floral Drive and Avenida Cesar Chavez Boulevard are the two arterial streets that pass the project site. The project would not interfere with traffic under emergency circumstances. Should the road be closed, traffic could be rerouted, and would not interfere with evacuation routes of the city. h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands? Discussion: According to the Los Angeles County Safety Element Wildland and Urban Fire Hazards Map (12/90) the proposed project site is not located within or adjacent to a wildland area. People or structures in the area would not be exposed to wildland fires. VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would the project: a) Violate any water quality standards or waste Χ discharge requirements? Discussion: Water quality on developed urban sites in the greater Los Angeles area is generally heavily degraded by runoff from surface streets and parking areas. As with current conditions runoff would discharge into the existing drainage infrastructure and not directly into any surface waters. Increased vehicular traffic and parking demands could increase concentration of pollutants from automobile use in runoff from the site. Although pollutant concentrations may increase, overall stormwater runoff quality would not be expected to significantly change from current developed conditions. All aspects of the project during construction and operation will be required to comply with National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Systems Discharge (NPDES) requirements if found to be applicable. Thus, no significant impacts are anticipated.

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGI	= MASTER F	LAN INITIAL	STUDY	
ISSUES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				X
Discussion: The project does not involve the withdrawal project site is currently developed and the proposed project would not substantial proposed project would not substantial.	ect consists o	f the replaceme	nt of and addit	
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on or off-site?				x
Discussion: The proposed project would not cause movements. There are no surface bodies of water on or				ction of water
d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				Х
Discussion: The proposed project would not alter the expearby stream or river as no bodies of water are ident proposed project is not located within a 100-year or a 50 anticipated.	ified within the	e vicinity of the	e proposed pro	ject site. The
e) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				Х
Discussion: No significant changes will occur on site the project consists of the expansion and improvement to an result in a decrease pervious surface area and any unparticular to the control of the	existing schoo	ol facility. The p	roposed develo	
f) Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			X	
Discussion: See VIII(a).	, <u>-</u>			
g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				X

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Significant With Impact Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation Discussion: The proposed project is not located within a 100-year or a 500-year flood inundation zone as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Program Map No. 0601140005C, Q3 Flood Data (5/96). No adverse effects are anticipated. h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area Χ structures which would impede or redirect flood flows? Discussion: Since the site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area structure, the project would not impede or redirect flood flows. No significant impact would occur. Mitigation Measure(s) Required: None Required. i) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam? Discussion: According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Program Map No. 0601140005C, Q3 Flood Data (5/96), the proposed project is not located within a 100-year or a 500-year flood inundation zone. No dams or levees exist nearby. Consequently, no adverse effects are anticipated. j) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow? Discussion: The project site is not located in areas subject to volcanic hazards. The nearest known volcanic sites are several hundred miles away from the proposed site. Implementation of the proposed project would not result in or expose people to seiche or tsunami hazards. There are no water sources within close proximity to the site, which have the potential to create these hazards. The project site is located approximately 17.9 miles east of the Pacific Ocean. In addition, site elevation is approximately 340 to 387 feet above sea level. No significant impacts are anticipated to occur. IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING. Would the project: a) Physically divide an established community? Discussion: The proposed project site is currently being used as a college campus and is proposed to undergo expansion and revitalization on the existing site. Thus, the ELAC campus land area will not be expanded. Therefore, the proposed project would not physically divide an established community. b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? Discussion: The proposed project site is zoned R-1for one-family and has a general plan designation of residential.

Prepared by: Terry A. Hayes Associates, Culver City, CA

The proposed project would not be in conflict with applicable environmental plans adopted by agencies with

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Significant With Impact Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation jurisdiction over the project. Jurisdiction and authority over the project site and development of the site belongs to the Los Angeles Community College District. Further, the proposed project does not involve a change in existing use. c) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation Χ plan or natural community conservation plan? Discussion: The proposed project is located in an urbanized area within the City of Monterey Park. There is no adopted habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan that would be affected by the proposed project. X. MINERAL RESOURCES. Would the project: a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral Χ resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? Discussion: According to the Los Angeles County General Plan Special Management Areas Map (11/90), there are no mineral resources of value to the region or to the residents of the state known to exist on or immediately adjacent to the proposed project site. b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-Χ important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan? **Discussion:** See Discussion X(a). The proposed project is located in a highly urbanized area. No locallyimportant mineral resource recovery site exists on or near the project site. XI. NOISE. Would the project result in: Χ a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? **Discussion:** During construction phases a slight increase in the ambient noise level can be expected. Additionally, increased vehicular traffic due to both construction and operation could increase noise levels adjacent to the project and surrounding area. Furthermore, the expansion of Weingart Stadium from 20,400 seats to 30,000 seats is likely

Discussion: During construction phases a slight increase in the ambient noise level can be expected. Additionally, increased vehicular traffic due to both construction and operation could increase noise levels adjacent to the project and surrounding area. Furthermore, the expansion of Weingart Stadium from 20,400 seats to 30,000 seats is likely to result in an increase in noise levels during renovation as well as operation of the facility. A noise technical study will be prepare for inclusion into the Program EIR which will quantify the change in noise levels attributable to the proposed project at sensitive receptor locations due to operational and construction phases. Findings of the technical study will determine whether a significant impact could result from the project. Until such findings are known, noise impacts are considered to be potentially significant which may require mitigation.

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE	MASTER P	LAN INITIAL	STUDY	
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
ISSUES		Mitigation Incorporation		
b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?			:	X
Discussion: The proposed project does not contain any borne vibrations or noise levels that could be considered	elements whice excessive.	ch have the pot	ential to create	ground
c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?		х		
Discussion: The proposed project may result in an incre to an increase in traffic and the expansion and increased				t vicinity due
d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			X	
Discussion: See Discussion XI(a).				
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				X
Discussion: The proposed project is not located within tw Monte Airport, approximately 6.7 miles northeast of the proposed project is not located within two	roject site. No	significant imp	acts are antici	oated.
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				X
Discussion: The proposed project is not within the vicinit Monte Airport, approximately 6.7 miles east of the project				
XII. POPULATION AND HOUSING. Would the project				
a) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				X
Discussion: The proposed project is not anticipated to in residential components would be included in the project a				

Discussion: The proposed project is not anticipated to induce substantial population growth in the area since no residential components would be included in the project and possible new employment generated from the new development would draw from the local area and general region. In addition, the proposed project would be located in a highly urbanized area that are served by existing infrastructure. No major extensions of existing

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Significant With Impact Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation infrastructure would be necessary for the project since the project would continue to be served by existing utilities surrounding the site. b) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, Х necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? Discussion: The proposed project is located on the existing ELAC campus. The proposed project will not necessitate the construction of replacement housing. c) Displace substantial numbers of people, Χ necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? Discussion: The proposed project will require the removal of old and dilapidated bungalows on the campus that are currently being used as classroom space. The project does not require the removal of residential housing therefore, no people would be displaced and replacement housing would not be necessary. No significant impact would occur. XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Χ Fire protection? Discussion: The proposed project is not expected to result in a significant impact from an increased demand (above that which currently exists) on fire services given the proposed project will reflect the most current and stringent fire safety requirements. However, the project must be evaluated to determine the adequacy of fire lanes onsite. Police protection? Discussion: The increase in the number of students utilizing the campus will increase. In addition, the proposed increased use of the expanded Weingart Stadium could result in the need for additional security. There is the potential for a significant impact on police services unless mitigated. Schools? Discussion: The proposed project does not contain a residential component and would not directly affect school enrollment within the Monterey Park School District. Further, any change in site employment would be minimal and thus, no secondary student generation would be created due to new or unusual housing demand within the

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Significant With Impact Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation Monterey Park (or other neighboring) School District's service area(s). No significant impacts would therefore occur with the proposed project. Parks? Χ Discussion: The proposed project does not contain a residential component and is not anticipated to increase the demand for neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities from project operations. Other public facilities? Χ Discussion: The proposed project is not anticipated to generate an exceptional demand on any other governmental services. No significant impacts would occur with the proposed project. XIV. RECREATION a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? Discussion: See Discussion XIII.a (Parks). b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? Discussion: The project does include recreational facilities but will not require the construction or expansion of other recreational facilities, since no residential component would be included in the project. Therefore, no significant impacts would occur. XV. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC. Would the project: Х a) Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)? Discussion: Due to the anticipated increase in enrollment expected with expansion and improvement of the campus as well as increased trips due to expansion of the Weingart stadium. A detailed traffic analysis must be prepared to fully assess the impacts of the proposed project. b) Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE	E MASTER F	PLAN INITIAL	STUDY	
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
ISSUES		Incorporation		
Discussion: See XV(a)				
c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				X
Discussion: The proposed project would not result in a expansion and revitalization of an existing college camp		traffic patterns.	The proposed	project is the
d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design				X
feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?	<u></u>			
Discussion: The project is not anticipated to create any to the project site will be in compliance with accepted en safety distances are provided at all access points.				
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?		X		
Discussion: The project will be evaluated to ensure adec as fire lanes and appropriate turnaround radii for interr Community College District or the State Architect.				
f) Result in inadequate parking capacity?		X		
Discussion: The project would generate an increased depropose a total parking supply of 4850. Approximately 3 expansion and use of the Weingart Stadium the propoparking demand and requirements will be addressed in the supplements.	3,512 new par sed project m	king spaces will ay result in an	l be added. Dι inadequate pa	ue to campus
g) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?				X
Discussion: The proposed project would not conflict with The project site is situated near substantial public transp			ng alternative tr	ransportation.

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN INITIAL STUDY Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant Significant With Impact Impact Mitigation ISSUES Incorporation XVI. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. Would the project: a) Exceed waste treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? Discussion: The proposed project will result in an increase demand of the facilities and will result in an increased need for waste treatment. This issue must be addressed in the EIR. b) Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?

Discussion: There are no processed proposed that would result in the need for the construction or expansion of the existing storm water drainage system.

d) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?

c) Require or result in the construction of new storm

water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause

Discussion: See XVI(a).

significant environmental effects?

X	
---	--

X

Discussion: the proposed project will result in an increased demand on water. This issue will be addressed in the EIR.

e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?

X	
---	--

Discussion: The City of Monterey Park is served by the Whittier Narrows Treatment Plant, which has a capacity of 15 million gallons per day (mgd), and is currently running at 9.8 mgd. The incremental change in wastewater generation due to campus enrollment will be addressed.

f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?

	Х			
1		l	!	

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE	MASTER P	LAN INITIAL	STUDY	
ISSUES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Discussion: The nearest landfill that serves the City is Potenthe project site. As of December 1999, the landfill has a week. It has a permitted remaining capacity of 15,092,000 due to campus enrollment will be addressed.	capacity of 13	ndfill No. 6, app ,200 tons per d	ay (tpd), or 72,	000 tons per
g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				X
Discussion: The project would comply with all applicable waste.	e statutes and	conservation n	neasures regar	ding solid
XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE				
a) Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plantar animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?		X		
Discussion: The proposed project site and surrounding are As demonstrated in the above analysis, the potential for environment is considered low. No rare or endangered spe However, the buildings on site must be assessed to determine a significant impact.	or the project ecies of plants	to significantly or animals exis	degrade the date on the site or	quality of the in the vicinity.
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				Х
Discussion: No short-term environmental goals are expectoroject.	ted to be comp	promised by imp	lementation of	the proposed
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				X
Discussion: All potential impacts of the proposed project cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either			None of these in	mpacts would

Prepared by: Terry A. Hayes Associates, Culver City, CA

Appendix B

COMMENTS ON THE NOTICE OF PREPARATION

July 7, 2000

Holliday Wagner, Ph.D. Dean of Planning and Research East Los Angeles College Office of the President 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez Monterey Park, CA 91754

Dear Dr. Wagner:

Notice of Preparation of an Environmental Impact Report East Los Angeles College Master Plan

The South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD) appreciates the opportunity to comment on the above-mentioned document. The AQMD's comments are recommendations regarding the analysis of potential air quality impacts from the proposed project that should be included in the Draft Environmental Impact Report (EIR).

Air Quality Analysis

The AQMD adopted its California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Air Quality Handbook in 1993 to assist other public agencies with the preparation of air quality analyses. The AQMD recommends that the Lead Agency use this Handbook as guidance when preparing its air quality analysis. Copies of the Handbook are available from the AQMD's Subscription Services Department by calling (909) 396-3720.

The Lead Agency should identify any potential adverse air quality impacts that could occur from all phases of the project and all air pollutant sources related to the project. Air quality impacts from both construction and operations should be considered. Construction-related air quality impacts typically include, but are not limited to, emissions from the use of heavy-duty equipment from grading, earth-loading/unloading, paving, architectural coatings, off-road mobile sources (e.g., heavy-duty construction equipment) and on-road mobile sources (e.g., construction worker vehicle trips, material transport trips). Operation-related air quality impacts may include, but are not limited to, emissions from stationary sources (e.g., boilers), area sources (e.g., solvents and coatings), and vehicular trips (e.g., on- and off-road tailpipe emissions and entrained dust). Air quality impacts from indirect sources, that is, sources that generate or attract vehicular trips should be included in the evaluation. An analysis of all toxic air contaminant impacts due to the

decommissioning or use of equipment potentially generating such air pollutants should also be included.

Mitigation Measures

In the event that the project generates significant adverse air quality impacts, CEQA requires that all feasible mitigation measures be utilized during project construction and operation to minimize or eliminate significant adverse air quality impacts. To assist the Lead Agency with identifying possible mitigation measures for the project, please refer to Chapter 11 of the AQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook for sample air quality mitigation measures. Additionally, AQMD's Rule 403 construction-related emissions that should be considered for use as CEQA mitigation if not otherwise required. Pursuant to state CEQA Guidelines §15126.4 (a)(1)(D), any impacts resulting from mitigation measures must also be discussed.

Data Sources

AQMD rules and relevant air quality reports and data are available by calling the AQMD's Public Information Center at (909) 396-3600. Much of the information available through the Public Information Center is also available via the AQMD's World Wide Web Homepage (http://www.aqmd.gov).

The AQMD is willing to work with the Lead Agency to ensure that project-related emissions are accurately identified, categorized, and evaluated. Please call Dr. Charles Blankson, Transportation Specialist, CEQA Section, at (909) 396-3304 if you have any questions regarding this letter.

Sincerely,

Steve Smith, Ph.D.

Steve Smith

Program Supervisor, CEQA Section

Planning, Rule Development and Area Sources

SS:CB:li

LAC000706-02LI Control Number SO THERN CALIFORNIA



ASSOCIATION of GOVERNMENTS

Main Office

818 West Seventh Street 12th Floor Los Angeles, California 90017-3435

> t (213) 236-1800 f (213) 236-1825

www.scag.ca.gov

Officers:

President: Councilmember Ron Bates,
City of Los Alamios

First Vice President:
upervisor Kathy Davis, San Bernardino County

lecond Vice
President: Councilmember Hal
lerr
Angeles

francilare Past President:

francislavsky, Los Angeles County

Imperial County: Tom Veysey, Imperial County • David Dhillon, El Centro

los Angeles County: Yvonne Brathwaite Burke, .os Angeles County • Zev Yaroslavsky, Los Angeles County • Eileen Ansari, Diamond Bar • Bob Bardett, Monrovia . Bruce Barrows, Cerritos . George Bass, Beil . Hal Bernson, Los Angeles . Thris Christiansen, Covina • Robert Bruesch, tosemead • Laura Chick, Los Angeles • Gene Daniels Paramount . To Anne Darcy, Santa Clarita . ohn Ferraro, Los Angeles . Michael Feuer, Los Angeles . Ruth Galanter, Los Angeles . Jackie Goldberg, Los Angeles • Ray Grabinski, Long Beach
Dee Hardison, Torrance • Mike Hernandez, Los Ingeles • Nate Hoiden, Los Angeles • Lawrence (Irkley, Inglewood • Keith McCarthy, Downey • Jindy Miscikowski, Los Angeles • Stacey Murphy, Burbank • Pam O'Connor, Santa Monica • Jenny Oropeza, Long Beach • Nick Pacheco, Los Angeles • Alex Padilla, Los Angeles • Bob Pinzier, Redondo leach . Beatrice Proo, Pico Rivera . Mark Ridley-Thomas, Los Angeles • Richard Riordan, Los ingeles . Karen Rosenthal, Claremont . Marcine Compton • Rudy Svorinich, Los Angeles • Paul Talbot, Alhambra . Sidney Tyler, Jr., Pasadena . Joel Wachs. Los Angeles • Rita Walters, Los Angeles Dennis Washburn, Calabasas

Orange County: Charles Smith, Orange County • ton Bates, Los Alamitos • Ralph Bauer, Huntington Beach • Art Brown, Buena Park • Elizabeth Cowan, Costa Mesa • Jan Debay, Newport Beach • Cathryn Pe'Soung, Laguna Niguel • Richard Dixon, Lake orest • Alta Duke, La Palma • Shirley McCracken, thaheim • Bev Perry, Brea

Aiverside County: Bob Buster, Riverside County * Ron Loveridge, Riverside * Greg Pettis, Cathedral City * Andrea Puga, Corona * Ron Roberts, femecula * Charles White, Moreno Valley

Riverside County Transportation Commission. Robin Lowe, Hemet

Ventura County Transportation Commission: 3ill Davis, Simi Valley July 10, 2000

Ms. Holliday Wagner, Ph.D
Dean of Planning and Research
East Los Angeles College
Office of the President
1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez
Monterey Park, CA 91754

RE: Comments on the Notice of Preparation for a Draft Environmental Impact Report for the East Los Angeles College Master Plan – SCAG

No. I 20000340

Dear Ms. Wagner:

Thank you for submitting the Notice of Preparation for a Draft Environmental Impact Report for the East Los Angeles College Master Plan to SCAG for review and comment. As areawide clearinghouse for regionally significant projects, SCAG assists cities, counties and other agencies in reviewing projects and plans for consistency with regional plans.

In addition, The California Environmental Quality Act requires that EIRs discuss any inconsistencies between the proposed project and the applicable general plans and regional plans (Section 15125 [d]). If there are inconsistencies, an explanation and rationalization for such inconsistencies should be provided.

Policies of SCAG's Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide, which may be applicable to your project, are outlined in the attachment. We expect the Draft EIR to specifically cite the appropriate SCAG policies and address the manner in which the Project is consistent with applicable core policies or supportive of applicable ancillary policies. Please use our policy numbers to refer to them in your Draft EIR. Also, we would encourage you to use a side-by-side comparison of SCAG policies with a discussion of the consistency or support of the policy with the Proposed Project.

Please provide a minimum of 45 days for SCAG to review the Draft EIR when this document is available. If you have any questions regarding the attached comments, please contact Jeffrey Smith, Senior Planner, at (213) 236-1867. Thank you.

Sincerely.

J. DAVID STEIN

Manager, Performance Assessment and Implementation

COMMENTS ON THE PROPOSAL TO DEVELOP A DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT FOR THE EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN SCAG NO. I 20000340

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed Project considers the development of a Master Plan, which will be designed to address the physical improvements proposed for East Los Angeles College (ELAC). The proposed improvements include the development of facilities that would permit 25,000 students. In addition, improvements include renovation to three existing facilities, construction of up to nine new buildings, four new parking structures, improved and additional recreational and outdoor facilities and the modernization of the Weingart Stadium. The proposed improvements will add 476,300 square feet along with approximately 3,512 additional parking spaces.

The Project area encompasses 82 acres. The Project area is located in the City of Monterey Park in Los Angeles County.

CONSISTENCY WITH REGIONAL COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND GUIDE POLICIES

The Growth Management Chapter (GMC) of the Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide (RCPG) contains the following policies that are particularly applicable and should be addressed in the Draft EIR for the East Los Angeles College Master Plan.

3.03 The timing, financing, and location of public facilities, utility systems, and transportation systems shall be used by SCAG to implement the region's growth policies.

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN POLICIES

The Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) also has policies pertinent to this proposed project. This chapter links the goal of sustaining mobility with the goals of fostering economic development, enhancing the environment, reducing energy consumption, promoting transportation-friendly development patterns, and encouraging fair and equitable access to residents affected by socio-economic, geographic and commercial

limitations. Among the relevant policies of this chapter are the following:

Core Regional Transportation Plan Policies

4.01 Transportation investments shall be based on SCAG's adopted Regional Performance Indicators.

Mobility - Transportation Systems should meet the public need for improved access, and for safe, comfortable, convenient and economical movements of people and goods.

- Average Work Trip Travel Time in Minutes 22 minutes
- PM Peak Highway Speed 33 mph
- Percent of PM Peak Travel in Delay (All Trips) 33%

Accessibility - Transportation Systems should ensure the ease with which opportunities are reached. Transportation and land use measures should be employed to ensure minimal time and cost.

Work Opportunities within 25 Minutes – 88%

Environment - Transportation Systems should sustain development and preservation of the existing system and the environment. (All Trips)

• Meeting Federal and State Standards - Meet Air Plan Emission Budgets

Reliability - Reasonable and dependable levels of service by mode. (All Trips)

- Transit 63%
- Highway 76%

Safety - Transportation Systems should provide minimal, risk, accident, death and injury. (All Trips)

- Fatalities Per Million Passenger Miles 0.008
- Injury Accidents 0.929

Livable Communities - Transportation Systems should facilitate Livable Communities in which all residents have access to all opportunities with minimal travel time. (All Trips)

- Vehicle Trip Reduction 1.5%
- Vehicle Miles Traveled Reduction 10.0%

Equity - The benefits of transportation investments should be equitably distributed among all ethnic, age and income groups. (All trips)

 Low-Income (Household Income \$12,000)) Share of Net Benefits – Equitable Distribution of Benefits Cost-Effectiveness - Maximize return on transportation investment. (All Trips)

- Net Present Value Maximum Return on Transportation Investment
- Value of a Dollar Invested Maximum Return on Transportation Investment
- 4.02 Transportation investments shall mitigate environmental impacts to an acceptable level.
- 4.04 Transportation Control Measures shall be a priority.
- 4.06 Implementing transit restructuring, including Smart Shuttles, freight improvements, advanced transportation technologies, airport ground access and traveler information services are RTP priorities.
- 4.16 Maintaining and operating the existing transportation system will be a priority over expanding capacity.

GMC POLICIES RELATED TO THE RCPG GOAL TO IMPROVE THE REGIONAL STANDARD OF LIVING

The Growth Management goals to develop urban forms that enable individuals to spend less income on housing cost, that minimize public and private development costs, and that enable firms to be more competitive, strengthen the regional strategic goal to stimulate the regional economy. The evaluation of the proposed project in relation to the following policies would be intended to guide efforts toward achievement of such goals and does not infer regional interference with local land use powers.

- 3.05 Encourage patterns of urban development and land use, which reduce costs on infrastructure construction and make better use of existing facilities.
- 3.09 Support local jurisdictions' efforts to minimize the cost of infrastructure and public service delivery, and efforts to seek new sources of funding for development and the provision of services.
- 3.10 Support local jurisdictions' actions to minimize red tape and expedite the permitting process to maintain economic vitality and competitiveness.

GMC POLICIES RELATED TO THE RCPG GOAL TO IMPROVE THE REGIONAL QUALITY OF LIFE

The Growth Management goals to attain mobility and clean air goals and to develop urban forms that enhance quality of life, that accommodate a diversity of life styles, that preserve open space and natural resources, and that are aesthetically pleasing and preserve the character of communities, enhance the regional strategic goal of maintaining the regional quality of life. The evaluation of the proposed project in relation to the following policies would be intended to provide direction for plan implementation, and does not allude to regional mandates.

- 3.12 Encourage existing or proposed local jurisdictions' programs aimed at designing land uses which encourage the use of transit and thus reduce the need for roadway expansion, reduce the number of auto trips and vehicle miles traveled, and create opportunities for residents to walk and bike.
- 3.14 Support local plans to increase density of future development located at strategic points along the regional commuter rail, transit systems, and activity centers.
- 3.16 Encourage developments in and around activity centers, transportation corridors, underutilized infrastructure systems, and areas needing recycling and redevelopment.
- 3.18 Encourage planned development in locations least likely to cause environmental impact.
- 3.21 Encourage the implementation of measures aimed at the preservation and protection of recorded and unrecorded cultural resources and archaeological sites.
- 3.23 Encourage mitigation measures that reduce noise in certain locations, measures aimed at preservation of biological and ecological resources, measures that would reduce exposure to seismic hazards, minimize earthquake damage, and to develop emergency response and recovery plans.

GMC POLICIES RELATED TO THE RCPG GOAL TO PROVIDE SOCIAL, POLITICAL, AND CULTURAL EQUITY

The Growth Management Goal to develop urban forms that avoid economic and social polarization promotes the regional strategic goal of minimizing social and geographic disparities and of reaching equity among all segments of society. The evaluation of the

proposed project in relation to the policy stated below is intended guide direction for the accomplishment of this goal, and does not infer regional mandates and interference with local land use powers.

3.27 Support local jurisdictions and other service providers in their efforts to develop sustainable communities and provide, equally to all members of society, accessible and effective services such as: public education, housing, health care, social services, recreational facilities, law enforcement, and fire protection.

AIR QUALITY CHAPTER CORE ACTIONS

The Air Quality Chapter core actions related to the proposed project includes:

- 5.07 Determine specific programs and associated actions needed (e.g., indirect source rules, enhanced use of telecommunications, provision of community based shuttle services, provision of demand management based programs, or vehicle-milestraveled/emission fees) so that options to command and control regulations can be assessed.
- 5.11 Through the environmental document review process, ensure that plans at all levels of government (regional, air basin, county, subregional and local) consider air quality, land use, transportation and economic relationships to ensure consistency and minimize conflicts.

WATER QUALITY CHAPTER RECOMMENDATIONS AND POLICY OPTIONS

The Water Quality Chapter core recommendations and policy options relate to the two water quality goals: to restore and maintain the chemical, physical and biological integrity of the nation's water; and, to achieve and maintain water quality objectives that are necessary to protect all beneficial uses of all waters.

11.07 Encourage water reclamation throughout the region where it is cost-effective, feasible, and appropriate to reduce reliance on imported water and wastewater discharges. Current administrative impediments to increased use of wastewater should be addressed.

CONCLUSIONS

All feasible measures needed to mitigate any potentially negative regional impacts associated with the proposed project should be implemented and monitored, as required by CEQA.

ENDNOTE

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF GOVERNMENTS

Roles and Authorities

SCAG is a *Joint Powers Agency* established under California Government Code Section 6502 et seq. Under federal and state law, SCAG is designated as a Council of Governments (COG), a Regional Transportation Planning Agency (RTPA), and a Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO). SCAG's mandated roles and responsibilities include the following:

SCAG is designated by the federal government as the Region's *Metropolitan Planning Organization* and mandated to maintain a continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive transportation planning process resulting in a Regional Transportation Plan and a Regional Transportation Improvement Program pursuant to 23 U.S.C.

134(g)-(h), 49 U.S.C.

1607(f)-(g) et seq., 23 C.F.R.

450, and 49 C.F.R.

613. SCAG is also the designated *Regional Transportation Planning Agency*, and as such is responsible for both preparation of the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) and Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP) under California Government Code Section 65080.

SCAG is responsible under the Federal Clean Air Act for determining *Conformity* of Projects, Plans and Programs to the Air Plan, pursuant to 42 U.S.C.

☐7506.

Pursuant to California Government Code Section 65089.2, SCAG is responsible for *reviewing all Congestion Management Plans (CMPs)* for consistency with regional transportation plans required by Section 65080 of the Government Code. SCAG must also evaluate the consistency and compatibility of such programs within the region.

SCAG is the authorized regional agency for *Inter-Governmental Review* of Programs proposed for federal financial assistance and direct development activities, pursuant to Presidential Executive Order 12,372 (replacing A-95 Review).

SCAG reviews, pursuant to Public Resources Code Sections 21083 and 21087, *Environmental Impact Reports* of projects of regional significance for consistency with regional plans [California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines Sections 15206 and 15125(b)].

Pursuant to 33 U.S.C. □1288(a)(2) (Section 208 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act), SCAG is the authorized *Areawide Waste Treatment Management Planning Agency*.

SCAG is responsible for preparation of the *Regional Housing Needs Assessment*, pursuant to California Government Code Section 65584(a).

SCAG is responsible (with the San Diego Association of Governments and the Santa Barbara County/Cities Area Planning Council) for preparing the *Southern California Hazardous Waste Management Plan* pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 25135.3.



COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY

1955 Workman Mill Road, Whittier, CA 90601-1400 Mailing Address; P.O. Bax 4998, Whittier, CA 90607-4998 Telephone: (562) 699-7411, FAX: (562) 699-5422 www.lacsd.org

July 11, 2000

File No: 02-00.04-00

Holliday Wagner, Ph.D. Dean of Planning and Research East Los Angeles College Office of the President 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez Monterey Park, CA 91754

Post-It® Fax Note 7671	Date 7/18/∞ # of pages ▶
TO PANDY C.	From DIRAN
Co./Dept. THA	CO. TOM
Phone #	Phone #
Fax#	Fax #

Dear Dr. Wagner:

East Los Angeles College Master Plan

The County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County (Districts) received a Notice of Preparation of a Draft Environmental Impact Report for the subject project on July 3, 2000. The proposed development is located within the jurisdictional boundaries of District No. 2. We offer the following comments regarding sewerage service:

- The wastewater flow originating from the proposed project will discharge to a local sever line, which is not maintained by the Districts, for conveyance to the Districts' Monterey Park Extension Trunk Sewer, located in Avenida Cesar Chavez at Atlantic Boulevard. This 15-inch diameter trunk sewer has a design capacity of 3.9 million gallons per day (mgd) and conveyed a peak flow of 2.2 mgd when last measured in 1997.
- The wastewater generated by the proposed project will be treated at the Joint Water Follution Control Plant (JWPCP) located in the City of Carson. The JWPCP has a design capacity of 385.0 mgd and currently processes an average flow of 332.4 mgd.
- 3. The expected increase in average wastewater flow from the project site is 70,075 gallons per day.
- 4. The Districts are empowered by the California Health and Safety Code to charge a fee for the privilege of connecting (directly or indirectly) to the Districts' Sewerage System or increasing the existing strength and/or quantity of wastewater attributable to a particular parcel or of exation already connected. This connection fee is required to construct an incremental expansion of the Sewerage System to accommodate the proposed project which will mitigate the impact of this project on the present Sewerage System. Payment of a connection fee will be required before a permit to connect to the sewer is issued.

Holliday Wagner, Ph.D.

2

July 11, 2000

The design capacities of the Districts' wastewater treatment facilities are based on population 5. forecasts adopted in the Southern California Association of Governments' (SCAG) 1994 Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide (RCPG). The RCPG is part of the 1994 South Coast Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP). The AQMP and RCPG are jointly prepared by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) and SCAG as a requirement of the Federal Clean Air Act (CAA). In order to conform with the AQMP, all expansions of Districts' facilities must be sized and service phased in a manner which will be consistent with the Growth Management Element of the RCPG. The Growth Management Element contains a regional growth forecast for the counties of Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernardino, Riverside, Ventura, and Imperial which was prepared by SCAG. Specific policies included in the RCPG which deal with the management of growth will be incorporated into the AQMP strategies to improve air quality in the South Coast Air Basin. The available capacity of the Districts' treatment facilities will, therefore, be limited to levels associated with approved growth identified in the RCPG. As such, this letter does not constitute a guarantee of wastewater service, but is to advise you that the Districts intend to provide this service up to the levels which are legally permitted and to inform you of the currently existing capacity and any proposed expansion of the Districts' facilities.

If you have any questions, please contact the undersigned at (562) 699-7411, extension 2717.

Very truly yours,

James F. Stahl

Ruth I. Frazen

Engineering Technician

Planning & Property Management Section

RIF:eg

CITY OF MONTERLY PARK 320 west newmark avenue • monterey park, ca 91754-2876

municipal services cen er



July 13, 2000

Holliday Wagner, PhD, Dean of Planning and Research East Los Angeles College Office of the President 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez Montercy Park, CA 91754

RE: Notice of Preparation - Draft Environmental Impact Report - East Los Angeles College Master Plan

Dear Dr. Wagner:

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the Notice of Preparation (NOP) for the subject project. The following comments are provided at this initial stage on the preparation of a draft environmental impact report (DEIR) to analyze potentially significant impacts on the local and regional environments and identify possible viable alternatives to the project. City staff looks forward to receiving the draft document prior to the next public review period. In reviewing the NOP, the following comments are provided for your consideration on the preparation of the DEIR:

- 1. The background identifies that the Los Angeles Community College District anticipates a continued and steady growth with the student enrollment. The analysis must use the most accurate figures to reflect anticipated impacts. It is my understanding that satellite facilities work in conjunction with the core campus, and thus, additional numbers of persons beyond that of the campus enrollment would also utilize ELAC facilities.
- 2. Public disclosure and information are critical aspects of the environmental review process. Abutting and local property owners in both residential and commercial areas must be properly notified of the proposed project.
- With the anticipated expansion to the administrative, educational and athletic facilities, further traffic and parking impacts are of paramount concern. A comprehensive analysis of the current street infrastructure must be completed. Please be reminded to distinguish between special (i.e., holiday periods) and regular conditions in addressing traffic circulation issues. A comprehensive parking analysis should be prepared to address on-site parking needs for the college and special/athletic events at the stadium. As you may be aware, stadium activities in the past have generated local concerns regarding disruptive overflow of vehicular circulation and parking in abutting residential neighborhoods and commercial centers.

Holliday Wagner - Notice of Preparation July 13, 2000 Page 2

- As it pertains to issues related to public services, comprehensive studies 4. should be prepared and analyzed for the following matters:
 - Water supply for fire flow purposes; Please note that the California Water Service Company provides water for the college property.
 - Adequacy of available emergency medical services;
 - Illumination studies for pedestrian and vehicle ways for visibility and security purposes;
 - Other public safety issues, including emergency communications (i.e., availability of campus emergency phones), property maintenance measures, and security monitoring (i.e., surveillance cameras and video retention). The DEIR must contain an analysis of viable alternatives to the proposed project.

These initial comments have been provided in response to the mandated NOP process for the preparation of the eventual DEIR document. The City staff, upon review of the DEIR, may have additional comments on the project. If you need any further information or have questions, please contact me at (626) 307-1463.

Sincerely,

5.

Ray Hamada

Planning Manager

Chris Jeffers, City Manager Adolfo Reta, Director of Community Development Ron Merry, Director of Public Works Kelvin Tainatongo, Director of Economic Development Jones Moy, Police Lieutenant Jerry Wombacher, Fire Marshal William Dunn, Los Angeles Community College District

Los Angeles Unified School District

ROY ROMER

ANGELO J. BELLOMO
Interim Director
Environmental Health and Safety

July 26, 2000

Holliday Wagner, PHD,
Dean of Planning and Research
East Los Angeles College, Office of the President
1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez
Monterey Park, CA 91754

SUBJECT: EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN ENVIROMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

Dear Ms. Wagner:

Thank you for giving the Los Angeles Unified School District (LAUSD) the opportunity to review the NOTICE OF PREPARATION for the East Los Angeles College Master Plan Environmental Impact Report. The project is located on the pedestrian route for Lane Elementary School School. The project's impact on these students must be considered.

The District's School Traffic & Safety Education Section and Transportation Branch have prepared the attached comments on school traffic, student safety as well as transportation issues during project demolition and construction. The applicable measures as stated in these comments should be adopted to offset unmitigated impacts on the affected school students.

Thank you for your attention to this matter. If you need additional information please call me at (213) 743-5086.

Raymond E. Dippe

Raymond E. Dippel

Assistant Environmental Planning Specialist

RD:rd

Attachments

c: Mr. Nardulli

Mr. Boull't

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Raymond Dippel, July 21, 2000 Assistant Environmental Planning Specialist, Date TO: Environmental Héalth and Safety FROM: Enrique Boull'1 Deputy Director, Transportation Branch SUBJECT: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT RESPONSE EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN EIR, NOP 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez The following are the environmental impact concerns and the mitigation measures necessary to address the related issues for transported students and bus routes near or at the proposed site for the ELA College near Lane ES. Approximately three (3) integration buses travel pass by the proposed site twice daily in transit between designated bus stops in the area. These buses deliver students to Magnet and regular programs throughout the District. Eight (8) special education buses deliver students to Lanc ES near the proposed site. Also, special education buses also travel through and make home pick ups in the area. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS Į, ON SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION During the construction phase, truck traffic and construction vehicles may cause traffic delays for our transported students. Students may arrive late to school due to heavy traffic in the affected area. Ĺ \square Some additional costs to the District for additional drivers' time generated by routing delays. The bus stops in the area are long standing stops used primarily for Magnet, Capacity Adjustment, and Permits With Transportation programs and are expected to continue in use. Relocating these stops would not change the need for the buses to pass through this area. After completion, additional traffic to and from the site may impact school transportation. ON STUDENT PEDESTRIANS Additional dangers to student pedestrians may occur from staging of trucks along streets near the project and increased truck traffic. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS Because of recent changes to the vehicle code, other trucks and construction

vehicles may encounter school buses using the red flashing lights and must stop.

II ADDITIONAL MITIGATION MEASURES REQUESTED

PRIOR NOTICE

The Project Manager or designee should notify the LAUSD Transportation Branch of the expected start and ending dates for the various portions of the project that may affect traffic through the areas.

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

- The contractors to avoid staging trucks and equipment along streets in the area to facilitate the movement of buses during peak traffic hours.
- When possible, avoid heaviest construction traffic between the hours of 6:30 a. m. to 8:00 a. m. and between 3:30 p. m. and 4:30 p. m. to minimize delays to the arrivals and departures of buses.

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- Contractors to remind their drivers of construction vehicles of the requirement to stop for the red flashing lights of any school bus.
- The Los Angeles Unified School District will evaluate special education bus stops in the area for possible routing alternatives and will modify integration routing if necessary.

Thank you for your attention and diligence to this important issue. If you have any further questions or concerns, please feel free to contact me.

AA: ala

C: A. Rodriguez

A. Altieri

D. Palmer

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

Los Angeles Unified School District Student Auxiliary Services Branch

DATE: July 19, 2000

T():

Raymond E. Dippel, Environmental Review Unit

FROM:

Joe Nardulli, Coordinator Amelili School Trace

School Traffic and Safety Education Section

(818) 997-2455 Fax (818) 346-4621

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN PROJECT - LANE SCHOOL SUBJECT:

School traffic and pedestrian routes will be impacted by the activity at this project. The proposed project is close to Lane School, and is on the pedestrian route to school. Should construction/demolition activities impact student/vehicular access to sidewalks/roads, mitigation measures will be necessary to safeguard pedestrians/motorists. It is requested that the following mitigation measures applicable to the project be taken into consideration:

- LAUSD Transportation Branch, (323) 227-4400, must be contacted regarding the potential impact, if any, upon existing school bus routes. School buses must have access Lane School.
- Contractors must guarantee that safe and convenient pedestrian routes to Lane School sites are maintained.
- Contractors must maintain ongoing communication with the administrator of Lane School, providing sufficient notice to forewarn children and parents when existing pedestrian and vehicular routes to school will be impacted.
- Appropriate traffic controls (signs and signals) must be installed as needed to ensure pedestrian and vehicular safety.
- · Construction scheduling and haul routes should be sequenced to minimize conflicts with pedestrians, school buses and cars at the arrival and dismissal times of the school day. Haul trucks are not to be routed past Lane School, except when school is not in session.
- No staging or parking of construction vehicles, including vehicles to transport workers, on streets adjacent to Lane School.
- Funding for crossing guards to be provided when safety of children is compromised by constructionrelated activities at impacted crossings.
- Funding for a flag person to be provided as needed where construction-related activities compromise the safety of pedestrians and/or motorists while traveling to and from school.
- Barriers must be constructed as needed to minimize trespassing, vandalism, short-cut attractions and attractive nuisances.
- · Security patrols should be funded and provided to minimize trespassing, vandalism, and short-cut
- Fencing should be installed to secure construction equipment to minimize trespassing, vandalism, and short-cut attractions.

CDMG Note 48 — Checklists for the Review of Geologic/Seismic Reports for California Public Schools, Hospitals, and Essential Services Buildings

The following two checklists, "CDMG Review of Engineering ologic Data" and "CDMG Review of the Seismic Data," were epared for the purpose of determining the adequacy of site evaluation reports for California public schools, hospitals, and essential services buildings that are prepared by consulting engineering geologists and geotechnical engineers, submitted to the Division of the State Architect (DSA) for public schools, or the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) for hospitals, and reviewed by the California Division of Mines and Geology (CDMG), 801 K Street, MS 12-31, Sacramento, California 95814-3531; telephone 916-323-4399.

This review is based on the California Code of Regulations, Title 24, 1998 California Building Code, Chapter 16, Earthquake Design §1626A-1637A; Chapter 18A, Foundations & Retaining Walls; Appendix Chapter 33, Excavation & Grading; §4-317e within Part 1 of Title 24 (active faults and schools). The review is performed under authority of §7-119 of Part 1 of Title 24 (CDMG to evaluate adequacy of reports). These advisory checklists are nonregulatory, but they cite relevant sections of code and indicate specific topics to be addressed for a complete and adequate consulting report. These checklists will be occasionally updated to reflect future code changes, new seismology methods, geologic publications, and web-site addresses.

1998 California Building Code (CBC) with its distinctive blue cover in 3-ring binder can be obtained from the International Conference of Building Officials in Whittier, California; phone (800) 284-4406 or http://www.icbo.org/product/ ICBO also publishes the Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California that was prepared by the Calif. Div. Mines & Geology.

Note that the 1998 California Building Code is not the 1997 Uniform Building Code. About one-third of the text within CBC has een tailored for California earthquake conditions. The CBC pages ve the marginal symbol "CA" to mark the California specific

In accordance with 1998 CBC §1634A.1, project site evaluations shall include an Engineering Geologic Report and a Geotechnical Report. Because the state-of-the-art in strong-motion seismology has significantly changed in the past decade, most active fault and seismology parameters published prior to the early 1990's are typically out-dated, and update is advisable. Fault maps and seismology reports from two decades ago may not reflect our current knowledge of strong-motion seismology in light of the 1987 Mw 6.0 Whittier Narrows, 1989 Mw 6.9 Loma Prieta, 1992 Mw 7.0 Cape Mendocino, 1992 Mw 7.3 Landers, 1992 Mw 6.2 Big Bear, 1994 Mw 6.7 Northridge, and 1999 Mw7.1 Hector earthquakes.

Title 24 requires that both the Engineering Geology and Geotechnical reports address the "Upper Bound Earthquake" (UBE) for ground motion at the site. The UBE has a 10 percent chance of exceedance in 100 years, and a return period of 949 years. As interpreted by the Building Safety Board in 1989, engineering geologic/geotechnical issues shall be evaluated by this ground

CDMG's 1999 Map Sheet 48, Seismic Shaking Hazard Maps of California, 1997 Special Publication 117, Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California, 74 pages; CDMG Note 42, Guidelines to Geologic/Seismic Reports; CDMG Note 44, Recommended Guidelines for Preparing Engineering Geologic Reports; CDMG Special Publication 42, Fault-Rupture Hazard Zones in California, 1997 edition, regarding Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zones, will provide reliable guidance in the preparation of engineering geology and seismology reports.

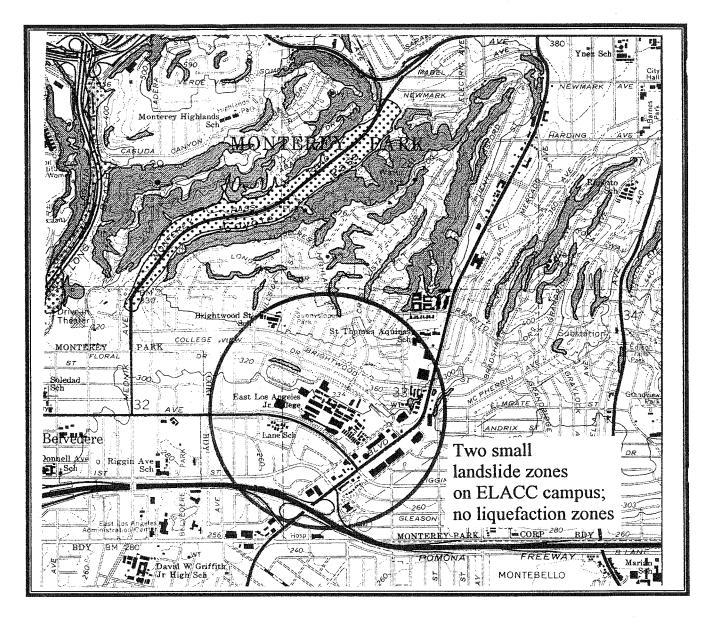
Current earthquake fault parameters (magnitudes, slip rates, fault length, etc.) are published in CDMG Open-File Report 96-08, Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Assessment for the State of California; the fault table can be down-loaded from CDMG's web-site:

http://www.consrv.ca.gov/dmg

Ų.	nanges. 1998 CBC became effective on July 1, 1999.
	EAST LOS ANGECES CITY COLLEGE MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754
Ρ	Project: Location: 1301 AVENIDA CESAIZ CRAVEZ
€	Reviewed by: Robert H. Sydnor
C	Date Reviewed: July 1, 2000 Calif. Certified Engineering Geologist No. 968
S	Section A. CDMG Review of Engineering Geologic Data
1.	Project location and description (size, type of construction, intended foundation system, grade elevations, square footage of building structure to determine §1804A.2 requirement of one borehole per 5,000 sq.ft. of building, with a minimum of two for any one building. Provide precisely marked \$\psi\$ site on index map using 7½-minute topographic map, and latitude and longitude to three decimal places (e.g., 34.160°N, 118.534°W) for CDMG review of strong-ground motion values.
2.	Engineering geologic map, geologic cross sections, and description of stratigraphy (bedrock and regolith), petrology, geologic structure, and hydrogeology. Describe site geology according to CDMG Notes 42 and 44, and ASTM D-420-93, Standard Guide to Site Characterization for Engineering, Design and Construction Purposes. The degree of detail should be compatible with the geologic complexity and type of building structure. For hillside sites include slope stability evaluation of immediately adjacent property. The geologic map should be 1:24,000 scale or better (e.g., 1:1200 or 1:480). List photo numbers and scale of stereoscopic aerial photographs used.
3.	Regional fault map and distance to faults contributing the most significant ground-motion hazard to the site. Tabulate fault distances in kilometers and report in order by increasing distance (not alphabetical by fault name). It is preferable to use moment magnitudes (Mw) for the Upper Bound Earthquake. Generally avoid using the local magnitude scale, M _L , commonly known as the Richter scale, because it is known to saturate at higher magnitudes; and also because M _L does not correlate well with other fault parameters (such as fault length and slip rate). SITE IS ON ELYSIAN PARK BLIND TRRUST FAULT Manax = 6.7 moment magnitude, slip rate = 12 mylyean

4	1.	Subsurface engineering geologic / geotechnical information (trench logs, borehole logs, site-specific project plan map showing exploration sites, delineate areas of existing and planned cut/fill). Site geologic cross-section(s) summarizing subsurface geologic conditions are recommended, including foundations of existing adjacent structures (as applicable). Subsurface investigation and reporting should be in accordance with 1995 CBC §1804A, with consideration of CDMG Note 44.	uill	Adequately Documented Additional Subsurface Data Requested Meed Breholes
:	5.	Evaluate the surface faulting hazard in accordance with CDMG Special Publication 42 (1997 edition) and CDMG Note 49, for sites within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or having documented evidence of active fault displacement. See also USGS Bulletin 1947.	for	Adequately Documente Additional Fault Trenching
,	6.	Tabulate the magnitude and epicentral distance (in km) of significant past earthquakes that affected the site as per CDMG Note 42. No maximum radius is established, but smaller earthquakes at long	n	wt applicable
		radial distances (± > 100 km) need not be reported unless particularly significant. For pre-1900 earthquakes refer to CDMG OFR 81-11. For 1900-1949 earthquakes refer to CDMG OFR 82-17. For recent historic earthquakes, reference is made to numerous publications of CDMG, USGS, Bulletin of the Seismological Society of America (BSSA), and the Journal of Geophysical Research (JGR). Software programs (such as EQSEARCH) and various USGS, CIT, UCB, NOAA—NGDC epicenter and strong-motion databases on CD-ROMs will be useful. The Northern California Earthquake Data Center web-site is: http://quake.geo.berkeley.edu/ncedc/catalog-search.html	eva Wh	Adequately Documented Additional Epicenter Data Requested Leworte 1987 Hris Naurons Theywork
		The Southern California Earthquake Center web-site is: http://scec.gps.caltech.edu	ea	flywake
	7.	Evaluate the potential for liquefaction, including published historic evidence. Refer to \$1804.A.3.7, \$1804A.5, and see \$3309.7 of 1995 CBC for geologic site conditions: shallow groundwater, <50 feet or <15 meters, unconsolidated sandy alluvium, and Seismic Zone 3 or 4. Refer to CDMG Special Publication 117, Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California, 74 pages, 1997; Youd and Idriss, 1997, Proceedings of the NCEER Workshop on Evaluation of Liquefaction Resistance of Soils, NCEER Report 97-0022, 276 p.; and current ASCE geotechnical publications. From site boreholes report Standard Penetration Test (N ₁)60 standard SPT blow-counts using ASTM D1586—92. Report depth to water table, cyclic stress ratio, CSR, and Factor-of-Safety, FS ₁ ≥1.3, for liquefaction. The Cone Penetration Test, ASTM D3441—94, may be used, but only concurrent with SPT data for reliable correlation. If published maps apply (e.g., CDMG OFR 96-1), use CDMG official liquefaction zones delineated by the State Geologist under the 1989 Seismic Hazard Mapping Act (PRC \$2690-2699.6). If specialized software is used, such as NCEER (1997) method LIQUEFY2, v.1.30, include input parameters in an appendix of the report. Evaluate cost-effective remedial options for liquefaction if Factor-of-Safety, FS ₁ <1.3. Remedial options may include: dynamic deep compaction, vibro-replacement, vibro-displacement, stone columns, dewatering systems, caisson and grade-beam foundations, mat foundations, etc. Evaluate criteria for		
		SPT- or CPT-based acceptance testing to demonstrate satisfactory ground remediation.	•	•
	8.	Evaluate the potential for <u>seismically-induced</u> settlement, subsidence due to fluid withdrawal (groundwater or petroleum); refer to 1995 CBC §1804A.3. Evaluate geologic subgrade for expansive soils; refer to §1804A.4, §1815, Table 18A-I-B, UBC Standard 18-2, and ASTM Test D4546-90. Evaluate soluble sulfate minerals (typically gypsum & jarosite) for portland cement Type II or Type V (sulfate resistant); refer to §1804A.3.8, §1904A.3, Table 19A-A-3, and UBC Standard 19-1.	-	Additional Data Requested
		Evaluate the potential for landsliding, including immediately adjacent property for both bedrock landslides and debris flows, in accordance with CDMG Note 42 and Note 44; and by National Research Council, 1996, Landslides — investigation and mitigation, TRB Special Report 247, 673 pages. Refer to CDMG official landslide zones delineated by the State Geologist under the 1989	X	Additional Landslide Analysis Requested
	10.	Seismic Hazard Mapping Act (California Public Resources Code \$2690-2699.6) 8-20 for LACE The COMG OPEN-FILE PLACETY OF 8-20 for LACE Evaluate the potential for flooding, acute erosion, dam inundation, or breached levees, as per CDMG Note 44. Plot building site on official FEMA flood maps if within or near the "100-year" flood zone	Luad 	Adequately Documented Flood Data Requested
	11.	Review geologic hazard zones or applicable zoning and building regulations appearing in the latest edition of the Safety Element within the General Plan of the City or County.	×	Adequately Documented Review Safety Element
	12.	Only if the site is significantly near the Pacific coastline, lakes, or reservoirs: evaluate the potential for tsunamis and/or seiches. Refer to CDMG Bulletin 198, 1973, p. 41-43 and Figure 11.		Not Applicable Tsunami Data Requested
	13.	form 6 there valence experience in California: USGS Bulletin 1847 17 p. plate I Los Angeles	ettis, W. ssociated basin: Ca	Not Applicable R., 1993, Quaternary fold with blind thrust faulting, alifornia: Journal of Geo- 8, p. 8349–8369.
	14.	References Cited (geology, seismology, geotechnology). Up-to-date seismology info. Lancon in typically post-1989 Loma Prieta earthquake and can be found using AGI's GeoRef CID-ROM software		Adequate References
		in current CDMG and USGS publications, and monthly scientific journals such as Bull. Seis. Soc. Amer. AGU Jour. Geophys. Res. AEG/GSA Environmental and Engineering Geoscience, EERI Earthquake Spectra, ASCE Journal of Geotechnical Engineering, and weekly AAAS Science. Avoid using out-dated and superseded CDMG maps and reports. An example is: the old 1974 CDMG Map Sheet 23 with peak ground acceleration for rock sites is superseded by Probabilistic Seismic Hazard Assessment for the State of California, CDMG Open-File Report 96-08, 33 p., All	BULL	
	15.	Engineering Geology report (§1634A.1.2) prepared and signed by California Certified Engineering		CEG # and signature OK
		Geologist (§7-111 and §7-117.b.1). Geotechnical report (§1634A.2.1 and §1804A.1) prepared and signed by Registered Geotechnical Engineer (§4-314). A supplemental ground-motion report may also be prepared and signed by either a CEG, RCE, or California Registered Geophysicist (§1634A.2.2.1)	د	RGE # and signature OK

Se	ction B. CDMG Review of Seismic Shaking Data		
	Project subject to:		
	(check one) Dynamic lateral-force analysis procedures		
1.	Upper Bound Earthquake, UBE, defined in §1629A.2.6 of 1995 CBC as "the motion having a 10 percent probability of being exceeded in a 100-year period or maximum level of motion which may ever be expected at the building site within the known geological framework." The Poissonian return period for the UBE is ≈949 years. The UBE is reported using the moment magnitude scale,		Adequately Documented
	Mw. A useful publication is CDMG Open-File Report 96-08, Probabalistic Seismic Hazard Assessment for the State of California, 33 pages; Appendix A, Table of 182 California Faults,	<i>~</i>	Data Requested
	Assessment for the State of Cattyornia, 35 pages, Appendix A, Table of 182 Cambrida Tables, 13 pages; Appendix B, 228 References Cited, 13 pages. Down-load the fault table from:	, (
	http://www.consrv.ca.gov/dmg/shezp/fltindex.html	of us	e UBE
2.		٠.	≈ 0.58g
	graded hillside, structures may have different geologic subgrade classifications (both fill & soft rock).	X	Adequately Documented
	S _A hard rock with Vs > 1500 m/s	П	Additional Subgrade
		_	Classification Information
	S_B rock with $V_S \approx 760-1500$ m/s	r	Requested
	S_c very dense soil or soft rock with $Vs \approx 360-760$ m/s; SPT $N > 50$; $Su > 100$ kPa or > 2000 ps		
	S_D stiff soil with $Vs \approx 180\text{-}360 \text{ m/s}$, or SPT $N=15\text{-}50$, or $Su=50\text{-}100 \text{ kPa}$ or 1000-2000 psf. Use S_D for engineered fill on graded pads. If Vs is unknown, then use S_D as default (§1636.2).) V 7	THIS APPLIES
	S _E soft soil profile with $Vs < 180$ m/s, or SPT $N < 15$; or $Su < 50$ kPa or < 1000 psf; or any soil profile with more than 3 m or 10 ft of soft clay with Pl>20, $w_{mc} \ge 40$ percent and $Su < 25$ kPa or < 500 psf		70
	S _F soil requiring site-specific evaluation §1644.3.1 of 1997 UBC, including: liquefiable soils; quick and highly sensitive clays; collapsible weakly-cemented soils; peats and highly organic clays > 10 ft (>3 m) thick; very high plasticity clays (CH) with PI>75 and >25 ft (>7.6 m) thickness; very thick soft/medium stiff clays with >120 ft (>36.6 m) thickness.	e e	
	Shear-Wave Velocity References: 1997 UBC Table 16-J; Wills and Silva, 1998, EERI Earthquake Spectra, v. 14, no. 3, p. 533-556; Boore, Joyner, and Fumal, 1997, Seismological Research Letters, v. 68, no. 1, p. 128-153, tables 4 & 7; Borchardt, 1994, EERI Earthquake Spectra, v. 10, no. 4. For L.A. Basin see Fumal and Tinsley, 1985, USGS Prof. Paper 1360, p. 127-149. For S.F. Bay Area see Borcherdt and Glassmoyer, 1994, USGS Prof. Paper 1551-A, p. A77-A108, Tables 1a, 1b, 7, and 8. Shear-wave velocity information is needed to select the proper strong-motion attenuation curve. In appropriate sites, average shear-wave velocity may be extrapolated from reliable geologic information in nearby boreholes or conservatively estimated based on published geologic data.	- DG	A _{OBE} ≈ 0.58g
3.	Using probabilistic seismic hazard methods, compute the Peak Ground Acceleration, PGA, and, when	, 0,	OBE
	appropriate, spectral response with $\zeta = 5\%$ damping, for the Upper-Bound Earthquake ground motion.		Adequately Documented
	A useful reference for attenuation formulas is Jan/Feb 1997 Seismological Research Letters, vol. 68,		
	no. 1. Tabulate appropriate seismology parameters such as fault length, fault distance (km), <i>Mmax</i> in moment magnitude, slip-rate (mm/year), proper classification of the geologic subgrade, and the site	×	Additional Seismology Data Requested
	coordinates (latitude & longitude to 3 decimal places). Include software name and year of PC-based	(- Data Roquested
	program, and authors of formulas used. Do not use a "rock" attenuation formula for an alluvial site.		_
4.	Evaluate near-source effects of strong motion if within Seismic Zone 4 (optional for Zone 3).	Ne	ar-Source Factors:
	Determine near-source factors, $1.5 \le Na \le 1.0$ for $d < 10$ km; and $2.0 \le Nv \le 1.0$ for $d < 15$ km, depending on Seismic Source Factor from Tables 16-S and 16-T of 1997 UBC (Type A, B, or C faults). Near-source effects need not be considered for Na if $d \ge 10$ km, or for Nv if $d \ge 15$ km.		Apply and Adequately Evaluated
	Refer to 1998 ICBO publication Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California and Adjacent Portions of Nevada prepared by CDMG for use with 1997 UBC. Type A faults are capable of producing large magnitude events and also have a high rate of seismicity (Mmax ≥7.0, and slip		Not Applicable
	rate ≥ 5 mm/yr). Type C faults are not capable of producing large magnitude earthquakes and also have a relatively low rate of seismic activity (Mmax < 6.5 , and slip rate ≤ 2 mm/yr). Type B faults are all faults other than Types A and C.		Additional Evaluation of Near-Source Factors Requested
_	State whether the site is within 1995 CBC Seismic Zone 3 of 4 using Figure 16A-2 (map showing		Zone 4 = OK
٥.	California county lines), and refer to §1627A.2 text within CBC that defines which portions of certain	(X	Properly Determined
	California counties are in Zone 3. Caution: do not use the familiar small-scale seismic zone map Figure 16-2 within 1997 <i>Uniform</i> Building Code; it is not the same as CBC (esp. Del Norte Co.).	N.	CBC Seismic Zone Maps Evaluation Requested
6.	Determine the site soil profile from 1995 CBC Table 16A-J (Type $S_1(S_2)S_3$, S_4 site). Note that the		52 OK
	site classification has changed in 1997 UBC Table 16-J, but the site soil profile still has to be determined under current 1995 CBC. The coefficient S is used for the computation of the	×	S-type Adequately
	coefficient C in the base-shear analysis, §1628.2.1, for projects subject to equivalent-static		Determined
	lateral-force procedures. "The value of C need not exceed 2.75 and may be used for any structure	П	Evaluation of S-type
	without regard to soil type or structure period." In some cases, the ceiling on C effectively limits the S-value considered in structural design.	ل	Requested
	the 5-value considered in structural design.		



Extract from: Seismic Hazard Zones Map Los Angeles 7½-minute Quadrangle

Scale: 1:24,000 or 1 inch = 2,000 feet

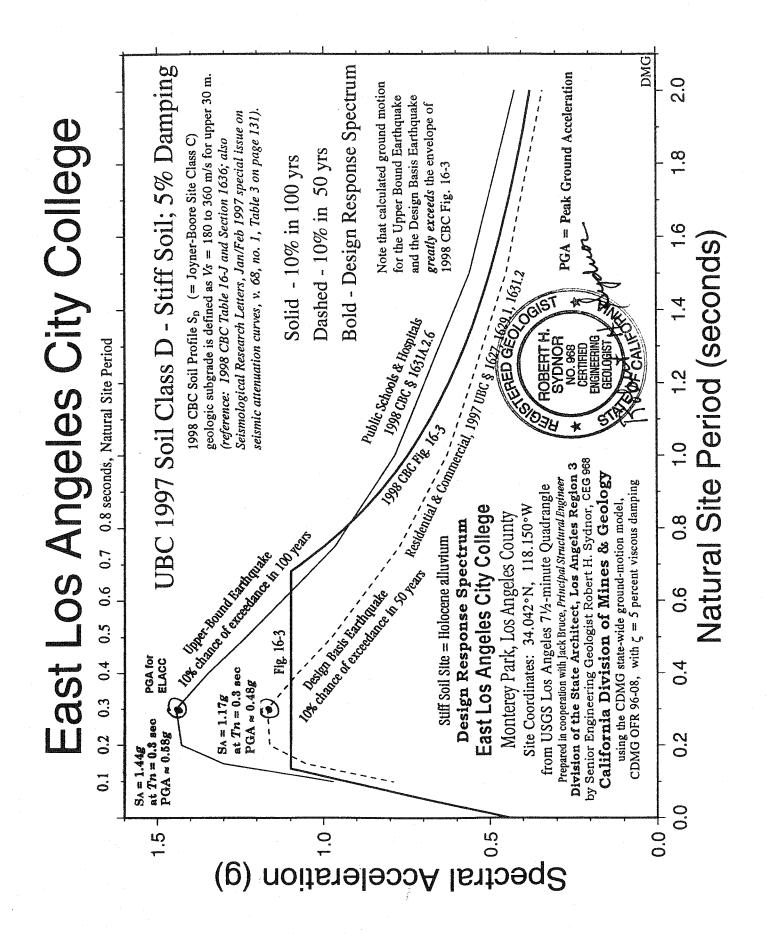
with application to East Los Angeles City College

Issued as an Official Map by State Geologist on March 25, 1999
Delineated in compliance with Chapter 7.8, Division 2, California Public Resources Code
Seismic Hazards Mapping Act of 1990

The coarse stippled patterns indicate official zones for liquefaction investigations.

The gray patterns indicate official zones for landslide investigations.

For explanation, refer to California Division of Mines & Geology Special Publication 117, Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California, 1997, 74 pages. SP-117 and the complete zone map may be downloaded free from the CDMG homepage at www.consrv.ca.gov/dmg



Appendix C

AIR QUALITY DATA

DATE	October 4, 2000
PROJECT NAME	East Los Angeles College EIR
DEMOLITION PHASE	
DURATION OF DEMOLITION PHASE (Work Days)	25
SF OF BUILDINGS TO BE DEMOLISHED	36,901
AVERAGE FLOOR HEIGHT OF BUILDINGS TO BE DEMOLISHED	8
SF OF PAVEMENT AREA TO BE REMOVED	7,272
THICKNESS OF PAVEMENT TO BE REMOVED	0.75
HOURS IN WORK DAY FOR THIS PHASE	8
HAUL TRUCK ROUND TRIP LENGTH	20
WORKER ROUND TRIP LENGTH	16
GRADING AND/OR EXCAVATION PHASE	
DURATION OF EXCAVATION PHASE (Work Days)	160
SITE AREA (ACRES)	6.73
HOURS IN WORK DAY FOR THIS PHASE	8
HAUL TRUCK ROUND TRIP LENGTH	20
WORKER ROUND TRIP LENGTH	16
DEPTH OF GRADING	1.0
DEPTH OF EXCAVATION	11
SURFACE AREA OF EXCAVATION IN SF	293,333
FOUNDATION PHASE	
DURATION OF FOUNDATION PHASE (Work Days)	120
SIZE OF FOUNDATION SLAB IN SF	360,000
SLAB THICKNESS IN SF	1
HOURS IN WORK DAY FOR THIS PHASE	8
CEMENT MIXER ROUND TRIP LENGTH	10
WORKER ROUND TRIP LENGTH	16
TRUCK CHARACTERISTICS	
HAUL TRUCK CAPACITY IN CUBIC YARDS	14.00
TRUCK TRAVEL PERCENTAGE ON LOCAL STREET	10%
TRUCK TRAVEL PERCENTAGE ON MAJOR STREET	20%
TRUCK TRAVEL PERCENTAGE ON FREEWAY	70%
WORKER AUTO CHARACTERISTICS	
PERCENT WORKER AUTO TRAVEL ON LOCAL STREET	10%
PERCENT WORKER AUTO TRAVEL ON MAJOR STREET	30%
PERCENT WORKER AUTO TRAVEL ON FREEWAY	60%
SITE CONDITIONS	
PREDOMINANT WIND SPEED in MPH	5.4
NATIVE SOIL MOISTURE CONTENT	3%
SOIL MOISTURE CONTENT (MITIGATED)	12%

EMFAC7F.1 RATES AS OF 1/25/94 (grams per mile)								
Vehicle Type	co	ROG	NO ₂	SO ₂	PM ₁₀			
Haul Truck	7.67	1.96	10.29	0.30	1.45			
Worker Vehicle	12.79	1.11	0.83	0.05	0.01			
Assumptions:								
Construction Year	2000							
Season	Winter							
Temperature	65°F							
Speed	35 mph							
Cold Starts:								
Haul Truck	10%							
Worker Vehicle	100%							
Vehicle Mix:								
Haul Truck	100% Heavy	Diesel						
Worker Vehicle	80% Light Du	uty Auto, 20%	6 Light Duty	Truck				

EQUIPMENT EMISSION FACTORS (pounds per hour)							
Equipment Type	NO ₂	SO ₂	PM ¹⁰				
Crane/Dozer	0.675	0.15	1.7	0.143	0.14		
Source: Table A9-8-A, SCAQMD CEQA Handbook							

PAVED ROAD PM10 EMISSIONS (per VMT)				
	PM ¹⁰ /	VMT			
	Worker Haul				
Road Type	Vehicle	Truck			
Local Street	0.018000	0.213958			
Major Street/Highway	0.006400	0.149096			
Freeway	0.000650	0.062171			
Composite Factor**	0.004110	0.094734			
Source: Tables A9-9-B-1 and A9-9-C, SCAQMD CEQA Handbook					

HAUL TRUCK ON UNPAVED SURFACE EMISSIONS

**Note: Weighted average based on travel characteristics

FORMULA:

 $E = V \times F$

WHERE:

E = Emissions

V = Vehicle Miles of Travel

 $F = Emissions Factor (2.1)(G/12)(H/30)((J/3)^0.7)((I/4)^0.5)((365-K)/365)$

VARIABLES

G = Surface silt loading in percent

H = Mean vehicle speed in miles per hour

I = Mean number of wheels on vehicles

J = Mean vehicle weight in tons

K = Mean number of days per year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation

EMISSIONS FACTOR = 5.55 pounds per vehicle miles traveled

Source: Table A9-9-D, SCAQMD CEQA Handbook

IR				
со	ROG	NO ₂	SO ₂	(MITIGATED) PM ¹⁰
17	3	31	2	23
35	8	52	3	180
22	3	25	2	16
35	8	52	3	180
550	75	100	150	150
NO	NO	NO	NO	YES
	CO 17 35 22 35 550	CO ROG 17 3 35 8 22 3 35 8 550 75	CO ROG NO2 17 3 31 35 8 52 22 3 25 35 8 52 550 75 100	CO ROG NO2 SO2 17 3 31 2 35 8 52 3 22 3 25 2 35 8 52 3 550 75 100 150

DEMOLITION PHASE EMISSIONS (in pounds per day)

Activity Emissions	Daily Unit Volume	PM ¹⁰ Factor **	PM ¹⁰	MITIGATED PM ¹⁰
Building Wrecking	11,808 ft ³	0.00042 per ft ³	4.96	2.48
Pavement Breaking	218 ft ³	0.00042 per ft ³	0.09	0.05
Truck Loading	119 tons	0.02205 per ton	2.63	1.32
Trucks on Unpaved Surface	0.78 miles	5.55141 per vmt	4.32	2.16
** Source: Table A9-9, SCAQMD CE	EQA Handbook		1.02	

Equipment	Source	Activity					
Emissions	Population	Hours	co	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Dozer/Crane	2	8	10.80	2.40	27.20	2.29	2.24

Mobile Emissions	Daily VMT	co	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Haul Trucks	152	2.56	0.65	3.44	0.10	14.85
Worker Vehicles	142	3.99	0.35	0.26	0.02	0.59

TOTAL DAILY EMISSIONS (without mitigation)	со	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Daily Area Source Emissions	10.80	2.40	27.20	2.29	14.24
Daily Mobile Emissions	6.55	1.00	3.70	0.12	15.44
TOTAL	17.35	3.40	30.90	2.40	29.68

TOTAL DAILY EMISSIONS (with mitigation)	co	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Daily Area Source Emissions	10.80	2.40	27.20	2.29	7.12
Daily Mobile Emissions	6.55	1.00	3.70	0.12	15.44
TOTAL	17.35	3.40	30.90	2.40	22.56

UNDERLING DEMOLITION PHASE CALCULATIONS

OHDERENIA DEMOCRATION INVOCATION	
Bldg Vol CF	295,208
Bldg Vol CY	10,934
Pavement CF	5,454
Pavement CY	202
Total Debris CF	64,496
Total Debris CY	2,389
Numer of Haul Load @ 14.00 CY/load	190
Loads Per Hour	1
Number of Haul Loads per Day	8
CF/Day Demolished	12,026
CY/Day Demolished	445
Tons of Debris Loaded per Day	119
Number of Dozers to Load @ 6 loads/hr/dozer	1
Numer of Diesel Equipment @ 900 CY/Piece	2
Total Man Hours Required	1,949
Total Work Crew Size	10
HDV Off Site VMT	152
HDV VMT on Unpaved Site (miles)	0.78
Number of Work Crew Vehicles @ 1.1 AVR	9
Work Crew Vehicle VMT - Local (miles)	142

GRADING/EXCAVATION PHASE EMISSIONS (in pounds per day)

Activity Emissions	Silt	Moisture	Activity	Wind	Pounds		
(without mitigation)	Content	Content	Hours	Speed	per Day	PM ¹⁰	
Site Grading	15	3%	5.4	n/a	n/a	66.36	
Earth Excavation	n/a	3%	n/a	5.39	1,493,825	329.89	
Note: Calculation formulas are located in Tables A9-9-F and 9-9-G of the SCAQMD CEQA Handbook							

24224	_				
ntent	Content	Hours	Speed	per Day	PM ¹⁰
15	12%	5.4	n/a	n/a	9.53
n/a	12%	n/a	5.39	1,493,825	47.37
1	n/a	n/a 12%	n/a 12% n/a	n/a 12% n/a 5.39	174

		Emissions		(Mitigated)
Activity Emissions	Daily VMT	Factor	PM ¹⁰	PM ¹⁰
Haul Truck on Unpaved Surface	5.47	5.55	30.38	15.19

Equipment	Source	Daily					
Emissions	Population	Hours	CO	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Dozer/Shovel	2	8	10.80	2.40	27.20	2.29	2.24

Mobile Emissions	Daily VMT	со	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Haul Trucks	1,067	18.03	4.61	24.18	0.71	104.49
Worker Vehicles	204	5.74	0.50	0.37	0.02	0.84

TOTAL DAILY EMISSIONS (without mitigation)	CO	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Daily Area Source Emissions	10.80	2.40	27.20	2.29	428.86
Daily Mobile Emissions	23.76	5.10	24.56	0.73	105.33
TOTAL	34.56	7.50	51.76	3.02	534.19

TOTAL DAILY EMISSIONS (with mitigation)	СО	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Daily Area Source Emissions	10.80	2.40	27.20	2.29	74.33
Daily Mobile Emissions	23.76	5.10	24.56	0.73	105.33
TOTAL	34.56	7.50	51.76	3.02	179.66

UNDERLING GRADING/EXCAVATION PHASE	CALCULATIONS
Total Earth Export CY	119,506
Total Haul Truck Trips @ 14.00 CY	8,536
Total Earth Export Weight (in tons)	119,506
Daily Earth Export CY	747
Daily Haul Truck Trips @ 14.00 CY	53
Daily Earth Export Weight (in tons)	747
Haul Truck VMT on Unpaved Surface	5.47
HDV Off Site VMT	1,067
Total Work Crew Size	14
Number of Work Crew Vehicles @ 1.1 AVR	13
Work Crew Vehicle VMT - Local (miles)	204
EQUIPMENT NEEDED FOR GRADING	
Site Area in Acres	6.73
Grading Average Depth	1.00
Cubic Yards Graded	10,864
CY Graded/Day	67.90
D7 Dozer Output in CY/Day	216.00
Dozers Needed	1.00
Dozeis Meeded	1.00
EQUIPMENT NEEDED FOR EXCAVATION	
CY Exported	119,506
CY Exported/Day	747
Power Shovel Output in CY /Day	800
Power Shovels Needed	1.00
TOTAL EQUIPMENT NEEDED	2.00

FOUNDATION PHASE EMISSIONS (in pounds per day)

	Source						
Equipment	Population	Daily Hours	co	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Idling Cement Trucks	1.54	8	8.33	1.85	20.99	1.77	1.73

Mobile	Daily VMT	СО	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Cement Trucks	123.46	2.09	0.53	2.80	0.08	12.09
Worker Vehicles	409.09	11.52	1.00	0.75	0.05	1.69

TOTAL DAILY EMISSIONS	CO	ROG	NOX	sox	PM ¹⁰
Daily Area Source Emissions	8.33	1.85	20.99	1.77	1.73
Daily Mobile Emissions	13.61	1.53	3.55	0.13	13.78
TOTAL	21.94	3.39	24.53	1.89	15.51

UNDERLING FOUNDATION PHASE CALCULATIONS

CF of Cement Required	360,000
CY of Cement Required	13,333
No. of Cement Haul Loads @ 9CY/Load	1,481
Labor Hours Required	27,000
Total Worker Requirement	28
Number of Work Crew Vehicles @ 1.1 AVR	26
Number of Cement Loads per Day	12.35
Cement Loads Per Hour	1.54
CF/Day Poured	3,000.00
CY/Day Poured	111.11
HDV Off Site VMT	123.46
Work Crew Vehicle VMT	409.09

1ENV028F1.1 2/99	CALTRANS DIVISION OF	RUN DATES: ENV028F1.1 10/	
2/99	NEW TECHNOLOGY, MATERIALS AND RESEARCH	EMFAC7F1.1 10/	

		EMFAC7F1.1	RATES AS OF	1/25/94
TIME RATE ADJUSTMENT BAGS 1 & 3	East Los Ange	eles College	EIR	

YEAR: 2000 DEWPOINT: 10	% COLD STARTS	50.0	% LDA 76.5	% LDT 2	0.0 % MDT	1.0
INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE: YES	% HOT STARTS	10.0	% UBD 1.5	% HDG	0.0 % HDD	0.5
SEASON: WINTER	% HOT STAR	40:0		% MCV	0.5	

TABLE 1: ESTIMATED TRAVEL FRACTIONS

	LIGH	T DUTY A	TOS	LIGHT	DUTY T	RUCKS	MED DUTY	TRUCKS	URBAN BUS	HEAVY	DUTY TR	UCKS	MCY
	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	ALL
% VMT	1.16	98.58	0.26	0.16	99.54	0.30	1.04	98.96	100.00	19.57	80.43	100.00	100.00
% TRIP	1.16	98.58	0.26	0.16	99.54	0.30	1.04	98.96	100.00	19.57	80.43	100.00	100.00
% VEH	2.38	97.15	0.47	0.39	99.03	0.56	2.84	97.16	100.00	31.08	68.92	100.00	100.00
1ENV028F1.1						CALTRANS I	OIVISION O	F		RUI	N DATES:	ENV028F1.	1 10/
2/99													
				NEW	TECHNO	LOGY, MATI	ERIALS AND	RESEAR	CH			EMFAC7F1.	1 10/
2/99													

EMFAC7F1.1 RATES AS OF 1/25/94

TIME RATE ADJUSTMENT BAGS 1 & 3	East Los Angeles College EIR		
			+
YEAR: 2000 DEWPOINT: 10	% COLD STARTS 50.0 % LDA 76.5	% LDT 20.0	% MDT 1.0
INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE: YES	% HOT STARTS 10.0 % UBD 1.5	% HDG 0.0	% HDD 0.5
SEASON: WINTER	% HOT STAB 40.0	% MCY 0.5	

TABLE 2: COMPOSITE EMISSION FACTORS

POLLUTAN	IT NAME: CA	RBON MONC	XIDE	IN (GRAMS PER	MILE		
SPEED					TEMPERATU	RE IN DEG	REES FAHRE	NHEIT
MPH	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	
IDLE*	4.04	3.44	2.95	2.62	2.45	2.47	2.72	
3	80.84	66.85	58.99	52.31	48.93	49.42	54.37	
5	50.80	43.60	37,69	33.73	31.78	32.17	35.25	
10	26.23	22.63	19.69	17.72	16.75	16,97	18.54	
15	17.65	15.25	13.29	11.98	11.34	11.49	12.54	
20	13.36	11.56	10.09	9.11	. 8.63	8.75	9.55	
25	10.79	9.35	8.17	7.39	7.02	7.12	7.77	
30	9.07	7:87	6.89	6.24	5.93	6.02	6.56	
35	7.83	5.81	5.97	5.41	5.15	5.23	5.70	
40	6.93	6.03	5.29	4.81	4.58	4.65	5.06	
45	6.29	5.49	4.84	4.41	4.21	4.28	4.65	
50	5.92	5.20	4.62	4.24	4.07	4.14	4.49	
55	5.91	5.26	4.73	4.40	4.26	4.35	4.70	
60	6.87	6.26	5.78	5.52	5.44	5.60	6.01	
65	10.74	10.13	9.70	9.58	9.69	10.07	10.75	

^{*}IDLE EMISSIONS IN GRAMS/MIN, DERIVED FROM 3 MPH RATES

1ENV028F1.1 2/99	CALTRANS DIVISION OF	RUN DATES:	ENV029F1.1	10/
2/99	NEW TECHNOLOGY, MATERIALS AND RESEARCH		EMFAC7F1.1	10/

TIME RATE ADJUSTMENT BAGS 1 & 3	EMFAC7F1 East Los Angeles Coll	.1 RATES AS OF 1/25/94 ege EIR		
YEAR: 2015 DEWPOINT: 10	% COLD STARTS 50.0	% LDA 76.5	% LDT 20.0	% MDT 1.0
INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE: YES	% HOT STARTS 10.0	% UBD 1.5	% HDG 0.0	% HDD 0.5
SEASON: WINTER	% HOT STAB 40.0		% MCY 0.5	

TABLE 1: ESTIMATED TRAVEL FRACTIONS

	LIGH	T DUTY A	TOS	LIGH	HT DUTY T	RUCKS	MED DUTY	TRUCKS	URBAN BUS	HEAVY	DUTY TE	rucks	MCY
	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	ALL
% VMT	0.00	99.98	0.02	0.00	100.00	0,00	0.00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
% TRIP	0.00	99.98	0.02	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
% VEH	0.00	99.96	0.04	0,00	100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
1ENV028F1.1 2/99						CALTRANS I	DIVISION O	F		RUN	DATES:	ENV028F1	
2/99				NI	ew techno	LOGY, MATI	ERIALS ANI	RESEARC	H			EMFAC7F1	1 10/
TIME RATE AD	JUSTMENT	BAGS 1 &	3 East	Los Ange	EMFAC7F1		AS OF 1	25/94					
YEAR: 2015 INSPECTION & SEASON: WINT	MAINTENA	INT: 10 NCE: YES		D STARTS STARTS STAB	50.0 10.0 40.0		LDA 76. UBD 1.		% LDT % HDG % MCY	20.0 0.0 0.5		MDT 1.6	

TABLE 2: COMPOSITE EMISSION FACTORS

SPEED					TEMPERATU	RE IN DEC	REES FAHRE	NHEIT
MPH	65	70	75	60	85	90	95	
DLE*	1.43	1.29	1.19	1.12	1.10	1.13	1.22	
. 3	28.61	25.68	23:75	22.41	21.98	22.60	24.43	
5	18.85	17.22	15.96	15.18	14.95	15.37	16.52	
10	10.21	9.40	8.77	8.39	8.29	8.52	9.12	
1.5	6.93	6.39	5.97	5.72	5.65	5.81	6.21	
.20	5.23	4.83	4.51	4.33	4.28	4.39	4.70	
25	4.21	3.89	3.64	3.49	3.45	3.55	3.79	
30	3.55	3.28	3.07	2.95	2.92	3.00	3.20	
35	3.09	2.86	2.68	2.58	2.55	2.62	2.80	
40	2.76	2,58	2.42	2.33	2.31	2.37	2.53	
45	2.58	2.41	2.27	2.19	2.17	2:23	2.38	
50	2.52	2.36	2.24	2.17	2.16	2.22	2.36	
55	2.63	2.48	2.38	2.32	2.32	2.38	2.52	
50	3.07	2.94	2.85	2.81	2.83	2.91	3.06	
65	4.39	4.28	4.21	4.20	4.25	4.37	4.57	

^{*}IDLE EMISSIONS IN GRAMS/MIN, DERIVED FROM 3 MPH RATES

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\FORFLOEX.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/02/00 AT 17:48

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak Existing

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S Z0 = 114. CM CLAS = 6 (F) ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 8.2 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

1	LINK DESCRIPTION	*	1	LINK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG	TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/C QUEU	ΙE
		*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)			(G/MI)	(FT) (FT) (VE	EH)
1.	nba	*	506.0		506.0	500.0		500.	360.	AG	710.	13.4	0.0 32.0	
2.	nbd	*	506.0	500.0	506.0	1000.0	*	500.	360.	AG	235.	13.4	0.0 32.0	
3.	nbq	*	506.0	476.0	506.0	-2100.0	*	2576.	180.	AG	401.	100.0	0.0 12.0 1.48 130.9	€
4.	sbd	*	494.0	500.0	494.0	0.0	*	500.	180.	AG	210.	13.4	0.0 32.0	
5.	eba	*	0.0	488.0	500.0	488.0	*	500.	90.	AG	530.	13.4	0.0 44.0	
6.	ebd	*	500.0	488.0	1000.0	488.0	*	500.	90.	AG	700.	13.4	0.0 32.0	
7.	ebq	*	500.0	488.0	471.0	488.0	*	29.	270.	AG	. 433.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.28 1.5	5
8.	wba	*	1000.0	518.0	500.0	518.0	*	500.	270.	AG	750.	13.4	0.0 56.0	
9.	wbd	*	500.0	518.0	0.0	518.0	*	500.	270.	AG	845.	13.4	0.0 32.0	
10.	Mpd	*	512.0	518.0	539.4	518.0	*	27.	90.	AG	650.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.27 1.4	ł

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak Existing

LIN	K DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE	RED	CLEARANCE	APPROACH	SATURATION	IDLE	SIGNAL	ARRIVAL
		*	LENGTH	TIME	LOST TIME	AOL	FLOW RATE	EM FAC	TYPE	RATE
		*	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(VPH)	(VPH)	(gm/hr)		
		*								
3. nb	4	*	60	37	3.0	710	1600	242.40	3	3
7. eb	Į.	*	60	20	3.0	530	1600	242.40	3	3
10, wb	Į.	*	60	20	3.0	750	1600	242.40	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

	RECEPTOR	*	X CC	OORDINATES (FT)	Z		*
		*					*
1.	nw .	*	458.0	556.0		5.5	*
2.	ne	*	532.0	556.0		5.5	*
3.	sw	*	468.0	456.0		5.5	*
4.	se	*	532.0	456.0		5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak Existing

MODEL RESULTS

1

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION
ANGLE * (PPM) (DEGR) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 ____* 8.3 9.0 8.2 9.6 0. * 8.3 * 8.4 * 8.4 8.2 10.0 8.8 20. 30. * 8.3 8.2 10.6 8.8 8.3 50, 8.3 8.2 10.5 8.8 60. 8.3 8.2 10.1 8.9 70. 8.3 8.2 10.2 9.1 80. 8.2 10.4 90. 8.7 8.5 9.9 100. 9.5 9.2 9.4 8.2 110. * 10.0 120. 9.5 130. * 9.7 140. * 9.4 8.8 9.6 8.7 9.7 8.2 8.2 150. * 9.8 160. * 11.0 9.1 10.5 8.2

```
170. * 12.5 9.9 11.2 8:4
180. * 11.3 13.4 10.5 11.3
     * 8.8 13.8
* 8.7 11.7
190.
                       8.3 11.9
200.
                       8.2 10.8
         8.7 10.6
                       8.2 10.3
210.
                9.7
                       8.2 10.0
220.
         8.7
                       8.2 9.9
8.2 9.6
230.
          8,8
240.
          8.8
                 9.0
                       8.2 9.6
8.2 9.6
250.
          9.1
                 9.3
          9.0
260.
                 9.2
270
          8.4
                 8.7
                       8.5 10.0
                       9.1 10.6
9.0 10.8
280.
          8.2
                 8.3
290.
          9.2
                 8.3
300.
          8.2
                 8.3
310
          8.2
                 8.3
                       8.8 10.5
         8.2
320.
                 8.3
                       8.8 9.6
330.
                8.4
                       8.7
                             9.4
340.
          8.2
350.
          8.2
                       8,6 10.1
     * 8.3 8.3 9.0 9.9
360.
MAX * 12.5 13.8 11.2 11.9 DEGR. * 170 190 170 190
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 13.81 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak Existing

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR CO/LINK (PPM) ANGLE (DEGREES)

* REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4
LINK # * 170 190 170 190 0.6 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 2.3 2.5 2.3 2.8 1 * 0.6 2 * 0.0 3 * 2.3 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.0, 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 10 * 0.0 1.7 0.0 0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/02/00 AT 17:48

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\FORFLONP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:07

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak 2015 Base

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*		LINK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/	C QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	¥2	* . *	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1. nba	*	506.0	0.0	506.0	500.0	*	500.	360. AG	835.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
2. nbd	*	506.0	500.0	506.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. AG	285.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
3. nbq	*	506.0	476.0	506.0	-3383.5	*	3860.	180. AG	142.	100.0	0.0 12.0 1.74	196.1
4. sbd	*	494.0	500.0	494.0	0.0	*	500.	180. AG	250.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
5. eba	*.	0.0	488.0	500.0	488.0	*	500.	90. AG	605.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
6. ebd	*	500.0	488.0	1000.0	488.0	*	500.	90. AG	850.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
7. ebq	*	500.0	488.0	467.0	488.0	*	33.	270. AG	153.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.32	1.7
8. wba	*	1000.0	518.0	500.0	518.0	*	500.	270. AG	945.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
9. wbd	*	500.0	518.0	0.0	518.0	*	500.	270. AG	1000.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
10. wbq	*	512.0	518.0	546.5	518.0	*	34.	90. AG	230.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.34	1.8

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak 2015 Base

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS ______

L	INK DESCRIPTION	* * *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
3.	nbq	*	60	37	3.0	835	1600	85.80	3	3
7.	ebq	*	60	20	3.0	605	1600	85.80	3	3
10.	wbq	*	60	20	3.0	945	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

			COOL	(DIMMIES (F	1)	
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*
		 *				_ *
1.	nw	*	468.0	556.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	* .	532.0	556.0	5.5	*
3.	sw	*	468.0	456.0	5.5	*
4.	se	*	532.0	456.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak 2015 Base

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

ANGLE	*				
(DEGR) *	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	- *·				
0.	*	3.5	3.6	3.9	4.3
10.	*	3.6	3.5	4.2	4.0
20.	*	3.6	3.5	4.2	3.8
30;	*	3.6	3.5	4.2	3.7
40.	*	3.6	3.5	4.5	3.8
50.	*	3.5	3.5	4.4	3.8
60.	*	3.5	3.5	4.3	3.9
70.	*	3.5	3.5	4.3	3.9
80.	*	3.5	3.5	4.4	4.0
90.	*	3.7	3.6	4.1	3.6
100.	*	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.5
110.	*	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.5
120.	*	4.2	3.8	3.9	3.5
130.	*	4.1	3.8	4.0	3.5
140.	*	3.9	3.9	4.1	3.5
150.	*	4.0	4.0	4.3	3.5
160.	*	4.5	4.1	4.4	3.5

```
170. * 5.2

180. * 4.9

190. * 3.7

200. * 3.7

210. * 3.8

220. * 3.8

240. * 3.8

240. * 3.9

250. * 3.9

270. * 3.6

280. * 3.5

290. * 3.5

300. * 3.5

300. * 3.5
                     4.4
5.5
5.6
                             4.6
4.5
3.5
                                      3.6
4.7
4.9
                              3.5
                                      4.3
                     4.4
                     4.2
                     4.0
                              3.5
                                      4.1
                     3.9
                              3.5
                                      4.0
                     3.9
                              3.5
                                      4.0
                     3.6
                                      4.1
                               3.9
                              3.9
                     3.5
                                      4.6
                     3.6
                                      4.5
                     3.6
                              3.7
        * 3.5
* 3.5
* 3.5
* 3.5
                     3.6
                              3.7
                              3.7
330.
                     3.6
                                      4.0
                     3.6
340.
                                      4.1
350.
                     3.6
                              3.8
 _____
MAX * 5.2 5.6 4.6 4.9
DEGR. * 170 190 170
                                    190
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 5.61 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak 2015 Base

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

	*	co/	(PPM)							
	*	ANG	ANGLE (DEGREES)							
	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4					
LINK #	*	170	190	170	190					
	. *									
1	*	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3					
2	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
3 '	*	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.0					
4	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1					
5	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0					
6	·t	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0					
7	*	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0					
. 8	*	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0					
9	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0					
10	*	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0					

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:07

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\FORFLOP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:22

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak 2015 Project

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)

ZO = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LENGTH BRG TYPE VPH EF H W V/C QUE	LENGTH BF	*		NATES (FT)	INK COORDII	L	*	LINK DESCRIPTION
(FT) (DEG) (G/MI) (FT) (FT) (V	(FT) (DE	*	Y2	X2	Y1	X1	*	
		*					*	
500. 360. AG 835. 5.2 0.0 32.0	500. 3€) *	500.0	506.0	0.0	506.0	*	1. nba
500. 360. AG 375. 5.2 0.0 32.0	500. 36	* (1000.0	506.0	500.0	506.0	*	2. nbd
4125. 180. AG 146. 100.0 0.0 12.0 1.84 209.	4125. 18	3 *	-3649.3	506.0	476.0	506.0	*	3. nbq
500. 180. AG 250. 5.2 0.0 32.0	500. 18) *	0.0	494.0	500.0	494.0	*	4. sbd
500. 90. AG 615. 5.2 0.0 44.0	500. 9	* (488.0	500.0	488.0	0.0	*	5. eba
500. 90. AG 860. 5.2 0.0 32.0	500. 9	* (488.0	1000.0	488.0	500.0	*	6. elod
32. 270. AG 146. 100.0 0.0 24.0 0.32 1.	32. 27) *	488.0	460.1	488.0	500.0	*	7. ebq
500. 270. AG 1060. 5.2 0.0 56.0	500. 27) *	518.0	500.0	518.0	1000.0	*	8. wba
500, 270. AG 1025, 5.2 0.0 32.0	500. 27) *	518.0	0.0	518.0	500.0	*	9. wbd
37. 90. AG 219. 100.0 0.0 36.0 0.37 1.	37. 9	* (518.0	548.7	510.0	512.0	*	10. wbq
500. 90. AG 860. 5.2 0.0 32.0 32. 270. AG 146. 100.0 0.0 24.0 0.32 1. 500. 270. AG 1060. 5.2 0.0 56.0 500. 270. AG 1025. 5.2 0.0 32.0	500. 9 32. 27 500. 27 500. 27) *) *) *	488.0 488.0 518.0 518.0	1000.0 468.1 500.0 0.0	488.0 488.0 518.0 518.0	500.0 500.0 1000.0 500.0	* * *	6. ebd 7. ebq 8. wba 9. wbd

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak 2015 Project

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
3. nbq	*	60	38	3.0	835	1600	85.80	3	3
7. ebq .	*	60	19	3.0	615	1600	85.80	3	3
10. wbq	*	60	19	3.0	1060	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

	*	COOL	RDINATES (F	T)	*
RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*
	*				*
1. nw	*	468.0	556.0	5.5	*
2. ne	*	532.0	556.0	5.5	*
3. sw	*	468.0	456.0	5.5	*
4. se	*	532.0	456.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak 2015 Project

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND	*	CONCE	NTRATIO	NC	
ANGLE	*		(PPM)		
(DEGR	* (REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	★ .				
0.	*	3.5	3.6	3.9	4.3
10.	*	3.6	3.5	4.1	4.1
20.	*	3.6	3.5	4.2	3.8
30.	*	.3.6	3.5	4.4	3.7
40.	*	3.6	3.5	4.4	3.9
50.	*	3.6	3.5	4.5	3.9
60.	*	3.6	3.5	4.3	3.9
70.	*	3.6	3.5	4.3	3.9
80.	*	3.6	3.5	4.4	4.0
90.	*	3.8	3.7	4.1	3.6
100.	*	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.5
110.	*	4.4	4.0	3.9	3.5
120.	*	4.3	3.9	3.9	3.5
130.	*	4.1	3.8	4.0	3.5
140.	*	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.5
150.	*	4.0	4.0	4.3	3.5
					~ ~

```
170. * 5.2 4.5 4.7 3.6
180. * 4.8 5.6 4.5 4.7
190. * 3.7 5.7 3.5 4.9
200. * 3.8 4.4 3.5 4.3
220. * 3.8 4.2 3.5 4.2
230. * 3.8 4.0 3.5 4.0
250. * 3.9 4.0 3.5 4.0
250. * 3.9 4.0 3.5 4.0
260. * 3.9 3.6 3.5 4.0
270. * 3.6 3.7 3.6 4.1
280. * 3.5 3.6 3.9 4.6
300. * 3.5 3.6 3.9 4.6
300. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.5
320. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
330. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
330. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
330. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
330. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
350. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
350. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
360. * 3.5 3.6 3.7 4.0
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 5.71 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Ford & Floral AM Peak 2015 Project

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

	*	co/			
	*	REC1	LE (DE REC2	REC3	REC4
LINK #	* -	170	190	170	190
1	*	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
2	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	*	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0
4	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	*	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
7	*	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	*	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
9	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	*	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:22

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02) (C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\BLECESEX.DAT RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 10:54

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Cesar Chavez PM Peak Exist

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/SU = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)

Z0 = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 8.2 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	L	INK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/C QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	Х2	¥2	*	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT) (VEH)
1. nbd	*	500.0	500.0	500.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. AG	185.	13.4	0.0 32.0
2. sba	*	494.0	1000.0	494.0	500.0	*	500.	180. AG	80.	13.4	0.0 32.0
3. sbq	*	494.0	524.0	494.0	1156.2	*	632.	360. AG	585.	100.0	0.0 12.0 3.08 32.1
4 eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	765.	13.4	0.0 56.0
5. ebd	*	500.0	482.0	1000.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	730.	13.4	0.0 44.0
6. ebq	*	488.0	482.0	483.8	482.0	*	4.	270. AG	98.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.18 0.2
7. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	520.	13.4	0.0 44.0
8. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	450.	13.4	0.0 44.0
9. wbq	*	500.0	*****	500.0	*****	*	4.	180. AG	65.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.19 0.2

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Bleakwood & Cesar Chavez PM Peak Exist

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE	RED	CLEARANCE	APPROACH	SATURATION	IDLE	SIGNAL	ARRIVAL
	*	LENGTH	TIME	LOST TIME	VOL	FLOW RATE	EM FAC	TYPE	RATE
	*	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(VPH)	(VPH)	(gm/hr)		
	*						:		
3. sbq	*	60	54	3.0	80	1600	242.40	3	3
6. ebq	*	60	3	3.0	765	1600	242.40	3	3
9. wibq	*	60	3	3.0	520	1600	242.40	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	CCORD	INATES (FT)		*
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	Ħ
		- *				_ *
1.	nw	*	468.0	544.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	520.0	544.0	5.5	*
3.	sw	*	468.0	444.0	5.5	*
4.	se	*	520.0	444.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Cesar Chavez PM Peak Exist

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first

angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

ANGLE * (PPM) (DEGR) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 _____ 0. * 10.4 10.4 11.0 11.1 10. * 12.1 8.3 12.1 8.9 * 11.1 * 10.6 20. 8.2 10.0 8.7 30. 8.2 8.9 6.7 40. * 10.2 8.2 8.7 8.7 * 10.0 * 9.8 8.2 9.8 9.8 60. 8.2 8.9 8.8 70. 8.2 9.1 9.0 9.8 9.0 * 10.2 90. 8.5 9.6 8.4 100. 10.7 9.1 8.2 8.2 110. 10.6 9.0 8.2 8.2 120. 10.2 8.2 130. * 9.6 8.8 8.2 8.2 140. * 8.9 8.6 8.2 150. 8.6 8.7 8.2 8.2 * 8.7 * 8.6 160. 8.6 8.2 170 8.6 8.2 8.2

```
8.6
                8.6
8.7
190.
                       8.2
200.
                       8.2
                             9.2
          8.7
                 8.7
210.
                       8.2
                             8.2
220.
230.
          8.7
                9.6
                       8.2
                             8.2
          8.9 10.1
9.0 10.5
240.
                       8.2
                             8.2
                       8..2
                             8.2
250.
260.
270.
          8.5 10.1
                       8.5
               9.8
9.8
280.
          8.2
                       9.1
                             9.1
                             9.9
290.
          8.2
                       9.0
          8.2 10.0
310.
                      8.8
                             8.7
                             8.7
          8.2 10.2
                      8.6
320.
330.
          8.2 10.6
                       8.6
                             8.8
340.
          8.2 11.2
350.
          8.3 12.1
                      8.8 12.1
360. * 10.4 10.4 11.0 11.1
MAX * 12.1 12.1 12.1 12.1 
DEGR. * 10 350 10 350
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 12.11 PPM AT 10 DEGREES FROM REC1 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Cesar Chavez PM Peak Exist

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

CO/LINK (PPM) ANGLE (DEGREES) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 * 10 350 10 350 LINK # * 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 3.6 0.1 3.2 0.1 3.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 10:54

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02) (C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA-1\CAL3QHC\BLECESNP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:03

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Base

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)

Z0 = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	L	INK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG 1	TYPE	VPH	EF	w H	//C QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)			(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1. nbd	*	500.0	500.0	500.0	1000.0	*	500.	360.	AG	200.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
2. sba	*	494.0	1000.0	494.0	500.0	*	500.	180.	AG	90.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
3. sbq	*	494.0	524.0	494.0	1267.2	*	743.	360.	AG	207.	100.0	0.0 12.0 3.	46 37.8
4. eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	*	500.	90.	AG	900,	5.2	0.0 56.0	
5. ebd	*	500.0	482.0	1000.0	482.0	*	500.	90.	AG	865.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
6. ebq	*	488.0	482.0	483.1	492.0	*	5.	270.	AG	35.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.	22 0.3
7. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270.	AG	630.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
8. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270.	AG	555.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
9. wbq	*	500.0	*****	500.0	******	*	5.	180.	AG	23.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.	23 0.3

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Bleakwood&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Base

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE	RED	CLEARANCE	APPROACH	SATURATION	IDLE	SIGNAL	ARRIVAL
	*	LENGTH	TIME	LOST TIME	VOL	FLOW RATE	EM FAC	TYPE	RATE
	*	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(VPH)	(VPH)	(gm/hr)		
	*								
3. sbq	*	60	54	3.0	90	1600	85.80	3	3
6. ebq	*	60	3	3.0	900	1600	85.80	3	3
9. wbq	*	60	3	3.0	630	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COORI	DINATES (FT)		*
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*
		- *				- *
1.	nw	*	468.0	544.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	520.0	544.0	5.5	*
3.	SW	*	468.0	444.0	5.5	*
4.	se .	*	520.0	444.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Base

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

ANGLE * (PPM) (DEGR) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 4.3 4.4 3.6 5.0 20. * 4.6 3.5 4.0 3.7 30. 4.3 3.8 3.7 3.5 3.8 50. 4.1 3.8 3.5 60. 4.0 3.8 3.8 70. 4.0 3.5 3.8 90. 4.1 3.6 3.6 100. 3.5 4.4 3.9 3.5 110. 4.4 120. 130. 4.0 3.5 3.7 . 3.5 140. 3.8 3.5 150. 3.5 160. 3.5

3.7

170.

```
3.7
3.7
3.7
3.7
3.8
180. : *
                         3.5
                        3.5 3.5
3.5 3.5
3.5 3.5
3.5 3.5
3.5 3.5
           3.7
190.
200.
           3.7
3.7
210.
220.
230.
                  3.9
                         3.5
3.5
3.5
                                3.5
3.5
3.5
240.
                  4.2
250.
260.
           3.9
                 4.4
4.4
270.
           3.6
                 4.1
                         3.6
280.
                         3.9
                         3.9
3.8
3.8
           3.5
                 4.0
4.0
290.
                                3.9
                                3.8
300.
310.
           3.5
                  4.1
320.
                         3.8
           3.5
                 4.4
                         3.7
                                3.9
4.0
330.
340.
360.
           4.3
                  4.4
                         4.6 4.7
         4.9
MAX
                 4.9 5.0 5.0
DEGR. * 10 350
                        10 350
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 5.01 PPM AT 10 DEGREES FROM REC3 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Base

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

	*	co/	LINK	(PPM)						
	*	ANG	ANGLE (DEGREES)							
	×	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4					
LINK #	*	10	350	10	350					
	. * -									
1	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1					
2	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
3	*	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2					
4	*	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0					
5	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1					
6	*	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0					
7	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1					
8	*	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0					
9	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:03

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157)

1BM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC.
SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\BLECESP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:05

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Proj

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S Z0 = 114 . CM CLAS = 6 (F) ATIM = 60 . MINUTES

MIXH = 1000, M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

1

1

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	L	INK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	н w v/c	QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1. nbd	*	500.0	500.0	500.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. AG	230.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
2. sba	*	494.0	1000.0	494.0	500.0	*	500.	180. AG	155.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
3. sbq	*	494.0	524.0	494.0	1401.6	*	878.	360. AG	199.	100.0	0.0 12.0 1.96	44.6
4. eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	140.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
5. ebd	*	500.0	482.0	1000.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	940.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
6. ebq	*	488.0	482.0	479.5	482.0	*	9.	270. AG	58.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.23	0.4
7. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270, AG	925.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
8. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	635.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
9. wbq	*	500.0	******	500.0	******	*	11.	180. AG	38.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.31	0.6

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Proj

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

LINK DESCRIPTION	* * *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
3. sbq	*	60	52	3.0	155	1600	85.80	3	3
6. ebq 9. wbq	*	60 60	5 5	3.0	940 835	1600 1600	85.80 85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COORDI	NATES (FT)	r) *		
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*	
		*				*	
1.	nw	*	468.0	544.0	5.5	*	
2.	ne	*	520.0	544.0	5.5	*	
3.	SW	*	468.0	444.0	5.5	*	
4.	se	*	520.0	444.0	5.5	*	

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Proj

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

ANGLE	*		(PPM)		
(DEGR	* {	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	_ *				
0.	*	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7
10.	*	5.0	3.6	4.9	3.8
20.	*	4.5	3.5	4.2	3.7
30.	*	4.3	3.5	3.8	3.8
40.	*	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.8
50.	*	4.1	3.5	3.7	3.8
60.	*	4.0	3.5	3.9	3.9
70.	*	4.0	3.5	3.9	4.0
80.	*	4.0	3.5	4.0	4.0
90.	*	4.2	3,7	3.6	3.6
100.	*	4.5	4:0	3.5	3.5
110.	*	4.4	4.0	3.5	3.5
120.	*	4.3	3.9	3.5	3.5
130.	*	4.0	3.8	3.5	3.5
140.	*	3,9	3.8	3.5	3,5
150.	*	3.7	3.8	3.5	3.5
160.	*	3.6	3.7	. 3.5	3.5
170.	*	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.5

```
180. *
         3.6
               3.7
                     3.5
                          3.5
         3.6
190.
               3.7
                     3.5
                           3.5
         3.6
               3.6
210.
         3.6
               3,6
                     3.5
               3.8
                           3.5
         3.6
                     3.5
220.
230.
         3.6
               3.8
                     3.5
240.
         3.7
250.
              4.2
                     3.5
                           3.5
260.
               4.2
                     3.5
                           3.5
270.
         3.6
              4.1
                     3.5
280.
290.
         3.5
               4.0
                     3,6
300.
         3.5
              4.0
4.1
                     3.6
                           3.6
                     3.6
310.
                           3.6
320.
               4.2
         3.5
330.
               4.3
                     3.6
                           3.8
              4.5
5.0
                    3.5
340.
                           4.1
         3.6
                     3.7
                           5.0
350.
MAX * 5.0 5.0 4.9 5.0 DEGR. * 10 350 10 350
                          5.0
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 5.01 PPM AT 10 DEGREES FROM REC1

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Proj

Now. Blearwoodacesal Chavez PM Feak 2013 FIC

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

CO/LINK (PPM) - ANGLE (DEGREES)

* REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4
LINK # * 10 350 ----*----1 * 2 * 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 1.3 1.3 1.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:05

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02) (C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC.
SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\ATL1STEX.DAT RUN BEGIN ON 10/02/00 AT 18:29

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak Existing

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VD = 0.0 CM/S Z0 = 114. CM CLAS = 6 (F) ATIM = 60. MINUTES VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 8.2 PPM

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	L	INK COORDIN	ATES (FT)	*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/C	QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2 *	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
	*										
1. nba	*	518.0	0.0	518.0	500.0 *	500.	360. AG	1390.	13.4	0.0 56.0	
2. nbd	*	518.0	500.0	518.0	1000.0 *	500.	360. AG	1655.	13.4	0.0 44.0	
3. nbq	*	518.0	476.0	518.0	435.5 *	41.	180. AG	520.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.45	2.1
4. sba	*	482.0	1000.0	482.0	500.0 *	500.	180. AG	1630.	13.4	0.0 56.0	
5. sbd	*	482.0	500.0	482.0	0.0 *	500.	180. AG	330,	13.4	0.0 56.0	
6. sbq	*	482.0	524.0	482.0	559.5 *	35.	360. AG	520.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.39	1.8
7. eba	*	0.0	488.0	500.0	488.0 *	500.	90. AG	0.	13.4	0.0 44.0	
8. ebq	*	464.0	488.0	427.0	488.0 *	37.	270. AG	889.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.44	1.9
9. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0 *	500.	270. AG	680.	13.4	0.0 44.0	
10. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0 *	500.	270. AG	330.	13.4	0.0 44.0	
11. wbq	*	536.0	512.0	654.8	512.0 *	119.	90. AG	889.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.91	6.0

PAGE 2 RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak Existing

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE	RED	CLEARANCE	APPROACH	SATURATION	IDLE	SIGNAL	ARRIVAL
	*	LENGTH	TIME	LOST TIME	VOL	FLOW RATE	EM FAC	TYPE	RATE
	*	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(VPH)	(VPH)	(gm/hr)		
	*								
3. nbq	*	60	16	3.0	1390	1600	242.40	3	3
6. sbq	*	60	16	3.0	1215	1600	242.40	3	3
6. ebq	*	60	41	3.0	330	1600	242.40	3	3
11. wbq	Ħ	60	41	3.0	680	1600	242.40	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	* COORDINATES (FT)						
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*			
						·*			
1.	nw	*	444.	0 544.	0 5.5	*			
2.	ne	*	556.	0 544.	0 5.5	, *			
3.	sw	*	444.	0 456.	0 5,5	*			
4.	se	*	556.	0 456.	0 5.5	, *			

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak Existing

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS: In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

ANGLE	*		(PPM)		
(DEGR	* (REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	- * ·				
0.	*	8.9	8.8	11.5	11.0
10.	*	10.2	8.2	13.1	10.3
20.	*	10.2	8.2	13.2	10.4
30.	*	9.9	0.2	12.0	10.3
40.	*	9.6	8.2	10.5	10.6
50.	*	9.6	8.2	9.8	10.7
60.	*	9.8	8.2	10.6	9.9
70.	*	10.2	8.2	11.8	8.9
80.	*	10.6	8.2	10.8	8.6
90.	*	11.7	8.6	. 9.9	8.3
100.	*	13.9	9.7	9.5	8.2
110.	*	12.9	11.4	9.0	8.2
120.	*	10.8	11.9	8.9	8.2
130.	. *	10.1	11.7	8.8	8.2
140.	*	10.3	11.2	8.9	8.2

```
150. *
         9.9 11.2
                       9.0
                             8.2
     * 10.5 11.0
* 11.0 10.9
                       9.2
170.
                       9.0
                             8.2
8.7
      * 10.4 · 11.5
* 9.9 12.6
180.
                       8.4
                       8.2
                             9.5
190.
          9.0 12.9
                       8.2
210.
          8.4 11.8
                       8.2
                             9.1
                       8.2
220.
          8.4 10.3
                             9.1
                       8.2
230.
          8.4 10.0
                             9.2
240.
                       8,2
250.
          8.5 10.7
                       8.2 10.0
260.
          8.5 10.6
                       8.2 10.2
          8.3 10.5
                       8.2 10.5
270.
               9.9
280.
          8.2
                       8.4 11.3
                      8.4 11.4
8.4 10.2
290.
          8.2
          8.2
               9.4
300.
          8.2
               9.4 8.4 10.2
310.
          8.2 9.6 8.8 10.6
8.2 9.9 9.5 10.6
8.2 10.2 10.3 11.4
320.
330.
340.
          8.2 10.1 10.7 12.3
350.
MAX
     * 13.9 12.9 13.2 12.3
DEGR. * 100 200
                     20 350
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 13.91 PPM AT 100 DEGREES FROM REC1 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak Existing

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

CO/LINK (PPM) ANGLE (DEGREES) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4
LINK # * 100 200 20 350 ____ 1 * 0.9 0.0 0.1 0.8 0.0 0.1 0.5 3 * 4 * 0.0 0.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0 0.7 0.6 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 8 * 0.0 0.0 2.3 0.0 * 0.6 0.3 0.0 0.2 10 * 0.0 0.0 0.1 2.6 2.3 0.0 1.7

RUN ENDED ON 10/02/00 AT 18:29

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSCCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\ATL1STNP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:26

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak 2015 Base

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S ZO = 114. CM CLAS = 6 (F) ATIM = 60. MINUTES MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

1

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	1	LINK COORDII	NATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/C	QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
						*						
1. nba	*	518.0	0.0	518.0	500.0	*	500.	360. AG	1740.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
2. nbd	*	518.0	500:0	518.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. AG	2080.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
3. nbq	*	518.0	476.0	518.0	428.4	*	48.	180. AG	173.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.54	2.4
4. sba	*	482.0	1000.0	482.0	500.0	*	500.	180. AG	1590.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
5. sbd	*	482.0	500.0	482.0	0.0	*	500.	180. AG	2050.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
6. sbq	*	482.0	524.0	482.0	567.5	*	43.	360. AG	173.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.50	2.2
7. eba	*	0.0	488.0	500.0	488.0	*	500.	90. AG	365.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
8. ebq	*	464.0	488.0	422.2	488.0	*	42.	270. AG	322.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.53	2.1
9. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	795.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
10. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	360.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
11. wbq	*	536.0	512.0	1233.6	512.0	*	698.	90. AG	322.	100.0	0.0 24.0 1.15	35.4

PAGE 2

1 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak 2015 Base

LINK DESCRIPTION	* *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
3. nbq 6. sbq 8. ebq 11. wbq	* * *	60 60 60	15 15 42 42	3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	1740 1590 365 795	1600 1600 1600 1600	85.80 85.80 85.80	3 3 3	3 3 3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*			*		
	RECEPTOR	*	Х		Υ	Z	*
		*					. *
1.	nw	*	444	. 0	544.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	556	. 0	544.0	5.5	*
3.	sw	*	444	. 0	456.0	5.5	*
4.	89	*	556	0	456.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak 2015 Base

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION ANGLE *

ANGLE * (PPM) (DEGR) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 0. * 3.7 10. * 4.3 20. * 4.4 30. * 4.2 3.8 4.9 4.7 3.5 3.5 5.6 4.3 3.5 5.2 4.3 40. 4.2 3.5 4.6 4.4 4.2 3.5 60. 4.3 3.5 4.8 4.6 70. 4.3 3.5 5.5 4.9 80. 4.5 3.6 90. 5.8 100. 6.6 5.9 4.3 3.5 5.3 110. 4.2 5.3 5.0 130. 4.4 4.8 4.1 140. 4.5 4.6 4.2

```
4.3
160.
        4.9
             4.5
                        3.5
        5.2
4.8
4.2
             4.5
4.9
                  4.5
3.8
170.
                        3.5
1.80
                        3.8
190.
200.
        4.0
        3,8
             5.2
4.7
                  3.5
3.5
210.
                        4.2
220.
                        4.2
230.
             4.4
                        4.3
             4.6
240
        3.7
        3.7
250.
                  3.5
                        4.5
        3.7
             4.6
260.
                  3.5
                        4.5
270.
280.
        3.5
             4.3 3.7
                        5.1
        3.5
                  3.7
290.
             4.1
                        5.0
300.
             4.0
                        4.4
310.
             4.1
320.
        3.5
             4.1
                  4.0
                       4.5
330.
        3.5
            4.3
                  4.4
                       4.6
4.9
        3.5 4.4
340.
       3.5
             4.3
360.
        3.7
             3.8
                  4.9
 MAX * 6.6 5.9 6.0 5.2
DEGR. * 100 100
                  80 350
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 6.51 PPM AT 100 DEGREES FROM REC1 :

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak 2015 Base

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

* CO/LINK (PPM)
* ANGLE (DEGREES ANGLE (DEGREES) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 LINK # * 100 100 LINK # * 100 100 80 350 1 * 2 * 3 * 0.0 0.0 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.0 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7 * 0.0 8 * 0.0 9 * 0.3 10 * 0.0 11 * 1.9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.9 1.5 2.1 0.6

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:26

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA-1\CAL3QHC\ATL1STP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:27

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak 2015 Project

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)

Z0 = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

1

	LINK DESCRIPTION	*	1	LINK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V	/C QUEUE
		*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
							*						
1.	nba	*	518.0	0.0	518.0	500.0	*	500.	360. AG	1785.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
2.	nbd	*	518.0	500.0	518.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. AG	2135.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
3.	nbq	*	518.0	4.76.0	518.0	430.5	*	46.	180. AG	161.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.5	4 2.3
4.	sba	*	482.0	1000.0	482.0	500.0	*	500.	180. AG	1705.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
5.	sbd	*	482.0	500.0	482.0	0.0	*	500.	180. AG	2165.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
6.	pde	*	482.0	524.0	482.0	567.5	*	43.	360. AG	161.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.5	2 2.2
7.	eba	*	0.0	488.0	500.0	489.0	*	500.	90. AG	365.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
8.	ebq	*	464.0	488.0	421.2	488.0	*	43.	270. AG	330.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.5	7 2.2
9.	wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	805.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
10.	wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	360.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
11.	wbq	*	536.0	512.0	1557.6	512.0	*	1022.	90. AG	330.	100.0	0.0 24.0 1.2	6 51.9

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak 2015 Project

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE				
3. nbq	*	60	14	3.0	1785	1600	85.80	3	3				
6. sbq	*	60	14	3.0	1705	1600	85.80	3	3				
8. ebq	*	60	43	3.0	365	1600	85.80	3	3				
11. wbg	*	60	43	3.0	805	1600	85.80	3	3				

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COORDINATES (FT)					
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z			
		 *				_ *		
1.	nw	*	444.0	544.0	5.5	*		
2.	ne	*	556.0	544.0	5.5	*		
3.	sw	*	444.0	456.0	5.5	*		
4.	se	*	556.0	456.0	5.5	nt		

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak 2015 Project

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

ANGLE	*		(PPM)		
(DEGR) *	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	- *				
0.	*	3.8	3.8	4.9	4.7
10.	*	4.4	3.5	5.6	4.3
20.	*	4.4	3.5	5.6	4.3
30.	*	4.2	3.5	5.2	4.3
40.	*	4.2	3.5	4.7	4.4
50.	*	4.2	3.5	4.6	4.5
60.	*	4.4	3.5	4.8	4.6
70.	*	4.5	3.5	5.5	5.0
80.	*	4.5	3.6	6.0	5.3
90.	*	6.1	5.1	5.2	4.2
100.	*	6.7	6.1	4.3	3.5
110.	*	5.4	5.4	4.2	3.5
120.	*	4.6	5.0	4.0	3.5
130.	*	4.4	4.8	4.1	3.5
140	*	4 5	4 6	4 2	3.5

```
5.0
5.2
4.8
                4.5
4.5
                       4.4
4.5
                             3:5
3:5
160.
170.
                4.9
                       3.8
                             3.9
180.
190.
          4.0
3.8
                5.6
5.2
                        3.5
200.
210.
                       3.5
                              4.3
          3.7
3.7
3.7
3.7
                 4.7
220.
230.
                 4.6
                       3.5
240.
250.
260.
                 4.5
270.
280.
          3.5
                 4.3
                       3.7
290.
          3.5
                 4.1
                              5.1
300.
          3.5
                 4.0
          3.5
310.
                       4.1
320.
                 4.1
330.
          3.5
                4.3
                              4.5
          3.5
                       4.5
340.
                 4.4
                       4.9
360.
         . 3.8
                 3,8
                              4.7
MAX * 6.7 6.1 6.0 5.3
DEGR. * 100 100 80 80
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 6.71 PPM AT 100 DEGREES FROM REC1 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & 1st PM Peak 2015 Project

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

	*	co/	LINK	(PPM)	
	*	ANG	LE (DE	GREES)	
	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
LINK #	*	100	100	80	80
	. *				
1	*	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
2	*	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	*	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
4	*	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	*	0.0	-0.0	0.3	0.0
6	*	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	*	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
10	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	*	2.0	2.3	1.6	1.6

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:27

CAL3QHC (93157)

IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)
(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC.
SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\ATLCESEX.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/02/00 AT 18:34

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Cesar Chavez PM Peak Existing

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 8.2 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

3	LINK DESCRIPTION	*		LINK COORDII	NATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG TY	/PE	VPH	EF	H W	V/C	QUEUE
		*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)			(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)		(VEH)
							*								
1.	nba	*	524.0	0.0	524.0	500.0	*	500.	360. P	AG	1585.	13.4	0.0 68.0		
2.	nbd	*	524.0	500.0	524.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. A	AG-	1445.	13.4	0.0 56.0		
3.	nbq	*	524.0	464.0	524.0	427.2	*	37.	180. A	₹G	737.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0	.39	1.9
4.	sba	*	476.0	1000.0	476.0	500.0	*	500.	190. A	A.G	1260.	13.4	0.0 68.0		
5.	sbd -	5.54	476.0	500.0	476.0	0.0	*	500.	180. A	∤ G	1190.	13.4	0.0 56.0		
6.	pda	*	476.0	536.0	476.0	565.3	*	29.	360. A	\G	737.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0	.31	1.5
7.	eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	*	500.	90. A	AG	720.	13.4	0.0 56.0		
₿.	ebd	*	500.6	482.0	1000.0	482.0	*	500.	90. A	\G	835.	13.4	0.0 44.0		
9.	ebq	*	452.0	482.0	399.5	482.0	*	52.	270. A	}G	1300.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0	.60	2.7
10.	wba	*	1000.0	518.0	500.0	518.0	*	500.	270. A	AG	525.	13.4	0.0 56.0		
11.	wbd	*	500.0	518.0	0.0	518.0	*	500.	270. P	\G	620.	13.4	0.0 44.0		
12.	wbq	*	540.0	518.0	586.3	518.0	*	38.	90. A	AG	1300.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0	.44	1.9

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Cesar Chavez PM Peak Existing

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

1	LINK DESCRIPTION	* *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE			
3.	nbq	*	60	17	3.0	1585	1600	242.40	3	3			
5.	pde	*	60	17	3.0	1260	1600	242.40	3	3			
9.	ebq	* .	60	40	3.0	720	1600	242.40	3	3			
12.	pdw	*	60	40	3.0	525	1600	242.40	3	3			

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COOR	DINATES (F	T)	*
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*
		*				*
1.	nw	*	432.0	556.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	568.0	556.0	5.5	*
З.	sw	*	432.0	444.0	5.5	*
4.	se	*	568.0	444.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Cesar Chavez PM Peak Existing

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to

the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

ANGLE	*	(PPM)								
(DEGR) *	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4					
	_ *									
0.	*	8.6	8.6	13.0	11.8					
10.	*	9.5	8.2	14.1	10.6					
20.	*	9.7	8.2	13.7	9.3					
30.	*	9.4	8.2	12.2	9.8					
40.	*	9.3	8.2	10.7	8.8					
50.	*	9.1	8.2	10.4	8.8					
60.	*	9.3	8.2	11.2	8.9					
70.	*	9.6	8.2	11.0	9.1					
80.	*	10.3	8.2	11.0	9.1					
90.	*	11.5	8.4	10.7	8.5					
100.	*	13.0	8.9	9.7	8.2					
110.	*	12.6	9.0	9.3	8.2					
120.	*	10.7	8.8	9.2	8.2					
130.	*	10.6	9.0	9.2	8.2					

```
140. * 10.8 9.3 9.3
150. * 10.5 10.2 9.5
                                       8.2
                                9.5 8.2
9.7 8.2
150. * 10.5 10.2

160. * 11.1 11.4

170. * 12.1 12.0

180. * 11.7 12.9

190. * 11.2 14.2

200. * 10.5 14.0

210. * 9.4 12.3

220. * 8.8 10.8
                               9.5
                                         8.2
8.7
                                 8.2
             9.4 12.3
8.8 10.8
8.8 10.7
                                8.2 9.6
                                8.2
                                         9.5
230.
                                8.2
240.
                               8.2 9.6
250.
              9.0
                      11:2
                               8,2 10.2
8.2 10.9
              9.0 10.9 8.2 10.9
8.4 10.4 8.5 11.9
260.
270.
               8.2
8.2
                       9.2 9.0 13.0
9.2 9.4 11.1
290.
                      9.2
300.
310.
               8.2
                       9.2 10.1 10.8
 320.
               8.2
                       9.3 11.1 10.7
         * 8.2 9.5 12.0 10.5
* 8.2 9.7 12.3 11.2
330.
 340.
 350.
               8.2
                       9.6 12.2 12.3
 360.
                      8.6 13.0 11.8
MAX * 13.0 14.2 14.1 13.5
DEGR. * 100 190 10 280
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 14.21 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Cesar Chavez PM Peak Existing

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

LINK #	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	CO/ ANG REC1 100	LINK LE (DE REC2 190	(PPM) GREES) REC3 10	REC4 280
1	*	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.6
2	*	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.0
3	*	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.9
4	*	0.5	0.0	1.0	0.0
5	*	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.3
6	*	1.9	0.0	0,4	0.0
7	*	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.6
8	*	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0
9	*	0.0	0.0	3.5	1.6
10	*	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0
1.1	*	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3
12	*	1.2	3.5	0.0	0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/02/00 AT 18:34

CAL3QHC (93157)

IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)
(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC.
SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\ATLCESNP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:29

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Base

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S Z0 = 114. CM CLAS = 6 (F) ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

1

1

LINK DESCRIPTION	* LINK COORDINATES (FT)					*	LENGTH	BRG T	YPE	VPH	EF	H W V/C	QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)			(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1. nba	*	524.0	0.0	524.0	500.0	*	500.	360.	AG	2000.	5.2	0.0 68.0	
2. nbd	*	524.0	500.0	524.0	1000.0	*	500.	360.	AG	1900.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
3. nbq	*	524.0	464.0	524.0	420.3	*	44.	180.	AG	245.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0.48	2.2
4. sba	*	476.0	1000.0	476.0	500.0	*	500.	180.	AG	1680.	5.2	0.0 68.0	
5. sbd	*	476.0	500.0	476.0	0.0	*	500.	180.	AG	1560.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
6. sbq	*	476.0	536.0	476.0	572.8	*	37.	360.	AG	245.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0.40	1.9
7. eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	*	500.	90.	AG	855.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
8. ebd	*	500.0	482.0	1000.0	482.0	*	500.	90.	AG	925.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
9. ebq	*	452.0	482.0	379.0	482.0	*	73.	270.	AG	472.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.76	3.7
10. wba	*	1000.0	518.0	500.0	518.0	*	500.	270.	AG	585.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
11. wbd	*	500.0	518.0	0.0	518.0	*	500.	270.	AG	735.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
12. wbq	*	548.0	518.0	591.7	518.0	*	44.	90.	AG	472.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.52	2.2

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Base

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE	RED	CLEARANCE	APPROACH	SATURATION	IDLE	SIGNAL	ARRIVAL			
	*	LENGTH	TIME	LOST TIME	VOL	FLOW RATE	EM FAC	TYPE	RATE			
	*	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(VPH)	(VPH)	(gm/hr)					
	*											
3. nbq	*	60	16	3.0	2000	1600	85.80	3	3			
6. sbq	*	60	16	3.0	1680	1600	85.80	3	3			
9. ebq	*	60	41	3.0	855	1600	85.80	3	3			
12. Wbq	*	60	41	3,0	585	1600	85,80	3	3			

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	C	COORDINATES (FT)				
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*		
		- * -				*		
1.	nw	*	432.0	556.0	5.5	*		
2.	ne	*	568.0	556.0	5.5	Ħ		
3.	sw	*	432.0	444.0	5.5	*		
4.	se	*	568.0	444.0	5.5	*		

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Base

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION
ANGLE * (PPM)

ANGLE * (PPM) (DEGR) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 4.9 0. * 3.7 3.7 5.3 10. * 10. * 4.2 20. * 4.3 3.5 3.5 5.9 4.5 5.8 4.1 5.1 40. 4.0 3.5 4.6 3.8 50. 3.5 4.6 4.1 3.8 60. 4.2 3.5 4.7 3.8 70. 4.3 4.7 80. 4.5 3.5 4.6 3.9 90. * 3.6 4.9 4.4 100. 110. 5.3 3.9 4.0 3.5 120. 4.6 3.7 3.9 3.5

```
4.1
          4.6
4.9
5.2
                4.5
4.9
150.
                       4.1
160.
                      4.2
                             3.5
                      4.1
                             3,5
170.
                5.0
180.
          4.8
                5.3
190.
          4.7
                 6.0
                      3..5
                             4.2
200.
                5.9
                      3.5
3.5
                             4,4
210.
          4.5
                5.2
                             4.1
230.
          3.8
                5.0
                      3.5
                             4.3
240.
          3, 8
          3.9
250.
                5.1
                      3.5
                             4.5
270.
          3.6
                4.5
                      3.6
                             5.0
                4.2
280.
          3.5
                      3,9
                             5.8
290.
          3.5
                4.1
                      4.1
                4.0 4.5
310.
          3.5
                4.0
                      5.0
                             4.5
320.
         3.5
                4.1
                      5.3
                             4.6
          3.5
330.
               4.2
                       5.1
                             4.6
340.
                4.3
350.
     * 3.5 4.2 5.0 5.3
* 3.7 3.7 5.3 4.9
360.
MAX * 5.4 6.0 5.9 5.8
DEGR. * 100 190 10 280
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 6.01 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Base

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

CO/LINK (PPM) ANGLE (DEGREES) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 LINK # * 100 190 10 .280 1 * 0.0 0.6 0.0 2 * 0.2 0.0 0.2 3 * 0.0 0.2 0.0 4 * 0.2 0.0 0.5 5 * 0.0 0.2 0.0 6 * 0.6 0.0 0.2 0.3 0.0 0.5 0.2 0.0 6 * 0.6 0.0 0.2 0.2 0.0 7 * 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.3 8 * 0.2 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 9 * 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.3 0.8 10 * 0.2 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 12 * 0.5 1.3 0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:29

CAL3QHC (93157) IEM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\ATLCESP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:30

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Proj

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/SU = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)

Z0 = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000, M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	LINK COORDINATES (FT)					LENGTH		VPH	EF	н w	V/C QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1. nba	*	524.0	0.0	524.0	500.0		500.	360. AG	2050.	5.2	0.0 68.0	
2. nbd	*	524.0	500.0	524.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. AG	1925	5.2	0.0 56.0	
3. nbq	*	524.0	464.0	524.0	416.4	*	48.	180. AG	261.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0.	51 2.4
4. sba	*	476.0	1000.0	476.0	500.0	*	500.	180. AG	1740.	5.2	0.0 68.0	
5. sbd	*	476.0	500.0	476.0	0.0	*	500.	180. AG	1675.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
6. sbq	*	476.0	536.0	476.0	576.5	*	40.	360. AG	261.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0.	43 2.1
7. eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	980,	5.2	0.0 56.0	
8. ebd	*	500.0	482.0	1000.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	985.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
9. ebq	*	452.0	482.0	364.2	482.0	*	88.	270. AG	460.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.	82 4.5
10. wba	*	1000.0	518.0	500.0	518.0	*	500.	270. AG	610.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
11. wbd	*	500.0	518.0	0.0	518.0	*	500.	270. AG	795.	5.2	0.0.44.0	
12. wbq	*	548.0	518.0	592.4	518.0	*	44.	90. AG	460.	100.0	0.0 36.0 0.	51 2.3

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Proj

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
	*								
3. nbq	*	60	17	3.0	2050	1600	85.80	3	3
6. sbq	*	60	17	3.0	1740	1600	85.80	3 .	3
9. ebq	*	60	40	3 - 0	980	1600	85.80	3	3
12. wbq	*	60	40	3.0	610	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COOR	ORDINATES (FT)			
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*	
		*				- *	
1.	nw	*	432.0	556.0	5.5	*	
2.	ne	*	569.0	556.0	5.5	*	
3.	sw	*	432.0	444.0	5.5	*	
4.	se	*	568.0	444.0	5.5	*	

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Proj

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND *			ON	
ANGLE *		(PPM)		
(DEGR) *				REC4
0. *	3.7	3.7	5.4	4.9
10.	4.2	3.5	5.8	4.5
20.	4.3	3.5	5.8	4.1
30. *	4.2	3.5	5.2	3,9
40. *	4.1	3`. 5	4.7	3.8
50. *	4.1	3.5	4.7	3.8
60. *	4.3	3.5	4.8	3.8
70. *	4.4	3.5	4.7	3.9
80. *	4.6	3.5	4.6	3.9
90.	4.9	3.6	4.6	3.6
100.	5.5	3.8	4.3	3.5
110.	5.4	3.9	4.1	3.5
120.	4.7	3.8	4.0	3.5
130.	4.4	3.9	4.0	3,5

```
4.1
4.2
4.2
                                  3.5
3.5
3.5
140.
                   4.2
4.5
4.9
4.9
5.3
5.9
           4.6
150.
           5.3
4.8
4.6
4.7
                          4.2
3.7
3.5
                                  3.5
3.8
170,
180.
190.
                         3.5
3.5
3.5
                   5.3
4.7
4.6
                                  4.2
210.
            4.7
220.
           4.4
230.
240.
                           3.5
250.
                   5.3
4.8
                           3.5
260.
           3.8
270.
                   4.6
                          3.6
            3.6
            3.5
280.
                   4.3
                           4.4
290.
                   4.1
300.
            3.5
                   4.0
310.
320.
330.
                   4.3
                           5.0
                                  4.8
340.
           3.5
350,
360.
      * 5,5 .5,9 5.8 6,0
MAX
DEGR. * 100 190
                         10
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 6.01 PPM AT 280 DEGREES FROM REC4 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic&Cesar Chavez PM Peak 2015 Proj

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

	*		LINK LE (DE		
	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
LINK #	*	100	190	10	280
	. * -				,
1 .	*	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.3
2	*	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0
3	*	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.7
4	*	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0
5	*	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2
. 6	*	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.0
7	*	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3
8	*	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
9	*	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.9
10	*	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
11	*	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
12	*	0.5	1.2	0.0	0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:30

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC.
SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\COLFLOEX.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/02/00 AT 18:38

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak Existing

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F) Z0 = 114. CM

ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 8.2 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

1

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	* LINK COORDINATES (FT)			*	LENGTH	BRG TY	PE VPI	I EF	H W V/C	QUEUE	
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
	*-					*						
1. nba	*	506.0	0.0	506.0	500.0	*	500.	360. A	G 309	. 13.4	0.0 32.0	
2. nbd	*	506.0	500.0	506.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. A	G 80	13.4	0.0 32.0	
3. nbq	*	506.0	476.0	506.0	343.8	*	132.	180. A	G 466	. 100.0	0.0 12.0 0.96	6.7
4. sba	*	494.0	1000.0	494.0	500.0	*	500.	180. A	G 45	13.4	0.0 32.0	
5. sbd	*	494.0	500.0	494.0	0.0	*	500.	180. A	G 229	. 13.4	0.0 32.0	
6. sbq	*	494.0		494.0	534.6	*	11.	360. A	G 466	. 100.0	0.0 12.0 0.14	0.5
7. eba	*	0.0	488.0	500.0	488.0	*	500.	90. A	G 700	. 13.4	0.0 44.0	
8. ebd	*	500.0	488.0	1000.0	488.0	*	500.	90. A	G 725	. 13.4	0.0 32.0	
9. ebq	* .	488.0	488.0	461.2	488.0	*	27.	270. A	G 303	. 100.0	0.0 24.0 0.32	1.4
10. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270. A	G 380	. 13.4	0.0 44.0	
11. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270. A	G 400	. 13.4	0.0 32.0	
12. wbq	*	512.0	512.0	526.6	512.0	*	15.	90. A	G 303	. 100.0	0.0 24.0 0.17	0.7

380

PAGE 2

JCB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak Existing

1600

242.40

242.40

LINK DESCRIPTION	* *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE			
. nbq	*	60	43	3.0	305	1600	242.40	3	3			
 eha	*	60	4.2	2 0	45	1600	242 40	7	2			

3.0

3.0

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

12. wbq

		*	COORDINATES (FT)			*
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*
		_ *				- *
1.	nw	*	460.0	544.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	532.0	544.0	5.5	*
3.	sw	*	468.0	456.0	5.5	*
4.	se	*	532.0	456.0	5.5	*

60

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak Existing

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION ANGLE * (PPM)

9.5

130.

ANGLE * (PPM)
(DEGR) * REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 9.4 Ο. 8.2 8.2 8.8 10. 8.3 8.2 9.6 8.6 20. 8.3 8.2 9.7 8.6 8.2 8.2 40. 8.2 8.2 9.4 50. 8.2 9.3 8.2 8.8 60. 8.2 8.2 9.4 8.8 70. 8.2 8.2 10.0 80. 8.2 8.2 10.2 9.0 90. 8.5 8.5 9.8 8.6 100. 9:2 9.0 8.2 110. 9.7 8.9 8.2 8.7 9.5 120. 9.8 8.2

```
9.1
      * 9.1
* 9.6
* 10.6
* 10.5
* 9.4
* 8.7
* 8.6
                          9,9
9.6
8.8
150.
                   8.6
                                  8.2
160.
170.
                  8.6
8.5
                                  8.2
8.2
                   9.5
                          8.4
                          8.2 9.6
8.2 10.2
190.
                  11.1
            8.6 10.7
8.7 9.6
200.
210.
                          8.2 10.2
220.
                   9.3
                          8.2 10.0
            8.7
8.7
230.
                   9.3
                          8.2
                                  9.6
240.
250.
            8.9
                   9.5
                          8.2
                                  9.6
260.
            8.9
                   9.3
270.
            8.5
                   8.5
                           8.5 10.1
280.
            8.2
8.2
                   8.2
8.2
                          9.1 10.6
9.0 10.7
290.
300.
            8.2
310.
            8.2
                   8.2
320.
            8.2
                   8.2
                          8.6
                                  9.1
            8.2
                          8.6
330.
                   8.3
                                  9.1
350.
            8.2
                    8.3
360..
                  8.2 9.4
                                8.8
            8.2
MAX * 10.6 11.1 10.2 10.7
DEGR. * 160 190 80 290
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 11.11 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak Existing

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

	*	co/	LINK	(PPM)					
	*	ANG	LE (DE	EGREES)					
	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4				
LINK #	*	160	190	80	290				
	- * -								
1.	*	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1				
2	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
3	*	1.4	1.6	1.0	1.2				
4	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
5	*	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1				
6	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
7	*	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5				
8	*	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.0				
9	*	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.4				
10	*	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0				
11	*	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2				
12	*	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0				

RUN ENDED ON 10/02/00 AT 18:38

CAL3QHC (93157)
IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)
(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC.
SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\COLFLONP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:32

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak 2015 Base

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

 $VS = 0.0 \, \text{CM/S}$

Z0 = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)U = 1.0 M/s

MIXH = 1000, M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

1

	LINK DESCRIPTION	*	LI	NK COORDIN.	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG '	TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/C	QUEUE
		*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)			(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1	nba	*	506.0	0.0	506.0	500.0	*	500.	360.	AG	330.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
	nbd	*	506.0	500.0	506.0	1000.0	*	500.	360.		85.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
3.	nbq	*	506.0	476.0	506.0	-61.9	*	538.	180.	AG	169.	100.0	0.0 12.0 1.13	27.3
4.	sba	*	494.0	1000.0	494.0	500.0	*	500.	180.	AG	50.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
5.	sbd	*	494.0	500.0	494.0	0.0	*	500.	180.	AG	245.	5,2	0.0 32.0	
6.	sbq	*	494.0	524.0	494.0	536.0	*	12.	360.	AG	169.	100.0	0.0 12.0 0.17	0.6
7.	eba	*	0.0	488.0	500.0	488.0	*	500.	90.	AG	800.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
8.	ebd	*	500.0	489.0	1000.0	488.0	*	500.	90.	AG	850.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
9.	ebq	*	488.0	488.0	459.6	488.0	*	28.	270.	AG	100.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.36	1.4
10.	wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270.	AG	450.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
11.	wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270.	AG	450.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
12.	wbq	*	512.0	512.0	528.0	512.0	ŧ	16.	90.	AG	100.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.20	0.8

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak 2015 Base

	LINK DESCRIPTION	* * *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
	nbq	*	60	44	3.0	330	1600	85.80	3	3
6.	pda	*	60	44	3.0	50	1600	85.80	3	3
9.	ebq	*	60	13	3.0	800	1600	85.80	3	3
12.	pdw	*	60	13	3.0	450	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COOR)	*	
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*
		*				- *
1.	nw	*	468.0	544.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	532.0	544.0	5.5	*
3.	sw	*	468.0	456.0	5.5	*
4.	\$⊖	. *	532.0	456.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak 2015 Base

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND	*	CONC	ENTRATI	ON
ANGLE	*		(PPM)	
(DEGR)	*	REC1	REC2	RE
	* -			

WMODE "			(PPPI)		
(DEGR) *	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	* .				
0.	*	3.5	3.5	4.0	3.8
10.	*	3.5	3.5	4.1	3.7
20.	*	3.5	3.5	4.0	3.7
30.	*	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.7
40.	*	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.8
50.	*	3.5	3.5	3.9	3.8
60.	*	3.5	3.5	4.2	3.8
70.	*	3.5	3.5	4.1	3.8
80.	*	3.5	3.5	4.3	3.9
90.	*	3.6	3.6	4.0	3.6
100.	*	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.5
110.	*	4.2	3.8	3.9	3.5
120.	*	4.1	3.7	4.0	3.5
130.	*	4.0	3.7	4.0	3.5

```
140. *
150. *
        3.8
             3.7
                   4.2
                         3.5
             3.7
        4.2
                   4.2
        4.6
                    4.4
                         3.5
                   4.5
              3.7
170.
                         3.5
180.
         4.4
              4.5
                         4.1
190.
         3.8
              5.1
200.
        3.7
              4.1
3.9
                   3.5
                         4.3
4.1
210.
220.
230.
        3.7
              3.8
                   3.5
240.
250.
         3.8
              4.0 3.5
                         4.0
              4.0
         3.9
                   3.5
260.
                         4.0
270.
         3.6
280.
        3.5
              3.5
        3.5
             3.5
                   3.8
290.
                        4.4
300.
                         4.4
310.
              3.5
                   3.8
              3.5
320.
         3.5
                   3.7
        3.5
3.5
             3.5
3.5
                   3.7
330.
                   3.8
                        3.9
340.
         3.5
             3.5
                   3.9
360.
        3,5
                    4.0
MAX * 4.9 5.1 4.5 4.7
DEGR. * 170 190 170 190
```

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak 2015 Base

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 5.11 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

	* *	CO/ ANG REC1	REC4		
LINK #		170			190
	. *				
1	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
2	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	*	0.8	1,0	0.8	1.0
4	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
6	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	*	0.0	.0.1	0.0	0.0
9	*	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	*	.0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
11	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
12	×	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:32

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\COLFLOP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:33

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak 2015 Project

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S Z0 = 114. CM CLAS = 6 (F) ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*		LINK COORDI	NATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG	TYPE	VPH	EF	H	W	V/C	QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)			(G/MI)	(FT)	(FT)		(VEH)
	*					*									
1. nba	*	506.0	0.0	506.0	500.0	*	500.	360.	AG	330.	5.2	0.0	32.0		
2. nbd	*	506.0	500.0	506.0	1000.0	*	500.	360.	AG	85.	5.2	0.0	32.0		
3. nbq	*	506.0	476.0	506.0	-334.1	*	810.	180.	AG	173.	100.0	0.0	12.0	1.24	41.2
4. sba	*	494.0	1000.0	494.0	500.0	*	500.	180.	AG	50.	5.2	0.0	32.0		
5. sbd	*	494.0	500.0	494.0	0.0	*	500.	180.	AG	245.	5.2	0.0	32.0		
6. sbq	*	494.0	524.0	494.0	536.3	*	12.	360.	AG	173.	100.0	0.0	12.0	0.19	0.6
7. eba	*	0.0	488.0	500.0	488.0	*	500.	90.	AG	890.	5.2	0.0	44.0		
8. ebd	*	500.0	488.0	1000.0	488.0	*	500.	90.	AG	940.	5.2	0.0	32.0		
9. ebq	*	488.0	488.0	458.8	488.0	×	29.	270.	AG	92.	100.0	0.0	24.0	0.39	1.5
10. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270.	AG	495	5.2	0.0	44.0		
11. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270.	AG	495.	5.2	0.0	32.0		
12. wbq	*	512.0	512.0	528.2	512.0	*	16.	90.	AG	92.	100.0	0.0	24.0	0.22	0.8

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak 2015 Project

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

	LINK DESCRIPTION	* * *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
3.	nbq	*	60	45	3.0	330	1600	85,80	3	3
6.	sbq	*	60	45	3.0	50	1600	85.80	3	3
9.	ebq	*	60	12	3.0	890	1600	85.80	3	3
12.	wbq	*	60	12	3.0	495	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COOF	COORDINATES (FT)					
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*			
		*							
1.	nw	*	468.0	544.0	5.5	*			
2.	ne	*	532.0	544.0	5.5	*			
3.	sw	*	468.0	456.0	5.5	*			
4.	se	*	532.0	456.0	5.5	*			

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak 2015 Project

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION
ANGLE * (PPM) (PPM) (DEGR)* REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4 0. * 3.5 10. * 3.5 20. * 3.5 30. * 3.5 3.5 3.9 3.5 4.0 3.7 4.0 3.7 3.5 3.5 3.9 40. 3.5 3.5 3.5 50. 3.5 3.9 3.8 60. 3.5 3.5 4.2 3.8 70. 3.5 80. 3.5 4.3 3.9 90. 3.6 4.1 3.6 4.0 3.9 3.5 110. 4.2 3.9 3.9 3.8 4.0 120. 4.0

```
140.
          4.2
4.6
5.0
                 3.7
3.7
3.8
                        4.2
4.4
4.6
150.
160.
170.
                               3.5
                               3.6
           4.5
3.8
3.7
3.7
180.
                  4.7
190.
                  5.1
                        3.5
                               4.8
                  4.6
200.
                        3.5
                               4.3
210.
                        3.5
3.5
230.
                  3.8
           3.8
                 4.0
                                4:0
240.
           3.8
                        3.5
250.
                                4.1
                        3.5
260.
           3.9
                  4.1
270.
                                4.2
           3.5
                  3.5
                        3.9
                                4.4
280.
290.
           3.5
                  3.5
                         3.9
300.
310.
           3.5
                  3.5
                        3.8
          3.5
                 3,5
                        3.8
320.
330.
340.
350.
                 3.5
3.5
                        3.9
                               3.8
360.
          3.5
MAX * 5.0 5.1 4.6 4.6 DEGR. * 170 190 170 190
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 5.11 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2.

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Floral & Collegian PM Peak 2015 Project

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

	* *	**	LINK LE (DE REC2 190	EGREES)					
LINK #	•	170	190	170	190				
1	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1				
2	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
3	*	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.1				
4	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
5	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1				
. 6	*	0,0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
7	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0				
8	*	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0				
9	*	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0				
10	*	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0				
11	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0				
12	*	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0				

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:33

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\ATLFLOEX.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/02/00 AT 18:42

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak Existing

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)

ZO = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 8.2 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*		LINK COORDIN	NATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H	W	V/C	QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT)	(FT)		(VEH)
1. nba	*	524.0	0.0	524.0	500.0		500.	360. AG	1880.	13.4	0.0	68.0		
2. nbd	*	524.0	500.0	524.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. AG	1805.	13.4	0.0	56.0		
3. nbq	*	524.0	464.0	524.0	430.6	*	33.	180. AG	563.	100.0	0.0	48.0	0.42	1.7
4. sba	*	476.0	1000.0	476.0	500.0	*	500.	180. AG	1075.	13.4	0.0	68.0		
5. sbd	*	476.0	500.0	476.0	0.0	*	500.	180. AG	1205.	13.4	0.0	56.0		
6. sbq	*	476.0	524.0	476.0	543.1	*	19.	360. AG	563.	100.0	0.0	48.0	0.24	1.0
7. eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	630.	13.4	0.0	56.0		
8. ebd	*	500.0	482.0	1000.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	225.	13.4	0.0	32.0		
9. ebq	*	452.0	482.0	395.9	482.0	*	56.	270. AG	1430.	100.0	0.0	36.0	0.72	2.9
10. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	220.	13.4	0.0	44.0		
11. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	570.	13.4	0.0	32.0		
12 What	*	548.0	512.0	574.5	512.0	*	26.	90. AG	954.	100.0	0.0	24.0	0.38	1.3

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak Existing

	LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE	RED	CLEARANCE	APPROACH	SATURATION	IDLE	SIGNAL	ARRIVAL
		*	LENGTH	TIME	LOST TIME	VOL	FLOW RATE	EM FAC	TYPE	RATE
		*	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(VPH)	(VPH)	(gm/hr)		
3.	nbq	*	60	13	3.0	1880	1600	242.40	3	3
6.	sbq	*	60	13	3.0	1075	1600	242.40	3	3
9.	ebq	*	60	44	3.0	630	1600	242.40	3	3
12.	wbq	*	60	44	3.0	220	1600	242.40	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COORDI	NATES (FT)		*
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*
		-*				- *
1.	nw	*	432.0	544.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	568.0	544.0	5.5	*
3.	sw	*	432.0	444.0	5.5	*
4.	se	*	568.0	444.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak Existing

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND	*	CONCE	TRATIO	ON					
ANGLE	*	(PPM)							
(DEGR)	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4				
	* .								
0. 1	*	8.6	8.7	13.0	10.5				
10.	*	9.5	8.2	14.0	8.9				
20. 1	×	9.7	8.2	13.7	8.5				
30.	*	9.5	8.2	12.4	8.4				
40.	*	9.3	8.2	10.9	8.4				
50.	*	9.2	8.2	10.2	8.4				
60.	×	9.1	8.2	10.3	9.4				
70.	*	9.1	8.2	10.2	8.4				
80.	*	9.3	8.2	10.2	9.5				
90.	*	10.1	8.3	10.1	8.3				
100.	*	11.3	8.5	9.6	8.2				
110.	*	11.1	8.5	9.2	8.2				
120.	*	10.5	8.4	9.3	8.2				

* 10.4

8.4

1

```
140. * 10.4 8.4
150. * 10.5 8.5
160. * 11.5 8.9
                                                9.4 8.2
9.6 8.2
9.8 8.2
             * 12.8 10.0 9.6 8.2

* 12.2 11.4 8.5 8.8

* 11.7 13.1 8.2 10.0
170.
180.
            * 11.7 13.1 8.2 10.0

* 11.6 13.1 8.2 10.1

* 10.5 12.2 8.2 9.8

* 9.3 10.8 8.2 9.5

* 8.9 10.0 8.2 9.4

* 8.8 11.1 8.2 9.5

* 8.9 12.0 8.2 9.8

* 9.0 11.1 8.2 10.4

* 8.5 10.1 8.4 11.5

* 8.2 9.2 8.9 13.4

* 8.2 9.2 9.1 12.6

* 8.2 9.2 9.6 10.9

* 8.2 9.3 10.5 10.2

* 8.2 9.3 10.5 10.2
190.
200.
210.
220.
230.
240.
260.
270.
280.
290.
300.
310.
                      8.2
                                    9.5 11.8 10.0
320.
            * 8.2 9.6 12.6 10.0

* 8.2 9.9 12.5 10.8

* 8.2 9.8 12.4 11.8
340.
350.
            * 8.6
                                    8.7 13.0 10.5
360.
MAX * 12.8 13.1 14.0 13.4 DEGR. * 170 190 10 280
                                                 10 280
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 14.01 PPM AT 10 DEGREES FROM REC3 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak Existing

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING

THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

* CO/LINK (PPM)

* ANGLE (DEGREES)

00, 222111 (0011)						
	*	ANG	LE (DE	GREES)		
	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4	
LINK #	*	170	190	10	280	
	_ * -		:			
1	*	0.6	1.5	0.0	0.7	
2	*	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	
3	*	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.5	
4	*	0,0	0.0	0.8	0.0	
5	, * t	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.3	
6	*	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	
7	*	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.5	
8	*	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	
9	*	2.7	0.0	3.8	1.9	
10	*	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	
11	*	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.3	
12	*.	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	

RUN ENDED ON 10/02/00 AT 18:42

CAL3QHC (93157)

IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)
(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC.
SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\ATLFLONP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:36

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak 2015 Base

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/s

VD = 0.0 CM/S Z0 = 114. CM CLAS = 6 (F) ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

-	-	~			**		_	

	LINK DESCRIPTION	*	LI	NK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/C	QUEUE
		*	X1	Y1	X2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
		*					*						
1.	nba	*	524.0	0.0	524.0	500.0	*	500.	360. AG	2370.	5.2	0.0 68.0	
2.	nbd	4	524.0	500.0	524.0	1000.0	*	500.	360. AG	2295.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
3.	nbq	*	524.0	464.0	524.0	428.4	*	36.	180. AG	169.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0.50	1.8
4.	sba	*	476.0	1000.0	476.0	500.0	*	500.	180. AG	1485.	5.2	0.0 68.0	
5.	sbd	*	476.0	500.0	476.0	0.0	*	500.	180. AG	1625.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
6.	sbq	*	476.0	524.0	476.0	546.3	*	22.	360. AG	169.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0.32	1.1
7.	eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	720.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
8.	ebd	* .	500.0	482.0	1000.0	482.0	*	500.	90. AG	245.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
9.	ebq	*	452.0	482.0	305.8	482.0	*	146.	270. AG	529.	100.0	0.0 36.0 1.00	7.4
10.	wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	240.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
11.	wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	*	500.	270. AG	650.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
12.	wbq	*	548.0	512.0	578.2	512.0	* .	30.	90. AG	353.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.50	1.5

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak 2015 Base

ADDITIONAL	QUEUE	TITIVIC	PARMIETERS	

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
3. nbq 6. sbq 9. ebq	* * *	60 60	11 11 46	3.0 3.0 3.0	2370 1485 720	1600 1600 1600	85.80 85.80 85.80	3 3 3	3 3 3
12. wbq	*	60	46	3.0	240	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

	*		COORDINA	TES (F	T)
RECEPTOR	*	X	Y		1
	*				
1. nw	*	432	. 0 5	44.0	

		*				*
1.	nw	*	432.0	544.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	568.0	544.0	5.5	*
3.	sw	*	432.0	444.0	5.5	*
4.	se	*	568.0	444.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak 2015 Base

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

Angle *	(PPM)
---------	-------

ANGLE '	*	(PPM)		
(DEGR)	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	.			
0.	* 3.7	3.7	5.4	4.4
10.	4 .2	3.5	6.0	3.8
20.	4 4.3	3.5	5.8	3.6
30.	* 4.1	3.5	5.1	3.5
40.	* 4:1	3.5	4.7	3.5
50.	* 4.C	3.5	4.4	3.5
60.	4.0	3.5	4.4	3.6
70.	* 4.C	3.5	4.3	3.6
80.	* 4.0	3.5	4.2	3.6
90,	4 4.3	3.5	4.3	31.5
100.	4 4.7	3.6	4.1	3.5
110.	4 4.6	3.6	4.0	3.5
120.	4 .3	3.6	4.1	3.5
130.	4.4	3.6	4.1	3.5

```
4.5
4.7
5.1
                      3.5
3.6
3.9
4.3
                               4.1
4.3
4.3
150.
160.
                              4.2
3.7
3.5
                      4.8
5.4
5.6
             5.1
4.9
                                       3.8
4.3
180.
190.
                              3.5
200.
              5.0
210.
             5.0
5.2
4.9
                              3.5
220.
230.
                      4.5
4.5
240.
                      4.8
250.
260.
              3.8
                      5.4
            3.6
3.5
3.5
270.
                      4.4
280.
290.
                               5.8
5.5
             3.5
300.
                      4.1
310.
                      4.1
320.
330.
             3.5
3.5
3.7
                               5.2
5.1
5.4
340.
350.
                      4.4
360.
MAX * 5.5 5.7
DEGR. * 170 250
                               6.0 6.2
                               10
                                      280
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 6.21 PPM AT 280 DEGREES FROM REC4 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak 2015 Base

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

LINK #	* * * *	,	LINK LE (DE REC2 250		REC4 280
1	*	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3
2	*	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0
3	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
4	*	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.0
5	*	0.5	. 0.0	0.0	0.2
6	*	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
7	*	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
8	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	*	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.5
10	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
12	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

FUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:36

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\ATLFLOP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 11:37

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JCB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak 2015 Project

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)

Z0 = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*		LINK COORDII	NATES (FT)		LENGT	H BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/C	QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	Х2	Y2 *	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1. nba	*	524.0	0.0	524.0	500.0		360. AG	2405.	5.2	0.0 68.0	
2. nbd	*	524.0	500.0	524.0	1000.0	500.	360. AG	2345.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
3. nbq	*	524.0	464.0	524.0	424.6	39.	180. AG	184.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0.52	2.0
4. sba	*	476.0	1000.0	476.0	500.0	500.	180. AG	1510.	5.2	0.0 68.0	
5. sbd	*	476.0	500.0	476.0	0.0	500.	180. AG	1685.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
6. sbq	*	476.0	524.0	476.0	548.8	25.	360. AG	184.	100.0	0.0 48.0 0.33	1.3
7. eba	*	0.0	482.0	500.0	482.0	500.	90. AG	015.	5.2	0.0 56.0	
8. ebd	*	500.0	482.0	1000.0	482.0	500.	90. AG	245.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
9. e bq	*	452.0	482.0	254.8	482.0	197.	270. AG	518.	100.0	0.0 36.0 1.02	10.0
10. wba	*	1000.0	512.0	500.0	512.0	500.	270. AG	240.	5.2	0.0 44.0	
11. wbd	*	500.0	512.0	0.0	512.0	500.	270. AG	695.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
12. wbq	*	548.0	512.0	577.5	512.0	30.	90. AG	345.	100.0	0.0 24.0 0.45	1.5

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak 2015 Project

LINK DESCRIPTION	* *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
3. nbq	4	60	12	3.0	2405	1600	85.80	3	3
6. sbq	*	60	12	3.0	1510	1600	85.80	3	3
9. ebq	*	60	45	3.0	815	1600	85.80	3	3
12. wbg	*	60	45	3.0	240	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COORD	(NATES (FT)		*
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z	*
		*				*
1.	nw	*	432.0	544.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	568.0	544.0	5.5	*
3.	SW	*	432.0	444.0	5.5	*
4.	se	*	568.0	444.0	5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak 2015 Project

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

MIND	*	CONCENT	RATI	NC.	
ANGLE	*	(P	PM)		
(DEGR	* (REC1 - R	EC2	REC3	REC4
	- * .				
0.	*	3.7	3.8	5.3	4.4
10.	*	4.2	3.5	6.0	3.8
20.	*	4.3	3.5	5.9	3.5
30.	*	4.1	3.5	5.2	3.5
40.	*	4.1	3,5	4.7	3,5
50.	*	4.1	3.5	4.4	3.5
60.	*	4.0	3.5	4.5	3.6
70.	*	4.1	3,5	4.3	3.6
80.	*	4.1	3.5	4.3	3.6
90.	*	4.4	3.5	4.3	3.5
100.	*	4.8	3.6	4.2	3.5
110.	*	4.6	3.6	4.1	3.5
120.	*	4.3	3.6	4.1	3.5
130.	*	4.5	3.6	4.1	3.5

```
4.1.
4.3
4.4
4.2
3.7
3.5
            4.5
4.7
5.1
5.5
5.0
                    3.6
3.9
4.2
4.8
5.5
5.6
5.0
                                   3.5
3.5
3.5
150.
160.
170.
180.
            4.8
4.9
4.9
                                   4.4
4.5
190.
                           3.5
3.5
200.
210.
220.
            5.2
                    4.5 3.5
4.9 3.5
230.
                                  4.2
240.
            5.3
                                   4.3
250.
            5.0
                    5.9
                           3.5
260.
            4.0
            3.6
3.5
3.5
                           3.8
5.2
                                   5.3
6.7
270.
                    4.5
280.
                   4.1
290.
                           6.0
300.
                    4.1
310.
320.
            3.5
                           5.6
                    4.1
                   4.1
                            5.4
                                   4.3
330.
            3.5
                            5.3
                                   4.2
                   4.2
          3.5 4.3
3.7 3.8
350.
                            5.1
                                   5.0
360.
                          5.3 4.4
MAX
DEGR. * 170 250
                           10 280
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 6.71 PPM AT 280 DEGREES FROM REC4 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Atlantic & Floral PM Peak 2015 Project

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

LINK #	* * * *		LINK LE (DE REC2 250	(PPM) GREES) REC3 10	REC4 280
1	*	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3
2	*	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0
3	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5
4	*	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.0
5	*	. 0.5	0.1	0.0	0.2
6	*	-0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
7	*	0.1	0.2	0.1	03
8	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	*	1.0	1.5	1.4	1.8
1.0	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
12	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 11:37

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)

(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\BLEFLOEX.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 13:03

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak Existing

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S Z0 = 114. CM CLAS = 6 (F) ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 8.2 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	I	INK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		n	LENGTH	BRG 7	TYPE	VPH	EF	H	W	V/C	QUEUE
	*	X1	Υ1	Х2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)			(G/MI)	(FT)	(FT)		(VEH)
1. nba	*	506.0	0.0	506.0	500.0	*	500.	360.	AG	80.	13.4	0.0	32.0		
2. nbq	*	506.0	488.0	506.0	144.7	*	343.	180.	AG	585.	100.0	0.0	12.0	1.51	17.4
3. sbd	*	494.0	500.0	494.0	0.0	*	500.	180.	AG	35.	13.4	0.0	32.0		
4. eba	*	0.0	494.0	500.0	494.0	*	500.	90.	AG	695.	13.4	0.0	32.0		
5. ebd	*	500.0	494.0	1000.0	494.0	*	500.	90.	AG	695.	13.4	0.0	32.0		
6. ebq	*	500.0	494.0	484.8	494.0	*	15.	270.	AG	43.	100.0	0.0	12.0	0.50	0.8
7. wba	*	1000.0	506.0	500.0	506.0	*	500.	270.	AG	345.	13.4	0.0	32.0		
8. wbd	*	500.0	506.0	0.0	506.0	*	500.	270.	AG	390.	13.4	0.0	32.0		
9. wbq	*	512.0	506.0	519.6	506.0	*	6.	90.	AG	43.	100.0	0.0	12.0	0.25	0.4

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak Existing

ADDITIONAL	QUEUE	LINK	PARAMETERS

LINK DESCRIPTION	* * *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
2. nbq	* *	60	54	2.0	80	1600	242.40	3	3
6. ebq		60	4	2.0	695	1600	242.40	3	3
9. wbq		60	4	2.0	345	1600	242.40	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COORD	INATES (FT)			*
	RECEPTOR	*	X	Y	Z		*
		*					- *
1.	nw	vt.	468.0	532.0		5,5	*
2.	ne	*	532.0	532,0		5.5	*
3.	SW	*	468.0	468.0		5.5	*
4.	se	*	532.0	468.0		5.5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak Existing

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND * CONCENTRATION

ANGLE	*		(PPM)		
(DEGR)	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	*				
0.	*	8.2	8.2	8.6	8.6
10.	*	8.2	8.2	8.6	8.6
20.	*	8.2	8.2	8.6	8.6
30.	*	8.2	8.2	8.6	8.6
40.	*	8.2	8.2	8.9	8.6
50.	*	8.2	8.2	8.9	8.8
60.	*	8.2	8.2	9.4	8.9
70.	*	9.2	8.2	10.1	9.0
80.	*	8.2	8.2	10.4	9.2
90.	*	8.6	8.6	9.9	8.7
100.	'n	9.1	9.0	9.5	8.2
110.	*	8.9	9.0	9.4	8.2
120.	Ħ	8.7	8.8	9.6	8.2
130.	*	8.9	8.7	9.7	8.2
140.	*	9.7	8.7	9.8	8.2
150.	*	10.3	8.7	10.1	8.2
160.	*	11.1	8.6	10.6	8.2
170.	*	11.1	8.6	10.5	8.3

```
8.8 9.4
180. *
              9.4 10.1
              9.4 10.1
8.6 11.8
8.7 11.1
8.7 9.8
8.7 8.9
                                 8.2 11.4
                                 8.2 11.0
8.2 10.5
200.
210.
220.
                                 8.2 10.1
                        8.9 8.2 10.1
8.7 8.2 9.9
8.8 8.2 9.7
9.0 8.2 9.7
9.1 8.2 9.7
8.6 8.7 10.2
8.2 9.2 10.7
8.2 9.1 10.6
               8.9
9.0
9.1
                       8.8
9.0
9.1
240.
250.
260.
270.
               8.2
8.2
280.
290.
300.
                8.2
                         8.2
                                 8,9 10.3
31Ò.
                8.2
                         8.2. 8.8
                                 8.7
8.7
                                          9.0
               8.2
8.2
                         8.2
320.
330.
340.
                8.2
                         8.2
                                 8.6
                                         8.6
                        8.2 8.6 8.6
8.2 8.6 8.6
350.
               8.2
360.
MAX * 11.1 11.8 10.6 11.4
DEGR. * 160 190 160 190
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 11.81 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak Existing

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

		*	co/:	LINK	(PPM)	
		*	ANG	LE (DE	GREES)	
		*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
L	INK #	*	160	190	160	190
-		*-				
	1	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	2	*	2.3.	3.2	2.3	3.1
	3	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	4	*	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5	*	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
	- 6	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	7	*	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	8	Ħ	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
	9	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 13:03

PAGE 4

CAL3QHC (93157)
IBM-PC VERSION (2.02)
(C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC.
SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\BLEFLONP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 13:04

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak 2015 Base

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S

MIXH = 1000. M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	L	INK COORDIN	ATES (FT)	*	LENGTH	BRG TYPE	VPH	EF	H W V/CQ	UEUE
	*	X1	Y1	Х2	Y2 *	(FT)	(DEG)		(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1. nba	*	506.0	0.0	506.0	500.0 *	500.	360. AG	95.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
2. nbq	*	506.0	488.0	506.0	-17.4 *	505.	180. AG	207.	100.0	0.0 12.0 1.79 2	15.7
3. sbd	*	494.0	500.0	494.0	0.0 *	500.	180. AG	40.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
4. eba	*	0.0	494.0	500.0	494.0 *	500.	90. AG	800.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
5. ebd	*	500.0	494.0	1000.0	494.0 *	500.	90. AG	855.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
6. ebq	*	500.0	494.0	482.5	494.0 *	17.	270. AG	15.	100.0	0.0 12.0 0.58	0.9
7. wba	*	1000.0	506.0	500.0	506.0 *	500.	270. AG	410.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
8. wbd	*	500.0	506.0	0.0	506.0 *	500.	270. AG	410.	5.2	0.0 32.0	
9. wbq	*	512.0	506.0	521.0	506.0 *	9.	90. AG	15.	100.0	0.0 12.0 0.30	0.5

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak 2015 Base

LINK DESCRIPTION	N ·	*	CYCLE	RED	CLEARANCE	APPROACH	SATURATION	IDLE	SIGNAL	ARRIVAL	
		*	LENGTH	TIME	LOST TIME	VOL	FLOW RATE	EM FAC	TYPE	RATE	
		*	(SEC)	(SEC)	(SEC)	(VPH)	(VPH)	(gm/hr)			
		*									
2. nbq		*	60	54	2.0	95	1600	85.80	3	3	
6. ebq		*	60	4	2.0	800	1600	85.80	3	3	
9. wbq		*	60	4	2.0	410	1600	85.80	3	3	

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

COCEDINATES (FT) RECEPTOR Y Z z Х 1. nw 468.0 532.0 2. ne 532.0 532.0 5.5 3. sw 468.0 468.0 5.5 532.0 468.0 5.5

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak 2015 Base

MODEL RESULTS

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{REMARKS}}$: In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum

concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND	*	CONCE	TRATIO	ON	
ANGLE	*		(PPM)		
(DEGR	* (REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
	* .				
0.	*	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7
10.	*	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7
20.	*	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7
30.	*	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.8
40.	*	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.8
50.	*	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.8
60.	*	3.5	3.5	4.0	3.8
70.	*	3.5	3.5	4.2	3.9
80.	*	3.5	3.5	4.3	3.9
90.	*	3.7	3.7	4.2	3.7
100.	*	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.5
110.	*	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.5
120.	*	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.5
130.	*	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.5
140.	*	4.1	3.7	4.1	3.5
150.	*	4.3	3.7	4.2	3.5
160.	*	4.5	3:7	4.3	3.5
170.	*	4.7	3.7	4.4	.3.5

1

1

```
4.4
5.0
4.6
4.1
3.9
3.7
                         3.9
3.5
3.5
3.5
                                4.1
4.7
4.5
190.
200.
           3.7
3.7
           3.7
210.
                         3.5
3.5
3.5
                                 4.1
            3.7
230.
           3.8
                  3.8
240.
250.
260.
           3.7
3.5
                         3.7
3.9
270.
                  3.7
                                 4.3
280.
                  3.5
290.
           3.5
                  3.5
                          3.9
300.
            3.5
                  3.5
                  3.5
                         3.8
310.
           3.5
           3.5
320.
330.
                  3.5
                          3.7
                          3.7
                                 3.7
340.
           3.5
                  3.5
350.
                          3.7
360.
           3.5
                  3.5
MAX * 4.7 5.0 4.4 4.7 DEGR. * 170 190 170 190
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 5.01 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak 2015 Base

PAGE 4

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

	*	co/	LINK	(PPM)	
	*	ANG	LE (DE	GREES)	
	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4
LINK #	*	170	190	170	190
	* -				
1	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	*	1.0	1.3	0.9	1.2
3	Ħ	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	*	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
6	*	.0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	*	. 0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
8	*	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 13:04

CAL3QHC (93157) IBM-PC VERSION (2.02) (C) COPYRIGHT 1993, TRINITY CONSULTANTS, INC. SERIAL NUMBER 9920 SOLD TO TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

RUN NAME: C:\PROGRA~1\CAL3QHC\BLEFLOP.DAT

RUN BEGIN ON 10/03/00 AT 13:16

CAL3QHC: LINE SOURCE DISPERSION MODEL - VERSION 2.0, JANUARY 1992

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak 2015 Project

SITE & METEOROLOGICAL VARIABLES

VS = 0.0 CM/S U = 1.0 M/S

VD = 0.0 CM/S CLAS = 6 (F)

Z0 = 114. CM ATIM = 60. MINUTES

MIXH = 1000, M AMB = 3.5 PPM

LINK VARIABLES

LINK DESCRIPTION	*	I	JINK COORDIN	ATES (FT)		*	LENGTH	BRG '	TYPE	VPH	EF	H W	V/c	QUEUE
	*	X1	Y1	Х2	Y2	*	(FT)	(DEG)			(G/MI)	(FT) (FT)	(VEH)
1. nba	*	506.0	0.0	506.0	500.0		500.	360.	AG	115.	5.2	0.0 32.0		
2. nbq	*	506.0	488.0	506.0	-233.7	*	722.	180.	AG	207.	100.0	0.0 12.0	2.17	36.7
3. sbd	*	494.0	500.0	494.0	0.0	*	500.	180.	AG	45.	5.2	0.0 32.0		
4. eba	*	0.0	494.0	500.0	494.0	*	500.	90.	AG	840.	5.2	0.0 32.0		
5. ebd.	*	500.0	494.0	1000.0	494.0	*	500.	90.	AG	890.	5.2	0.0 32.0		
6. ebq	*	500.0	494.0	481.6	494.0	*	18.	270.	AG	15.	100.0	0.0 12.0	0.61	0.9
7. wba	*	1000.0	506.0	500.0	506.0	*	500.	270.	AG	490.	5.2	0.0 32.0		
8. wbd	*	500.0	506.0	0.0	506.0	*	500.	270.	AG	510.	5.2	0.0 32.0		
9. wbq	*	512.0	506.0	522.7	506.0	*	11.	90.	AG	15.	100.0	0.0 12.0	0.35	0.5

PAGE 2

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

ADDITIONAL QUEUE LINK PARAMETERS

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak 2015 Project

LINK DESCRIPTION	* * *	CYCLE LENGTH (SEC)	RED TIME (SEC)	CLEARANCE LOST TIME (SEC)	APPROACH VOL (VPH)	SATURATION FLOW RATE (VPH)	IDLE EM FAC (gm/hr)	SIGNAL TYPE	ARRIVAL RATE
2. nbq 6. ebq	*	60 60	54 4	2.0	115 840	1600 1600	85.80 85.80	3	3
9. wbq	*	60	4	2.0	490	1600	85.80	3	3

RECEPTOR LOCATIONS

		*	COORD	INATES (FT)		*
	RECEPTOR	*	X	A	Z	*
		- *				- *
1.	nw	*	468.0	532.0	5.5	*
2.	ne	*	532.0	532.0	5.5	*
3,	sw	*	468.0	468.0	5.5	*
4	92	*	532 0	468 0	5 5	*

PAGE 3

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak 2015 Project

MODEL RESULTS

REMARKS : In search of the angle corresponding to the maximum concentration, only the first angle, of the angles with same maximum concentrations, is indicated as maximum.

WIND ANGLE RANGE: 0.-360.

WIND	*	CONCENTRATION						
ANGLE	*		(PPM)					
(DEGR)	*	REC1	REC2	REC3	REC4			
	* .							
0.	*	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7			
10.	*	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7			
20.	*	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7			
30.	*	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.8			
40.	*	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.8			
50.	*	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.8			
60.	*	3.5	3.5	4.0	3.8			
70.	*	3.5	3.5	4.2	3.9			
80.	×	3.5	3.5	4.4	3.9			
90.	*	3.7	3.7	4.2	3.8			
100.	*	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.5			
110.	*	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.5			
120.	*	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.5			
130.	*	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.5			
140.	*	4.1	3.7	4.1	3.5			
150.	*	4.3	3.7	4.2	3.5			
160.	*	4.5	3.7	4.3	3.5			
170.	*	4.8	3.8	4.6	3.6			

```
180. *
190. *
                      4.0 4.3
3.5 4.8
                4.5
5.0
         4.2
          3.7
      * 3.7
* 3.7
* 3.7
                      3.5 4.5
3.5 4.3
3.5 4.2
200.
          3.7 4.6
210.
                4.1
               3.9
220.
230.
          3.7
                3.7
                       3.5
                            4.1
240.
          3.8
                3.8
                      3.5 4.0
3.5 4.0
250.
          3.9 3.8
260
         3,9
3.7
                4.0
                3.7
                      3.8 4.3
270.
      * 3.5
* 3.5
280.
290.
                3.5
                      3.9
                             4.3
     * 3.5
* 3.5
* 3.5
300.
                3.5 3.8 4.2
310.
                3.5
                      3.8
                             4.0
                3.5
     * 3.5
* 3.5
* 3.5
* 3.5
                      3.7 3.8
3.7 3.7
330.
                3.5
                3.5
340.
                      3.7
350.
                3.5
                             3.7
-----
MAX * 4.8 5.0 4.6 4.8 DEGR. * 170 190 170 190
```

THE HIGHEST CONCENTRATION IS 5.01 PPM AT 190 DEGREES FROM REC2 .

JOB: East Los Angeles Community College EIR

RUN: Bleakwood & Floral PM Peak 2015 Project

RECEPTOR - LINK MATRIX FOR THE ANGLE PRODUCING THE MAXIMUM CONCENTRATION FOR EACH RECEPTOR

* CO/LINK (PPM)

* ARCIE (DEGREES)

* REC1 REC2 REC3 REC4

LINK # * 170 190 170 190

1 * 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

2 * 1.1 1.3 1.1 1.3

3 * 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

4 * 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

5 * 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0

6 * 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0

7 * 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0

8 * 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0

9 * 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

RUN ENDED ON 10/03/00 AT 13:17

PAGE 4

File Name:

elac.URB

Project Name:

East Los Angeles College EIR

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size To

Total Trips

Junior college (2 yrs) 859.49 trips / acre

6.29

5,410.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	cs 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	ks 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Res	sidential		Commercial			
	Home~	Home-	Home-				
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer	2
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1	
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5	
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40	
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0				

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Junior college (2 yrs)

5.0 2.5 92.5

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Junior college (2 yrs)	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	22.57	73.97	232.13	34.34
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
	22.57	73.97	232.13	34.34

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

File Name:

elac.URB

Project Name:

East Los Angeles College EIR

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size Total Trips

Junior college (2 yrs) 859.49 trips / acre

6.29

5,410.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	cs 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	cs 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Re	sidential			Commercial	-
	Home- Work	Home- Shop	Home- Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20 0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Junior college (2 yrs)

5.0 2.5 92.5

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
Junior college (2 yrs)	20.72	73.04	229.51	34.34
	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	20.72	73.04	229.51	34.34

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The default winter temperature has been modified The default summer temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Regnl shop. center < 5 38.10 trips / 1000 sq. ft.

507.26

19,326.53

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

Trailer condition							
	Residential			Commercial			
	Home -	Home-	Home-				
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Wor	ck Custome	er
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1	
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5	
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40	
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0				

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Regnl shop. center < 570000 sf

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Regnl shop. center < 5700	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	83.74	258.34	804.33	119.61
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
	83.74	258.34	804.33	119.61

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

ELAC Related Project Project Name:

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size Total Trips

Regnl shop. center < 5 38.10 trips / 1000 sq. ft. 507.26 19,326.53

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truc	ks 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truc	ks 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.00	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Regnl shop. center < 570000 sf

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
Regnl shop. center < 5700	77.24	255.01	797.32	119.61
	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	77.24	255.01	797.32	119.61

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name:

ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Regnl shop. center < 5 46.05 trips / 1000 sq. ft.

300.00

13,815.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Wor	k Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Regnl shop. center < 570000 sf

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

	ROG	NOx	co	PM10
Regnl shop. center < 5700	59.21	184.66	574.95	85.50
	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	59.21	184.66	574.95	85.50

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Regnl shop. center < 5 46.05 trips / 1000 sq. ft.

300.00

13,815.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.00	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	4.0	40	.4.0	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Regnl shop. center < 570000 sf

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

2.0	1.0	97.0

	ROG	NOx	co	PM10
Regnl shop. center < 5700	54.59	182.29	569.94	85.50
	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	54.59	182.29	569.94	85.50

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Convenience market (24 90.06 trips / 1000 sq. ft. 17.00

1,531.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.00	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Wor	k Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4 5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Convenience market (24 hour)

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Convenience market (24 ho	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	6.39	20.46	63.72	9.47
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
	6.39	20.46	63.72	9.47

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

ELAC Related Project Project Name:

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size Total Trips

Convenience market (24 90.06 trips / 1000 sq. ft. 17.00

1,531.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truc	ks 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truc	ks 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Convenience market (24 hour)

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
Convenience market (24 ho	5.89	20.20	63.16	9.47
	ROG	NOx	co	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	5.89	20.20	63.16	9.47

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name:

ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size Total Trips

Bank (with drive-throu 156.50 trips / 1000 sq. ft.

6.00

939.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	ts 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.00	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use)

Bank (with drive-through)

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Bank (with drive-through)	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	3.88	12.55	39.08	5.81
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
	3.88	12.55	39.08	5.81

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name:

ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size T

Total Trips

Bank (with drive-throu 156.50 trips / 1000 sq. ft.

6.00

939.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalys	t	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16		98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13		99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44		98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56		40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56		40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00				100.00
Urban Buses	2.00				100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100	0.00 9	k all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Bank (with drive-through)

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

	ROG	NOx	CO	PMlo
Bank (with drive-through)	3.57	12.39	38.74	5.81
	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	3.57	12.39	38.74	5.81

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name:

ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Hotel

8.23 trips / Occupied room

500.00

4,115.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home~	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Wor	k Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{\$}}$ of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Hotel

5.0 2.5 92.5

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Hotel	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	22.29	56.26	176.57	26.12
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
	22.29	56.26	176.57	26.12

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

500.00

Total Trips

Hotel

8.23 trips / Occupied room

4,115.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

5.0 2.5 92.5

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
20.70	55.56	174.57	26.12
ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
20.70	55.56	174.57	26.12
	20.70 ROG	20.70 55.56 ROG NOx	20.70 55.56 174.57 ROG NOX CO

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size Total Trips

Supermarket

178.00 trips / 1000 sq. ft. 20.00

3,560.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.00) % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

radior conditions			4.6				
		Residential			Commerci	ial	
	Home-	Home-	Home-				
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Wor	ck Cus	tomer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1	
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5	
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40		40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0				

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use)

Supermarket

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
Supermarket	14.66	47.59	148.16	22.03
	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	14.66	47.59	148.16	22.03

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name:

ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Supermarket

178.00 trips / 1000 sq. ft.

20.00

3,560.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catal	yst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16		98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13		99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44		98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56		40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56		40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00				100.00
Urban Buses	2.00				100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	:	100.00	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	4.0
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Supermarket

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
Supermarket	13.50	46.97	146.87	22.03
	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	13.50	46.97	146.87	22.03

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name:

ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Single family housing

9.57 trips / dwelling unit

83.00

794.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.00	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial			
	Home-	Home-	Home-				
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Wor	rk Cust	comer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1	
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5	
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40		40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0				

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Single family housing	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	5.06	12.27	45.00	5.87
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
	5.06	12.27	45.00	5.87

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name: elacrel.URB
Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size Total Trips

Single family housing 9.57 trips / dwelling unit 83.00

794.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Single family housing	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	4.58	12.15	42.88	5.87
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	4 . 58	12.15	42.88	5.87

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size Total Trips

Hote1

8.24 trips / Occupied room

50.00

412.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.00	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

			S-				
		Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home -	Home -				
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Wor	k Customer	
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1	
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5	
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40	
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0				

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Hotel

5.0 2.5 92.5

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Hotel	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	2.23	5.63	17.68	2.62
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
	2.23	5.63	17.68	2.62

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name: elacrel.URB
Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size Total Trips

412.00

Hotel

8.24 trips / Occupied room

50.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	ts 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Hotel

5.0 2.5 92.5

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
Hotel	2.07	5.56	17.48	2.62
	ROG	NOx	co	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	2.07	5.56	17.48	2.62

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

File Name:

elacrel.URB

Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Winter

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 60 Season: Winter

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Supermarket

111.60 trips / 1000 sq. ft. 5.00

558.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	% all fuels	

Travel Conditions

	Residential			Commercial		
	Home-	Home-	Home-			
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0			

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use)

Supermarket

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

Supermarket	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
	2.32	7.46	23.22	3.45
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	ROG	NOX	CO	PM10
	2.32	7.46	23.22	3.45

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

URBEMIS 7G: Version 3.1

File Name: elacrel.URB
Project Name: ELAC Related Project

Project Location: South Coast Air Basin (Los Angeles area)

DETAILED REPORT - Summer

OPERATIONAL (Vehicle) EMISSION ESTIMATES

Analysis Year: 2015 Temperature (F): 95 Season: Summer

EMFAC Version: EMFAC7G (10/96)

Summary of Land Uses:

Unit Type

Trip Rate

Size

Total Trips

Supermarket

111.60 trips / 1000 sq. ft.

5.00

558.00

Vehicle Assumptions:

Fleet Mix:

Vehicle Type	Percent Type	Non-Catalyst	Catalyst	Diesel
Light Duty Autos	75.00	1.16	98.58	0.26
Light Duty Trucks	10.00	0.13	99.54	0.33
Medium Duty Trucks	3.00	1.44	98.56	
Lite-Heavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
MedHeavy Duty Truck	s 1.00	19.56	40.00	40.44
Heavy-Heavy Trucks	5.00			100.00
Urban Buses	2.00			100.00
Motorcycles	3.00	100.0	0 % all fuels	

Travel Conditions

		Residential		Commercial				
	Home- Home- Hom		Home-					
	Work	Shop	Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer		
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.6	4.5	5.6	9.5	5.1	5.1		
Rural Trip Length (miles)	11.5	4.9	6.0	10.3	5.5	5.5		
Trip Speeds (mph)	35	40	40	40	40	40		
% of Trips - Residential	20.0	37.0	43.0					

% of Trips - Commercial (by land use) Supermarket

2.0 1.0 97.0

UNMITIGATED EMISSIONS

_	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
Supermarket	2.13	7.36	23.02	3.45
	ROG	NOx	CO	PM10
TOTAL EMISSIONS (lbs/day)	2.13	7.36	23.02	3.45

Includes correction for passby trips.

Does not include double counting adjustment for internal trips.

Changes Made to the Default Values

Operational/Vehicle Related:

The operational emissions mitigation switch has been changed

The default winter temperature has been modified

The default summer temperature has been modified

```
** ISCST3 Input Produced by:
** ISC-AERMOD View Ver. 3.01
** Lakes Environmental Software Inc.
** Date: 12/7/00
** File: J:\Temp\Li\Elac2\pkg.INP
在最近或者需要有效的现在分词或自由的自由的现在分词
使食物或类的食物或食物食物或食物或食物或食物或食物或食物或食物或食物或食物
** ISC Control Pathway
双有埃索索的使使的过去式和过去式和过去式和过去式和过去分词
CO STARTING
  TITLEONE East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan EIR
  TITLETWO 2200 Parking Lot Emissions
  MODELOPT DFAULT CONC URBAN
  AVERTIME 1 ANNUAL
  POLLUTID CO
  TERRHGTS FLAT
  FLAGPOLE 1.50
  RUNORNOT RUN
CO FINISHED
**********
** ISC Source Pathway
************************************
SO STARTING
** Source Location **
   LOCATION PKGLOT AREA -3103900.000 2419200.000
** Source Parameters **
   SRCPARAM PKGLOT 0.000165639652 0.305 541.000 541.000 0.000
** Source Group **
   SRCGROUP ALL
SO FINISHED
*****
** ISC Receptor Pathway
女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女女
RE STARTING
   DISCCART -3103915.00 2419200.00 1.5
   DISCCART -3103930.00 2419200.00 1.5
   DISCCART -3103960.00 2419200.00 1.5
   DISCCART -3104020.00 2419200.00 1.5
   DISCCART -3104140.00 2419200.00 1.5
RE FINISHED
** ISC Meteorology Pathway
```

```
INPUTFIL J:\Temp\Li\Wind\PICORIV.ASC
   ANEMHGHT 10 METERS
   SURFDATA 53134 1981
   UAIRDATA 91919 1981
ME FINISHED
** ISC Output Pathway
建油油的食品水烧水油的烧锅油的烧水油烧烧水油水油涂料油涂料水水水油的水水
OU STARTING
   RECTABLE ALLAVE FIRST
   RECTABLE 1 FIRST
   PLOTFILE 1 ALL 1ST J:\Temp\Li\Elac2\ISC\01H1GALL.PLT
OU FINISHED
法政府的法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法法
*** SETUP Finishes Successfully ***
                                                         MODEL SETUP OPTIONS SUMMARY
**Intermediate Terrain Processing is Selected
**Model Is Setup For Calculation of Average CONCentration Values.
   -- SCAVENGING/DEPOSITION LOGIC --
**Model Uses NO DRY DEPLETION. DDPLETE = F
**Model Uses NO WET DEPLETION. WDPLETE = F
 **NO WET SCAVENGING Data Provided.
**NO GAS DRY DEPOSITION Data Provided.

**Model Does NOT Use GRIDDED TERRAIN Data for Depletion Calculations
 **Model Uses URBAN Dispersion.
 **Model Uses Regulatory DEFAULT Options:
             1. Final Plume Rise.
             2. Stack-tip Downwash.
             3. Buoyancy-induced Dispersion.
             4. Use Calms Processing Routine.
             5. Not Use Missing Data Processing Routine.
             6. Default Wind Profile Exponents.
             7. Default Vertical Potential Temperature Gradients.
             8. "Upper Bound" Values for Supersquat Buildings.
9. No Exponential Decay for URBAN/Non-SO2
 **Model Assumes Receptors on FLAT Terrain.
  **Model Accepts FLAGPOLE Receptor Heights.
  **Model Calculates 1 Short Term Average(s) of: 1-HR
      and Calculates ANNUAL Averages
                                                                                  5 Receptor(s)
                                                1 Source Group(s); and
                            1 Source(s);
  **This Run Includes:
  **The Model Assumes A Pollutant Type of: CO
  **Model Set To Continue RUNning After the Setup Testing.
  **Output Options Selected:
            Model Outputs Tables of ANNUAL Averages by Receptor
Model Outputs Tables of Highest Short Term Values by Receptor (RECTABLE Keyword)
Model Outputs External File(s) of High Values for Plotting (PLOTFILE Keyword)
  **NOTE: The Following Flags May Appear Following CONC Values: c for Calm Hours
                                                                         m for Missing Hours
                                                                         b for Both Calm and Missing Hours
                                                       Decay Coef. = 0.000
                                                                                                              0.0
  **Misc. Inputs: Anem. Hgt. (m) =
                                          10.00
                                                                                      : Emission Rate Unit Factor = 0.10000E+07
                    Emission Units = GRAMS/SEC
Output Units = MICROGRAMS/M4*3
                                                        1.2 MB of RAM.
  **Approximate Storage Requirements of Model =
```

ME STARTING

```
**Input Runstream File:
**Output Print File:
```

J:\Temp\Li\Elac2\pkg.INP J:\Temp\Li\Elac2\pkg.OUT

Owop-1				***	AREA SOU	RCE DATA	***					
SOURCE		SION RATE AMS/SEC ETER**2)	X ,	CORNER) Y (METERS)	ELEV.		OF AREA	Y-DIM OF AREA (METERS)	ORIENT. OF AREA (DEG.)	INIT. SZ (METERS)	EMISSION RATE SCALAR VARY BY	:
PKGLOT	0 0.16	564E-03-31	03900.0 24	119200.0	0.0	0.31	541.00	541.00	0.00	0.00		
			*	* SOURCE	IDs DEFI	NING SOUR	CE GROUPS	* * *				
GROUP ID					SOUR	CE IDs						
ALL F	KGLOT ,											
				*** DISCR	ETE CART	ESIAN RECI	EPTORS ***					
				(X-COOR		RD, ZELEV TERS)	, ZFLAG)					
<pre>{*******</pre>	***, 2419200. ***, 2419200. ***, 2419200.	0, 0		1.5); 1.5); 1.5);			2419200.0 2419200.0			1.5); 1.5);		
			*	** METEOR	ROLOGICAL	DAYS SELM	ected for :	PROCESSIN	G ***			
· 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	NOTE: ME	TEOROLOGIC	AL DATA A	TUALLY PR	OCESSED 1	WILL ALSO	DEPEND ON	WHAT IS	INCLUDED I	N THE DA	TA FILE.	
		*	** UPPER I	BOUND OF F		OUGH FIFT ETERS/SEC	H WIND SPE	ED CATEGO	RIES ***			
				1.54,	3.09,	5.14,	8.23, 1	0.80,				
				* * *	WIND PR	OFILE EXPO	ONENTS ***					
	STABILITY CATEGORY A B C D E	1	0E+00 0E+00 0E+00 0E+00 0E+00	2 .15000E+0 .15000E+0 .20000E+0 .25000E+0 .30000E+0	00 .1: 00 .1: 00 .2: 00 .2:	ED CATEGO 3 5000E+00 5000E+00 0000E+00 0000E+00 0000E+00	4 .15000 .15000 .20000 .25000 .30000	E+00 E+00 E+00 E+00	5 .15000E+00 .15000E+00 .20000E+00 .25000E+00 .30000E+00	.15 .15 .20 .25	5 000E+00 000E+00 000E+00 000E+00 000E+00	
			***			AL TEMPERA KELVIN PEA	ATURE GRAD R METER)	IENTS ***				
	STABILITY CATEGORY A B C D E	1 .0000 .0000 .0000 .0000 .2000 .3500	0E+00 0E+00 0E+00 0E+01	2 .00000E+0 .00000E+0 .00000E+0 .20000E-0	0 .01 0 .01 0 .01 10 .01	ED CATEGOR 3 00000E+00 00000E+00 00000E+00 0000E+00 0000E-01	4 .00000 .00000 .00000 .00000 .20000 .35000	E+00 E+00 E+00 E-01	5 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .20000E-01 .35000E-01	.000 .000 .000 .000	5 000E+00 000E+00 000E+00 000E+00 000E-01	
	* * *	THE FIRST	24 HOURS	OF METEO	ROLOGICA	L DATA ***	•					
	J:\Temp\Li\ (412,2F9.4, STATION NO. NAME YEAR	F6.1,12,2F : 53134 : UNKNOWN				STATION N	NO.: 91919 AME: UNKNO EAR: 198	ΝN				
81 01 01 01 81 01 01 02 81 01 01 03 81 01 01 04	VECTOR (M/S 247.3 1.0 237.4 0.0 220.0 1.0 278.5 1.0 264.0 0.0	0 282.6 0 282.6 0 283.1 0 283.7	Lass Ruf	AL URBA 1.2 152. 1.3 152. 1.3 152. 1.4 152. 1.5 152.	N (M/s 	5) (M) 		00 0 0 00 0 0 00 0	PRATE mm/HR) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00			
81 01 01 07	229.5 1.0	0 290.4	7 447	7.6 152.	0 , 0.00	000	0.0 0.00	00 00	0.00			

```
1.00 282.0 6
1.34 286.5 5
                                                                        71.6 202.6
146.0 255.1
                                                                                                                               0.0 0.0000 0 0.00
                                                                                                      0.0000
81 01 01 08 247.1
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
                                                                                                                                                               0.00
81 01 01 09 254.0
                                                                        220.4 307.7
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
                                    1.79 290.4
81 01 01 10 189.1
                                     1.79 294.3
                                                                         294.8
                                                                                     360.3
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
81 01 01 11 179.1
                                                                                                                                                                0.00
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
81 01 01 12
                       58.1
                                     3.13 295.4
                                                                         369.2
                                                                                     412.9
                                                                                                                                                                0.00
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                     2.68 297.6
                                                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0
                                                                                                                                                                0.00
81 01 01 13
                        19.7
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                        518.0
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                     2.24 295.9
                                                                                                                                         0.0000
81 01 01 14
                       56.7
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
                                     2.68 294.8
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                        518.0
                                                                                                        0.0000
81 01 01 15
                         89.8
                                                                                                                                                                 0.00
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                      518.0
                                                                                                        0.0000
                        75.7
                                     2.68 293.1
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
                                                                                                                                                                 0.00
81 01 01 17 20.1
                                    1.79 290.4
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                      510.6
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
                                                                                                                                                                0,00
                                                                                        468.1
                                    1,34 288.1
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
81 01 01 18
81 01 01 19 358.0
                                    1.34 287.6
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                     425.6
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
                                                                                                                                                                 0.00
                                                                                       383.1
                                                                                                        0.0000
 81 01 01 20
                        33.2
                                     1.00 287.0
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
                                                                                                                                                                 0.00
                                    1.00 265.9
                                                                                     340.6
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
81 01 01 21 358.6
                                                                                                                                                                 0.00
81 01 01 22 24.5
                                    1.00 285.9
                                                            7
                                                                         518.0 298.0
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
81 01 01 23 338.2
                                     1.00 285.4
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                     255.5
                                                                                                        0.0000
                                                                                                                                0.0 0.0000 0
                                                                                                                                                                 0.00
                                                                                     213.0
                                    1.00 284.8
                                                                         518.0
                                                                                                        0.0000
81 01 01 24 292.2
                                                                                                                               0.0 0.0000 0
                                                                                                                                                                 0.00
*** NOTES: STABILITY CLASS 1=A, 2=B, 3=C, 4=D, 5=E AND 6=F.
                      FLOW VECTOR IS DIRECTION TOWARD WHICH WIND IS BLOWING.
                                                    *** THE ANNUAL ( 1 YRS) AVERAGE CONCENTRATION VALUES FOR SOURCE GROUP: ALL
                                                          INCLUDING SOURCE(S):
                                                                                                        PKGLOT ,
                                                                               *** DISCRETE CARTESIAN RECEPTOR POINTS ***
                                                                     ** CONC OF CO
                                                                                                       IN MICROGRAMS/M**3
          X-COORD (M) Y-COORD (M)
                                                                    CONC
                                                                                                                     X-COORD (M) Y-COORD (M)
                                                                                                                                                                                 CONC
           -3103915.00
                                     2419200.00
                                                                747.34180
                                                                                                                     -3103930.00 2419200.00
-3104020.00 2419200.00
           -3103960.00
                                     2419200.00
                                                                 494.79318
                                                                                                                                                                               356.72696
           -3104140.00
                                                              225.07082
                                     2419200.00
                                                   *** THE 1ST HIGHEST 1-HR AVERAGE CONCENTRATION VALUES FOR SOURCE GROUP: ALL
                                                          INCLUDING SOURCE(S):
                                                                                                        PKGLOT ,
                                                                             *** DISCRETE CARTESIAN RECEPTOR POINTS ***
                                                                     ** CONC OF CO
                                                                                                       IN MICROGRAMS/M**3
        X-COORD (M) Y-COORD (M) CONC (YYMMDDHH) X-COORD (M) Y-COORD (M) CONC (YYMMDDHH)

-3103915.00 2419200.00 6315.72803 (81104042) -3103930.00 2419200.00 5471.34521 (81101404)
-3103960.00 2419200.00 4475.87939 (81012423) -3104020.00 2419200.00 3478.51001 (81063006)
-3104140.00 2419200.00 2568.50366 (81031031)
   X-COORD (M) Y-COORD (M) CONC (YYMMDDHH)
                                                                                                                                                                                                      (YYMMDDHH)
         -3104140.00 2419200.00
                                                            2568.50366 (81031003)
                                                                             *** THE SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM ANNUAL ( 1 YRS) RESULTS ***
                                                                     ** CONC OF CO
                                                                                                       IN MICROGRAMS/M**3
                                                                                                                                                                                        NETWORK
              AVERAGE CONC RECEPTOR (XR, YR, ZELEV, ZFLAG) OF TYPE GRID-1

1ST HIGHEST VALUE IS 747.34180 AT (-3103915.00, 2419200.00, 0.00, 1.50) DC NA
2ND HIGHEST VALUE IS 630.98279 AT (-3103930.00, 2419200.00, 0.00, 1.50) DC NA
3RD HIGHEST VALUE IS 494.79318 AT (-3103960.00, 2419200.00, 0.00, 1.50) DC NA
4TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 356.72696 AT (-3104020.00, 2419200.00, 0.00, 1.50) DC NA
5TH HIGHEST VALUE IS 225.07082 AT (-3104140.00, 2419200.00, 0.00, 1.50) DC NA
GROUP ID
                                                   AVERAGE CONC
                                                                                                     RECEPTOR (XR, YR, ZELEV, ZFLAG) OF TYPE GRID-ID
                                                          223.07062 AT (-310.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0
                6TH HIGHEST VALUE IS
                                                                                                                                                                  0.00)
                7TH HIGHEST VALUE IS
                                                                                                                                              0.00,
                                                                                                                                                                  0.00)
                8TH HIGHEST VALUE IS
                                                                                                                                              0.00,
                                                                                                                                                                  0.00)
                9TH HIGHEST VALUE IS
                                                                                                                                              0.00,
                                                                                                                                                                  0,00)
              10TH HIGHEST VALUE IS
                                                                                                                                              0.00,
 *** RECEPTOR TYPES: GC = GRIDCART
                                      GP = GRIDPOLR
DC = DISCCART
                                      DP = DISCPOLR
                                       BD = BOUNDARY
                                                                                   *** THE SUMMARY OF HIGHEST 1-HR RESULTS ***
                                                                     ** CONC OF CO
                                                                                                      IN MICROGRAMS/M**3
                                                                                             DATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       NETWORK
    NETWORK
DUP ID AVERAGE CONC (YYMMDDHH) RECEPTOR (XR, YR, ZELEV, ZFLAG) OF TYPE GRID-ID
GROUP ID
```

1.50) DC

ALL HIGH 1ST HIGH VALUE IS 6315.72803 ON 81100402: AT (-3103915.00, 2419200.00, 0.00,

*** RECEPTOR TYPES: GC = GRIDCART
GP = GRIDPOLR
DC = DISCCART

DC = DISCCART
DP = DISCPOLR
BD = BOUNDARY

1ENV028F1.1													
						CALTRANS D	IVISION	OF		RU	N DATES:	ENV028F1	. 1
10/11/99				NEW TECHNOLOGY, MATERIALS AND RESEARCH								EMFAC7F1	. 1
10/11/99													
TIME RATE ADJU	JSTMENT	BAGS 1 &	3 East	Los Ang	EMFAC7F1 eles Coll	.1 RATES : ege Parkin	AS OF g Lots	1/25/94					
YEAR: 2015	DEWPO	INT: 10	% COLD	STARTS	0.0	8	LDA 8	0.0	% LDT	20.0	ę.	MDT 0.	0
INSPECTION & N	AA INTENA	NCE: YES	% HOT	STARTS	100.0	8	UBD	0.0	% HDG	0.0	%	HDD 0.	0
SEASON: WINTER	₹		% HOT	STAB	0.0				% MCY	0.0			
					TABLE 1:	ESTIMATED	TRAVEL	FRACTIONS					
	LIGH	T DUTY AU	TOS	LIG	HT DUTY T	RUCKS	MED DU	TY TRUCKS I	JRBAN BUS	HEAVY	DUTY TR	UCKS	MCY
	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	ALL
% VMT	0.00	99.98	0.02	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
% TRIP	0.00	99.98	0.02	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
% VEH	0.00	99.96	0.04	0.00	100.00	0.00	0,00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
1ENV028F1.1 10/11/99						CALTRANS D		OF		RU	IN DATES:	ENV028F1	

EMFAC7F1.1 RATES AS OF 1/25/94 TIME RATE ADJUSTMENT BAGS 1 & 3 East Los Angeles College Parking Lots

10/11/99

YEAR: 2015 DEWPOINT: 10	% COLD STARTS	0.0	% LDA 80.0	% LDT	20.0	% MDT	0.0
INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE: YES	% HOT STARTS	100.0	% UBD 0.0	% HDG	0.0	% HDD	0.0
SEASON: WINTER	% HOT STAB	0.0		% MCY	0.0		

TABLE 2: COMPOSITE EMISSION FACTORS

NEW TECHNOLOGY, MATERIALS AND RESEARCH

EMFAC7F1.1

POLLUTAN	T NAME: CA	rbon mono	XIDE	IN GRAMS PER MILE					
SPEED					TEMPERATU	RE IN DEG	REES FAHREN	HE I T	
MPH	65	70	75	80	85	90	95		
IDLE*	0.74	0.72	0.70	0.71	0.72	0.76	0.81		
3	14.82	14.34	14.09	14.10	14.44	15.15	16.29		
5	10.23	9.95	9.81	9.84	10.07	10.54	11.28		
10	5,69	5.55	5.49	5.52	5.65	5.90	6.29		
15	3.87	3.78	3.74	3.76	3.85	4.02	4.28		
20	2.93	2.87	2.84	2.85	2.92	3.05	3.25		
25	2.38	2.33	2.30	2.31	2.37	2.47	2.63		
30	2.02	1.98	1.96	1.97	2.02	2.10	2.24		
35	1.78	1.74	1.73	1.74	1.78	1.86	1.97		
40	1.62	1.59	1.58	1.59	1.63	1.70	1.80		
45	1.55	1.52	1.51	1.52	1.55	1.62	1.72		
50	1.56	1.54	1.53	1.54	1.58	1.64	1.74		
55	1.74	1.71	1.71	1.73	1.77	1.84	1.94		
60	2.23	2.21	2.21	2.24	2.29	2.39	2.49		
65	3.57	3.56	3.58	3.63	3.72	3.84	4.01		

^{*}IDLE EMISSIONS IN GRAMS/MIN, DERIVED FROM 3 MPH RATES

1ENV028F1.1	CALTRANS DIVISION OF	RUN DATES: ENV028F1.1
10/11/99		
	NEW TECHNOLOGY, MATERIALS AND RESEARCH	EMFAC7F1.1
10/11/99		
	DMERGORA A DAMES AS OF A ASSOCIA	

TIME RATE ADJUSTMENT BAGS 1 & 3	EMFAC7F1.1 East Los Angeles Colleg	RATES AS OF 1/25/94 e Parking Lots		
YEAR: 2015 DEWPOINT: 10 INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE: YES SEASON: WINTER	% COLD STARTS 100.0 % HOT STARTS 0.0 % HOT STAB 0.0	% LDA 80.0 % UBD 0.0	% LDT 20.0 % HDG 0.0 % MCY 0.0	% MDT 0.0 % HDD 0.0

TABLE	1:	ESTIMATED	TRAVEL	FRACTIONS

	LIGH	T DUTY A	UTOS	LIG	HT DUTY T	RUCKS	MED DUT	Y TRUCKS	URBAN BUS	HEAV	Y DUTY TR	UCKS	MCY
	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	NCAT	CAT	DIESEL	ALL
% VMT	0.00	99.98	0.02	000	100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
% TRIP	0.00	99.98	0.02	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
% VEH	0.00	99.96	0.04	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00	11.00	89.00	100.00	100.00
1ENV028F1.1						CALTRANS I	DIVISION	OF		R	UN DATES:	ENV028F1	
10/11/99													
				N	EW TECHNO	LOGY, MATI	ERIALS AN	D RESEARC	H-			EMFAC7F1	. 1
10/11/99													
					EMFAC7F1	.1 RATES	AS OF 1	/25/94					
TIME RATE AD	JUSTMENT	BAGS 1 &	3 East	Los Ang	eles Coll	ege Parki	ng Lots						
YEAR: 2015	DEWPO	INT: 10	% COL	D STARTS	100.0	ě	LDA 80	. 0	% LDT	20.0	% J	MDT 0.	0
INSPECTION &	MAINTENA	NCE: YES	TOH %	STARTS	0.0	. %	UBD 0	. 0	% HDG	0.0	%	HDD 0.	0
SEASON: WINT	ER		TOH &	STAB	0.0				% MCY	0.0			

TABLE 2: COMPOSITE EMISSION FACTORS

POLLUTANT NAME: CARBON MONOXIDE				IN GRAMS PER MILE				
SPEED					TEMPERATU	RE IN DEG	REES FAHR	ENHEIT
MPH	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	
IDLE*	2.17	1.91	1.71	1.58	1.53	1.57	1.73	
3	43.41	38.30	34,26	31.59	30.57	31.49	34.63	
5	27.38	24.32	21.91	20.33	19.75	20.35	22.28	
10	14.27	12.74	11.54	10.76	10.49	10.80	11.79	
15	9.59	8.57	7.78	7.26	7.07	7.29	7.95	
20	7.22	6.46	5.86	5.47	5.34	. 5.50	6.00	
25	5.81	5,20	4.72	4.41	4.30	4.43	4.84	
30	4.88	4.37	3.98	3.72	3.63	3.74	4.07	
35	4.23	3.80	3.46	3.24	3.16	3.26	3.55	
40	3.77	3.39	3.09	2.90	2.84	2.92	3.18	
45	3.45	3.11	2.85	2.68	2.63	2.71	2.94	
50	3.28	2.98	2.74	2.59	2.55	2.52	2.84	
55	3.30	3.02	2.91	2.68	2.65	2.73	2.94	
60	3.66	3.41	3.22	3.11	3.10	3.19	3.41	
65	4.89	4.67	4.51	4.44	4.46	4.60	4.86	

^{*}IDLE EMISSIONS IN GRAMS/MIN, DERIVED FROM 3 MPH RATES

Appendix D

CULTURAL RESOURCES LETTERS

South Central Coastal Information Center

California Historical Resources Information System
California State University, Fullerton
Department of Anthropology
800 North State College Boulevard
Fullerton, CA 92834-6846
(714) 278-5395 / FAX (714) 278-5542
anthro.fullerton.edu / sccic.html

Los Angeles Orange Ventura

July 13, 2000

Randi Cooper Terry A. Hayes Associates 6083 Bristol Parkway, Suite 200 Culver City, CA 90230

RE: Records Search for East L.A. College, 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez, Monterey Park

Dear Ms. Cooper,

As per your request received on July 3, we have conducted a records search for the above referenced project. This search included a review of all recorded historic and prehistoric archaeological sites within a one-half mile radius of the project area, as well as a review of all known cultural resource survey and excavation reports. In addition, we have checked our file of historic maps, the California State Historic Resources Inventory, the National Register of Historic Places, the listing of California Historical Landmarks, and the California Points of Historical Interest. The following is a discussion of our findings for the project area.

Due to the sensitive nature of cultural resources, archaeological site locations are not released.

PREHISTORIC RESOURCES:

No prehistoric archaeological sites have been identified within a one-half mile radius of the project area.

HISTORIC RESOURCES:

No historic archaeological sites have been identified within a one-half mile radius of the project area.

Inspection of our historic maps – Pasadena (1896) 15' series – indicated that in 1896, the vicinity of the project area was moderately developed. There were improved roads and structures. The Southern Pacific R.R. was in place to the north.

The California State Historic Resources Inventory lists no properties that have been evaluated for historical significance within a one-half mile radius of the project area.

The National Register of Historic Places lists no properties within a one-half mile radius of the project area.

The California Historical Landmarks (1990) of the Office of Historic Preservation, California Department of Parks and Recreation, lists no landmarks within a one-half mile radius of the project area.

The California Points of Historical Interest (1992), of the Office of Historic Preservation California Department of Parks and Recreation, lists no properties within a one-half mile radius of the project area.

The listings of the City of Los Angeles Historic-Cultural Monuments indicated that there are no landmarks within a one-half mile radius of the project area.

PREVIOUS ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS:

Four surveys and/or excavations have been conducted within a one-half mile radius of the project area (LA4637, LA4448, LA2788, LA2727). Of these, none are located within the project area. There are an additional twelve investigations located on the Los Angeles quadrangle and are potentially within a one-half radius of the project area. These reports are not mapped due to insufficient locational information.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Our records indicate that the proposed project area has not been subject to a Phase I archaeological survey. Based on the information your office has provided and the location of the proposed project area, our office recommends that a halt-work condition be in place during all ground disturbing activities. If any cultural resources are encountered during these activities, all work should stop immediately and an archaeologist should be retained to assess any such findings.

If you have any questions regarding our results or the recommendations presented herein, please feel free to contact our office at (714) 278-5395.

Invoices are mailed approximately two weeks after records searches are completed. This enables your firm to request further information under the same invoice number. Please reference the invoice number listed below when making inquiries. Requests made after invoicing will involve the preparation of a separate invoice with a \$15.00 handling fee.

Sincerely,

Margaret I

Assistant Coordinator

Enclosures:

Site list SIS list Invoice #8687

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Gray Davis, Covernor

NATIVE AMERICAN HERITAGE COMMISSION 915 CAPITOL MALL, ROOM 364 SACRAMENTO, CA 95814 (916) 653-4082 Fax (916) 657-5390



September 27, 2000

Randi Cooper Terry A. Hayes Associates 6083 Bristol Parkway, Suite 200 Culver City, CA 90230

RE: East L.A. College Facilities Master Plan, Los Angeles County

Sent by Fax: (310) 337-7957

Pages Sent:

Dear Ms. Cooper:

A record search of the sacred lands file has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate project area. The absence of specific site information in the sacred lands file does not indicate the absence of cultural resources in any project area. Other sources of cultural resources should also be contacted for information regarding known and recorded sites.

Enclosed is a list of Native Americans individuals/organizations who may have knowledge of cultural resources in the project area. The Commission makes no recommendation or preference of a single individual, or group over another. This list should provide a starting place in locating areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project area. I suggest you contact all of those indicated, if they cannot supply information, they might recommend other with specific knowledge. A minimum of two weeks must be allowed for responses after notification.

If you receive notification of change of addresses and phone numbers from any these individuals or groups, please notify me. With your assistance we are able to assure that our lists contain current information. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact me at (916) 653-4040.

Sincerely,

Crown old

Rob Wood

Associate Governmental Program Analyst

NATIVE AMERICAN CONTACTS **Los Angeles County** September 27, 2000

Chartes Cook

5 Santiago Roadun CA 93510

(805) 269-1244

Chumash Gabrielino

Yokut Kitanemuk Robert F. Dorame

PO Box 490

Bellflower CA 90707 562 925-7989 - Voice 562 920-9449 - Fax

Gabrielino/Tongva

Samuel H. Dunlap

P.O. Box 1391

Temecula CA 92593 (909) 699-5944 (909) 507-1958 Pager

Gabrielino

John Valenzuela PO Box 402597

Hesperia CA 92340 760 949-2103 Home 805 492-8076 Work

Chumash Tatavian

Tongva, Gabrielino

Vanyume Kintenamuk

Jim Velasquez

5657 Adington Ave Riverside CA 92703 (909) 637-7817 - Home (909) 682-3543 - Message Gabrielino

Craig Torres 713 E. Bishop

Santa Ana CA 92701

(714) 542-6678

Gabrielino Tongva

Art Alvitre

1302 Camden Lane Ventura CA 93001-403

(805) 653-7717

Gabrielino

Angela Louise Lassos-Sanchez 336 Metropole / PO Box 1204

Avalon CA 90704 (310) 510-1082 - Home (310) 510-0700 - Work

Gabrielino Tongva

Ti'At Society Cindi Alvitre

PO Box 1138

Avaion CA 90704

310-510-8314

619 723-9279

Gabrielino

Island Gabrielino Group John Jeffredo PO Box 669 San Marcos CA 92079-066

Gabrielino

This list is current only as of the date of this document.

Distribution of this dist does not relieve any person of statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 5097.94 of the Public Resources Code and Section 5097.98 of the Public Resources Code.

is list is on ly applicable for contacting local Native Americans with regards to the cultural assessment for the proposed R for East L.A. College Facilities Master Plan.

Appendix E

PHASE I HAZARDOUS WASTE ASSESSMENT

PHASE ONE ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT East Los Angeles College 1101 Avenida Cesar Chavez Monterey Park, CA 91754 October 5, 2000



Facilities/Maintenance Area

By: Property Conditions Consultants 1651 South Carlos Avenue Ontario, CA 91761 (909) 472-1123

Database Records Review

Government Environmental Records Database Review

Subject Property Information

Property Name:

EAST LA COLLEGE

Legal Description:

NONE

Address:

1101 AVENIDA CAESAR CHAVEZ AVE

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Computed Longitude: 118° 8' 57.20" West

Computed Latitude:

34° 2' 27.12" North

Thomas Guide:

Report Information

Report ID: Base Radius: OC00001

1.000 mile

Date:

October 05, 2000

Map Radius:

1.000 mile

Subscriber Information

Company:

PROPERTY CONDITION CONSULTANTS

Phone Number: Fax Number:

* Not Reported * * Not Reported *

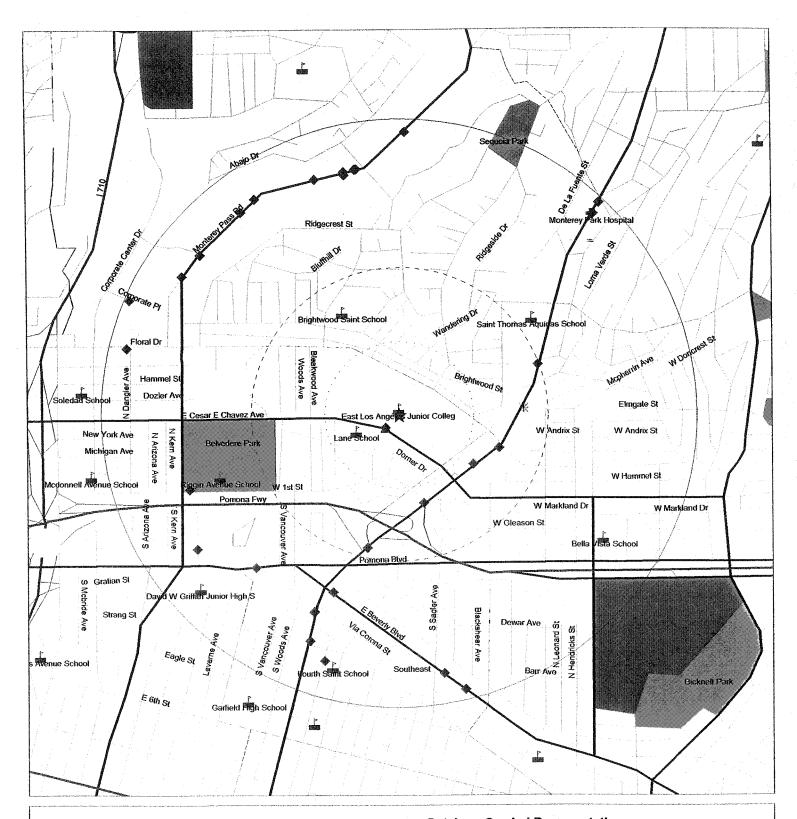
Contact: Address: AL DAGES

1651 S CARLOS AVE

City, State & Zip:

ONTARIO, CA 91761

Sunrise Environmental Services



Report Number OC00001

Site Address

1101 AVENIDA CAESAR CHAVEZ AVE MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Map coordinates are provided as a convenience only. Estimated distance is based on an emapping information provided by the U.S. Government Tiger files and may vary from local street map guides.

© Sunrise Environmental Services 2000

Database Symbol Representation

- * Target Site
- US-RCRA
- * CA-CORTESE
- CA-LALUST
- CA-UST

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION			
	1.1	Purpose and Scope of Work		1
	1.2	Involved Parties/Information Sources	**************************************	1
2.0	PRIN	CIPAL FINDINGS		2
3.0	SITE OVERVIEW			3
	3.1	Location		3
	3.2	Adjacent Properties		3
	3.3	Site Description		3
	3.4	Septic Tanks and Cesspools		3
	3.5	Pits, Ponds and Lagoons		4
	3.6	Wells, Cisterns and Sumps		4
	3.7	Utility Company Transformers		4
	3.8	Asbestos Materials in Structures		5
	3.9	Lead-Based Paint in Structures		5
	3.10	Indoor Air Quality		5
	3.11	Radon Gas		5
4.0	SITE HISTORY AND OPERATIONS			6
	4.1	Site History		6
	4.2	Sanborn Map Review		6
	4.3	Historical Aerial Photograph Review		6
	4.4	Operations		7
5.0	ENV	IRONMENTAL SETTING		7
	5.1	Regional Physiographic/Geology		7
	5.2	Surface Water Resources and Drainage		8
	5.3	Groundwater Conditions		8
	5.4	Soil Conditions		8
	5.5	Earthquake Faults		8
	5.6	Flood Zone Information		8
	5.7	Wetlands Designation		9
	5.8	Endangered Species		9
	5.9	Oil and Gas Wells		9
	5.10	Historic Pesticide Usage		9
	5.11	Electromagnetic Exposure		10

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

6.0	RESULTS OF INVESTIGATIONS		
	6.1	Site Inspection Observations	10
	6.2	Site Records Review	10
	6.3	Synopsis of Previous Environmental Investigations	10
	6.4	Personal Interviews	10
	6.5	Regulatory Agency Contacts	10
7.0	SUM	MARY OF GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCH	11
8.0	CONCLUSIONS		
	8.1	Areas of No Further Concern	13
	8.2	Areas of Further Environmental Concern	13
9.0	RECOMMENDATIONS		
	9.1	Areas of Immediate Action	14
	9.2	Further Investigation	14
10.0	LIMI	TATIONS	14
11.0	REFERENCES		
	11.1	Published References	15
	11.2	Record of Personal Communications	15
12.0	APPENDICES		
	12.1	Government Agency Data Report	17
	12.2	Calscience Engineering Underground Storage Tank (UST) Closure Report	rt 18
	12.3	County of Los Angeles Dept. of Public Works UST Documents	19
	12.4	City of Monterey Park Fire Department Documents	20
	12.5	Hazardous Waste Manifest Information	21
	12.6	Site Map(s)	22
	12.7	USGS Topographic Map	23
	12.8	Historical Aerial Photograph	24
	12.9	Additional Site Photographs	25

October 5, 2000

Attn: Ms. Randi Cooper TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES 6083 Bristol Parkway, Suite 200 Culver City, CA 90230

RE: Phase One Environmental Site Assessment
East Los Angeles College
1101 Avenida Cesar Chavez in Monterey Park, CA 91754

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of our Phase One Environmental Site Assessment performed on the subject property known as 1101 Avenida Cesar Chavez in the City of Monterey Park, County of Los Angeles, California. Authorization for this assessment performed on the subject property was given by Ms. Randi Cooper with *Terry A. Hayes Associates*.

Report Organization

This report is divided into sections that discuss the field investigation, government records search, regulatory agency contacts and recommendations. Appendices follow the text.

1.1 Purpose and Scope of Work

The purpose of a Phase One Environmental Site Assessment is to attempt to discover past or present environmentally related events that negatively impact the subject property. The research includes a search of available records concerning the property and the performance of an on-site inspection. Procedures followed in the performance of a Phase One Environmental Site Assessment include executing a government records search, researching various permits for the site, interviewing the occupants of the subject property and/or neighboring sites in close proximity, reviewing historical aerial photographs, obtaining supporting documents from regulatory agencies and conducting a physical survey of the subject property.

1.2 Involved Parties/Information Sources

The *Property Conditions Consultants* Phase One Site Assessment is produced through the efforts of a California Registered Environmental Assessor working in conjunction with Federal, State and County regulatory agencies. These government agencies are contacted based on their involvement with the property in question. Agencies may not be accessed based on the operations, or lack there of, conducted on the subject site. Attempts will be made to interview the property owner and/or present and past occupants of the subject site. Their description of past activities conducted on the subject property is an important addition to the historical uses of the property. The information obtained from these interviews will be relied upon as accurate, but will be compared to historic documents and photographs for authentication and verification.

The field investigation includes a site assessment and observations of the neighboring facilities as necessary. This review and inspection was performed by Alan Dages, California Registered Environmental Assessor. The site visit was performed on Friday, September 29, 2000.

2.0 PRINCIPAL FINDINGS

Based upon a review of government regulatory agency records, the known site history, historical photographs and a physical inspection, several environmental issues were noted regarding the subject property.

A 6,000-gallon, underground storage tank (UST) is in operation in the maintenance shop area on the north portion of the campus. This was installed in 1991 and conforms to the current State of California regulation for underground storage tank systems.

A 6,000-gallon, underground storage tank (UST) was removed in 1991 from the maintenance area. A report by *Calscience Engineering* (see Appendix) indicates appropriate procedures were followed and nominal contamination was found.

A 10,000-gallon, underground storage tank (UST) was abandoned in place in 1991 in the area of the auditorium in the approximate center of the campus. This was not removed due to unique limitations in the area of the underground storage tank (UST). Formal closure was authorized by the County of Los Angeles Department of Public Works.

Hazardous materials are stored and utilized as part of the maintenance operations conducted on the campus. These include lubricating oils, paints and solvent. These appeared to be stored and utilized appropriately.

Hazardous waste is generated as a result of maintenance operations conducted on the campus. These include waste oil, filters, paints and solvents. Manifest information and a site inspection evidenced appropriate storage and removal. Secondary containment is recommended beneath metal drums used for waste liquids.

Asbestos containing building materials are likely to be identified in the noted buildings on the subject property (Bungalow M5 and similar structures, Building F5, Bungalow E7 and similar structures). Building materials suspected of having an asbestos content include floor tiles and linoleum, plaster walls, wallboard, ceiling tiles, exterior stucco and roofing materials. These were observed to in damaged condition.

Lead based paint is likely to be identified on wood components used in the construction of the M5-type bungalows. This was observed to be in flaking condition.

3.0 SITE OVERVIEW

3.1 Location

The subject property is situated between Floral Avenue to the north, Collegian Street to the east, Avenida Cesar Chavez to the south and Bleakwood Street to the west, in the City of Monterey Park, County of Los Angeles, California. The immediate surrounding area is a mixture of residential and commercial/retail properties.

3.2 Adjacent Properties

To the north, in an upgradient position, several apartment buildings line the north side of Floral Avenue. Beyond (uphill) is a development of single-family homes. East, across Collegian Street, a retail shopping center is apparent. On the southeast end of this shopping area, a *Shell* gas station is situated. South across Avenida Cesar Chavez and west across Bleakwood Street, single-family homes and apartment buildings are constructed.

None of the properties adjacent to the subject property were found to pose a potential problem for migratory contamination to the subject property. No environmentally unsafe leakage, spillage, discharges or emissions were noted emanating from any adjacent properties during the site visit.

3.3 Site Description

The subject property consists of approximately 55 multi-use buildings. The majority of these structures serve as classrooms. The remainder consists of administration, services and maintenance buildings. The north side of the campus includes asphalt-paved parking lots, a football stadium and plant facilities buildings. The east portion consists of paved parking areas, and classroom bungalows. Along the south portion of the campus are paved parking lots and administrative buildings. The west portion of the campus is used for athletic fields. The central portion of the campus contains several lecture halls, classrooms and an auditorium

Hazardous materials use and storage is located in the north-central maintenance shop area. An underground storage tank is also located in this area. Drums of PCB containing lighting ballasts, waste oil and filters are stored in metal drums on this yard area. There is also a paint spray booth located in the shop buildings.

There was no indication of hazardous materials misuse or improper storage, or hazardous waste storage problems in the area of the maintenance shop or on the entire campus.

3.4 Septic Tanks and Cesspools

Septic tanks and cesspools are often associated with the disposal of wastewater from structures that are not served by public sewer systems. Septic tanks and

cesspools may be associated with hazardous materials, if such materials have been inappropriately disposed of in the past via sinks. Information obtained from the site reconnaissance indicated that neither septic tanks nor cesspools exist on the subject property. It is not known if cesspools were utilized early in the history of the college.

3.5 Pits, Ponds and Lagoons

Pits, ponds and lagoons are often associated with the disposal of solid and liquid wastes, which may include hazardous materials. Information obtained from the site assessment indicated that pits, ponds and lagoons do not currently exist on the property. Based on the review of historical records of the subject site, it is highly unlikely that pits, ponds or lagoons have ever existed on the property.

3.6 Wells, Cisterns and Sumps

Wells, cisterns and sumps were often installed in both residential and commercial sites prior to 1960. A wastewater clarifier is installed and used on the campus. This is periodically pumped clean. (Refer to Appendix).

3.7 Utility Company Transformer Investigation

In 1976, the *United States Environmental Protection Agency* (US EPA) banned the manufacture and sale of poly-chlorinated biphenyl (PCB)-containing transformers. Prior to this date, transformers were frequently filled with dielectric fluid containing PCB-laden oil. By 1985, the US EPA required that commercial property owners with transformers containing more than 500 parts per million (ppm) PCBs must register the transformer with the local fire department, provide exterior labeling, and remove combustible materials within 5.0 meters (40 Code of Federal Regulations 761.30: "Fire Rule").

The US EPA has the following categories for PCB-containing transformers:

- Non-PCB Containing Transformer, if less than 50 ppm PCB;
- PCB-Contaminated Transformer, if between 50 and 499 ppm PCB, and it must conform to the USEPA Fire Rule for disposal;
- PCB-Transformer, if greater than 500 ppm PCB.

There were several transformers observed on the subject site. These appeared to be in satisfactory condition.

PCBs may also be found in capacitors and fluorescent lighting unit ballasts. Fluorescent lighting units were identified in various locations throughout the site. Due to the construction date of the site buildings (1953 to present), it is possible that PCB-containing ballasts may be present. Any ballast removed from the on-site buildings that is not labeled "No PCBs" should be properly disposed of as required by law.

3.8 Asbestos Materials in Structures

Asbestos-containing building materials were widely utilized in structures built between 1945-1980. Common asbestos-containing building materials include vinyl flooring and associated mastic, wallboard and associated joint compound, plaster, stucco, acoustic ceiling spray, ceiling tiles, heating system components and roofing materials. Commercial/industrial structures are affected by asbestos regulations if damage occurs or if remodeling, renovation or demolition activities disturb asbestos-containing building materials. The structures on the property in question were constructed between 1950 and the present. Asbestos containing building materials are suspected to be present. Refer to Section 2.0 and 9.0.

3.9 Lead-Based Paint in Structures

Leaded paint was primarily utilized from the 1920s-1978. If the property in question is used as a dwelling, regulations are in effect that require identifications of lead-based paint. Commercial/industrial structures are affected by lead-based paint regulations if damage occurs or if remodeling, renovation or demolition activities disturb lead-based paint surfaces. There is a strong likelihood of lead based paint historically used in some of the structures on the subject property.

3.10 Indoor Air Quality

There are no regulations requiring indoor air quality to be assessed. However, it has been proven that dirty air handling systems, newer airtight structures and buildings that have experienced water damage or leakage are prime candidates for sick building syndrome. The conditions observed in the structure on the property in question did indicate indoor air quality concerns in some of the campus buildings. This due to evidence of wood dry rot and water seepage.

3.11 Radon Gas

Radon is a radioactive gas, which occurs naturally in the environment and cannot be seen, smelled or tasted. The human health effect associated with exposure to elevated levels of radon is an increased risk of developing lung cancer. The *US Environmental Protection Agency* (EPA) and the *US Center for Disease Control* are concerned about the increased risk of lung cancer developing in individuals exposed to above average levels of radon in their homes or offices. In order to address these concerns, the US EPA conducted a radon survey and presented the results for various counties in 1993.

The EPA's map of Radon Zones assigns each of the 3,141 counties in the United States to one of three zones. The zone designations were determined by assessing five factors that are known to be important indicators of radon potential: indoor radon measurements, geology, aerial radioactivity surveys, soil parameters and foundation types. The subject property falls within the designation of Zone 3. Zone 3 counties have a predicted average indoor radon screening level of less than

two picocuries per liter (pCi/l) of air. Based on the results of the survey, the subject appears to be below the recommended EPA Action Level of four pCi/l. Based upon these results, radon is unlikely to adversely impact the subject property.

4.0 SITE HISTORY AND OPERATIONS

4.1 Site History

The property in question consisted of several acres of dirt field until the campus was founded in the late 1940's, early 1950's. Building additions occurred throughout the life of the campus.

4.2 Sanborn Map Review

Sanborn maps were ordered to be used as an integral part of the historical research. The provider of Sanborn map information stated that no mapping information is available for the area in which the subject property is located.

4.3 Historical Aerial Photograph Review

Historical photographs were reviewed at Continental Aerial Photo, Inc., located in Los Alamitos, California. A Topcon mirror stereoscope, Model 3, with a 1.8x built-in magnifier, and 3x and 6x binoculars were used to conduct the reviews. During the review, the photographs were specifically examined for evidence of hazardous materials, as well as on and off-site features that may affect the environmental quality of the property. These features included sumps, pits, ponds, lagoons, aboveground tanks, landfills, outside storage of hazardous materials and general land use.

Seven sets of stereoscopic aerial photographs were reviewed. None of the above anomalies were noted to be on the property. The 1997 photograph was selected to appear in this report.

Photo Dated 11/53 - The property in question is situated at the base of a hilly area to the north. Floral Avenue runs along the north border. The east border is marked by Collegian Street. To the south is Avenida Cesar Chavez. The west border is marked by Bleakwood Street. Single-family homes have been constructed to the west and south of the property in question. To the east is a vacant lot with Atlantic Avenue beyond. The subject property consists of a curved, rectangular piece of land. The northwest corner is asphalt-paved for parking. A football stadium and practice field are situated along the north border. The northeast corner consists of an unused, dirt lot. An unused, dirt lot is apparent in the southwest corner. In the south-central and southeast corner, several small buildings are evident. One large building appears to be an auditorium/basketball arena, in the approximate center of the campus. The immediate surrounding area is residential/commercial in use.

<u>Photo Dated 04/60</u> – Construction is apparent in the north-central portion of the campus. The northeast field has been asphalt paved for parking. The southwest dirt field is now a baseball diamond. To the east/southeast, along Atlantic Avenue, gas stations (three) are evident. These are downgradient of the subject site. Along the north border, across Floral Street, several apartment buildings have been constructed.

<u>Photo Dated 03/71</u> — Several major buildings and small bungalow-type structures have been added to the campus. A rectangular facility building has been constructed on the north-central side of the campus. A shopping center has been constructed to the east across Collegian Street.

<u>Photo Dated 01/86</u> – There are no significant changes evident to the subject property, its contiguous properties or the immediate surrounding area.

<u>Photo Dated 05/90</u> – There are no significant changes evident to the subject property, its contiguous properties or the immediate surrounding area.

<u>Photo Dated 07/95</u> - There are no significant changes evident to the subject property, its contiguous properties or the immediate surrounding area.

4.4 Operations

East Los Angeles College has been in operation for approximately 50 years. Maintenance operations conducted during this time to the present have required the use of hazardous materials and generation of hazardous waste. Based on the public status of the institution, the findings of the site inspection and an interview with the Director of Maintenance, operations have not resulted in a historic problem or current environmentally related threat to the property in question.

5.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

5.1 Regional Physiographic/Geology

The subject property is located in the north part of the Montebello Plain, near the border of the Repetto Hills. The property in question is approximately 300 feet above mean sea level

The subject site is underlain by alluvial gravel, sand and clay USGS, 1964, CDWR, 1961). Based on soil testing and excavation at the *Shell* gas station approximately 0.1 mile to the southeast, the subsurface soil consists of brown, fine-grained silty sand to a depth of approximately 5 feet.

Hydrologically the property in question is located within the Montebello Forebay area of the central basin. Los Angeles Flood Control District well number 2856D located approximately 0.6 mile southeast had a depth to groundwater of 181 feet when measured October 1, 1997.

5.2 Surface Water Resources and Drainage

The subject property slopes significantly to the south. Surface water runoff is collected and transported by concrete gutters into storm drains located along major streets in the area. Surface water flow is generally to the south.

5.3 Groundwater Conditions

According to an Underground Storage Tank Closure Report generated by Calscience Engineering in April 1991, groundwater in the vicinity of the subject property is encountered at approximately 200 feet below ground surface. There is no record of significant groundwater contamination in the vicinity of the property in question.

5.4 Soil Conditions

Very minor levels of soil contamination were noted at the time of the underground storage tank removal in 1991. The soil is alluvial in nature, predominately sand and silty sand. There were no obvious discolorations of the soils or stressed vegetation on the subject property. The gradient seemed consistent throughout and there were no unusual appearing stains, mounds, contours or anomalous conditions on the ground surfaces that would indicate any foreign materials were dumped on the site.

5.5 Earthquake Faults

Mapping information, as published by the State of California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, was referenced to determine if the property in question is part of any special studies zone as defined by the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Rupture Hazard Act of 1972, a mandatory study of active faults in California. An active fault zone is described as one that has had surface displacement within the Holocene Period (within the last approximate 11,000 years).

The property is not situated in a known active fault zone and there are no known faults in the immediate vicinity of the subject site.

Many faults in the Southern California area (an active, volatile region that is part of the Pacific Rim, and dominated by the San Andreas Fault) are as yet not discovered or undefined. Many portions of the Southern California area are subject to liquefaction of the soils as a result of a major earthquake. Liquefaction will cause severe property damage and possible building collapse.

5.6 Flood Zone Information

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has designated and mapped areas in which 100-year flood events have had an impact. Based on mapping information, the property in question is not in a designated 100-year flood zone.

5.7 Wetlands Designation

Wetlands is a collective term for marshes, swamps and similar areas. The Clean Water Act (1972), Section 404, establishes federal authority to regulate activities in wetlands. Many areas have been designated as wetlands; however, some land has yet to be assessed. In the immediate vicinity of the property in question, the surrounding sites are utilized as paved and covered commercial/industrial sites. According to mapping information (*US Department of Fish and Game*, undated), the site and the immediate surrounding area is not designated or likely to be deemed as a wetland.

5.8 Endangered Species

Congress passed the Endangered Species Act in 1973 (with significant amendments in 1978, 1982 and 1988). This law provided the means of protection for animals, plants and invertebrates listed as threatened or endangered and their habitat. The State of California currently has 259 endangered species listed. Based on the location of the property in question, endangered species are not likely on or in the immediate vicinity. Refer to the County or City planning department to gather additional information and to obtain a list of approved biologists that may perform a biological survey.

5.9 Oil and Gas Wells

Oil and gas wells are potential concerns when they seep oil or gas, are not abandoned to current regulations or have associated surface contamination. They may also be associated with methane hazards. Unreported "wildcat" oil wells could be on or near the site.

Oil and gas field maps published by the California Division of Oil and Gas (DOG) were reviewed for the property. The purpose of this review was to determine the possible presence of current or past oil and/or gas wells that could impact the property. Potential sources of hazardous wastes associated with the oil field operations include drilling fluids, crude oil spills, sump bottoms, waste oil, waste water lines and improper well abandonment.

Based on a review of the oil and gas maps, no plugged and abandoned or active oil and/or gas wells are located on the subject property.

5.10 Historic Pesticide Usage

Due to former usage, it is unlikely that pesticides, insecticides and/or herbicides were used on the property in question. There are no reported pesticide/insecticide/herbicide contamination problems associated with the soil or groundwater in the vicinity of the subject property.

5.11 Electromagnetic Exposure

Utility lines used for transmitting high electrical voltage are suspected of causing a threat to human health with long term, low-level exposure. Presently, there is no firm scientific evidence to confirm this health concern.

Based on the proximity of the property in question to high voltage lines, there appears to be no increased likelihood of electromagnetic exposure for the occupants of the subject site.

6.0 RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

6.1 Site Inspection Observations

The subject property was found to be in a satisfactory condition. Suspected lead based paint chipping and deterioration was evident on some buildings. Hazardous materials and hazardous waste appeared to be properly utilized stored and disposed of by the maintenance staff.

6.2 Site Records Review

Site records reviewed at the Maintenance Department consisted of hazardous waste manifests and material safety data sheets. These appeared to be chronologically accurate and appropriate.

6.3 Synopsis of Previous Environmental Investigations

A Calscience Engineering Underground Storage Tank Closure Report dated April 1991 described the underground storage tank removal and associated soil testing. This appeared appropriate and complete.

6.4 Personal Interviews

Mr. Richard Pothier, Building and Grounds Administrator for the East Los Angeles College, provided access to the maintenance records and associated environmentally related information including underground storage tank closure records, hazardous waste manifests and material safety data sheet information. Mr. Pothier stated that he personally oversees hazardous materials use and hazardous waste disposal and that the college complies with all State and Federal regulations.

6.5 Regulatory Agency Contacts

6.5.1 City of Monterey Park Building Department

Permit research conducted at the City offices found no permits on file for the East Los Angeles College campus. Mr. Jason Liao stated that the City did not have jurisdiction on the campus.

6.5.2 City of Monterey Park Fire Department, Fire Prevention Division
The City Fire Department provided limited information regarding environmentally related activities conducted on the campus. This was limited to the underground storage tank removal in 1991.

6.5.3 County of Los Angeles Department of Public Works Underground Storage Tank Division

File review concerning the subject property evidenced similar information that had been collected at the city offices and from the offices of *Richard Pothier*. File documents did not reveal any concern or improper practices.

7.0 SUMMARY OF GOVERNMENT AGENCY DATA REPORT

NOTE: This government records summary is based on investigating properties near the subject property. The ASTM standard has defined these sites as being within various distances of the subject property. Other sites more distant in proximity may be listed but not considered critical and, therefore, not further investigated.

CERCLIS: This is a list compiled by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for designation under the Federal SUPERFUND Program as sites representing an environmental concern for the discharge of hazardous wastes. There is no CERCLIS sites listed as being within a 0.5-mile radius of the subject property as of January 2000.

NPL: This is a National Priority List compiled by the EPA. The sites on this list are prioritized as to their significant risks to human health and the environments. Only NPL sites can receive CERCLA funding. There are no NPL sites listed as being within a one-mile radius of the subject property as of May 1999.

SUPER: Under authority granted the EPA by the Comprehensive Environmental Response Act (CERCLA), the EPA is authorized to place a SUPERFUND lien on any property that the agency has spent money on for remedial action or notified the owner of the potential of liability for remedial action. There are no SUPERFUND sites listed as being within a one-mile radius of the subject property as of January 2000.

SWIS: The California Waste Management Board maintains this list of active, inactive and closed solid waste disposal and transfer facilities. There are no SWIS sites listed as being within a 0.5-mile radius of the subject property as of January 2000.

RCRA: Sites that generate hazardous waste are required to use EPA identification numbers. An EPA identification number does not indicate a problem with a site, but merely that they use or dispose of a minimum quantity of a

hazardous waste. There are 30 RCRA sites listed within a one-mile radius of the subject property as of March 2000. The subject property is a listed RCRA site. These sites do not appear pose an environmental threat to the property in question based on their listed status and distance and direction away.

LALUST/ LUST:

These lists indicate leaks of hazardous substances from underground storage tanks and provide information on the extent to which the soil and groundwater have been affected. There are 4 LALUST/LUST sites listed as being within a 0.5-mile radius of the subject property as of July 1999. Based on their distance away and listed status, these sites do not appear to pose an environmental threat to the property in question due to subsurface migratory contamination.

CORTESE:

This is a list of potential and confirmed hazardous waste sites which is composed of information from the State Water Resources Board, California Waste Management Board and the Department of Health Services. There is one CORTESE site listed within a 0.5-mile radius of the subject property as of January 2000. Based on its distance away and listed status, this site does not appear to pose an environmental threat to the property in question due to subsurface migratory contamination.

CAL-SITES: The CAL-SITES list contains information on potential hazardous waste sites that have been identified by the Historical Abandoned Site Survey Program. There are no CAL-SITES listed within a 0.5-mile radius of the subject property as of January 2000.

WDS:

The WDS list is a list of Waste Discharge Systems produced by the State of California Environmental Affairs Agency, Office of Hazardous Material Data Management. This data base contains information on sites which have been issued volume allowances for specified levels of wastewater discharge. There are no WDS sites listed as being within a one-mile radius of the subject property as of August 1999.

SARA:

The SARA Title III list contains facilities which are required by the *Environmental Protection Agency* to report releases of toxic chemicals to the air, water and land under Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act contained in the SUPERFUND Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986. There are no SARA sites listed as being within a 0.5-mile radius of the subject property as of July 1999.

WMUDS:

This list notates sites monitored by the State of California Water Resources Control Board and the Regional Water Quality Control Board for tracking and inventory of waste management units. There are no WMUDS sites listed as being within a 0.5-mile radius of the subject property as of April 1998.

UST:

The State of California Water Resources Control Board (WRCB) in Sacramento provides a list of all permitted underground tanks containing hazardous substances. These sites are provided for information only. Any sites which are problematic are also found on the LUST (Leaking Underground Storage Tank) list and have been explained above as not being considered a problem for migratory contamination to the subject property. There is one registered Underground Storage Tank site listed within a 0.2 mile of the subject property as of July 1999. This is the underground storage tank presently on the subject property.

ERNS:

ERNS is a national database retrieval system of Incident-Notification information, as initially reported by any party regarding incidents of reported releases of oil and hazardous substances. The information in this report combines data from the *United States Coast Guard National Response Center* database with data from the 10 EPA Regions. ERNS supports the release notification requirements of Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended; Section 311 of the Clean Water Act; and Sections 300.51 and 300.65 of the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Contingency Plan.

There are no ERNS sites listed within one mile of the subject property as of January 2000.

8.0 CONCLUSIONS

8.1 Areas of No Apparent Concern

There are no apparent environmentally related concerns regarding the current or historic operations conducted on the property in question.

There are no apparent concerns regarding the migration of subsurface contamination from off-site sources.

8.2 Areas of Further Environmental Concern

Further environmentally related concern is noted regarding the subject property due to the likely presence of asbestos containing building materials and lead based paint used in older buildings on the campus. The present underground storage tank is a continued source of environmental concern by virtue of its existence.

9.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

9.1 Areas of Immediate Action

There was no evidence to indicate that immediate action to an environmentally related concern was needed.

9.2 Further Investigation

Lead based paint testing should be conducted due to the deteriorating condition of many painted surfaces. Paint chips were observed on windowsills and around building exteriors.

Due to observed conditions, asbestos sampling should be conducted to determine if building materials used in the construction of the structures in question have an asbestos fiber content.

10.0 LIMITATIONS

This report is intended to satisfy the requirements of a Preliminary Phase One Environmental Site Audit as outlined in the ASTM standards. This standard is intended to define the scope of due diligence necessary in a real estate transaction to provide for the "innocent buyer's defense" under the SARA amendments to CERCLA.

The findings set forth in this Phase One Environmental Site Assessment are strictly limited in time and scope to the date of evaluation(s). Government records searched are limited to the accuracy of the agency prepared lists. The conclusions presented in the report are based solely on the services described therein and not on scientific tasks or procedures beyond the scope of the agreed upon Phase One Environmental Site Assessment. It is hereby acknowledged that, within the scope of this survey, no level of assessment can ensure the real property is completely free of chemicals or toxic substances.

The public records search was conducted with available Federal, State, County and City agency departments, according to recognized procedures and current availability of records. Conclusions resulting from these searches are solely a result of the same. *Property Conditions Consultants* assumes no responsibility for events that are not part of these public records.

Property Conditions Consultants

Alan Dages

Registered Environmental Assessor

No. 02675 Expires: 06/30/01

No. 378
Expires: 9//

11.0 REFERENCES

11.1 Published References

- 11.1.1 Government Agency Data Report October 2000
- 11.1.2 Continental Aerial Photographs Reviewed Sept 2000 (1997 photo provided)
- 11.1.3 DOG Maps/1997 Munger Map Book
- 11.1.4 Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Rupture Hazard Zones
- 11.1.5 USGS Topographic Map

11.2 Record of Personal Communications

11.4	11.2.1 City of Monterey Park Building Department Mr. Jason Liao	October 2000 (626)307-1304
	11.2.2 City of Monterey Park Fire Department Ms. Christine Bravo	October 2000 (626)307-1308
	11.2.3 East Los Angeles College Mr. Richard Pothier	October 2000 (323)265-8755

APPENDIX

12.1	Government	Agency	Data	керогт

- 12.2 Calscience Engineering UST Closure Report
- 12.3 County of Los Angeles Dept. of Public Works UST Documents
- 12.4 City of Monterey Park Fire Department Documents
- 12.5 Hazardous Waste Manifest Information
- 12.6 Site Map(s)
- 12.7 USGS Topographic Map
- 12.8 Historical Aerial Photograph
- 12.9 Additional Site Photographs

12.1 Government Agency Data Report

Disclaimer and Other Information

This report is limited in scope and accuracy to the available government records lists searched. This report represents only a search of those records as of the date specified herein. The specific government records searched may not include all sites of environmental contamination or risk. Inclusion of individual sites as pulled from the government lists is determined based exclusively on the address or location information provided by the government, which may not be complete. The subscriber acknowledges that Sunrise Environmental Services assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the recorded lists as compiled by the various government agencies, or for any inclusion or lack thereof of individual sites caused by any such incomplete or inaccurate information. The purpose of this report is for a records search and is not a substitute for a complete Phase I Environmental Audit.

Maps provided by Sunrise Environmental Services are based on either U.S. Government Tiger files, other government data, or professionally provided mapping data compiled from both government sources and private surveys. The subscriber acknowledges that Sunrise Environmental Services assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of any such maps or coordinates derived there from.

Phone: (714) 377-1127

Table of Contents

Government Records		
Searched	Source List Description	Page
Statistical Review		iv
Site Map		v
Quad Map Snapshot		vi
Quick Reference List		vii
US-CERCLIS	Superfund Sites	1
US-NPL	National Priority List	2
US-LIENS	Federal Superfund Liens	3
CA-SWIS	Solid Waste Information System	4
US-NFRAP	Archive CERCLIS	5
US-RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Infor	6
CA-LUST	Leaking Underground Storage Tanks	14
CA-CORTESE	Hazardous Waste Substance Sites	15
CA-CAL-SIT	CAL - Sites	16
CA-WDS	Waste Discharge System (NPDES Permits)	17
CA-SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization	18
CA-LALUST	Los Angeles County Leaking Underground S	19
CA-WMUDS	Waste Management Unit Discharge System	22
CA-UST	Underground Storage Tanks	23
US-ERNS	Emergency Response Notification	24

Statistical Review

Property Information

Address 1101 AVENIDA CAESAR CHAVEZ AVE

City, State & Zip MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Contact PROPERTY

PROPERTY CONDITION CONSULTANTS

Contact Phone * Not Reported *

Latitude

34° 2' 27.12" North

Longitude 118° 8' 57.20" West

Base Radius 1.0 mile

Map Radius 1.0 mile

Federal Databases	Data Date	Radius (Miles)	within ¼ mile	1/4 to 1/2 mile	½ to 1 mile	over 1 mile	Total
US-CERCLIS US-NPL US-LIENS US-NFRAP US-RCRA US-ERNS	06/21/2000 06/21/2000 09/21/2000 04/18/2000 08/01/2000 01/01/2000	0.500 1.000 1.000 0.200 1.000 0.200	0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 5	 0 0 24 		0 0 0 0 30

State Databases	Data Date	Radius (Miles)	within ¼ mile	1/4 to 1/2 mile	½ to 1 mile	over 1 mile	Total
CA-SWIS	01/25/2000	0.500	0	0			0
CA-LUST	09/10/2000	0.500	0	0			0
CA-CORTESE	09/01/2000	0.500	0	1			1
CA-CAL-SITES	09/21/2000	0.500	0	0		*-	0
CA-WDS	08/01/1999	0.500	0	0			 0
CA-SARA	09/21/2000	0.500	0	0			0
CA-LALUST	03/21/2000	0.500	0	4			4
CA-WMUDS	04/01/1998	0.500	0	0			0
CA-UST	09/21/2000	0.200	1				1

Quick Reference List

Pag	e Site	Address	Dist/Dir Map Ko	ey List
6	EAST LOS ANGELES COL	1301 BROOKLYN AVE	0.064 SW	US-RCRA
23	EAST LOS ANGELES COL	1301 BROOKLYN AVE	0.064 SW	CA-UST
19	SHELL #204-5112-0305	2291 ATLANTIC BLVD S	0.285 SE	CA-LALUST
6	PRADO CLEANERS	2215 S ATLANTIC BLVD	0.300 SE	US-RCRA
19	CAMINO REAL CHEVROLE	2401 ATLANTIC BLVD S	0.312/SE	CA-LALUST
6	CAMINO REAL CHEVROLE	2401 S ATLANTIC BLVD	0.312 SE	US-RCRA
7	ATLANTIC SQUARE CLEA	2110 S ATLANTIC BLVD	0.355 SE	US-RCRA
20	UNOCAL #3627	1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S	0.420 NE	CA-LALUST
15	UNOCAL #3G27	1970 ATLANTIC	0.420 NE	CA-CORTESE
20	CHEVRON #9-3699	250 ATLANTIC BLVD S	0.467 SW	CA-LALUST
7	CHEVRON STATION 9369	250 S ATLANTIC	0.467 SW	US-RCRA
7	SO CALIF GAS CO/MONT	1801 S ATLANTIC BLVD	0.496 NE	US-RCRA
7	AZTEC AUTO WREKEN	760 NOR MISSION	0.646 SW	US-RCRA
8	NESHEKS AUTO REPAIR	5034 EAST THIRD STREET	0.713 SW	US-RCRA
8	ARGOS AUTO TRUCK ELE	343 SOUTH ATLANTIC BLVD	0.730 SW	US-RCRA
8	J C TRANS CENTER	345 S ATLANTIC	0.734 SW	US-RCRA
8	DEPT OF PARKS AND RE	4915 E FIRST ST	0.752 SW	US-RCRA
9	LA HEALTH SVC EDW RO	245 S FETTERLY	0.820 SW	US-RCRA
9	BROTMAN AUTOBODY CTR	392 S'ATLANTIC BLVD	0.830 SW	US-RCRA
9	ROOFMASTER INC	750 S MONTEREY PASS RD	0.834 NW	US-RCRA
9	PRESS ONE PRINTING	751 MONTEREY PASS ROAD	0.843 NW	US-RCRA
10	MCCARRON ELECTRIC CO	721 MONTEREY PASS RD	0.844 NW	US-RCRA
10	MILLER L C CO	717 MONTEREY PASS RD	0.845 NW	US-RCRA
10	CONNOR SPRING & MFG	831 MONTEREY PASS RD	0.848 NW	US-RCRA
10	SEAL-SEAT COMPANY	1200 MONTEREY PASS RD	0.863 NW	US-RCRA
11	CAROLYN SHOE CO	1401 MONTEREY PASS RD	0.869 NW	US-RCRA
11	D M E COMPANY	1051 MONTEREY PASS RD	0.870 NW	US-ROT
11	LA USD 4TH ST EL	420 S AMALIA AVE	0.878 SW	US-RCi
***********	O S P PUBLISHING	1001 MONTEREY PASS RD	0.880 NW	US-RCRA
12	TU VETS	5635 E BEVERLY BLVD	0.896 SE	US-RCRA
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	JES AUTO REPAIR	4610 E FLORAL DR	0.943 NW	US-RCRA
12	MONTEREY PARK HOSPIT	900 S ATLANTIC BLVD	0.944 NE	US-RCRA
11.00,	PRIVILEGE HOUSE INC	632 MONTEREY PASS RD	0.958 NE	US-RCRA
13	FRANKS PEST CONTROL	5717 E BEVERLY BLVD	0.965 SE	US-RCRA
13	ROSEMEAD MEDICAL GRO	850 S ATLANTIC BLVD STE 104	0.984 NE	US-RCRA
13	GENERAL ELECTRIC MED	2630 CORPORATE PLACE	0.985 NW	US-RCRA

CERCLIS

Name:

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System

Reporting Agency:

US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response http://www.epa.gov/oerrpage/superfund/ (800) 775-5037

Information:

Database Last Updated: September 21, 2000 Database Last Checked: June 21, 2000

Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 10512

Description:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has compiled this list of contaminated properties for designation under the Federal Superfund Program pursuant to the *Comprehensive Environmental Response Conservation and Liability Act (CERCLA)*. These sites represent environmental concern for the discharge of hazardous materials by hazardous waste generators, treatment and storage facilities, and hazardous waste disposal sites.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a ½ mile radius of the subject property.

NPL

Name:

National Priorities List

Reporting Agency:

US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response http://www.epa.gov/superfund/whatissf/npl_hrs.htm (703) 603-8881

Information:

Database Last Updated: September 21, 2000 Database Last Checked: June 21, 2000 Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 1202

Description:

The NPL is a subset of CERCLIS and lists some of the nation's most dangerous sites of uncontrolled or hazardous waste which require cleanup. Also known as the Superfund List, the sites are scored according to the hazardous ranking system

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a 1.0 mile radius of the subject property.

LIENS

Name:

Federal Superfund Liens

Reporting Agency:

US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (800) 775-5037

Information:

Database Last Updated: January 01, 1998 Database Last Checked: September 21, 2000

Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 18

Description:

Under the authority granted by the Comprehensive Environmental Response Conservation and Liability Act (CERCLA), the E.P.A. is authorized to place a Superfund Lien on property that the agency has spent money on for remidial action or notified the owner of the potential of liability for remidial action.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a 1.0 mile radius of the subject property.

SWIS

Name:

Solid Waste Information System

Reporting Agency:

California Integrated Waste Management Board 8800 Cal Center Drive - Sacramento, CA 95826 http://www.ciwmb.ca.gov/SWIS/ (916) 255-2331

Information:

Database Last Updated: January 25, 2000 Database Last Checked: January 25, 2000 Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 3512

Description:

The California Integrated Waste Management Board maintains this list pursuant to the Solid Waste Management Resource Recovery Act of 1972. The list contains an inventory of active, inactive and closed solid waste disposal and transfer facilities.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a ½ mile radius of the subject property.

NFRAP

Name:

Archived Superfund Sites

Reporting Agency:

US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response http://www.epa.gov/superfund/sites/arcsites/index.htm (800) 775-5037

Information:

Database Last Updated: April 18, 2000 Database Last Checked: April 18, 2000 Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 31917

Description:

The Archive (NFRAP) database contains information on sites which have been removed and archived from the inventory of Superfund sites. Archive status indicates that to the best of the EPA's knowledge, Superfund has completed its assessment of a site and determined that no further steps will be taken to list that site on the NPL.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a 2000 foot radius of the subject property.

RCRA

Name:

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

Reporting Agency:

US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response http://www.epa.gov/osw/

Information:

Database Last Updated: August 01, 2000 Database Last Checked: August 01, 2000

Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 302610

Description:

RCRIS (Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System) contains information on handlers regulated by the US Environmental Protection Agency under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.064 miles Southwest

Site Name:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

Address:

1301 BROOKLYN AVE

EPA ID Number:

CAD981692866

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Transporter:

No

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Address:

1301 BROOKLYN AVE

Phone Number:

(213) 265-8755

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.300 miles Southeast

Site Name: Address:

PRADO CLEANERS 2215 S ATLANTIC BLVD

EPA ID Number:

CAD981972300

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY, CA 91754

Transporter:

No

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

JOHN KIM

Title:

OWNER

Address:

2215 S ATLANTIC BLVD

Phone Number:

(213) 263-1506

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY, CA 91754

Sunrise Environmental Services Report ID: OC00001 Page 6

Site Information Distance & Direction: Site Name: Address: City, State & Zip: TSD Type: Generator Type: Contact Information **Contact Name:** Address: City, State & Zip: Site Information

0.312 miles Southeast

CAMINO REAL CHEVROLET

2401 S ATLANTIC BLVD MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

* Not Reported *

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

2401 S ATLANTIC BLVD

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Title:

EPA ID Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

Transporter:

ENVIRO MANAGER

CAD981384852

No

Phone Number: (213) 264-3050

Distance & Direction:

0.355 miles Southeast

Site Name:

Address:

ATLANTIC SQUARE CLEANERS

City, State & Zip:

2110 S ATLANTIC BLVD MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

* Not Reported *

TSD Type: Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

2110 S ATLANTIC BLVD City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

CAD981969140

No

Phone Number: (415) 555-1212

Site Information

Address:

Distance & Direction:

0.467 miles Southwest

Site Name: Address:

CHEVRON STATION 93699

City, State & Zip:

250 S ATLANTIC

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

* Not Reported *

TSD Type:

EPA ID Number:

CA0000375907

Transporter: No

Generator Type: SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

NELSON W QUAN

250 S ATLANTIC

Title:

OPERATOR (213) 268-3944

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Site Information

Address:

Distance & Direction:

0.496 miles Northeast

Site Name:

SO CALIF GAS CO/MONTEREY PARK BASE

Address:

1801 S ATLANTIC BLVD

EPA ID Number:

Phone Number:

CAD981423189

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Transporter:

No

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Address:

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

P O BOX 3249 TERMINAL ANNEX

LOS ANGELES, CA 90051 City, State & Zip:

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number: (213) 689-3075

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.646 miles Southwest

Site Name:

AZTEC AUTO WREKEN

Address:

760 NOR MISSION

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90033

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

CORONA SRONSECA

760 NOR MISSION

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90033

Title:

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

SALVADOR

CAD983596057

No

(213) 221-9813

CAD981412224

No

Site Information

Address:

Distance & Direction:

Site Name:

0.713 miles Southwest

NESHEKS AUTO REPAIR

Address:

5034 EAST THIRD STREET LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

City, State & Zip: TSD Type:

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

* Not Reported *

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Address: City, State & Zip: 5034 EAST THIRD STREET LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

(213) 263-5543

CAD077982775

No

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.730 miles Southwest

Site Name:

ARGOS AUTO TRUCK ELEC SVC 343 SOUTH ATLANTIC BLVD

Address: City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

City, State & Zip:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER 343 SOUTH ATLANTIC BLVD

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(213) 268-8188

Site Information

Address:

Distance & Direction:

0.734 miles Southwest

Site Name:

J C TRANS CENTER

Address:

TSD Type:

345 S ATLANTIC

City, State & Zip:

Generator Type:

EAST LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

* Not Reported *

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

City, State & Zip:

VASQUEZ ELMER

EPA ID Number:

Phone Number:

Transporter:

CAD983594623

No

Address:

345 S ATLANTIC

EAST LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

(213) 263-6883

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.752 miles Southwest

Site Name:

DEPT OF PARKS AND REC LA CNTY

Address:

4915 E FIRST ST

EPA ID Number:

CAD982510984

City, State & Zip: TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Transporter:

No

Contact Information

Contact Name:

Generator Type:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Address:

433 S VERMONT AVE

Phone Number:

(213) 263-8144

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.820 miles Southwest

Site Name:

TSD Type:

LA HEALTH SVC EDW ROYBAL HLTH CTR

Address:

245 S FETTERLY

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

CAD038193934

No

City, State & Zip:

Generator Type:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

* Not Reported *

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Address:

245 S FETTERLY

Phone Number:

(213) 974-7881

CAD981368202

No

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.830 miles Southwest

Site Name: Address:

BROTMAN AUTOBODY CTR

392 S ATLANTIC BLVD LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

City, State & Zip:

* Not Reported *

TSD Type: Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

392 S ATLANTIC BLVD

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(213) 263-9623

Site Information

Address:

Distance & Direction:

0.834 miles Northwest

Site Name:

ROOFMASTER INC

Address:

750 S MONTEREY PASS RD

EPA ID Number:

CAD088393160

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Transporter:

No

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

City, State & Zip:

Address:

POBOX 63309 LOS ANGELES, CA 90063 Phone Number:

(213) 261-5122

Sunrise Environmental Services

Page 9

Report ID: OC00001

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.843 miles Northwest

Site Name:

PRESS ONE PRINTING

Address:

751 MONTEREY PASS ROAD MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

City, State & Zip: TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name: Address:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

City, State & Zip:

751 MONTEREY PASS ROAD

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(213) 268-5156

CAD982480766

No

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

Site Name:

0.844 miles Northwest MCCARRON ELECTRIC CO

Address:

721 MONTEREY PASS RD

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Transporter:

CAD981690530

No

Contact Information

Contact Name:

Address:

City, State & Zip:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

721 MONTEREY PASS RD

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(213) 261-7104

CAD008284689

No

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

Site Name:

0.845 miles Northwest MILLER L C CO

Address:

717 MONTEREY PASS RD

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

City, State & Zip: TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

City, State & Zip:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

717 MONTEREY PASS RD

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

(213) 268-3611

Site Information

Address:

Distance & Direction:

Site Name:

0.848 miles Northwest

Address:

CONNOR SPRING & MFG 831 MONTEREY PASS RD

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

TSD Type: * Not Reported *

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR Generator Type:

EPA ID Number:

CAD008262339

Transporter:

No

Contact Information

Address:

Contact Name:

City, State & Zip:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

831 MONTEREY PASS RD MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

(213) 264-1281

Sunrise Environmental Services Report ID: OC00001 Page 10

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.863 miles Northwest

Site Name:

SEAL-SEAT COMPANY

Address:

1200 MONTEREY PASS RD

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Address:

1200 MONTEREY PASS RD

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(213) 269-1311

CAD981569353

No

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.869 miles Northwest

Site Name: Address:

CAROLYN SHOE CO

City, State & Zip:

1401 MONTEREY PASS RD MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

EPA ID Number:

CAD062073010

Transporter:

No

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Address: City, State & Zip: 1401 MONTEREY PASS RD MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

(213) 268-3161

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

Site Name:

0.870 miles Northwest D M E COMPANY

Address:

1051 MONTEREY PASS RD MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

City, State & Zip:

TSD Type: * Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

EPA ID Number:

CAD982493025

Transporter:

No

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Address:

City, State & Zip:

1051 MONTEREY PASS RD

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Title:

Phone Number:

ENVIRO MANAGER

nber: (213) 264-0754

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

Site Name:

0.878 miles Southwest LA USD 4TH ST EL

Address:

420 S AMALIA AVE LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

City, State & Zip: TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

" Not Reported "

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

EPA ID Number:

: CAD981980014

Transporter:

No

Contact Information

Address:

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER 1425 S SAN PEDRO RM 215

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90015

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

(213) 742-7371

Sunrise Environmental Services

Page 11

Report ID: OC00001

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.880 miles Northwest

Site Name:

O S P PUBLISHING

Address:

1001 MONTEREY PASS RD

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

JOHN WEBER

Address:

1001 MONTEREY PASS RD

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Title:

DIR OF HR

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(213) 881-6725

CAD982473621

No

CA0000909531

No

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.896 miles Southeast

Site Name:

TU VETS

Address:

TSD Type:

5635 E BEVERLY BLVD

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Address:

City, State & Zip:

5635 E BEVERLY BLVD LOS ANGELES, CA 90022 Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(213) 723-4569

CAD983648049

No

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

Site Name:

Address:

JES AUTO REPAIR 4610 E FLORAL DR

0.943 miles Northwest

City, State & Zip:

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

Address: City, State & Zip:

ERIQUE MONREAL 4610 E FLORAL DR

LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Title:

MANAGER

Phone Number:

(213) 264-2294

CAD982526113

No

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.944 miles Northeast

Site Name:

MONTEREY PARK HOSPITAL

Address:

900 S ATLANTIC BLVD

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Address:

City, State & Zip:

900 S ATLANTIC BLVD **MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754** Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(818) 570-9000

Sunrise Environmental Services Report ID: OC00001 Page 12

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.958 miles Northeast

Site Name:

PRIVILEGE HOUSE INC

Address:

632 MONTEREY PASS RD

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ART LEYUA

Title:

PURCHASING

CAD983645649

No

Address:

Site Information

632 MONTEREY PASS RD

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Phone Number:

EPA ID Number:

Transporter:

(818) 293-7363

City, State & Zip:

Distance & Direction:

0.965 miles Southeast

Site Name:

FRANKS PEST CONTROL INC

Address:

5717 E BEVERLY BLVD LOS ANGELES, CA 90022 EPA ID Number: Transporter:

CAD981574395

No

City, State & Zip: TSD Type:

Generator Type:

* Not Reported *

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Address:

City, State & Zip:

5717 E BEVERLY BLVD LOS ANGELES, CA 90022 Phone Number:

(213) 685-7030

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.984 miles Northeast

Site Name:

TSD Type:

ROSEMEAD MEDICAL GROUP INC

Address:

850 S ATLANTIC BLVD STE 104 MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

EPA ID Number: Transporter:

CAD983642190

No

City, State & Zip:

* Not Reported *

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

YVETTE GARDEA

Title:

OFFICE SUPV

Address:

850 S ATLANTIC BLVD STE 104

Phone Number:

(818) 308-0651

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.985 miles Northwest

Site Name:

GENERAL ELECTRIC MEDICAL SYSTEMS

Address:

2630 CORPORATE PLACE

EPA ID Number:

CAD981665730

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Transporter:

TSD Type:

* Not Reported *

No

Generator Type:

SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR

Contact Information

Contact Name:

City, State & Zip:

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGER

Title:

ENVIRO MANAGER

Address:

2630 CORPORATE PLACE MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 **Phone Number:**

(213) 269-7414

Sunrise Environmental Services

Page 13

Report ID: OC00001

LUST

Name:

Leaking Underground Storage Tanks

Reporting Agency:

California State Water Resources Control Board http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/~cwphome/lustis/index.html (916) 227-4400

Information:

Database Last Updated: September 10, 2000 Database Last Checked: September 10, 2000 Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 35062

Description:

The State of California Water Resources Control Board (WRCB) provides a list of all leaks of hazardous substances from underground storage tanks. This database provides information on contamination case types and in some cases remediation activities.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a ½ mile radius of the subject property.

CORTESE

Name:

Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites List

Reporting Agency:

Department of Toxic Substances Control http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/adcorlts.htm (916) 445-6532

Information:

Database Last Updated: April 01, 1999

Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Database Last Checked: September 01, 2000

Total Records Searched: 16379

Description:

This is a listing of potential and confirmed hazardous waste and substance sites throughout California. The information in this list was consolidated within the State Office of Planning and Research.

Code Meanings:

CALSI: Department of Toxic Substances Control; Contaminated or potentially contaminated hazardous waste sites.

LTNKA: California State Water Resources Control Board; Leaking Underground Storage Tanks

WB-LF: California Integrated Waste Management Board; Sanitary Landfills which have evidence of groundwater contamination.

Site Information

Distance & Direction: 0.420 miles Northeast

Site Name:

UNOCAL #3G27

Address:

1970 ATLANTIC

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Source:

LTNKA

Regional ID: 1-07433

CAL-SITES

Name:

California Cal-Sites Database

Reporting Agency:

California Environmental Protection Agency http://www.calepa.ca.gov/ (916) 323-3400

Information:

Database Last Updated: May 01, 1999

Database Last Checked: September 21, 2000

Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 4210

Description:

The California Cal-Sites are potentially contaminated hazardous waste sites. The database was created from the Annual Workplan (AWP), the Abandoned Sites Project Information System (ASPIS), and the Bond Expenditure Plan (BEP).

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a ½ mile radius of the subject property.

WDS

Name:

Waste Discharge System

Reporting Agency:

California State Water Resources Control Board http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/ (916) 657-1395

Information:

Database Last Updated: August 01, 1999 Database Last Checked: August 01, 1999

Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 6727

Description:

The California Waste Discharge System (WDS) contains information on which sites with waste discharge permits issued.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a ½ mile radius of the subject property.

SARA

Name:

Sara Title III

Reporting Agency:

Environmental Protection Agency http://www.epa.gov/

Information:

Database Last Updated: May 01, 1996 Database Last Checked: September 21, 2000 Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 4019

Description:

Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act, Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Re-authorization Act of 1986, requires certain facilities to file an annual toxic chemical release inventory form with the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the California Environmental Affairs Agency. Facilities are required to report releases to air, water, and land.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a ½ mile radius of the subject property.

L.A. LUST

Name:

Los Angeles Leaking Underground Storage Tanks

Reporting Agency:

Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/~rwqcb4/ (213) 576-6600

Information:

Database Last Updated: September 17, 1999 Database Last Checked: March 21, 2000

Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 6835

Case Number:

How Discovered: Other

Cross Street:

How Stopped:

Leak Cause:

Watershed:

Nearest Well:

Well Number:

First Detected:

Substance:

I-09332

RIGGIN ST

GASOLINE

Unknown

Description:

The Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board provides a list of all leaks of hazardous substances from underground storage tanks. This database provides information on contamination case types and in some cases remediation activities. It is an enhancement to the State of California Water Resources Control Board LUST database.

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.285 miles Southeast

Name:

SHELL #204-5112-0305 2291 ATLANTIC BLVD S

Address:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

City, State & Zip: Lead Agency:

REGIONAL

Status:

* Not Reported *

Case Type:

Only soil has been affected

Date Discovered:

September 19, 1989

Date Stopped:

Unknown

Source of Discharge: **Groundwater Basin:**

Hydrologic Unit: Depth to Groundwater: 0.00

No

Highest groundwater concentration (ppb):

MTBE: N/A

Benzene: * NR *

TPH (gas): * NR *

Highest soil concentration (ppm):

N/A

Current MTBE concentration in groundwater (ppb):

Noteable Dates

MTBE:

Event:	Date:
Leak was originally reported	January 19, 1989
Leak existance was last confirmed	December 16, 1988
Preliminary site assessment began	November 14, 1991
Pollution characterization began	May 11, 1993
Closure letter issued (site closed)	September 10, 1996
Leak was last reviewed	September 05, 1996

LA-LUST (continued)

 Site Information			
Distance & Direction:	0.312 miles Southeast		
Name:	CAMINO REAL CHEVROLET		
Address:	2401 ATLANTIC BLVD S	Case Number:	1.07422
City, State & Zip:	MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754	Cross Street:	I-07422 001ST ST.
Lead Agency:	REGIONAL	Substance:	
Status:		Substance:	WASTE OIL
	* Not Reported * Only soil has been affected		
Case Type: Date Discovered:	June 06, 1991	How Discovered	T1-Cl
	June 06, 1991 June 06, 1991		: Tank Closure
Date Stopped:	Unknown	How Stopped: Leak Cause:	- I I - 1
Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin:	Olikilowii		Unknown
		Watershed:	7
Hydrologic Unit:	- -	Nearest Well:	-
Depth to Groundwater:	-	Well Number:	- -
MTBE:		First Detected:	-
Highest groundwater co MTBE: * NR *	Benzene: * NR * TPH (gas): *	NID *	
Highest soil concentration	(8)	INK	
_	ration in groundwater (ppb):	<u>-</u>	
Current Wirds Concent	ration in groundwater (ppu).	-	
Noteable Dates			
Event:		Date:	
Leak was originally repor		June 0	
Preliminary site assessme		June 0	
Closure letter issued (site	closed)	July 18	
Leak was last reviewed		June 1'	7, 1993
Site Information			
Site Information Distance & Direction: Name: Address:	0.420 miles Northeast UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S	Case Number:	I-07433
Distance & Direction: Name:	UNOCAL #3627	Case Number: Cross Street:	I-07433 BRIGHTWOOD
Distance & Direction: Name: Address:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S		
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754	Cross Street:	BRIGHTWOOD
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL	Cross Street: Substance:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported *	Cross Street: Substance:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or exten	Cross Street: Substance: at of the resources affect	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990	Cross Street: Substance: It of the resources affect How Discovered	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown Tank Closure
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990	Cross Street: Substance: It of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown Tank Closure Remove Contents
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990	Cross Street: Substance: at of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown 1: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown -	Cross Street: Substance: It of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown 1: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit:	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown -	Cross Street: Substance: It of the resources affect How Discovered: How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed: Nearest Well:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown 1: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit: Depth to Groundwater: MTBE: Highest groundwater co	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown	Cross Street: Substance: at of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed: Nearest Well: Well Number: First Detected:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown 1: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit: Depth to Groundwater: MTBE: Highest groundwater co MTBE: * NR * Highest soil concentration	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown	Cross Street: Substance: at of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed: Nearest Well: Well Number: First Detected:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown 1: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit: Depth to Groundwater: MTBE: Highest groundwater co MTBE: * NR * Highest soil concentration	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown	Cross Street: Substance: It of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed: Nearest Well: Well Number: First Detected: NR *	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown 1: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit: Depth to Groundwater: MTBE: Highest groundwater co MTBE: * NR * Highest soil concentration	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown	Cross Street: Substance: at of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed: Nearest Well: Well Number: First Detected:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown I: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit: Depth to Groundwater: MTBE: Highest groundwater co MTBE: * NR * Highest soil concentration	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown	Cross Street: Substance: It of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed: Nearest Well: Well Number: First Detected: NR * Date:	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown 1: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit: Depth to Groundwater: MTBE: Highest groundwater co MTBE: * NR * Highest soil concentration	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown	Cross Street: Substance: It of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed: Nearest Well: Well Number: First Detected: NR * - Date: Novem	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown 1: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown 7
Distance & Direction: Name: Address: City, State & Zip: Lead Agency: Status: Case Type: Date Discovered: Date Stopped: Source of Discharge: Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit: Depth to Groundwater: MTBE: Highest groundwater co MTBE: * NR * Highest soil concentratic Current MTBE concent Noteable Dates Event: Leak was originally repor	UNOCAL #3627 1970 ATLANTIC BLVD S MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754 LOCAL * Not Reported * The type of resources affected or extent November 26, 1990 November 26, 1990 Unknown	Cross Street: Substance: It of the resources affect How Discovered How Stopped: Leak Cause: Watershed: Nearest Well: Well Number: First Detected: NR * - Date: Noven	BRIGHTWOOD GASOLINE ted are unknown I: Tank Closure Remove Contents Unknown 7

LA-LUST (continued)

Site Information

Distance & Direction:

0.467 miles Southwest

Name:

CHEVRON #9-3699

Address:

250 ATLANTIC BLVD S

City, State & Zip:

EAST LOS ANGELES, CA 90022

Lead Agency:

LOCAL

Status:

* Not Reported *

Case Type: **Date Discovered:** Only soil has been affected

Date Stopped:

October 06, 1997 August 06, 1997

Source of Discharge:

Unknown

Groundwater Basin: Hydrologic Unit:

Depth to Groundwater:

MTBE:

Highest groundwater concentration (ppb):

MTBE: * NR * Benzene: * NR * Highest soil concentration (ppm):

Current MTBE concentration in groundwater (ppb):

How Discovered: Tank Closure

R-02561

Overfill

POMONA BLVD

HYDROCARBONS

How Stopped:

Case Number:

Cross Street:

Substance:

Leak Cause:

Watershed: 7 Nearest Well:

Well Number: First Detected:

Abatement Methods

Method:

Description:

Excavate and Dispose

Remove contaminated soil and dispose in approved site

TPH (gas): * NR *

Noteable Dates

Event:

Date:

Leak was originally reported Closure letter issued (site closed)

Leak was last reviewed

October 27, 1997 March 26, 1998 March 26, 1998

WMUDS

Name:

Waste Management Unit Database System

Reporting Agency:

California State Water Resources Control Board http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/ (916) 657-1395

Information:

Database Last Updated: April 01, 1998 Database Last Checked: April 01, 1998 Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 3682

Description:

WMUDS is intended as an enhancement to WDS (Waste Discharger System); it does not duplicate any information in WDS. In addition, WMUDS contains information regarding SWAT (Solid Waste Assessment Test program) and TPCA (Toxic Pits) programs.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a ½ mile radius of the subject property.

UST

Name:

Underground Storage Tanks

Reporting Agency:

California State Water Resources Control Board http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/~cwphome/ust/usthmpg.htm (916) 657-4448

Information:

Database Last Updated: August 01, 1994 Database Last Checked: September 21, 2000 Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 63789

Description:

The State of California Water Resources Control Board (WRCB) provides a list of all permitted underground tanks containing hazardous substances. This database provides information on all registered underground storage tanks.

Site Information

Address:

Distance & Direction: 0.064 miles Southwest

Site Name:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

1301 BROOKLYN AVE

City, State & Zip:

MONTEREY PARK, CA 91754

Site Description:

Number of Tanks:

NOT SUPPLIED

Care of: C/O RICHARD POTHIER

.

Site Type:

Jurisdiction: 000

Manager: * Not Reported *

9

Contact Phone: (213) 265-8755

ERNS

Name:

Emergency Response Notification System

Reporting Agency:

US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response http://www.epa.gov/ernsacct/pdf/index.html (202) 260-4348

Information:

Database Last Updated: January 01, 2000 Database Last Checked: January 01, 2000

Radius Searched:

0.500 miles

Total Records Searched: 88137

Description:

ERNS is a national database which contains information on specific notification of releases of oil and hazardous substances into the environment. The system stores data regarding the site of the spill, the material released and the medium into which it occured.

The database listing as of the above date shows no locations within a 2000 foot radius of the subject property.

12.2 Calscience Engineering UST Closure Report

5626 Corporate Avenue, Cypress, CA 90630 • Tel: (714) 828-1181, (213) 634-7623 • Fax: (714) 828-4808

April 18, 1991

File No: 21091 Project No: 9066

Mr.Kurt Latipow Battalion Chief/Fire Marshal City of Monterey Park 320 West Newmark Avenue Monterey Park, CA 91754

Subject: Closure Report for One Underground Storage Tank at 1301 Brooklyn Avenue

Monterey Park, CA 91754

Dear Mr. Latipow:

Enclosed please find a closure report for the one underground storage tank which was removed from the site located at 1301 Brooklyn Avenue, Monterey Park, California on April 3, 1991.

If you have any questions and/or require additional information regarding this matter, please feel free to contact Mr. Keith Boyer or myself at (714) 828-1181.

Sincerely,

Calscience Engineering, Inc.

Raj Guendaraju Staff Engineer

RG:rg

Enclosure: UST Closure Report

cc: Mr. Richard L. Pothier

Building & Grounds Administrator

East Los Angeles College 1301 Brooklyn Avenue

Monterey Park, CA 91754-6099

Los Angeles Department of Public Works UST Program Waste Management Division P.O. Box 1460, Alhambra,

CA 91802-1460

CLOSURE REPORT FOR ONE UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AT 1301 BROOKYLN AVENUE MONTEREY PARK, CALIFORNIA

Submitted to:

City of Monterey Park
Fire Department
Monterey Park, California

Prepared for:

Los Angeles Community College District 855 North Vermont Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90029

Prepared by:

Calscience Engineering,Inc. 5626 Corporate Avenue Cypress, CA 90630

Tel: (714) 828-1181 Fax: (714) 828-4808

April, 1991 Project # 9066

CALSCIENCE ENGINEERING, INC.

This report is submitted for the closure by removal of one 6000 gallon steel gasoline underground storage tank (UST). The UST was removed from the site on April 3, 1991. The current site is occupied and operated by the East Los Angeles College.

The following information is provided in support of the closure:

- 1. The permit number of the application for closure issued by the County of Los Angeles, Waste Management Division is 7717B. The permit number of the tank removal permit issued by the County of Los Angeles, Fire Department is 1578. Copies of these permits are included in Enclosure (1).
- 2. Calscience Engineering, Inc. (Calscience) has utilized a South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD) Rule 1166 Contaminated Soil Mitigation Plan (A/N 242703) to conduct the tank excavation. The reference number for the subject work issued by the AQMD is #91-0433.
- 3. Enclosure (2) is a site plot plan indicating locations of the UST, sampling points, and adjacent structures.
- 4. Under the direction of the County of Los Angeles Fire Department inspector, two soil samples (1A,1B) were obtained at depths of 2 to 4 feet below each UST invert. One soil sample (SP-1) was obtained 5 feet below the dispenser. One soil sample (SP-2) was obtained 4 feet below the product line. The soil samples were collected by the scoop teeth of the backhoe using a glass jar with airtight seal. The soil samples were stored in a chilled condition and transported to Calscience Environmental Laboratories, Inc., a State of California DOHS certified laboratory, for analysis. Sampling locations are shown on the site plot plan. [Enclosure (2)].
- 5. The soil samples were collected for analysis and transported to the laboratory on April 4, 1991. The chain of custody documentation is shown in Enclosure (3).
- 6. As required, the soil samples were analyzed by EPA Method 8015M for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) and by EPA Method 8020 for Benzene, Toluene, Xylenes and Ethylbenzene (BTXE). The analytical results indicated slight contamination (10 ppb ethylbenzene and 25 ppb total xylenes) existed in soil sample 1A. The laboratory report is included in Enclosure (4).
- 7. The USTs were transported to American Metal Recycling, Inc., in Ontario, California. The certificate of destruction is included in Enclosure (5).
- 8. A copy of the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest form for the removal residual product and rinsate resulting from the USTs cleaning is included in Enclosure (6).

CALSCIENCE ENGINEERING, INC.

- The first depth of groundwater on-site is approximately 200 feet below ground surface. The information of ground water depth is from the Los Angeles County Hydrological Records Well numbers 2856C and 2856C last measured on April 1990. It should be noted that ground water was not encountered during the USTs removal operations.
- 10. Based on the site supervisor, slight discoloration and odor was observed in the soil during sampling. Soil boring was not conducted at the site.
- 11. The closure report preparation was performed under the supervision of a California Registered Civil Engineer.

Sincerely,

Calscience Engineering, Inc.

Kai Guendaraju

Staff Engineer

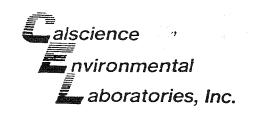
C.K. Taur, Ph.D., P.E. Engineering Manager

C, K.

RG:CKT:rg

Enclosure:

- Application for closure permit/ tank removal permit (1)
- (2) Site Plot Plan
- Chain of Custody (3)
- (4)Laboratory Report
- Certificate of Destruction (5)
- Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest Form



ANALYTICAL REPORT

Calscience Engineering, Inc.

Date Sampled: 04/03/91

Date Received: 04/04/91

Date Extracted: P/T

Date Analyzed: 04/04/91

CEL Batch No.: 91-04-017

Page 1 of 2

Attn: Keith Boyer

RE: East LA College/9066 Method: EPA 8020

All concentrations are reported in ug/kg (ppb).

		Concentration	<u>Det'n Limit</u>
Sample Number:	1 A		
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes		ND ND 10 25	5 5 5 10
Sample Number:	18		
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes		ND ND ND ND	5 5 5 10
Sample Number:	SP-1		
Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total Xylenes		ND ND ND ND	5 5 5



ANALYTICAL REPORT

	??? CO par and
Calscience Engineering, Inc.	Date Sampled: 04/03/91
5626 Corporate Avenue	Date Received: 04/04/91
Cypress, CA 90630	Date Extracted: 04/04/91
	Date Analyzed: 04/04/91
	CEL Batch No.: 91-04-017
Attn: Keith Boyer	
RE: East LA College/9066	Method: EPA 8015M
All total petroleum hydrocarbon	concentrations are reported in

All total petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations are reported in mg/kg (ppm) using a 1:1 gasoline:diesel fuel mixture as a standard.

Sample Number	Concentration	<u>Det'n Limit</u>
1A	ND	5
1B	ND	. 5
SP-1	ND	5
SP-2	ND	5

Reviewed and Approved

William H. Christensen

on CY/09/1991.

Laboratory Operations

Manager

EPA 8015M is conducted in accordance with the DHS Method for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons.

ND denotes not detected at indicated detection limit.

Each sample was received by CEL in a chilled state, intact and with chain-of-custody attached.



ANALYTICAL REPORT

Calscience Engineering, Inc. Date Sampled: 04/03/91 5626 Corporate Avenue Date Received: 04/04/91 Cypress, CA 90630 Date Extracted: P/T Date Analyzed: 04/04/91 CEL Batch No .: 91-04-017 Page 2 of 2 Keith Boyer Attn: East LA College/9066 Method: EPA 8020 All concentrations are reported in ug/kg (ppb). Concentration Det'n Limit Sample Number: SP-2 Benzene ND 5 Toluene ND 5 Ethylbenzene ND 5 Total Xylenes ND 10

Reviewed and Approved

William H. Christensen

on <u>04/09</u>/1991.

William H. Christensen Laboratory Operations

Manager

ND denotes not detected at indicated detection limit.

Each sample was received by CEL in a chilled state, intact and with chain-of-custody attached.

unit or type. (Form designed for use on elite L'NIFORM HAZARDOUS witch typewriter).	and Fro	ont of Pr	7		Toxic Substances Cont Sacramento
MACTE BAABUTECT	CO 3 CO DOC	anifest ment No.	2. Pa	nin Ci ilia	tion in the shaded area
3. Generator's Name and Mailing Address	17186636	105	/ 0	is not re	equired by Federal law.
1.A. COMMUNITY COLLEGE 1/80 FLORAL LOS ANGELES	- 450		A. State	Manifest Docum	ent Number
1/80 FLORAL /COS AULETES	CALIF		B State	896	36104
Generator's Phone (2/3) 265-8755 9/	7< </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>Generator's ID</td> <td></td>			Generator's ID	
. Transporter 1 Company Name 6.	US EPA ID Number			Transporter's ID	
NASS SALVAGE INC OF	109908012	70,07		porter's Phone	11091
7. Transporter 2 Company Name 8.	US EPA ID Number	<u>* [] </u>	-	Transporter's ID	13/7/6-80
	1111111	1 1 1		porter's Phone	
9. Designated Facility Name and Site Address 10. IN DUSTRIAL SERVICUS	US EPA ID Number			Facility's ID	
1700 S. SOTO ST		•	1	1 1 1 1	
٠	(H. Facil	rty's Phone	
COS ANGELES CA. N	4007194512	17105	213	1267-	9217
11. US DOT Description (Including Proper Shipping Name, Hazard Clas	ss. and ID Number)	12. Conta	inera	13. Total	14. L
200/ /C 44/4 //		No.	Туре	Quantity	Unit Waste
	NL				State
(TANK-RINSE)			>	- /	FPA/Orbos
b. (77102 K1032)		00/	/ 1/	1/400	a Levi
			1		State
					EPA/Other
с.		-1-1-1			
					State
			.		EPA/Other
d.					
			1		State
		1.1			EPA/Other
J. Additional Descriptions for Materials Listed Above		<u>' </u>	K. Han	dling Codes for W	Vastes Listed Above
99% WATER			a.		b.
99% WATER			c.		d.
15. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information	·				
and the state of t					
16.					
GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I hereby declare that the cost	ante of this area:				
GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I hereby declare that the contrand are classified, packed, marked, and labeled, and are in all retrieval government regulations.	spects in proper condition to	t fully and ac or transport t	curately a	described above	by proper shipping name
I I am a large dupptity deported I semite at a con-					
to be economically practicable and that I have a program in to be economically practicable and that I have selected the practice present and future threat to human health and the environment; O generation and select the best waste masses.	icable method of treatment	and toxicity	of waste	generated to the currently available	e degree I have determi
> out of the any interest to numer neath and the anytropment. O	D it i i watment,	storage, or (
generation and select the best waste management method that is	R, if I am a small quantity go available to me and that I co	storage, or o enerator, I ha can afford.	ve made	a good faith effo	ort to minimize my waste
generation and select the best waste management method that is Printed/Typed Name	R. if I am a small quantity go available to me and that I c	enerator, I ha	ive made	a good faith effo	or to minimize my waste
generation and select the best waste management method that is Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name	R, if I am a small quantity go available to me and that I d	enerator, I ha	ve made	a good faith effo	Month Day
generation and select the best waste management method that is Printed/Typed Name CASED L. DOTHIEC 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials	R, if I am a small quantity go available to me and that I d	enerator, I has afford.	ave made	(a good faith effor	or to minimize my waste
Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name	R, if I am a small quantity go available to me and that I d	enerator, I h	ave made	a good faith effor	Month Day
Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name FRED GS BURN	H. if I am a small quantity go available to me and that I considered the signature of the s	storage, or deeperator, I have afford.	ave made	a good faith effor	or to minimize my waste
Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials	H. if I am a small quantity go available to me and that I considered the signature of the s	storage, or energian in the control of the control	ave made	a good faith effor	Month Day
Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name FRED GS BURN	H. if I am a small quantity go available to me and that I considered the signature of the s	enerator, I hi	Serve made	a good faith effo	Month Day Month Day
generation and select the best waste management method that is Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name FIED 65 B PN 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name	Fig. if I am a small quantity gravallable to me and that I considered the signature of the	enerator, I hi	ave made	a good faith effe	Month Day
Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials	Fig. if I am a small quantity gravallable to me and that I considered the signature of the	enerator, I hisan afford.	ave made	a good faith effo	Month Day Month Day
generation and select the best waste management method that is Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name FIED 65 B PN 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name	Fig. if I am a small quantity gravallable to me and that I considered the signature of the	enerator, I ha	ave made	a good faith effor	Month Day Month Day
generation and select the best waste management method that is Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name FIED 65 B PN 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name	H. if I am a small quantity gravallable to me and that I considered Signature Signature Signature	enerator, I historia attord.	ave made	a good faith effor	Month Day Month Day
Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name Printed/Typed Name 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name 19. Discrepancy Indication Space	Signature Signature Signature Signature	enerator, I h. an afford.	93	Thee)	Month Day Month Day
generation and select the best waste management method that is Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name PRO GS BURN 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name 19. Discrepancy Indication Space	Signature Signature Signature Signature	enerator, I h. an afford.	93	Thee)	Month Day Month Day
generation and select the best waste management method that is Printed/Typed Name 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name FIED 65 B PN 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name	Signature Signature Signature Signature	enerator, I h. an afford.	93	Thee)	Month Day Month Day

Subject Property: 1101 Avenida Cesar (Chavez, Monterey Park, CA 91754

12.3 County of Los Angeles Dept. of Public Works UST Documents



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

960 SQUTH FREMONT AVENUE ALHAMBRA, CALIFORY(A 91803-133) Telephone: (818) 458-3160

TROMADA: TIDEMANSOM, Direstar

Augl: 23: 1990

ADDRESS ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO, 9.0.60K (460 \LSAMBRA, CALIFORNIA 91802-1460

NATIONALE IMBERTORIES IMBERTORIES IMBERTORIES

Mr. Ken Perkins East tos Angeles Community Corlège 517 West 7th Street tos Angeles, CA 90017

HAZAROGUS MATERIALS UNDERGROUND STORAGE
CLOSURE CERTIFICATION
FACILITY LOCATION: 1301 Bedate on Avenue, Managery Park
CLOSURE PERMIT NUMBER: 51928

Please be advised that this letter does not relieve you of any liability under the California Health and Safety Code or Water Code for past, present or future operations at this site. Nor does it relieve you of the responsibility to clean up existing, additional or previously unidentified conditions at the site which cause or threaten to cause pollution or nuisance or otherwise pose a threat to water quality or public health.

Additionally, be advised that changes in the present or proposed use of the site may require further site characterization and mitigation activity. It is the property owner's responsibility to notify this agency of any changes in report content, future contamination findings or site usage.

Any questions regarding this matter should be directed to Mr. Cares Enriquez at (818) 458-3516 .

Yery truly yours.

T. A. TIDEMANSON
Director of Public Works

U. 28 / ""

Tov Carl W. Sjoberg
Chief, Industrial Wasta Planning & Control
Waste Management Division

cc: California Regional Water Quality Board

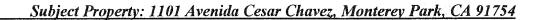
BH:db3/CL205 9001759

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS UNDE			ORKS	Permit	77/7 8
WASTE MANAGEMENT DIVISION				File 24	8/ R/C3
900 S. FREMONT AVENUE ALHAMBRA, CALIFORNIA 918	202-1221			Fee \$	
				Check [X	Cash []
OWNER: Name Los Angele	1 Communit	college,	Dutrict		-666-400
Mailing Address	22 No. 1614	next Ade.	_ City Los Ang		(a) Zip 9002
FACILITY: - L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- N.	•)	
Occupant Name Lal	Los Angele	1 Colledo	- P	hone 213.	265-8755
Site Address 3	11 Brookl-2	BOI Brookly	_City <u>monter</u>	27 YOUR	Zip <u>4/7</u> 5.
Contact Person 1	hard Peth le	<u> </u>	TitleBulding		
CONTRACTOR [X], complet	e below:		OWNER/OPERA	I TOR AS COM	TRACTOR [
Name Cal-Science E	voivescins 7	, w.(hone 714 -	1811-858
State License No	200 22 1		_Class_A_		
CLOSURE REQUESTED:	V DEMOVAL (6				`
[火] PERMANENT, TAN How many under					
[] PERMANENT, CLC	SURE IN PLAC	E (See C	onditions A a	and D Atta	ched)
[] TEMPORARY (See	Conditions	A and B	Attached)		
TANK DESCRIPTION:	PLOT PLAN	ATTACHED	[7]	EXISTING H	MUSP NO
Tank No. Tank Mat'1	Age Cap	acity	Materials St	tored (Pas	t/Present)
1 2/02/	unknown 6,00	00	Caroline on	readed	man despection datas with stems carry datas when their steels
	1				
		ŧ ! 1			
COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING			a draw agen draw aggs aggs grain draw aggs draw only, grith tiggs t	كنوب الإنباء ويون المناه ووقه عليات وليونه لايانة ويون	YES NO
Has an unauthorize		er occur	red at this		יאֹן נֹא
Have structural re Will new undergro					[] [[*]] [X] []
Will any wells, in	ncluding mon	installe itoring w	ells, be aba	ure? ndoned?	
!NOTICE: CONTAMINATED	TANKS AND DE	ectoure 3	TUAT MAY DE 1		IVE TO BE C
MAY BE A HAZARDOUS WA					
CHAPTER 6.5, CALIFORN		SAFETY CO	DDE. FAILURE	TO COMPLY	MAY BE
PROSECUTED AS A FELON	Y VIOLATION.			چ چین میں میں میں میں شاہ جب میں میں	n put tim din hiji hiji tup tip me 750 mm 750 mm
By signature belo					
disclosures above to abide by this	are true an	d correct 11 condit	t and that th	ey have re	ad and agr
			010110 2010 1111		a (1)
Applicant's Signatur (Print Name		mes C	Lu	Date_\	714-828-
			Contractor		11 1 3 60
			THENT OF PUBL		
PURSUANT TO SECTION GRANTED TO PROCEED W					
CONDITIONS AND LIMIT					
BELOW. T.A. TIDEMAN	SON				
Director of					
By Almil	alm.		Date /2/	6/90	
1 ,					

NEW CONSTRUCTION PLAN CLE. ANCE 7 PERMIT ADDENDUM 2681 FILE # HAZARDOUS MATERIALS UNDERGROUND STORAGE R/C CODE LOS ANGELES COUNTY HMUSP # JEC 06 1990 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS SURCHARGE YES/NO STE MANAGEMENT DIVISION HMUSP REQ YES/NO [DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS J SOUTH FREMONT AVENUE, TGP TGC MAZIE MANGENENI DIVIZION ALHAMBRA, CA 91803-1331 **See instructions on back of this form** Los Angeler Community College Dist. (B) COMPLETE FOLLOWING: OWNER/FACILITY NAME 888 No. Ave. Bungalow E # OF EXISTING TANKS AT SITE: MAILING ADDRESS # OF TANKS TO BE INSTALLED: Los Anaeles # OF TANKS TO BE REMOVED: (SEPARATE CLOSURE PERMIT REQUIRED) monterey Park NET TANKS AT SITE: FACILITY ADDRESS 1301 Brooklyn (C) NEW CONSTRUCTION PLAN CLEARANCE APPLICATIONS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY: [] STATE APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO OPERATE UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK FOR EACH TANK TO BE INSTALLED.] FOUR (4) SETS OF CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. I NEW CONSTRUCTION PLAN CLEARANCE FEE. ENTER AMOUNT IN SPACE PROVIDED. NUMBER OF TANKS PLAN CLEARANCE FEE \$178 \$221 \$264 \$307 \$350 ENTER FEE 6 OR MORE \$135 + \$43 PER TANK AMOUNTS BELOW 178] PLAN CLEARANCE FEE ----7 STATE SURCHARGE OF \$56 FOR EACH TANK INCREASING NET 56 NUMBER OF TANKS -----Γ 7 TOTAL FEE * PLAN CLEARANCE FEE + STATE SURCHARGE -MAKE CHECKS PAYABLE TO "L. A. COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS" (D) SYSTEM MODIFICATION OR CHANGE PROPOSED: 0191000 (E) ADDENOUM APPLICATIONS MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY [] STATE APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO OPERATE UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK FOR EACH TANK MODIFIED OR CHANGED. [] FOUR (4) SETS OF CONSTRUCTION PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND/OR EXPLANATION OF MODIFICATIONS OR CHANGES. [] PERMIT ADDENDUM FEE OF \$120 ---(F) APPLICANT OR REPRESENTATIVE: SIGNATURE 'RINTED NAME CONTRACTORS SHALL FURNISH STATE CONTRACTORS LIC. No. 52 38-0013 DPW 9/88

IN THIS SPACE

APPLICATION FOR



12.4 City of Monterey Park Fire Department Documents



CITY OF MONTEREY PAT (

PERMIT

FIRE DEPARTMENT PERMIT / PLAN CHECK

Nº 1578

E SPRINKLER INSTALLATION	4. FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS STORAGE
Plan Check No	5. FUMIGATION
2. FIRE ALARM SYSTEM	6. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS
3. BUILDING PLAN CHECK	Other: REMOVAL OF UNDERGROUND TANK
Plan Check No	(6,000 GALLONS)
PERMITTED LOCATION: 1301 BROOKLYN AVE	INOUT
PERMIT ISSUED TO: (name) CAL SCIENCE ENGINEERING	
ADDRESS 5626 CORPORATE DRIVE	
BRIEFLY DESCRIBE OPERATION(S). IF APPLYING FOR A FUM	MIGATION PERMIT, LIST TYPE OF GAS(ES).
6,000 UNDERGROUND TANK REMOVAL. LOCATED	AT 1100 FLORAL DRIVE
inspection. This permit is not an approval where Zoning, Planning on not transferable and must be posted in a conspicuous place on preoccupancy, or capacity shall require a new permit. Applicant's Signature	emises designated herein. Any change in use, 06-26-91 Expiration Date:
THIS PERMIT IS: APPROVED (XX) DENIED ()	FOR CASHIER'S USE ONLY
	10-632 13:
AMOUNT COLLECTED: \$ 135.00 Fire Department Rep. (title)	
Date 02-26-91	
City Acct. #	
White - Applicant - Yellow - Fire Department - Pink Finance	



CITY OF MONTEREY PACK

FIRE DEPARTMENT

PERMIT / PLAN CHECK

PERMIT

Nº 1612

2. FIRE ALARM SYSTEM 3. BUILDING PLAN CHECK Plan Check No PERMITTED LOCATION: 130 FIRE PLANTAGE FIRE PLANTAGE 130 FIRE PLANTAGE FIRE PLANTAGE 130 FIRE P	5. FUMIGATION 6. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Other: In tall to according Galling IN OUT
PERMITTED LOCATION: 1301 3 CONTROL FRANCE ISSUED TO: (name) COL Salar Sa	City C. Pr. (5) Zip (5) (3)
The conditions, surroundings, and arrangements shall be according shall be subject to periodic inspection for compliance of those regulation inspection. This permit is not an approval where Zoning, Planning not transferable and must be posted in a conspicuous place on processing or capacity shall require a power portion.	ing to Fire Prevention Regulations and the premises gulations or any conditions imposed. The permit is and conditions that are in effect at the time of the permit in the confidence of the permit is an and conditions.
Applicant & Signature	Expiration Date:
cooparity, of capacity strail require a new permit.	

White - Applicant _- Yellow - Fire Department - Pink Finance

12.5 Hazardous Waste Manifest Information

UNIFORM HAZARDOUS	1. Ceneralar sud EFA 10 No.		Manifest Document	Ne.	2. Page 1		acramenta Collis. Tin the shaded are
WASTE MANIFEST	O A ID O DIA CO						ired by Federal ign
3 Generator's Name and Mailing Address	CAD98169	2355	001	A. Stote /	Agnifest Document i	worker	
East Los Angeles College						9	194198
770 Wishire Bwd Los Angeles				B. Stale C	enerator's ID		
4 Generator's Phone (323-265-0831 S Transporter ! Company Name	Attn: Ken Perk					للبا	1111
				-	'ransparter's ID [<u>ka</u> s		
NATIONAL RESOURCES	CAL	9825	18433		arter's Phone		6-459-222
7. Transporter 2 Company Name	B USEPA	(D Number			ronsporter's ID [Ray	arvad.]	
				1 .	orter's Phone 'acility's ID		
* AMERICAN RECOVERY, W.C." 3033 W. MISSION ROAD	IQ. US EPA	IV Number			40/08	9KG CA	6710
ALHAMERA,CA 91803	CAD	0894	46710	H. Facilin	/s Phone		B-488-222
			12 Sen	Ininara	13 Yaral	ld Unit	
11 USDOT Description (Including Proper Ship	pping Name, Hazard Class, and ID N	lumber)	No.	Туре	Quartity	Wi/Yel	t. Waste Numbe
" Waste Environmentally has						_	State
n.o.s. (Chlorinated Trydroca	mbons), 8, NA308?, PGİL ((ERG#171)	OPI		00/150	G	EPA/Other FC
b							Stole
				1	1 (1)		EPA/Other
£.		<u> </u>					Stote
•							EPA/Other
d .							Siore
							EPA/Other
J. Additional Descriptions for Materials Listed J	16	**************************************	****	i	ng Codes for Wasie	f .	v6
11s Chiorinal ad hydrocarbons - Bulk.	, Drumski 148, Prolies109-0705	4		e. /	4-01	b.	
	***		•	4.		ᆏ.	
	i e		Operation 2 to 800	L		<u> </u>	
15 Special Handling Instructions and Addition	al Information						
15. Special Handling Instructions and Addition		n ambantan s	uhan handiina				
Causion: Wear appropriate protect	zive clothing and respirator						
Causion: Weer appropriate protect N CASE OF EMERGENCY C	citive clothing and respirator CONTACT: Che	m -Trec e	t 800-424	-9 30 0			
Caution: Weet appropriate protections of EXERGENCY C	citive clothing and respirator CONTACT: Che	m -Trec e	t 800-424	-9 30 0	or proper shipping r I and national gove	ema and are	e classified, pocked
Caudion: West appropriate protect N CASE OF EMERGENCY C Ste pick to address: 16. Generator's Certification: market, and labeled, and are in all respective. If I am a large quantity generator, I cartification.	CONTACT: Ches	In -Trec E	it 800-424 Id accurately describing to applicable is	-9300 bed obove to alternational	led to the degree !	have determ	ined to be econor
Castion: Weer appropriate protect IN CASE OF ENERGENCY C Sto pick to address: 16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: Meriody marked, and labeled, and are in all respect If I am a large quantity generator. I carrif- projeties is end that I have selected his proud the environment, OR, if I cam a small in	CONTACT: Cher Contact: Cher Celum manha combine or his contact Celum proper sondition for transperti by that if have a program in place to racticable method at transpert, store	m -Trec a	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obove to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determ ni and futur	ined to be econor
Castion: Weer appropriate protect IN CASE OF EMERGENCY C Sto plot to address: 16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: MirrieDy marked, and labeled, and are in all respect If I am a large quantity generator. I certifi predicable and that I have selected the pr and the environment, OA, if I cam a small available to me and that I can afford.	CONTACT: Chelled and respirators of the Contact of	m -Trec E	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obove to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determ n) and future n) waste mai	tined to be economia threat to human hagement method
Castion: Weer appropriate protect IN CASE OF ENERGENCY C Sto pick to address: 16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: Meriody marked, and labeled, and are in all respect If I am a large quantity generator. I carrif- projeties is end that I have selected his proud the environment, OR, if I cam a small in	CONTACT: Cher Contact: Cher Celum manha combine or his contact Celum proper sondition for transperti by that if have a program in place to racticable method at transpert, store	m -Trec E	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obove to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determ ni and futur	tined to be economia threat to human hagement method
Castion: Wear appropriate protect Process of Exergency C She pick the address: 16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: Mished marked, and labeled, and are in all respectively and the environment, OX, if I can a small evaluable to me and that I can afford. Proceed/Typed Name They sporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt	CONTACT: Chell Contact of the contac	m - Tree strain and by highway occurs the volume up. or disposed egood faith efforts	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obove to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determined and faller of and faller of waste mail	ined to be economial throat to human inagement method
Castion: West appropriate protect Process of Exergency C She pickup address: 16. Generator's Certification: history marked, and labeled, and are in all respect If I am a large quantity generator, I cartificated and the environment, OR, if I am a small available to me and that I can afford. Projugat/Typed Name The proporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt Printed Typed Name	CONTACT: Chell Contact of the contac	m - Tree strain and by highway occurs the volume up. or disposed egood faith efforts	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obove to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determ n) and future n) waste mai	ined to be economial throat to human magament method
Castion: Wear appropriate protect IN CASE OF EMERGENCY C Sto plok to address: 16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: PHYSION marked, and labeled, and are in directly If I am a large quantity generator. I cartifi presitively end that I have selected the proud the environment, OR, if I am a small available to me and that I can afford. Prospect 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt Printed Typed Name I CHAYA EDIM IT Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt	CONTACT: Cherical and respirators Contact: Cherical and the London of the Contact	m-Tree	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obove to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determined and feloments waste mail	ined to be economial threat to human inagement method with PO 12 and PO 12
Cassion: West appropriate protect Process of Exergency C She pickup address: 16. Generator's Certification: history marked, and labeled, and are in all respect If I am a large quantity generator, I cartificately and their have selected his protected his protected his protected his protected to me and that I can afford. Projugal/Typed Name The proporter I Acknowledgement of Receipt Printed Typed Name CHAYA SAM	CONTACT: Circle Contac	m-Tree	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obave to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determined and futures of waste mail	ined to be economial threat to human inagement method with PO 2
Castion: Wear appropriate protect Process of Entergency Caste place of the protect of the protect of the province of the process of the proc	CONTACT: Cherical and respirators Contact: Cherical and the London of the Contact	m-Tree	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obave to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determined and feloments waste mail	ined to be economial threat to human inagement method with PO 12 and PO 12
Castion: Wear appropriate protect IN CASE OF EMERGENCY C Sto nick to address: 16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: Mileson marked, one is believed. And are in directly if I am a large quantity generator. I cartifi prefiteble and their have telested the proud the environment. OR, if I cm a small prefiteble to me and that I can afford. Prograph Plane They sporter I Acknowledgement of Receipt Printed Typed Name 11. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt Printed/Typed Name	CONTACT: Cherical and respirators Contact: Cherical and the London of the Contact	m-Tree	t 800-424 Id accurately descripting to applicable to applicable to applicable to a contractly of me and toxicity of me and tox	-9300 bed obave to nternational oute genero me which	ted to the degree t	have determined and feloments waste mail	ined to be economial threat to human inagement method with PO 12 and PO 12

DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE.

DISC 8022A (1/79) EPA 8700-22 OCT-05-00 06:39 AM

P.05

					:1.
WASTE WANTEST NON HAZ	Manifest 2. Pag Document No. L15 101	ge 1			
3. Generator's Name and Mailing Address EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE 1301 AVE. CESAR CHAVES 4. Generator MOTEREY BARK, CA 91754					
5. Transporter 1 Company Name 6. US EPAID Num NATIONAL RESOURCES NON-HAZ	1. "	626-4)) ?	
7. Transporter 2 Company Name 8. US EPA ID Num	nber B. Tre	ansporter's P			
9. Designated Facility Name and Site Address 10. US EPA ID Num AMERICAN RECOVERY, INC 3033 W. MISSION ROAD ALHAMBRA, CA 91803 NON-HAZ	iber C. Fe	cility's Phone			
ALHAMBRA, CA 91803NON-HAZ		26-458 12. Cont		13.	14,
The state of the s		No.	Турв	Total Quantly	WVV
(CLARIFIER WASTE WATER) NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE LIQUID		001	TT	04000	5
Q b.					-
d.					
D. Additional Descriptions for Materials Listed Above 11a. CLARIFIER WASTE WATER -98-05037		Indling Codes		tes Listed Above	
15. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PART SECURITION OF BELLEVILLE STATE SHARE	***************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
WEAR PROPER P.P.E 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER 626-4	158-2222				
18. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I certify the meterials described above on this manifest are not subject.				-1 -4 53	
Printer/Typed Name A 77 3lonature-7	Per la recenta regulation de la	C (Abbullud bud	et dispos	Month Day	/ <u>)</u>
Lapper C perxer	Y L. X J.E.	· · · ·		17 3	715
				Month Da	y y
1 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials	week 6		_	20 21 5	واه
1 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials	hear 6	an	-	2/2/0	019
1 17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials	man 6	ar		Month De	09
17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printad/Typed Name Signature 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printad/Typed Name 19. Discrepancy Indication Space	Luch 6			Month De	09
17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name Signature 16. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name Signature Signature	repl as noted in item 19.			Month Da	09
17. Transporter 1 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printad/Typed Name Signature 18. Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printad/Typed Name Signature 19. Discrepancy Indication Space	ept as noted in item 19.			Month Ca	0 9

ORIGINAL - RETURN TO GENERATOR

		05T-95-98(86:37 AM							Þ	03
		NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST	1. Generatoris US	21 mm for on many	Nanifest Document No.	2.03%				
		Generator's Phone (2) St. L. L. L. Generator's Phone (2) St. L. L. Generator's Phone (2) St. L. L. Generator's Phone (2) St. L. Generator's P	ELES CHAV	01/535 1881754			and wheel he gray gray.			y a r
		NATIONAL ROSOLL 7. Yransporter E Company Name	ROCES	CO EPAIDA S USEPAIDA	46Z	200	aponera Pi <u>262 60</u> aponera F	57	2792	
	BO33 W. MISSION RO.						O. Facility's Phone			
		11, Wasia Bripping Name and Osacripton		Andrew State of the Control of the C		(Cara	18 Conti No.	tinens Type	TOAL Train quantin	14. Unit WATON
	and the same of the same of	· (CLARIFIER NON-HAZARDOUS				·	5 <u>6</u> /	7.7	ÓZSA	16
	SENER	E.		entide the contract of the con	er deier Malle in 1800 in deue werden verschen zu der er		antarras draw arabasin-napi		4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
	TOA	th.	·	e a state" du Jiwang kanangan panggan ang kata ng and panggananga	marinami'ny arra vo /m ny souri syste sosta anna a					
		D. Additional Crescriptions for Materials Listed Addive		- 1 to 1 t			ing Oodes	for Was	tes Later Above	
		11a. CLARIFIER V	NASTE	WATER-9	9-05037	,	¥-0	ge ^e		
	The state of the s	18. Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information $W \in AR \cap PRo \cap $	ER P.	PIE COP	HACT	 W-	ei im b	5K	(E26) 457	-,222
		16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I certify the ma	teriais described abo	ve on this mentest are not so	bject to laderal regula	ipris ior n	perting proc	er diapos	El di Hattordous W	zale,
-	¥ Tp	Printed Typed Name LE KI ALCO TO THE RESERVE OF MA	CINS Intelle	Ken	next?	ed the	1		٥٤٥	u? d
	TRACES OF THE	FrintedTypad Namin R25472 / 18 Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Flendigt of Mail	derialo	Signature		VV	V.	St on analyzing	PERS	সমূৰ
	E	PrintedTyped Name 19. Discrapancy Indication Speca	and Managoria american pagas.	Signature			, iq.	delicano de acesas	inkarth Day	/ Year
	FACT					·	Output gir,			
		23. Facility Owner or Operator, Certification of receipt	of waste meterials of	covered by this manifest en	coapt as noted in its	77. 15.	1	· ····································	and interpretation	rear
			ORIGINAL -	RETURN TO GE	NERATOR					

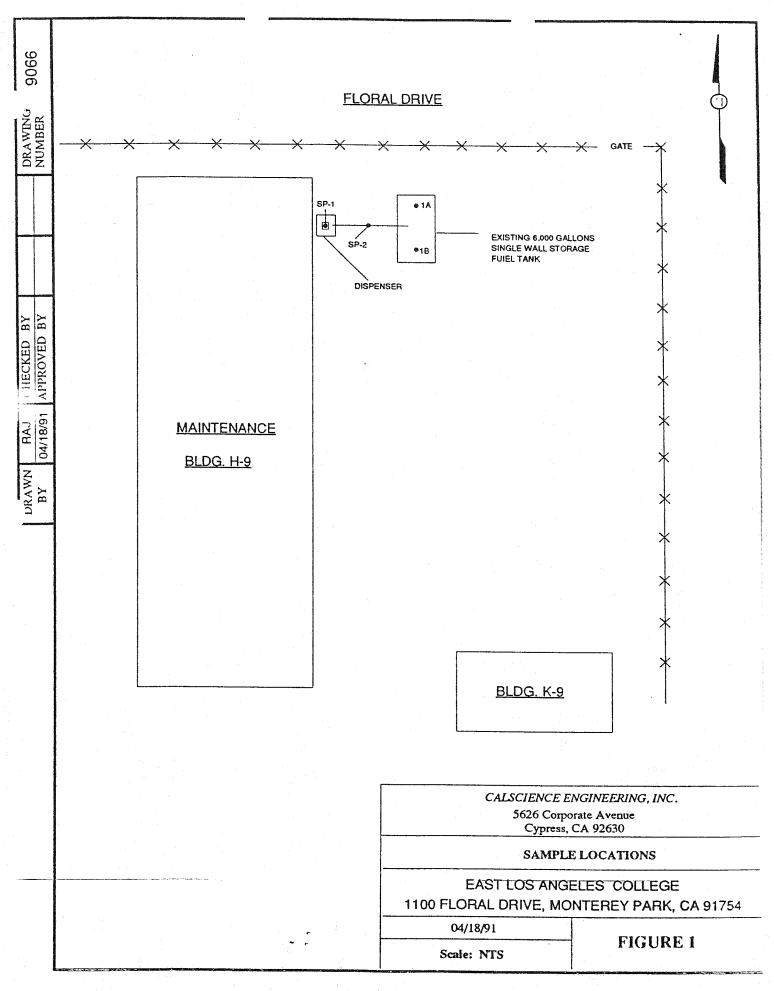
OCT-05-00 06:38 AM

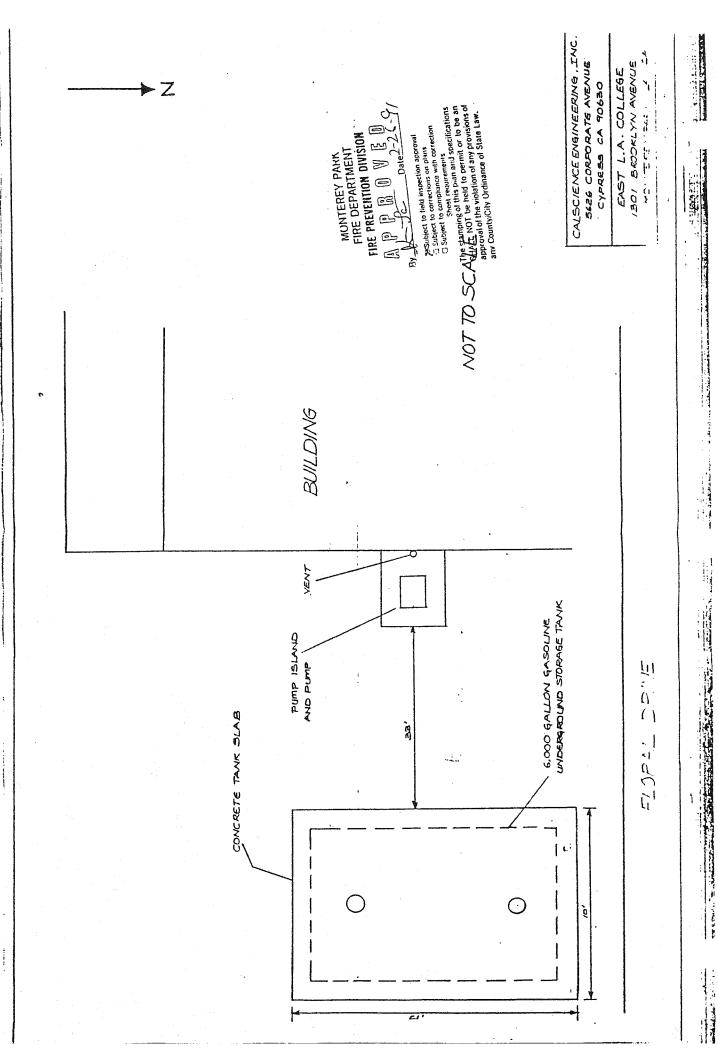
P. 64

NON-HAZARDOUS 1. Generators US EPA ID No. Paryment No. 2. Page 1 **WASTE MANIFEST** . NON-HAZ. 1 04 1 3. Gereral ANS AND AND THE COLLEGE 1301 AVE. CESAR CHAVES 4. Generators Park, CA 91754 S. Transporter ! Company Name US EFA ID Number A. Transponar's Phone T. Transponer 2 Company Warrie NON HAS 5. Transponers Phone 2222 8. Designated Facility Numbered Edite Address
 AMERICAN RECOVERY, INC. US EPA ID Number G. Facility's Phone 3033 W. MISSION ROAD ALHAMBRA, CA 91803 NON-HAZ 626-458-2222 11. Weete Shipping Name and Description 12. Containers Id. Unit Total (CLARIFIER WASTE WATER) NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE LIQUID 02500 OOHTT 6 5. A c. D. Additional Descriptions for Materials Listed Above
11a. CLARIFIER WASTE WATER - 98-05037 E. Handling Codes for Wastes Lietau Above 145-01 15. Special Handling instructions and Additional Information WEAR PROPER P.P.E 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER 626-458-2222 16. GENERATOR'S CERTIFICATION: I certify the materials described above on this manifest are not subject to federal cegulations 0802199 KENNETH 17. Transporter 1 Adknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typed Name
/2/4// Signature 87 BZ 12054210 19, Transporter 2 Acknowledgement of Receipt of Materials Printed/Typied Name Signature Manis Day Y 85 ! 19. Discrepancy Indication Space 20. Facility Owner or Operator: Certification of receipt of waste materials covered by title manifest except as noted in item 19. Papinal Typed Name CANDON - Park ORIGINAL - RETURN TO GENERATOR

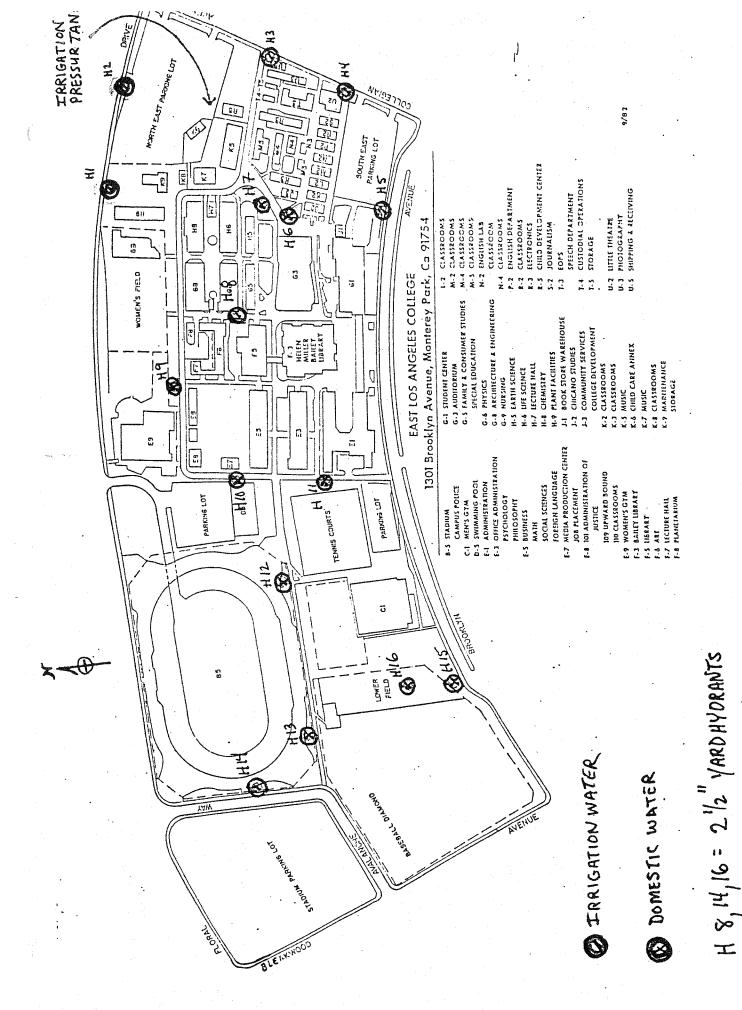
....

12.6 Site Map(s)



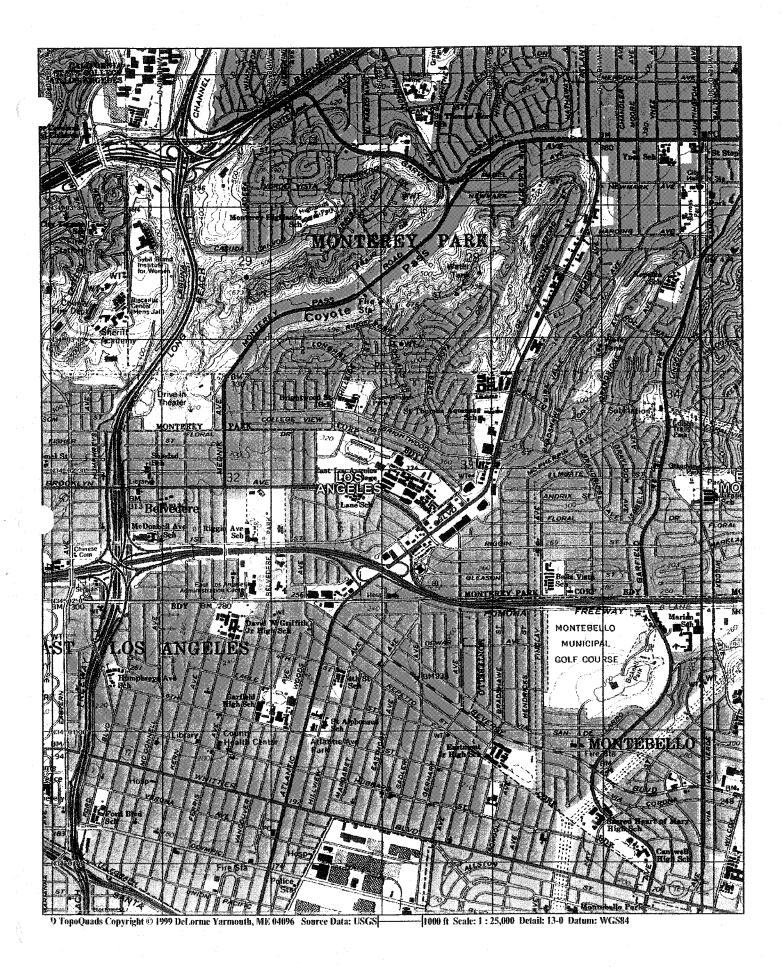


and indicates

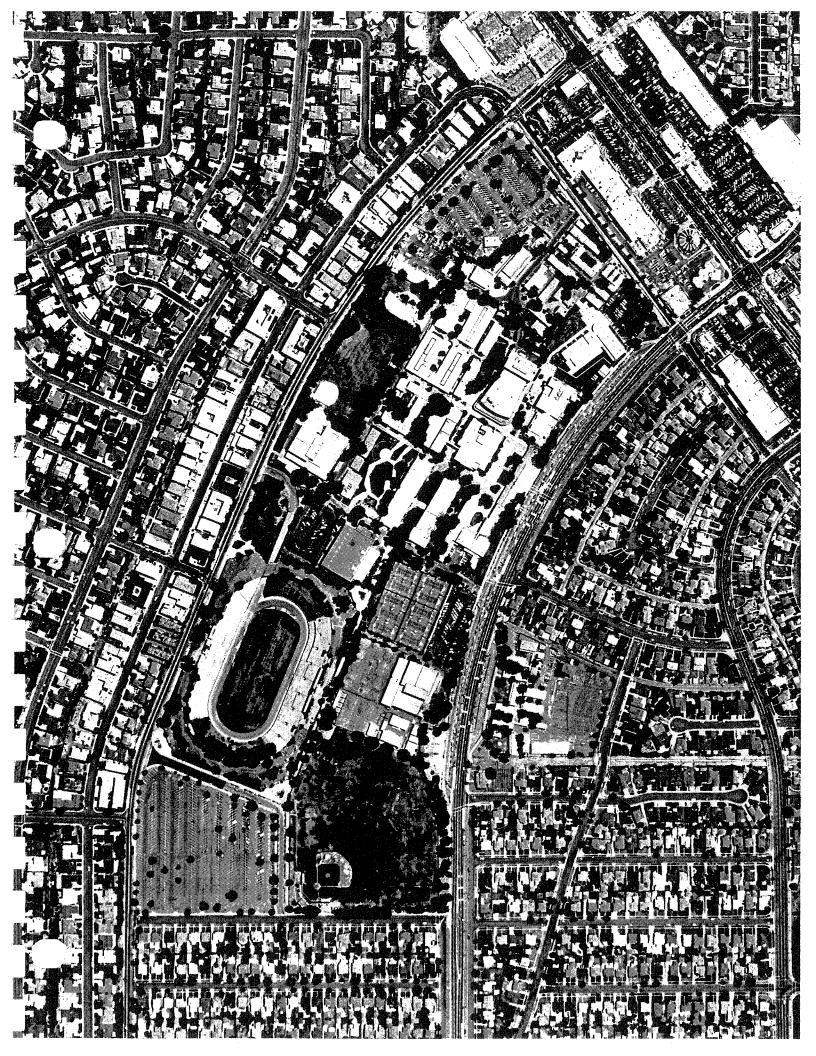


HYDRANTS ARE NOT COLOR CODED FOR SUPPLY SOURCE OR GPM OUTPUT.

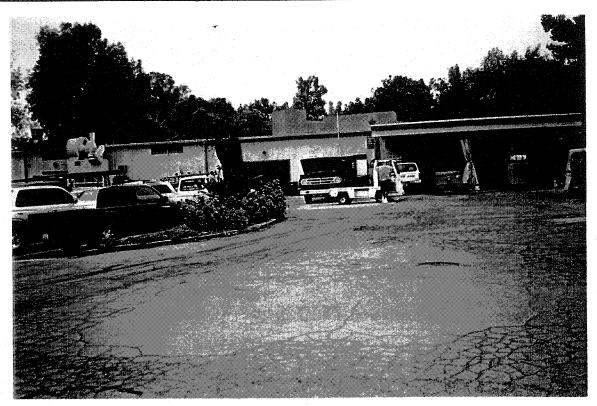
12.7 USGS Topographic Map



12.8 Historical Aerial Photograph



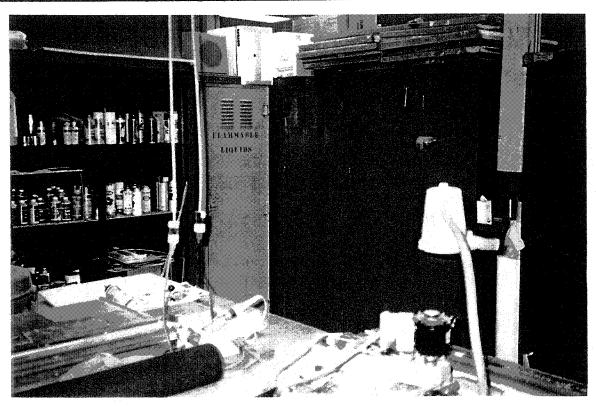
12.9 Additional Site Photographs



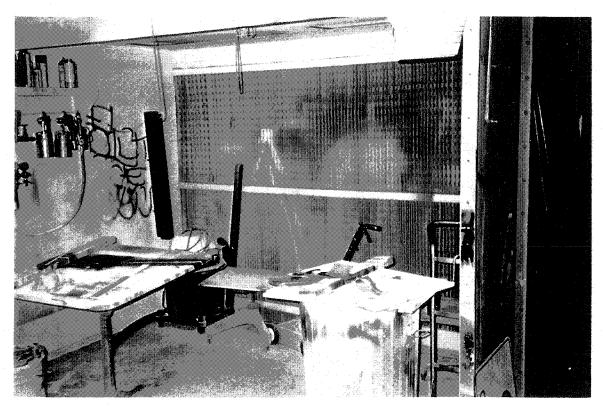
Facilities/Maintenance Area



Hazardous Waste Storage in Maintenance Yard



Flammable Materials Storage Cabinet



Paint Spray Booth



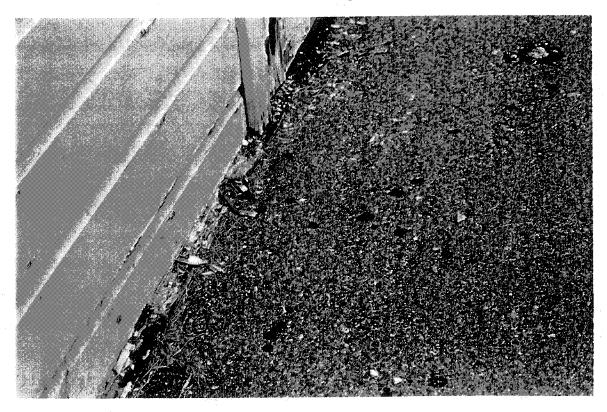
Site of Underground Storage Tank



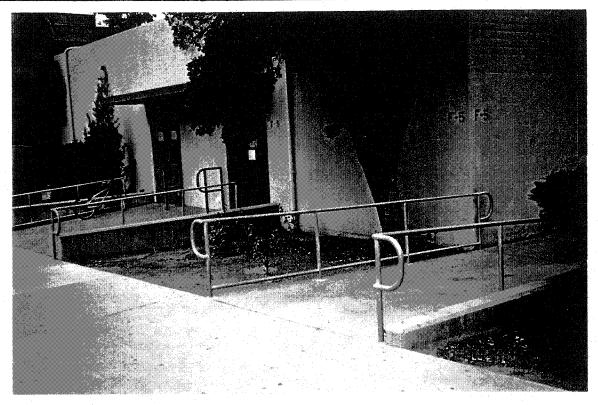
Gas Dispenser



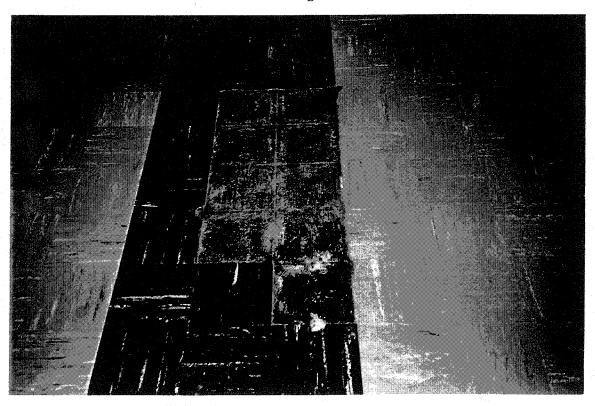
Paint Failure on Bungalow M-5



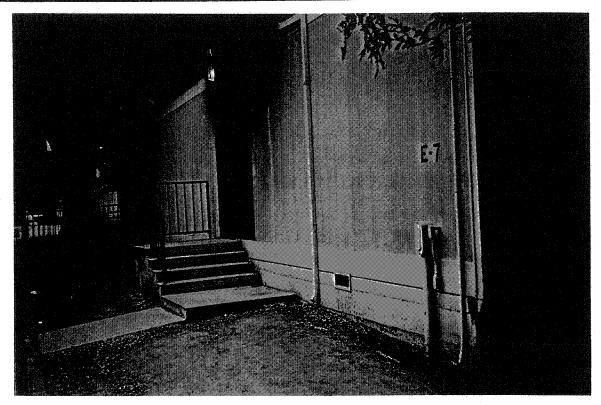
Paint Chips on Ground



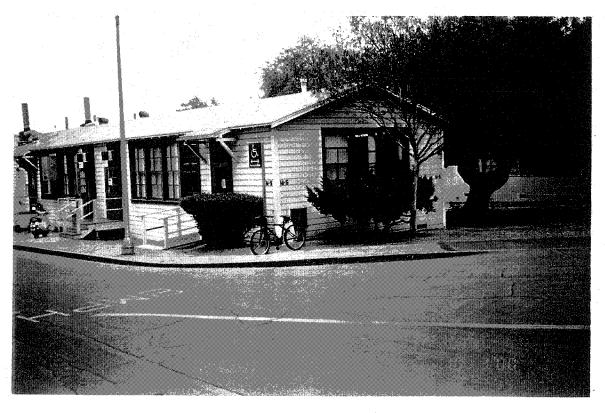
Building F-5



Floor Tile in Building F-5



Bungalow E-7



Bungalow M-5

Appendix F

NOISE DATA

Į.

*

INPUT DATA FILE : ELACEX.S32 BARRIER COST FILE : CALIF\$.DTA DATE : 10-05-2000

mast Los Angeles College EIR

TRAFFIC DATA

LANE	AU	TO	MEDIUM		HEAVY			
NO.	VPH	MPH	VPH	MPH	VPH	MPH	DESCRIPTION	
1	1069	35	9	30	2	25	Floral Drive	
2	1074	35	9	30	2	25	Floral Drive	
3	1079	35	9	30	2	25	Floral Drive	
4	259	25	5	20	1	20	Bleakwood Drive	
5	1240	35	9	30	1	30	Cesar Chavez	
6	1230	35	9	30	1	30	Cesar Chavez	٠.
7	1280	35	9	30	1	30	Cesar Chavez	
8	520	25	. 9	20	1	20	Collegian	
9	2225	35	10	30	5	30	Atlantic	
10	1152	25	9	20	1	20	FLORAL DRIVE	
11	1340	35	9	30	1	30	Cesar Chavez	

LANE DATA

ANE NO.		GRADE COR.	X	Y	Z	SEGMENT DESCRIPTION
1	1	NO	1705.0 1101.0	770.0 770.0		east end west end
2	1	NO	1100.0 55.0	770.0 770.0		east end west end
3	1	NO	54.0 -275.0	770.0 660.0		east end west end
4	1	NO	-275.0 0.0	659.0 0.0		north end south end
5	1	NO	0.0 275.0	-1.0 110.0		west end east end
6	1	МО	276.0 770.0	110.0 220.0		west end east end
7	1	NO	771.0 1430.0	220.0		west end east end
8	1	NO	1431.0 1705.0	0.0 769.0		south end
9	1	NO	1925.0 1650.0	550.0 -110.0		north end south end

10	1	NO	1706.0 1920.0	769.0 550.0	0.0	WEST END EAST END
11	1	NO	1431.0 1651.0	0.0 -110.0		west end east end

RECEIVER DATA

REC. NO.	X	Y	Z	DNL	PEOPLE	ID	
1	1660.0	845.0	5.0	67	500	sr4	
2	165.0	810.0	5.0	67	500	sr3	
3	-200.0	100.0	5.0	67	500	sr2	
4	300.0	320.0	5.0	67	500	sr1	
5	475.0	55.0	3.0	67	500	sr5	

DROP-OFF RATES

ALL LANE/RECEIVER PAIRS = 3.0 DBA

K - CONSTANTS

ALL LANE RECEIVER/PAIRS = 0.0 DBA

SOUND32 - RELEASE 07/30/91

TITLE:

East Los Angeles College EIR

BASED ON FHWA-RD-108 AND CALIFORNIA REFERENCE ENERGY MEAN EMISSION LEVELS

RECEIVER	LEQ
	pa. emm 1000 600 600 600
sr4	63.2
sr3	66.2
sr2	56.8
sr1	60.0
sr5	62.9

INPUT DATA FILE : ELACNP.S32 BARRIER COST FILE : CALIF\$.DTA DATE : 10-05-2000

East Los Angeles College EIR 2015 Cumulative base

TRAFFIC DATA

LANE NO.	AU VPH	TO MPH	MEDIUM VPH	TRKS MPH	HEAVY VPH	TRKS MPH	DESCRIPTION
4	1237	35	8	30		 25	Floral Drive
2	1245	35 35	9	30	4	25	Floral Drive
3	1352	35	9	30	4	25	Floral Drive
4	286	25	ž	20	ī	20	Bleakwood Drive
5	1481	35	9	30	4	30	Cesar Chavez
6	1500	35	12	30	3	30	Cesar Chavez
7	1520	35	12	30	3	30	Cesar Chavez
8	570	25	4	20	1	20	Collegian
9	3755	35	20	30	8	30	Atlantic
10	1322	25	10	20	3	20	FLORAL DRIVE
11	1585	35	10	30	5	30	Cesar Chavez
440 cm cm cm cm 440 045 045	* *** *** *** *** *** **** **** ****						表 (

LANE DATA

2222412	200000							
LANE NO.		GRADE COR.	X	У	Z	SEGMENT DESCRIPTION	ayan sainy sany siday saida	oo soos wax siine dhas si
1	1	NO	1705.0 1101.0	770.0 770.0	0.0	east end west end		
2	1	NO	1100.0 55.0	770.0 770.0	0.0	east end west end		
3	1	ИО	54.0 -275.0	770.0 660.0	0.0	east end west end		
4	1 .	NO	-275.0 0.0	659.0 0.0	0.0	north end south end		
5	1	NO	0.0 275.0	-1.0 110.0	0.0	west end east end		
6	1	NO	276.0 770.0	110.0 220.0	0.0	west end east end		
7	1	МО	771.0 1430.0	220.0	0.0	west end east end		
8	1	NO	1431.0 1705.0	0.0 769.0	0.0	south end north end		
9	1	NO	1925.0	550.0	0.0	north end		

			1650.0	-110.0	0.0	south end
10	q	NO	1706.0 1920.0	769.0 550.0	0.0	WEST END EAST END
11	1	NO	1431.0 1651.0	0.0 -110.0	0.0	west end east end

RECEIVER DATA

REC.	X	Y	Z	DNL 1	PEOPLE	ID		m- tuo amo
1	1660.0	845.0	5.0	67	500	sr4		
2	165.0	810.0	5.0	67	500	sr3		
3	-200.0	100.0	5.0	67	500	sr2		
4	300.0	320.0	5.0	67	500	sr1		
5	475.0	55.0	3.0	67	500	sr5		
							in all other value appear about place design des design de	

DROP-OFF RATES

ALL LANE/RECEIVER PAIRS = 3.0 DBA

ALL LAND/ADOLIVER TAIRD - 3.0 DBM

K - CONSTANTS

ALL LANE RECEIVER/PAIRS = 0.0 DBA

SOUND32 - RELEASE 07/30/91

TITLE:

East Los Angeles College EIR 2015 Cumulative base

BASED ON FHWA-RD-108 AND CALIFORNIA REFERENCE ENERGY MEAN EMISSION LEVELS

RECEIVER	LEQ
sr4	64.0
sr3	67.0
sr2	57.6
sr1	61.0
sr5	63.9

INPUT DATA FILE : ELACP.S32
RARRIER COST FILE : CALIF\$.DTA
ATE : 10-05-2000

East Los Angeles College EIR 2015 Project

TRAFFIC DATA

LANE NO.	AU VPH	TO MPH	MEDIUM VPH	TRKS MPH	HEAVY VPH	TRKS MPH	DESCRIPTION	us quan entir +
1	1370	35	10	30	5	25	Floral Drive	
2	1370	35	10	30	5	25	Floral Drive	
3	1365	35	10	30	5	25	Floral Drive	
4	379	25	5	20	1	20	Bleakwood Drive	
5	1600	35	10	30	5	30	Cesar Chavez	
6	1680	35	12	30	3	30	Cesar Chavez	
7	1760	35	12	30	3	30	Cesar Chavez	
8	590	25	9	20	1	20	Collegian	
9	3848	35	20	30	10	30	Atlantic	
10	1460	25	10	20	3	20	FLORAL DRIVE	
11	1585	35	10	30	5	30	Cesar Chavez	

LANE DATA

ANE NO.		GRADE COR.	x	Y	Z .	SEGMENT DESCRIPTION
1	1	NO	1705.0 1101.0	770.0 770.0		east end west end
2	1	NO	1100.0 55.0	770.0 770.0		east end west end
3	1	NO	54.0 -275.0	770.0 660.0		east end west end
4	1	NO	-275.0 0.0	659.0 0.0		north end south end
5	1	NO	0.0 275.0	-1.0 110.0		west end east end
6	1	NO	276.0 770.0	110.0 220.0		west end east end
7	1	NO	771.0 1430.0	220.0		west end east end
8	1	NO	1431.0 1705.0	0.0 769.0		south end
9	1	NO	1925.0	550.0	0.0	north end

			1650.0	-110.0	0.0	south end
10	1	NO	1706.0 1920.0	769.0 550.0	0.0	WEST END EAST END
11	1	NO	1431.0 1651.0	0.0 -110.0	0.0	west end east end

RECEIVER DATA

REC. NO.	X	Y	Z	DNL	PEOPLE	ID	NO 84400 GLOSS STATE STA	and and the tree one one one
1	1660.0	845.0	5.0	67	500	sr4		
2	165.0	810.0	5.0	67	500	sr3		
3	-200.0	100.0	5.0	67	500	sr2		
4	300.0	320.0	5.0	67	500	sr1		
5	475.0	55.0	3.0	67	500	sr5		

DROP-OFF RATES

ALL LANE/RECEIVER PAIRS = 3.0 DBA

K - CONSTANTS

ALL LANE RECEIVER/PAIRS = 0.0 DBA

SOUND32 - RELEASE 07/30/91

TITLE:

East Los Angeles College EIR 2015 Project

BASED ON FHWA-RD-108 AND CALIFORNIA REFERENCE ENERGY MEAN EMISSION LEVELS

RECEIVER	LEQ
sr4	64.5
sr3	67.4
sr2	58.2
sr1	61.5
sr5	64.3

INPUTS	
Existing Ambient Sound Level at Receptor (Leq)	57
Receptor Distance from Crowd with Direct Line of Sight (feet)	1,650
Total Crowd Size	10,000
Number of Plays that Result in Max Noise	60
Duration of Single Max Noise Event (sec)	10
Total Playing Time During Game (sec)	10,800
Height of Stadium Wall above Playing Field	40
Receptor Height in relation to Play field elevation	5
RESULTS	- Table 12
Maximum Noise Level at Mid Field	95
Contribution from Crowd With Line of Sight to Receptor	92
Distance from Midpoint of Crowd to Mid Field (feet)	170
Single Event Max Noise Level Adjusted for Receptor Distance	72
New Leq at Receptor	59
Change in Leq with No Barrier	2
Is Change Greater Than 3 Decibels	NO
Assumptions: Reference Crowd Size Reference Crowd Noise at Midfield Severe Tors A. Haves Associates	65,000 111
Source: Terry A. Hayes Associates.	·

INPUTS CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY	
Existing Ambient Sound Level at Receptor (Leq)	66
Receptor Distance from Crowd with Direct Line of Sight (feet)	650
Total Crowd Size	10,000
Number of Plays that Result in Max Noise	60
Duration of Single Max Noise Event (sec)	10
Total Playing Time During Game (sec)	10,800
Height of Stadium Wall above Playing Field	40
Receptor Height in relation to Play field elevation	60
RESULTS	
Maximum Noise Level at Mid Field	95
Contribution from Crowd With Line of Sight to Receptor	92
Distance from Midpoint of Crowd to Mid Field (feet)	170
Single Event Max Noise Level Adjusted for Receptor Distance	80
New Leq at Receptor	68
Change in Leq with No Barrier	2
Is Change Greater Than 3 Decibels	NO
Assumptions: Reference Crowd Size Reference Crowd Noise at Midfield Source: Terry A. Hayes Associates.	65,000 111

INPUTS	
Existing Ambient Sound Level at Receptor (Leq)	57
Receptor Distance from Crowd with Direct Line of Sight (feet)	1,650
Total Crowd Size	20,000
Number of Plays that Result in Max Noise	60
Duration of Single Max Noise Event (sec)	10
Total Playing Time During Game (sec)	10,800
Height of Stadium Wall above Playing Field	40
Receptor Height in relation to Play field elevation	5
RESULTS	
Maximum Noise Level at Mid Field	101
Contribution from Crowd With Line of Sight to Receptor	98
Distance from Midpoint of Crowd to Mid Field (feet)	230
Single Event Max Noise Level Adjusted for Receptor Distance	81
New Leq at Receptor	65
Change in Leq with No Barrier	8
Is Change Greater Than 3 Decibels	YES
Assumptions:	
Reference Crowd Size	65,000
Reference Crowd Noise at Midfield Source: Terry A. Hayes Associates.	111

INPUTS DELL'ARTER DELL	
Existing Ambient Sound Level at Receptor (Leq)	66
Receptor Distance from Crowd with Direct Line of Sight (feet)	650
Total Crowd Size	20,000
Number of Plays that Result in Max Noise	60
Duration of Single Max Noise Event (sec)	10
Total Playing Time During Game (sec)	10,800
Height of Stadium Wall above Playing Field	40
Receptor Height in relation to Play field elevation	60
RESULTS	
Maximum Noise Level at Mid Field	101
Contribution from Crowd With Line of Sight to Receptor	98
Distance from Midpoint of Crowd to Mid Field (feet)	230
Single Event Max Noise Level Adjusted for Receptor Distance	89
New Leq at Receptor	73
Change in Leq with No Barrier	7
Is Change Greater Than 3 Decibels	YES
Assumptions: Reference Crowd Size Reference Crowd Noise at Midfield Source: Terry A. Hayes Associates.	65,000 111

INPUTS 1	100
Existing Ambient Sound Level at Receptor (Leq)	57
Receptor Distance from Crowd with Direct Line of Sight (feet)	1,650
Total Crowd Size	30,000
Number of Plays that Result in Max Noise	60
Duration of Single Max Noise Event (sec)	10
Total Playing Time During Game (sec)	10,800
Height of Stadium Wall above Playing Field	40
Receptor Height in relation to Play field elevation	5
RESULTS	
Maximum Noise Level at Mid Field	104
Contribution from Crowd With Line of Sight to Receptor	101
Distance from Midpoint of Crowd to Mid Field (feet)	290
Single Event Max Noise Level Adjusted for Receptor Distance	86
New Leq at Receptor	70
Change in Leq with No Barrier	13
Is Change Greater Than 3 Decibels	YES
Assumptions:	
Reference Crowd Size	65,000
Reference Crowd Noise at Midfield	111
Source: Terry A. Hayes Associates.	·

INPUTS	
Existing Ambient Sound Level at Receptor (Leq)	66
Receptor Distance from Crowd with Direct Line of Sight (feet)	650
Total Crowd Size	30,000
Number of Plays that Result in Max Noise	60
Duration of Single Max Noise Event (sec)	10
Total Playing Time During Game (sec)	10,800
Height of Stadium Wall above Playing Field	40
Receptor Height in relation to Play field elevation	60
RESULTS	a Marian Salah
Maximum Noise Level at Mid Field	104
Contribution from Crowd With Line of Sight to Receptor	101
Distance from Midpoint of Crowd to Mid Field (feet)	290
Single Event Max Noise Level Adjusted for Receptor Distance	94
New Leq at Receptor	78
Change in Leq with No Barrier	12
Is Change Greater Than 3 Decibels	YES
Assumptions:	
Reference Crowd Size	65,000
Reference Crowd Noise at Midfield Source: Terry A. Hayes Associates.	111

Appendix G TRAFFIC REPORT

Supplemental Traffic Report

A Corporation

Transportation Planning

Traffic Engineering

Parking Studies

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Randi Cooper

FROM:

Ron Hirsch, Project Manager

SUBJECT:

East Los Angeles Community College Master Plan

DATE:

November 6, 2000

REF: 1315

Kaku Associates has completed the supplemental traffic analysis of the proposed Master Plan expansion and upgrade of the existing stadium facility at the East Los Angeles Community College campus in the City of Monterey Park, California. The analysis assumptions, procedures, results, and conclusions are discussed in this document, which is intended as a supplement to the project EIR traffic study completed last month.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The East Los Angeles Community College Master Plan project consists of a campus-wide program designed to enhance and improve the existing campus, and to allow for an increase in enrollment to a total of approximately 25,000 full time students by the year 2015. The program includes the renovation of or addition to several buildings, plus the construction of some new facilities including parking structures.

Among the planned improvements is the upgrade and expansion of the College stadium, located near the northwest corner of the campus. The existing stadium contains approximately 20,000 seats, with the expansion to add approximately 10,000 more seats. Additional parking for the stadium, as well as for general-purpose campus parking, will be provided by a new 2,200-space parking structure adjacent to the stadium, at the southeast corner of Floral Drive and Bleakwood Avenue.

STUDY SCOPE

The traffic studies performed to evaluate the potential traffic and parking impacts of the Master Plan project examined a total of 12 intersections adjacent to and surrounding the campus. This analysis is more focused, and is designed to address the "special event" impacts of activity at the

stadium such as football or soccer games. These events occur generally on weekday evenings or on weekends, times when the typical traffic flow patterns and volumes on the surrounding street system are not as likely to be critically affected by additional traffic. As a result of these conditions, and the fact that they occur only periodically throughout the school year, the traffic study for the proposed stadium expansion examined the traffic impacts at the two intersections most likely to be affected, Cesar Chavez Avenue and Bleakwood Avenue, and Floral Drive and Bleakwood Avenue. These locations are the nearest study intersections to the primary stadium access and parking locations.

The two study intersections were examined during the post-PM peak hour evening period on weekdays (Friday, between 6:00 and 8:00 PM) and on weekend afternoon/evening (Saturday, 4:00 to 7:00 PM). These periods were chosen after examining the activity schedule for the stadium. It was determined that a soccer game was scheduled for Friday, September 29th at 6:00 PM, while a football game was to take place on Saturday, September 30th beginning at 7:00 PM. These activities were judged to be typical of the existing uses of the stadium, and became the basis for the proposed stadium expansion traffic impact estimates.

Additionally, the study examined the potential traffic impacts on a daily basis for six street segments along the access routes to and from the stadium. The street segments examined are listed below:

- Bleakwood Avenue, north of Avalanche Way
- Bleakwood Avenue, south of Avalanche Way
- Cesar Chavez Avenue, east of Bleakwood Avenue
- Cesar Chavez Avenue, east of Bleakwood Avenue
- Floral Drive, east of Avalanche Way
- Floral Drive, west of Bleakwood Avenue

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Current traffic conditions in the study area were determined from new counts conducted at the two intersection and six street segment locations identified previously. As described in the preceding section, the intersection traffic counts were taken on Friday between 6:00 and 8:00 PM, and on Saturday between 4:00 and 7:00 PM. The counts on the street segments were obtained from automated "tube" counters, and occurred from midnight Thursday through midnight Saturday, in order to provide 24-hour traffic data for both Friday and Saturday conditions.

The dates of the counts were selected to represent "typical" conditions for the College. As described earlier in this document, the "with stadium activity" counts occurred on Friday September 19th and Saturday September 20th, 2000. These days contained a Friday soccer game and Saturday football game at the stadium. The "without stadium activity" counts were taken on Friday October 13th and Saturday October 14th, 2000. These days represent average days when the College is in session. No special event activities were scheduled for the stadium during the selected count periods on either of the two October days.

TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

By comparing the "without stadium activity" and "with stadium activity" traffic data for existing conditions, it was possible to quantify the impacts of the existing 20,000-seat stadium on the surrounding street system, both in terms of intersection impacts, and on a daily traffic basis. These existing effects were then extrapolated to estimate the potential impacts of the addition of 10,000 new stadium seats.

Intersection Analysis

The intersection turning movement counts described earlier were used to obtain the without and with stadium events intersection operating conditions for the current situation. The turning movement volumes for each of the allowed intersection moves were compared between the without and with event counts. However, because traffic is not constant between different days, the volumes at some intersection moves decreased between the without and with stadium activity scenarios. In order to present the most conservative analyses possible, traffic volumes at those moves that decreased were held constant from the without stadium activity counts, resulting in zero stadium trips for those particular moves. While stadium event traffic could cause some disruptions of normal turning movements resulting in volume reductions, this assumption presents the most conservative estimate of stadium-related impacts.

The existing traffic added to the area street system due to the current stadium was determined by subtracting the "without event" volumes from the "with event" volumes. This difference, representing the traffic from a 20,000-seat stadium, was then multiplied by 50 percent to estimate additional trips resulting from an additional 10,000 seats. The net new trips were then added back to the "with event" volumes, to produce the "with stadium expansion" traffic volumes.

The intersection impacts were evaluated using the same Highway Capacity Manual (HCS) analysis procedures and methodologies as described in the traffic study. The results of those analyses are summarized in Table 1. The supporting calculation worksheets are contained in the appendix of this report.

TABLE 1
INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE AND PROJECT IMPACTS

		Without	Event	With Event		With Expansion Project			
		V/C or		V/C or		V/C or			
Intersection	Day	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Impact	Significant
Cesar Chavez Ave. &	Friday	0.310	Α	0.314	Α	0.317	Α	0.003	No
Bleakwood Ave.	Saturday	0.237	Α	0.271	Α	0.290	Α	0.019	No
Floral Dr. &	Friday	14	В	14	В	14	В	0	No
Bleakwood Ave.	Saturday	11	В	11	В	11	В	0	No

Note: "Delay" represents total intersection delay, in seconds.

Table 1 shows that the two intersections nearest the stadium are not significantly affected under current conditions. Further, the proposed addition of the 10,000 seats is not expected to result in significant impacts to the study intersections. Both locations are anticipated to continue to operate at good levels of service, LOA A and LOS B during both analysis periods. This is primarily due to the lower traffic volumes during the stadium utilization times as compared to the more critical peak hours examined in the Master Plan project EIR traffic study. As a result, no mitigation measures beyond those identified in the original EIR study are required due to the proposed expansion and upgrade of the stadium.

Street Segment Impacts

Daily traffic volumes on the six roadway segments identified were also analyzed. Automated machines were placed on these streets during the selected days to count traffic. As with the intersection analyses, the traffic resulting from the stadium was determined from a comparison of count data on days with no events and days when the stadium was in use. However, unlike the intersection impact analyses, which assumed that all volume changes at the study intersections during the study period were due to the stadium activities, it was recognized that only a portion of the changes in the 24-hour counts were the result of stadium use.

The schedule of events at the stadium was reviewed, and as noted previously, the surveyed activity at the stadium included a Friday soccer game beginning at 6:00 PM, and a Saturday football game starting at 7:00 PM. To isolate traffic due specifically to these events based on the 24-hour automated counts would be difficult, and was not attempted. However, it was assumed that each of the two events (soccer game, football game) each lasts approximately three hours. Additionally, trips were conservatively assumed to arrive or depart the stadium up to two-hours prior to or following the game. Using these assumptions, an approximately seven hour window was identified as potentially containing stadium-event volumes. For the Friday soccer game, the stadium traffic was assumed to occur from 4:00 to 11:00 PM; for the Saturday football game, the stadium traffic window was from 5:00 PM to midnight.

Based on these assumptions, the traffic volumes for without and with stadium event traffic from each of the street segments were compared to identify potential stadium traffic. Similar to the methodology described for the intersection counts, traffic volumes were not assumed to decrease between without and with event conditions. Therefore, data for time periods that indicated such conditions were assumed to have a net difference of zero. This guaranteed that the stadium would not result in "negative" traffic on the subject street segments, and ensured a conservative analysis.

Finally, the existing stadium traffic identified in the seven-hour period was multiplied by one-half to calculate the potential expansion-related volumes. These additional volumes, representing the expected trip generation from the proposed 10,000-seat addition, were added to the "with event" volumes on their respective segments to estimate the total, "with expansion project" daily traffic volumes in the study area.

Based on the forecasting methodology used, it was estimated that the proposed stadium expansion would produce about 840 net new daily trips along Cesar Chavez Avenue and Floral Drive in the study vicinity on Friday afternoon/evenings. During Saturday football games, the additional 10,000 stadium seats could result in about 1,022 net new trips per day. It is important to realize that these trips are not purported to be the entire net new trip generation for the stadium; they represent only the traffic additions to those street segments selected for analysis. Additional traffic may occur on street segments farther east, but traffic additions in the commercialized areas during the study periods are not considered as significant as in the "residential" areas nearer the stadium.

The existing and forecast project traffic volumes are summarized in Table 2.

TABLE 2(a)
DAILY TRAFFIC VOLUMES ON AREA STREETS
FRIDAY CONDITIONS

Street	Segment	Without Event	With Event	Estimated Project Volumes	With Project Volumes	Percent Increase
Cesar Chavez Ave.	W/O Bleakwood Ave. E/O Bleakwood Ave.	13,408 12,358	13,383 13,601	160 311	13,543 13,912	
Floral Dr.	W/O Bleakwood Ave. E/O Avalanche Way	12,380 14,128	12,504 14,291	144 225	12,648 14,516	
Bleakwood Ave.	N/O Avalanche Way S/O Avalanche Way	977 2,337	1,276 2,586		1,327 2,662	

TABLE 2(b)
DAILY TRAFFIC VOLUMES ON AREA STREETS
SATURDAY CONDITIONS

Street	Segment	Without Event	With Event	Estimated Project Volumes	With Project Volumes	Percent Increase
Cesar Chavez Ave.	W/O Bleakwood Ave. E/O Bleakwood Ave.	9,715 9,312	10,125 10,327		10,294 10,678	1
Floral Dr.	W/O Bleakwood Ave. E/O Avalanche Way	8,580 9,802	9,038 10,537		9,216 10,861	1.9% 3.0%
Bleakwood Ave.	N/O Avalanche Way S/O Avalanche Way	773 1,181	888 1,871	46 226	934 2,097	4.9% 10.8%

As shown in Tables 2(a) and 2(b), the proposed expansion project is expected to result in increases of less than five percent in daily traffic on all of the street segments analyzed, with the exception of Bleakwood Avenue, south of Avalanche Way. This location could see potential increases of nearly 11 percent of the current daily traffic volumes.

The City does not have criteria for evaluating the significance of daily traffic increases on streets such as those examined. While these streets support some residential development, they are not neighborhood streets in the traditional sense. Cesar Chavez Avenue and Floral Drive each support approximately 10,000 vehicles per day, well in excess of the typical 1,500 to 2,000 vehicles per day on local residential streets. Even Bleakwood Avenue, which currently carries between 1,200 and 2,600 vehicles per day, is developed along its east side with the East Los Angeles Community College campus. Therefore, the incremental traffic additions to these streets resulting from the proposed stadium expansion project are not expected to result in significant impacts on any of the street segments in the project vicinity.

ACCESS AND PARKING

Concerns have also been raised regarding the current impacts of the stadium on parking and access to the residential lots fronting Bleakwood Avenue between Floral Drive and Cesar Chavez Avenue. Vehicles park on this segment of Bleakwood Avenue during stadium activities, and disrupt or prohibit access to the resident's parking facilities. The effects of the stadium expansion were also examined in this respect.

The existing campus provides a total of approximately 1,830 on-site parking spaces throughout the site, including approximately 865 spaces in the existing stadium surface lot at the southeast corner of Floral Drive and Avalanche Way, and an additional 70 metered spaces along Avalanche Way. During the weekday evening hours, these spaces are approximately 50 percent occupied, leaving only about 450 spaces available in the vicinity of the stadium to accommodate attendees at stadium events. Based on the current level of trip generation for the stadium, as described in the preceding sections of this document, typical weekday evening stadium events generate parking demands of approximately 850 vehicles, leading to "overflow" parking conditions in neighborhood areas.

As part of the proposed Master Plan project, a significant amount of additional parking is to be constructed. The total number of on-campus spaces will increase from 1,830 to approximately 5,336 spaces. Most significantly, a new 2,200-space parking structure is proposed on the site of the current stadium lot, increasing available parking adjacent to the stadium by 1,335 spaces.

Using the estimated stadium trip generation as a base, the proposed 30,000-seat stadium (following expansion) is expected to generate a parking demand of approximately 1,260 vehicles for weekday evening events, and approximately 1,530 vehicles for weekend events. Assuming that the current student activities on the stadium lot continue, the 2,200-space stadium parking structure is expected to accommodate both the typical student use and the expected stadium activity parking with no overflow.

These projections are based on current stadium usage levels. If the stadium upgrade and expansion results in increased attendance at stadium events, the stadium parking structure may become full. However, as noted previously, the Master Plan will provide 3,506 new on-campus parking spaces. As forecast in the EIR traffic study, following buildout of the campus Master Plan, during typical weekday evening use, students, staff, and visitors will occupy approximately 1,599 of these spaces. This leaves 3,737 spaces unused on the site. Assuming that all 2,200 spaces in the stadium parking structure become full, the campus still provides over 2,500 parking spaces to accommodate stadium event attendees. As such, it is estimated that per-event attendance on weekday evenings could double from current levels without creating parking overflow impacts.

Saturday event attendance is higher than on weekday evenings, as noted previously. However, ambient campus parking utilizations are lower, resulting in more available parking. No weekend parking overflow impacts are expected following construction of the proposed Master Plan parking supply.

The provision of adequate on-site parking by itself is expected to greatly reduce, or fully eliminate, the existing residential access and parking problems. However, to ensure that no such impacts continue, the College should implement a Special Event Parking and Access Management Program. This program will provide guidelines for addressing parking and access during stadium events, and could include such features as assigned parking, or parking/traffic attendants to direct stadium event attendees to use the stadium parking structure. Provisions for alternative parking for attendees should the structure become full will also be detailed.

With the construction of the additional parking spaces, sufficient parking is anticipated for the stadium, assuming the continuation of its present rate of occupancy. However, the Master Plan will provide adequate parking throughout the campus to accommodate increased use. This additional parking, combined with a parking and access management program, are expected to be sufficient to avoid significant parking and access impacts due to the proposed stadium expansion, and will reduce or eliminate the existing residential parking problems along Bleakwood Avenue.

SUMMARY

The impacts of the proposed stadium expansion project, which would add 10,000 seats to the existing 20,000-seat stadium, were examined for weekday evening and weekend afternoon/evening periods. Existing stadium trip generation and impacts were used as a basis for development of traffic characteristics for the expansion project. Two key intersections near the stadium, and six street segments representing the approaches to the stadium were analyzed.

The stadium expansion project will have a minimal impact on the operations of the two key intersections, which are expected to operate at LOS A or B during the time periods analyzed. Additionally, project traffic additions to the area street segments will typically be less than five percent of the existing traffic, and is not expected to cause a significant impact.

The stadium expansion is not expected to result in any significant parking or access impacts. The

The stadium expansion is not expected to result in any significant parking or access impacts. The Master Plan will construct approximately 3,506 new on-campus parking spaces, including approximately 1,335 new spaces adjacent to the stadium. Based on the analysis of current stadium use, this parking facility will be adequate to fully accommodate stadium attendees. However, if the stadium parking should become full, additional on-campus parking exists to meet these increased parking needs. To ensure that no "overflow" parking impacts occur, a Special Event Parking and Access Management Plan should be implemented to direct attendees to available parking. These provisions are expected to reduce or eliminate the existing residential parking and access problems that occur during events at the stadium, which are the primarily result of insufficient parking near the stadium.



Printed: 10/31/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

5. Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

Without Stadium Event

Date/Time:

FRIDAY 6 PM - 8 PM

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

ITS:

%

%

N-S Split Phase: E-W Split Phase:

Ν Ν

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10 3

V/C Round Off (decs.):

				Outper Control of the	DID-COLOURANCE CONTRACTOR OF THE STREET		
APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.52	25	833	0.000	N-S(1):	0.030 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.000
	LT	0.48	23	767	0.030 *	E-W(1):	0.180 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	48	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.156
	TH	2.00	329	3,200	0.118		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C:	0.210
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	0.00	. 0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0 .	0.000		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU:	0.310
	TH	2.00	576	3,200	0.180 *		
	LT	1.00	61	1,600	0.038	LOS:	Α,
·							

Date/Time:

SATURDAY 4 PM - 7 PM

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.53	19	844	0.000	N-S(1):	0.023 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.000
	LT	0.47	17	756	0.023 *	E-W(1):	0.089
Westbound	RT	0.00	31	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.114 *
	TH	2.00	289	3,200	0.100 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	V/C:	0.137
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ŀ	
Eastbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU:	0.237
	TH	2.00	284	3,200	0.089		
	LT	1.00	22	1,600	0.014 *	LOS:	Α
+ 5 1 11				, , , 		<u> </u>	minoriana a

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 10/31/00 Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

5. Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

With Stadium Event

Date/Time:

FRIDAY 6 PM - 8 PM

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

%

E-W Split Phase:

N-S Split Phase:

Ν Ν

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

0.47 0.00 0.53 0.00	26 0 29	756 0 844	0.000 0.000 0.034 *	N-S(1): N-S(2): E-W(1):	0.034 * 0.000 0.180 *
0.00 0.53	0 29	0 844	0.000 0.034 *	N-S(2):	0.000
0.53	29	844	0.034 *	, , ,	
				E-W(1):	0.180 *
0.00	40				0.,00
	40	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.162
2.00	349	3,200	0.124		
0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C:	0.214
0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
0.00	0	0	0.000		
0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU:	0.314
2.00	576	3,200	0.180 *		
1.00	61	1,600	0.038	LOS:	Α
	2.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.00	2.00 349 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 2.00 576	2.00 349 3,200 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 2.00 576 3,200	2.00 349 3,200 0.124 0.00 0 0 0.000 * 0.00 0 0 0.000 0.00 0 0 0.000 * 0.00 0 0 0.000 0.00 0 0 0.000 2.00 576 3,200 0.180 *	2.00 349 3,200 0.124 0.00 0 0.000 * 0.00 0 0.000 * 0.00 0 0.000 * 0.00 0 0.000 * 0.00 0 0.000 * 0.00 0 0.000 * 2.00 576 3,200 * 0.180 *

Date/Time:

SATURDAY 4 PM - 7 PM

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.49	33	788	0.000	N-S(1):	0.042 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.000
	LT	0.51	34	812	0.042 *	E-W(1):	0.098
Westbound	RT	0.00	34	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.129 *
	TH	2.00	289	3,200	0.101 *	, ,	
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	V/C:	0.171
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU:	0.271
	TH	2.00	312	3,200	0.098		
	LT	1.00	45	1,600	0.028 *	LOS:	Α

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

5. Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

With Project Conditions

Date/Time:

FRIDAY 6 PM - 8 PM

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

%

Lost Time (% of cycle):

Ν 10

% ITS:

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

E-W Split Phase:

3

Ν

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANALYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.46	27	732	0.000	N-S(1): 0.037 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2): 0.000
	LT	0.54	32	868	0.037 *	E-W(1): 0.180 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	48	0	0.000	E-W(2): 0.165
	TH	2.00	359	3,200	0.127	1
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C: 0.217
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time: 0.100
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	
	LŤ	0.00	0	0	0.000	
Eastbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU: 0.317
	TH	2.00	576	3,200	0.180 *	
	LT	1.00	61	1,600	0.038	LOS: A

Date/Time:

SATURDAY 4 PM - 7 PM

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.48	40	771	0.000	N-S(1):	0.052 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.000
	LT	0.52	43	829	0.052 *	E-W(1):	0.102
Westbound	RT	0.00	36	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.138 *
	TH	2.00	289	3,200	0.102 *	, ,	
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	V/C:	0.190
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU:	0.290
	TH	2.00	326	3,200	0.102		
	LT	1.00	57	1,600	0.036 *	LOS:	A

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

ApproachLOS:

В

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ***************** Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ****************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 13.8 Worst Case Level Of Service: B ******************* -----| Volume Module: Base Vol: 13 0 38 0 0 0 0 536 18 14 300 Initial Bse: 13 0 38 0 0 0 536 18 14 300 0 -----| Critical Gap Module: Capacity Module: -----| Level Of Service Module: Shared LOS: * B * * * * * * * * * ApproachDel: 13.8 xxxxxx xxxx A * XXXXXX

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) **************** Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ***************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 14.1 Worst Case Level Of Service: ***** Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R -----|----|-----| Volume Module: Base Vol: 14 0 38 0 0 0 538 18 14 337 0 -----| Critical Gap Module: Critical Gp: 6.4 xxxx 6.2 xxxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx 4.1 xxxx xxxxx FollowUpTim: 3.5 xxxx 3.3 xxxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx 2.2 xxxx xxxxx -----| Capacity Module: Level Of Service Module: Shared LOS: * B * * * * * * * A *
ApproachDel: 14.1 xxxxxx xxxx xxxxx ApproachLOS: B * * * *

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ************* Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ************************************ Average Delay (sec/veh): 14.4 Worst Case Level Of Service: B ******************************* Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Lanes: 0 0 1! 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 Volume Module: Base Vol: 15 0 38 0 0 0 539 18 14 356 0 Initial Bse: 15 0 38 0 0 0 539 18 14 356 0 -----| Critical Gap Module: Capacity Module: Level Of Service Module: LOS by Move: * * * * * * * * * * A * * * * * Movement: LT - LTR - RT LT - LTR - RT LT - LTR - RT ApproachLOS: В

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ***************** Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ************* Average Delay (sec/veh): 11.1 Worst Case Level Of Service: ******************* Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R - R - R - R - R - R - R - R - R - R - R-----|----|-----|-----| Volume Module: 4 253 Base Vol: 8 0 14 0 0 0 0 316 6 Critical Gap Module: FollowUpTim: 3.5 xxxx 3.3 xxxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx 2.2 xxxx xxxxx Capacity Module: -----| Level Of Service Module: В

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ******************* Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ****************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 11.1 Worst Case Level Of Service: B ********************************* Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R Volume Module: Base Vol: 8 0 20 0 0 0 316 0 Initial Bse: 8 0 20 0 0 0 316 9 12 289 0 PHF Volume: 8 0 20 0 0 0 0 316 9 12 289
Reduct Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Final Vol.: 8 0 20 0 0 0 316 9 12 289 0 0 -----| Critical Gap Module: -----|----|-----||------| Capacity Module: -----|----|-----||------| Level Of Service Module: LT - LTR - RT Shared LOS: * B * * * * * * * * * * ApproachDel: 11.1 xxxxxx xxxxxx A * XXXXXX ApproachLOS:

ApproachLOS:

В

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) **************** Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr *********************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 11.2 Worst Case Level Of Service: B *************** -----| Volume Module: Base Vol: 8 0 23 0 0 0 0 316 11 16 307 Initial Bse: 8 0 23 0 0 0 316 11 16 307 0 Critical Gap Module: Capacity Module: Level Of Service Module:

Location: Cesar Chavez Avenue West of Bleakwood Avenue

15-Minute Traffic Volumes

The part of the						Friday C	Conditions	3							Saturda	Saturday Conditions	ins		
West Earl Total Most Earl Total West Earl Total Volumes Acquires	E E	Without G	ame (1	3/13/00)	With G	ame (9/	29/00)	8	Net Disper	Wifeh	Without	Game	(10/14/00 Travel	 -	Game (3/30/00) Travel	6 8 8	Droiece	With
10	inning	West	East	Total	West	- 1	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project	West	East	Total	Wes	East	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	00 AM	8	7	15	H _	8	17			17	15	15	3(-	۱.	30			30
2 3 5 6 4 12 12 10 11 12 11 11 22 14 6 6 12 6 6 17 11 11 12 11 11 12 11 11 12 12 14 6 6 16 17	15 AM	1	9	16	#	9	17			17	15	2	8		4 7	23			21
3 2 5 6 7 13 3 6 6 10 10 19 10 19 10 19 10 19 10	30 AM	8	ო	ĸ	ထ	4	12			12	9	-	5	-	1 11	22			22
2 4 6 7 1 8 8 8 12 13 25 10 6 14 14 7 7 10 6 14 14 7 7 10 6 14 14 7 7 10 6 14 7 7 10 6 14 7 7 10 6 14 7 7 10 6 14 7 7 10 6 14 7 7 10 6 14 7 7 10 6 14 7 7 10 6 14 7 7 10 6 11 10 6 11 11 7 7 9 6 11 11 11 7 7 10 6 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	45 AM	က	7	w	0	ß	r.O			5	о	7	~	_	2	20			20
1	00 AM	8	4	9	7	_	œ			80	12	13	74		9	16			16
4 2 3 6 12 12 4 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 7 14 7 9 14 7 9 14 7 9 14 7 9 14 7 9 14 1 9 17 1 1 1 1 2 2 4 4 9 9 14 4 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 0 9 1 1	15 AM	9	7	13	က	2	&			89	∞	3)	-		7 10	17			17
4 5 9 6 7	30 AM	-	7	က	9	9	12			12	4	^	-		2	13			13
0 1 1 1 1 7 7 7 9 6 6 11 4 3 7 7 3 9 6 11 6 9 11 6 9 11 6 9 11 1 6 9 11 1 6 9 11 1 6 9 11 1 6 1	45 AM	4	2	6	ĸ	7	5			1,0	· ·	. α	7		. 4	=			7
0 0 0 1 2 3 3 6 6 6 1 7 1 1 6 6 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 6 6 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 6 6 1	00 AM	0		•	œ		<u> </u>			1 1	· ·	. 4			. 4	- ^			
3 4 7 2 4 9 6 6 11 9 17 3 4 7 2 4 6 6 6 11 9 17 1 1 2 4 7 9 6 6 11 9 17 2 4 7 9 6 6 1 4 6 6 11 2 4 7 9 6 6 1 4 6 6 1 1 6 6 1 1 6 6 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 1 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 6 6 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1<	15 AM	c	· c	- ح	, 4	٠ ،	۰, ۳			- 0		. 4		-	, 4	*			
3 4 7 2 4 6 8 14 3 9 17 3 4 7 2 2 4 6 8 14 3 9 17 1 1 2 5 6 6 14 4 4 4 6 9 14 3 9 17 1 4 4 3 3 6 6 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 1 1 2 6 1 1 1 2 6 1 1 1 1 2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 6 1<	30 AM	o er	9 (*	.	۰ ،	4 -	, c				D (., 4	- ;		, ,	- ;			- 1
9 4 7 5 9 6 4 4 6 1 6 1 6 1 1 1 1 6 1 1 1 1 6 1	45 AM) r	, ,	, c	4 6		? (o (., 0	- -		<i>o</i> c	- 7			- 7
3 1 4 3 3 6 6 4 4 4 5 9 6 4 4 5 6 6 1 6 7 7 6 1 6 7 7 7 6 1 7 7 7 6 1 7 7 7 6 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 6 1 7 7 7 7 7 6 1 7 7 7 7 7 9 9 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 7 7 9		י כ	> •	1 0	V	4 (0 (ο (٠ ٥	~ `	<u>.</u>		, o	Ξ'			= '
3 2 5 6 5 1 1 6 6 1 5 0 1 1 2 3 0 0 1 1 5 0 0 1 1 2 3 0 0 1 1 2 3 0 0 0 1 1 2 3 0 0 0 1 1 2 3 0	2 × 20 × 20 × 20 × 20 × 20 × 20 × 20 ×	, c	4 4		,	, c	9 (90 (4 (4		_	4 ·	ກ ຸ			ָי מ
3 2 5 6 6 1 5 2 7 6 8 7 4 6 6 5 11 1 5 7 7 6 8 7 5 12 6 6 4 1 1 1 2 3 6 8 9 1 2 3 6 8 8 1 2 3 6 8 9 1 2 3 6 8 9 1 2 3 6 8 9 1 2 3 9 9 1 2 3 6 8 9 1 2 3 9 4 4 8 9 1 2 3 6 8 9 1 4 8 9 1 4 8 9 1 4 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	M C C	n (-	4	n	က	ø			ဖ		,			e G	-			1
1 2 5 1 6 4 4 8 7 5 1 6 4 2 6 4 4 8 7 5 1 6 4 1 6 6 4 4 8 10 5 10 7 4 11 6 6 7 12 3 6 7 3 6 1 4 8 10 5 10 7 20 0 10 1 1 4 1 1 1 4 8 4 1	30 AM	က	7	LO.	9	ທ	11			=	25	.4		_	2	ω			ω,
7 4 6 6 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 4 6 9 1 2 3 6 4 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 3 6 9 1 2 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	45 AM	-	Ψ-	7	ß		9			9	_	47			4	80			ω
7 5 12 4 2 6 6 6 5 3 5 6 5 10 7 4 10 7 4 10 11 6 7 12 2 3 5 16 12 28 13 7 20 8 10 11 16 2 3 5 16 12 28 13 7 20 8 10 14 11 24 9 4 4 9 22 3 16 40 14 11 24 9 4 4 11 16 17 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 12 2 13 9 4 4 11 16 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	OO AM	7	4	ဖ	7	-	က			က	6	v		_	1 2	6			ო
4 5 9 5 4 9 5 4 9 2 1 3 10 5 16 6 4 11 11 16 1 3 6 9 1 <td>15 AM</td> <td>7</td> <td>ιΩ</td> <td>7</td> <td>4</td> <td>7</td> <td>9</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>9</td> <td>ب</td> <td>17</td> <td>_</td> <td>:</td> <td>2 3</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5</td>	15 AM	7	ιΩ	7	4	7	9			9	ب	17	_	:	2 3	5			5
5 5 10 7 4 11 11 5 7 12 3 6 9 12 3 6 9 10 7 4 11 16 22 3 10 11 15 3 6 9 10 18 4 4 8 9 4 4 8 17 10 12 11 11 11 14	30 AM	4	c)	ത	5	4	G			o	2	4		_	2	ო			က
10 5 15 6 4 10 10 6 3 9 4 4 8 16 22 38 22 16 4 10 10 24 9 4 4 8 32 23 25 13 17 30 30 6 6 12 12 24 13 15 28 68 35 103 35 30 66 66 12 12 24 13 15 28 78 44 129 66 40 101 101 101 21 12 24 16 17 16 22 12 23 30 66 16 17 16 17 16 17 17 16 17 17 17 18 17 17 18 17 18 18 17 18 17 18 18 17 18 <t< td=""><td>15 AM</td><td>ιΩ</td><td>ις</td><td>5</td><td>7</td><td>4</td><td>7</td><td></td><td></td><td>F</td><td>52</td><td>~</td><td></td><td></td><td>3</td><td>6</td><td></td><td></td><td>თ</td></t<>	15 AM	ιΩ	ις	5	7	4	7			F	52	~			3	6			თ
16 12 28 13 7 20 20 8 10 18 4 11 15 16 22 35 52 18 7 20 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	00 AM	10	S	15	ဖ	4	9			10	9	w		_	4	ω			80
16 22 38 22 18 40 40 14 10 24 9 8 17 64 24 86 17 40 65 65 12 12 24 19 16 28 78 24 86 23 17 40 65 65 12 12 24 19 16 28 78 46 126 13 14 17 40 13 44 16 24 48 15 24 16 28 17 40 13 44 77 10 12 22 40 16 24 48 15 24 48 16 28 40 16 24 48 16 17 40 17 40 17 41 41 41 40 40 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	5 AM	16	12	28	13	7	20			50	∞	15		_	11	15			15
32 23 55 13 17 30 30 9 15 24 15 28 64 25 103 35 30 65 43 101 101 21 12 24 12 22 75 54 126 68 43 101 101 21 18 24 12 22 22 78 126 106 107 41 148 144 14 27 45 15 21 23 127 120 247 117 204 40 46 46 46 44 46 46 46 47 41 48 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 47 47 46 46 46 46 47 47 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	0 AM	16	22	38	22	8	4			6	4	15			6	17			17
64 24 88 23 17 40 64 13 14 27 10 12 22 75 54 129 58 43 101 114 24 24 12 12 21 23 75 54 129 58 40 114 148 148 15 15 33 46 77 48 126 14 117 204 40 45 85 22 36 58 158 137 206 144 117 204 40 45 85 16 16 17 31 46 10 45 16 16 17 31 46 10 47 46 10 17 11 46 10 47 46 50 44 46 10 47 46 11 47 46 50 46 50 46 50 46 50	5 AM	35	23	22	13	17	ဆ			30	6	15			3 15	28			28
68 35 103 35 30 65 65 12 12 24 12 21 33 78 48 126 68 46 114 24 24 48 15 14 30 78 48 126 137 204 40 114 24 48 15 39 16 30 137 120 247 117 264 48 51 39 15 46 18 39 16 30 46 18 39 16 30 46 18 39 46 18 30 48 18 18 30 48 18 18 49 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41 48 41	o AM	64	54	88	23	17	40			40	13	7		_	0 12	22			22
75 54 129 68 43 101 101 21 18 39 15 15 30 137 126 105 107 41 144 148 24 45 15 31 46 137 245 107 41 144 148 204 40 45 85 22 36 58 158 137 295 144 117 261 40 45 85 22 36 58 166 130 237 296 134 179 41 75 114 166 130 137 296 137 46 50 96 54 62 116 14 132 295 227 46 50 96 16 72 114 14 132 46 50 96 14 176 416 40 46 50 96 16	5 AM	68	35	103	35	30	65			65	12	77		_	2 21	33			33
78 48 126 68 46 114 114 24 48 15 31 46 127 120 247 147 148 148 14 14 148 148 15 39 46 15 39 41 46 15 39 41 46 16 48 51 39 41 75 116 48 51 39 41 75 116 42 48 51 39 41 75 116 48 51 39 41 75 116 48 51 39 41 75 116 42 48 51 49 41 75 116 48 51 49 41 75 116 48 41 75 116 48 75 116 48 75 116 48 75 116 48 75 116 48 75 146 70 48	O AM	75	54	129	28	43	10			101	2	18		_	5 15	30			30
133 62 196 107 41 148	5 AM	78	48	126	68	46	114			414	24	2	₹	_	5 31	46			46
127 120 247 117 87 204 40 45 85 22 36 58 158 137 295 144 117 261 323 56 85 116 75 116 156 73 209 131 99 230 230 46 50 96 41 75 116 17 90 167 144 165 179 230 46 50 96 54 62 116 17 90 167 144 65 179 41 51 82 72 114 90 167 149 65 149 57 66 123 74 86 161 14 98 212 150 227 78 41 57 66 123 74 86 161 14 149 15 15 149 16 50 96	O AM	133	62	195	107	4	148			148	2	2	4		2 27				39
158 137 286 144 117 261 48 51 99 41 75 116 166 109 275 186 137 323 323 56 59 115 42 72 114 77 30 16 179 41 51 92 49 72 114 114 98 212 115 101 216 76 78 46 50 165 16 49 72 114 90 71 161 216 76 78 41 76 78 41 76 116 90 71 161 216 76 78 41 76 78 16 176	15 AM	127	120	247	117	87	204			204	9	4		.5	2 36				28
166 199 275 186 137 323 323 323 56 59 115 42 72 114 136 137 132 32 230 179 1	SO AM	158	137	295	144	117	261			261	48	Š							116
136 73 209 131 99 230 230 230 46 50 96 54 62 116 114 90 167 114 65 179 179 216 41 51 92 49 72 121 115 91 121 162 92 227 78 84 162 72 104 776 120 71 161 132 95 227 224 83 96 179 179 65 144 73 86 159 120 94 95 179 179 171 84 70 154 151 120 95 197 93 99 192 171 84 70 154 171 110 95 197 93 94 92 186 186 194 107 107 107 120 95 102 102 103 103 103 104 105 104 105 107 107 144 156 300 105 135 295 179 149 176 98 124 222 157 144 156 300 160 135 295 179 179 179 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 1	15 AM	166	109	275	186	137	323			323	56	55							114
77 90 167 114 65 179 179 41 51 92 49 72 121 144 98 212 115 101 216 76 78 154 65 96 161 90 71 161 150 150 150 176 162 179 170 176 161 176 176 161 176 177 171 177 171 177 </td <td>NO AM</td> <td>136</td> <td>73</td> <td>209</td> <td>131</td> <td>66</td> <td>230</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>230</td> <td>46</td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>116</td>	NO AM	136	73	209	131	66	230			230	46	5							116
14 98 212 115 101 216 76 78 154 65 96 161 14 98 212 115 101 216 227 78 84 162 72 104 176 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	5 AM	11	06	167	114	65	179			179	4								121
90 71 161 132 95 227 78 84 162 72 104 176 72 59 131 63 87 150 150 66 123 74 80 154 176 66 83 134 50 130 179 66 123 74 80 154 176 154 176 154 176 154 176 154 176 154 176 154 176 186	NO AM	114	86	212	115	101	216			216	76								161
72 59 131 63 87 150 150 57 66 123 74 80 154 6 154	15 AM	6	71	161	132	92	227			227	78								176
66 83 149 58 72 130 130 79 65 144 73 86 159 II 87 137 224 83 96 179 179 65 144 73 86 159 II 92 91 152 86 171 84 176 50 88 138 II 86 81 167 75 96 171 84 70 154 74 78 156 102 95 197 96 102 192 171 84 70 154 74 78 152 113 93 206 138 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104	00 AM	22	29	131	63	87	120			150	57						¥		154
87 137 224 83 96 179 179 67 109 176 50 88 138 # 92 91 183 112 96 208 208 82 84 166 58 78 136 94 63 157 94 134 228 90 102 192 77 84 161 102 95 197 95 197 74 78 161 171 113 93 192 192 17 84 161 77 84 161 113 93 192 192 194 76 194 76 171 78 171 113 93 192 186 186 186 102 102 102 107 177 14 192 114 269 92 102 102 102 102 204 144 <	IS AM	99	83	149	28	72	130			130	79								159
92 91 183 112 96 208 208 82 84 166 58 78 136 94 63 157 94 134 228 90 102 192 77 84 161 86 81 167 75 96 171 84 70 154 74 78 161 113 93 206 192 192 77 84 161 171 182 171 182 171 184 76 154 74 78 165 171 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 188 188 186 187 187 187 188 188 188 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 189 <t< td=""><td>O AM</td><td>87</td><td>137</td><td>224</td><td>83</td><td>96</td><td>179</td><td></td><td></td><td>179</td><td>29</td><td>100</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>a.</td><td></td><td>138</td></t<>	O AM	87	137	224	83	96	179			179	29	100					a .		138
94 63 157 94 134 228 90 102 192 77 84 161 86 81 167 75 96 171 84 70 154 74 78 152 102 95 197 93 192 192 194 76 152 171 96 90 186 94 92 186 162 102 102 102 187 84 108 193 193 193 193 102 102 102 102 103 144 156 300 160 135 295 296 114 92 206 98 124 222	15 AM	95	91	183	112	96	208			208	82	ģ							136
86 81 167 75 96 171 171 84 70 154 74 78 152 102 95 197 93 99 192 192 95 104 199 76 95 171 113 93 246 104 105 102 85 187 84 108 186 186 102 108 110 107 217 144 269 92 102 194 194 107 99 206 117 119 236 144 156 300 160 135 295 295 114 92 206 98 124 222	NO AM	94	63	157	94	134	228			228	8	102							161
102 95 197 93 99 192 95 104 199 76 95 171 113 93 206 138 108 246 104 105 209 102 85 187 96 90 186 94 92 186 102 104 107 210 107 217 165 114 269 92 102 104 107 99 206 117 119 236 144 156 300 160 135 295 295 114 92 206 98 124 222	5 AM	98	81	167	75	96	171			171	84	Z							152
113 93 206 138 108 246 104 105 209 102 85 187 96 90 186 94 92 186 186 102 108 210 110 107 217 84 108 192 113 86 96 182 102 102 204 155 114 269 92 102 194 107 99 206 117 119 236 144 156 300 160 135 295 295 114 92 206 98 124 222	30 AM	102	92	.197	93	66	192			192	95	Ş,							171
96 90 186 94 92 186 16 102 108 210 110 107 217 84 108 192 112 81 193 86 96 182 102 102 204 155 114 269 92 102 117 119 236 144 156 300 160 135 295 295 114 92 206 98 124 222	15 AM	113	93	206	138	108	246			246	104	105							187
AM 84 108 192 112 81 193 193 86 96 182 102 204 AM 155 114 269 92 102 194 194 107 99 206 117 119 236 AM 144 156 300 160 135 295 295 114 92 206 98 124 222	00 AM	96	06	186	94	95	186			186	102	108							217
AM 155 114 269 92 102 194 194 107 99 206 117 119 236 AM 144 156 300 160 135 295 295 114 92 206 98 124 222	5 AM	84	108	192	112	₩	193			193	88	8							204
AM 144 156 300 160 135 295 295 114 92 206 98 124 222	30 AM	155	114	269	92	102	194			194	107	56		•					236
	45 AM	144	156	300	160	135	295			295	114	6			-				222

15-Winute Traffic Volumes

169

4	0		olumes
			ct ADT V
			t Project
42	33	10,125	S
55	80	5,311	
50	25	4,814	
8 4	46	9,715	
16	24	4,915	
18	22	4,800	
29	40	13,543	160
			let Project ADT Volumes
58	40	13,383	2
Ť.	11	6,911	
4	C	6,472	
42	37	,345 7,063 13,408 6,4	
48	4	7,063	
24 18	23	6,345	

	With	Project	210	203	209	184	188	189	186	215	224	96	171	141	153	179	151	163	155	169	165	179	156	145	150	148	149	129	171	71.7	404	88	114	72	4 6	84	105	107	92	4 2	8 6	46	33	10.294
10 m o 110 00000000000000000000000000000	Project	Volumes																		Í	> £	22	9	-	* 1			0	4	5 6	9 40	0	80	0	7	2 -	. 63	18	17	•	e- 6	0 4	0	
2	Game	Volumes															1				2	4 4	12	~	₩ (v c	1 4		28	,	2 6		15	V	m (87 .	26	36	33		. 55	σα)	
Saturday Conditions Game (9/30/00)	avel	Total	210	202	502	184	188	189	186	215	224	196	2. 7.	141	153	179	151	163	155	169	151	157	150	144	149	5 5	147	129	157	21.	+ 66 -	88	106	75	8 8	o က က	92	89	75	42	67) C 7	33	10 125
With Game (9/30/00)	Direction of Travel	East	109	3 8	112	78	10,	101	8	102	113	1 6	2 2	75	75	81	78	88	93	9 9	χ <u>(</u>	76	82	72	82	8 8	86	99	81	9 6	26	47	27	34	4. C	2 2	53	28	22	20	¥ 6	3 6	, «	5311
With G	Direc	West	5 5	2 5	6	106	8	88	96	113	= :	1 68	- 6	99	78	86	73	75	62	9 5	2 8	8 2	68	72	64	o u	5,6	63	9/	2 2	4 6	4	49	38	37	a c	8	61	53	55	8 1	7 6	25	4 814
14/00)	Vel	Total	178	197	205	207	207	180	200	159	170	40.0	0 4	197	145	166	154	154	147	154	133	5 5	138	143	148	101	128	135	129	117	89	94	91	82	79	2 2	99	53	42	25	45	4 6 8 4	46	0 715
ame (10)	Direction of Travel	East	92	07 07 08	105	112	9.	95	108	29	91	2 5	2 5	. e	87	83	83	79	75	9 5	2 7	29	74	99	20	3 6	65	61	64	29	£ 6	4	26	9	မ္တ ဗ	3 3	78	21	21	59	9 9	5 4	24	A 015
Without Game (10/14/00)	Directi	West	83	7 8	8 5	86	116	85	95	92	6 i	4.6	2 6	104	28	77	71	75	75	78	& & & Q	5, 5	9	77	78	7	63	74	65	92	8 6	20	35	52	£ 1	3/	- 88	32	21	53	53	2 7	2 2	ı
	With	Project	264	222	248	199	195	195	199	203	194	797	191	229	198	267	270	238	270	304	305	281	259	216	261	4/7	187	182	191	174	157	158	114	139	103	ર જ	000	107	28/	63	44	\$ 5	2 4	40 540
Net	Project	Volumes															10	0	0	0	O 4	0	0	0	4	4 0	> 67	9	~	ופי	- 4	11	-	13	0	5 4	o	<u>~</u>	den den	9				
	Game	Volumes														•	70				α)			ю <u>і</u>	4	ĸ	12	22	12	¥ 00	34	7	56	•	o 1	- 8	35	22	12				
(00/6	ıvel	Total	264	202	248	199	195	195	199	203	194	797	181	229	198	267	260	238	270	400	301	281	259	216	257	200	184	176	180	168	153	141	113	126	103	c) 2	5 6	88	29	22	44	9 ¢	6. A	2000
With Game (9/29/00	Direction of Trave		127	2 2	115	9.	88	66	93	401	46.0	9 6	134	<u>+</u>	120	149	149	153	176	202	24.0	189	172	108	165	200	6	97	11	8/	0 69	99	46	63	£ 1	37	4 6	52	14	58	54	24	2 5	
With G	Direct	West	137	5 5	133	108	107	96	106	66	13	` å	6 6	115	78	118	111	82	96	102	- o	8 8	87	108	85	21.	87	79	103	8	8 0 48	75	29	63	09	38 4	5.5	37	56	28	8	7	3 1	7,70
13/00)	- N	Total	201	214	222	222	181	202	193	179	194	23.3	229	242	245	253	240	311	292	310	29.4 29.3	293	285	249	249	202	179	164	158	156	145	107	111	100	19	75 76	3 2	5. 5.	. 45	45	4	8 6 6		45 400
ame (10)	Direction of Travel	East	98	2 8	108	113	9/	102	6 6	9/	<u></u>	5 4 5	133	145	134	154	158	210	198	212	190	200	189	156	160	7 7 7	12	85	98	20 c	90	49	51	43	47	77	33	53	15	21	8	200	5 4	
Without Game (10/13/00)	Directi	- 11	103	1.5	114	109	105	100	6	103	96 6	. 5	96	97	111	66	85	5	4 6	0 0 0 0	9 10	93	96	93	80	. ć	88	79	72	80 7	80	28	9	22	წ	4 K	3 4	52	30	24	55	8 8	5 8	6 345
		II.	12:00 PM	12:30 PM	12:45 PM	1:00 PM	1:15 PM	1:30 PM	1:45 PM	2:00 PM	2:15 PM	2.45 PM	3:00 PM	3:15 PM	3:30 PM	3:45 PM	4:00 PM	4:15 PM	4:30 PM	5.00 DM	5.15 PM	5:30 PM	5:45 PM	6:00 PM	6:15 PM	0.50 PM	7:00 PM	7:15 PM	7:30 PM	7.45 PM	8:15 PM	8:30 PM	8:45 PM	9:00 PM	9:15 PM	9:30 PM	10:00 PM	10:15 PM	10:30 PM	10:45 PM	11:00 PM	11:15 PM	11.45 PM	:

Location: Cesar Chavez Avenue East of Bleakwood Avenue

15-Minute Traffic Volumes

					Friday	Friday Conditions	18						Sa	turday	Saturday Conditions	8		
i.	Without	Vithout Game (10/13/00	0/13/00)	With G	With Game (9/2	29/00)	Č	Net Daiot	VARish	Without Game (10/14/00)	ame (1	0/14/00)	With Ga	With Game (9/30/00)	(00/	6	Draject	With
	West	East	Total	West	Direction of 1	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project	West	Vest East Tot	Total	West	lest East Tot	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project
	80	9	14	H _	8	17			17	17	9	23	1	L	36			36
12:15 AM	7	œ	15	13	ιo	18			18	5	60	13	12	7	19			19
12:30 AM	φ.	^	5	∞	က	Ŧ			=	Ξ	တ	8	4	5	24			24
12:45 AM	<u>,</u> ,	ო •	6 .	ᠸ ‹	ro c	တ (ဖ (5 .	۲.	7,	φ ;	œ i	4 5			4. 5
A	ე - ₹	- •	4- 0	, ,	Э (, 			n ;	o n (æ ç	<u>ნ</u> (4 (√ .0	5 5			7 9
1.30 AM	- ^		N -	20 U	4 (2)	= ;			- ;	on ç	9	20.0	٥٢ م	7 (0	5 4			20 00
1:45 AM	- 0	r 00	= =	י כ	- 1	7 5			āt	2 "	o (2 5	0 1	٠ (5 £			
2:00 AM	1 (1	ഹ	2 ~	9 10	- 0	<u>i</u> (0				o co	o ro	= =	- 10	o 0	. α			. α
2:15 AM	7	9	. σ	. 64	, w	, c			ı,	φ	, ro	=	, ro	4				σ
2:30 AM	0	က	က	*	-	8			7	7	4	Ξ	=	12	23			23
2:45 AM	7	4	9	7	4	9			9	က	9	0	7	7	o			თ
3:00 AM	က	4	7	ო	က	9			9	2	œ	9	ĸ	က	œ			œ
3:15 AM	ო	7	z,	7	7	4			4	4	ო	^	61	S	7			7
3:30 AM	ĸ	ო	œ	œ	r.	5			5	64	S.	7	4	9	5			9
3:45 AM	ო	g	ത	O)	~	=			=	ო	φ	ത	ιn	က	œ	4		∞
4:00 AM		ς,	ဖ		τ-	6			7	ιO	4	თ	-	Ψ-	7			2
4:15 AM	7	ო	S	ო	-	4			4	-	7	ო	0	4	4			4
4:30 AM	7	7	တ	9	4	ரை			đ	0	ო	္	7	-	က			m
4:45 AM	ιΩ	7	12	7	ო	2			5	~	***	7	S.	4	თ			တ
5:00 AM	4	ω	12	9	9	12			12	ო	7	S.	က	4	7			7
5:15 AM	o	တ	4	4	7				21	ις	4	6	က	ω	Ξ			7
5:30 AM	14	တ	23	2	4	32			32	60	9	4	은	Ξ	21			57
5:45 AM	77	15	56	12	14	56			56	10	7	17	<u>~</u>	13	3			31
6:00 AM	23	5	33	22	16	38			38	13	0	55	တ	15	24			24
6:15 AM	61	13	74	3	56	22			57	은	œ	29	5	16	5 8			5 6
6:30 AM	89	5	78	65	43	108			108	15	은	52	9	17	33			33
6:45 AM	98	15	101	81	6	121			121	5	2	52	13	78	4 8			£4.3
7:00 AM	79	28	107	97	41	138			138	13	9	29	4	20	34			45.
7:15 AM	128	37	165	130	62	192			192	20	2	38	6	36	24			54
7:30 AM	122	4	163	177	102	279			279	33	24	27	21	5	105			102
7:45 AM	193	4	234	239	117	326			356	⊕ :	32	\$;	9 1	29	136			130
8:00 AM	219	၉ ဗ	249	48°	8 8	217			217	φ. 6	4 c	2 6	200	2 2	71.			7 7 7
8:30 AM	94.0	3 2	133	142	9 9	208			208	8 5	5.0	122	0 69	5 1	4.6			146
8.45 AM	158	43	5 5	167	26	264			264	. 80	9	148	106	83	189			189
9:00 AM	113	54	167	87	20	168			168	88	89	153	98	81	167	25.478		167
9:15 AM	8	29	148	88	69	157			157	6	9/	166	82	99	151	=		151
9:30 AM	88	83	177	117	71	188			188	49	99	115	69	97	166	*		166
9:45 AM	66	64	163	120	115	235			235	4	2	114	88	29	147			147
10:00 AM	118	98	213	103	131	234			234	99	82	148	77	83	160			160
10:15 AM	91	102	193	11	93	170			170	8	11	157	82	91	173			173
10:30 AM	103	92	.195	119	96	215			215	103	69	172	88	87	175			175
10:45 AM	107	106	213	143	66	242			242	86	83	187	66	97	196			196
11:00 AM	110	104	214	103	110	213			213	6 6	8	180	108	109	217			217
11:15 AM	95	6	185	108	73	181			181	108	97	205	110	66	503			209
11:30 AM	95	88	183	112	5	216			216	120	96	216	116	124	240			240
11:45 AM	135	92	230	143	142	285			285	107	111	218	114	116	230			062
					ķ													

351

Net Project ADT Volumes

	Mithous.	Without Came /40/13/00	7/13/00)	With C	With Game (0/20/00)	(00/06/				1.V/ifho: 14	Come /	Mithout Came (10/14/00)	, Hill	Came	(A/ith Came (9/30/00)	Came (9/30/00)		
Time	Direc	Direction of T	Travel	Direc	Direction of Trave	ravel	e Car	Project	With	Direc	Direction of Travel	Travel	e ic	Direction of Travel	Travel	Game	Project	With
Beginning	West	East	Total	West	East	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project	West	East	Total	West	East	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project
12:00 PM	141	88	229	144	148	292			292	103	119	222	66	122	221			221
12:15 PM	115	127	242	114	116	230			230	11	105	216	105	-	3 208			208
12:30 PM	11	93	204	116	88	204			204	108	124	232	116	96	5 212			212
12:45 PM	121	103	224	146	105	251			251	68	66	188	92	105	5 197			197
1:00 PM	127	135	262	103	97	200			200	88	126		102	95	197			197
1:15 PM	90	91	181	103	92	195			195	107	110		90	6				187
1:30 PM	115	108	223	88	8	173			173	105	87		84	88	_			173
1:45 PM	101	90	191	129	95	224			224	88	90	•	102	101				.,
2:00 PM	90	74	164	66	110	209			209	101	102		112	104				, ,
2:15 PM	100	106	206	100	8	184			184	5 5	5 5		100					197
2:30 PM	66	87	186	282	76	172			173	2 5	3 5		3	•				20.0
2.45 PM	4 2	8	166	2 %	ő	1 4			7 2	6	3 8	2 4	8 8					156
3:00 PM	. 6	100	193	104	117	22.4			22.5	20.00	5 6		2 %	ā	2 2 2			180
3.15 PM	113	2 5	23.4	5 5	120	24.0			070	5 8	5 5		ט ע	, ,	2 6			•
3.30 PM	- 6	130	3 2	2 K	14.5	000			700	, a	2 0		3 6	- 7	2 2			
3.45 DM	5	5 5	2,0	2 5) - 2			690	5 6	1 6			·è	175			_
W 0 00. P	- 5	3 5	4 6	3 7	2 6	203		9	202	15	2 6		2 6	o to				- 4
1.00 T W	5 6	7 10	2 5	= 8	2 4	0.40	ç	5 ¥	240				3 6	õè	5 6			•
2 2	3 5	0 9	740	\ B	ē !	200	2	ρ (203	6	9 1		2		_			2 4
ML 00.3	21.	9 1	5/6	66 <u>.</u>	155	254	. !	0	254	6/	9/		80	5 i				
4:45 PM	83	171	264	103	190	293	29	£	308	06	<u>6</u>	•	72	7	3 145			•
5:00 PM	91	180	271	6	168	259		0	259	72	83	•	75				<u>-</u>	•
5:15 PM	105	156	261	93	189	282	27	_	293	71	2		63	87		ത	หก	155
5:30 PM	97	172	269	103	171	274	ĸρ	m	277	9	67		89		•	38	€ €	184
5:45 PM	112	154	566	5	143	243		0	243	99	63	129	69	85	•	25	£	167
6:00 PM	96	123	219	109	124	233	41	_	240	9	71	131	80	68	148	17	o	157
6:15 PM	84	119	203	103	144	247	44	22	269	59	57	116	92	99		42	21	179
6:30 PM	86	142	240	119	128	247	7	4	251	61	55	116	79	7	5 154	38	49	173
6:45 PM	97	133	230	78	106	184		0	184	45	59	•	86	7	9 165	61	3	196
7:00 PM	116	119	235	78	102	180		•	180	42	61	103	82	69	151	48	24	175
7:15 PM	78	108	186	97	87	184		0	184	20	63	113	77	69	•	33	11	
7:30 PM	55	8	135	96	72	168	33	11	185	33	57			7.	3 149	99	8	
7:45 PM	58	52	110	93	80	173	63	32	205	37	6			45		20	5	
8:00 PM	49	68	117	86	72	158	4	24	179	39	33		52	25		32	16	
8:15 PM	34	25	86	8	74	155	69	35	190	44	32		5	ű	5 107	31	92	
8:30 PM	24	22	79	9	99	157	78	38	196	42	4			S	1 91	ത	w ·	
8:45 PM	23	27	80	63	51	114	34	17	131	32	37			4	2 95	. 56	£	
9:00 PM	8	42	72	69	99	•	63	32	167	88	ဗ	99		ņ	84	 9	∞ -	
9:15 PM	28	43	71	6	40	5	30	ř.	116	42	29		39	4	0 79	6 0	₹	
9:30 PM	31	9	91	55	38	93	7	*	94	44	8		45	4	7 92	# 18	<u>ດີ</u>	
9:45 PM	30	39	69	43	47	06	2	de-	101	48	28	76	41	4	06 6	4	_	
10:00 PM	22	45	67	49	39	88	21	~	66	42	32		41	4	88 /	4	_	
10:15 PM	23	20	73	44	43	87	41	~	94	39	27		37	7	111	45	23	_
10:30 PM	33	33	. 64	25	ည	75	7	9	20	3	21		4	4	5 87	35	8	
10:45 PM	34	53	63	27	28	55		0	55	33	ဗ		19		ح 44		o ¯	
11:00 PM	20	22	42	27	21	48			48	24	22	46	31	4	71	25		
11:15 PM	18	28	46	26	27	53			53	23	19	42	29	2	2 56	4		
11:30 PM	19	22	4	13	19	32			32	2	24	44	24	Ñ	3 47	m	7	
11:45 PM	18	19	37	16	4,	34			34	17	16	33	31	-	2 43	9	ي 	
	•			•	2						•							

Location: Floral Avenue West of Bleakwood Avenue

A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	14 646	VVIII	2000	2 82	9	8	ω	1	2	E	ю ў	5 5	! ;	7	7	9	7	6	7	4	- :	은 !	4	3 5	2 2	34	43	4 i	4 2	97	129	41.	102	150	112	126	146	168	136	151	196	177	156	164 186
		Project	VOIGHIGS															٠																		uV., p.m.								
9		Game Volumes	2000																																									
Saturday Conditions	<u>@</u>	IVel Total	000	8 %	9 6	18	œ	4	12	£ .	ω <u>ς</u>	5 5	! ==	7	7	5	^	တ	7	<u>4</u>	~	은	14	3 8	3 8	34	43	84	% 8	97 94	129	114	102	120	112	126	146	168	136	151	196	171	156	164 186
ırday C	e (9/30	ion of Ira	١,	- 6	i 6	7	2	~	7	۲,	m ı	n a	o vo	4	ო	ഹ	က	ო	4	9	တ	4	ω (2 :	- 2	4	23	24	¥ 8	8 k	73	65	57	2 2	. 0	. 89	82	94	73	2 5	3 8	83	83	2 6 2 9
Satı	With Game (9/30/00	Uirection of I ravel	1.	. .	ი	=	ဖ	12	വ	ဖ	ın ı	o "	9 00	n	4	ເດ	4	ထ	'n	80	_	ဖ	o (2 ;	= 6	50	20	24	8 3	4 4	29	49	4 5 6	4 ¢	25	28	61	74	83	4 4	8	82	73	73 86
		1	H He	3 1	. 00		7	4	œ	<u>ლ</u> (100	~ ^	. თ	10	4		æ	2	2	4	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u>	æ ş	g <u>c</u>	5 K	. 20	38	ī.		100	22	105		2 5	130	124	4	05	92	3 3	1 2	9	88	192 178
	10/14/0	Tavel	100		_	-	-	-		_					_			_		_	τ-	•	,		- 6.														Ç	# ¢	: (2	===		
	Game (Direction of Travel	Lasi	2 σ	, =	00	5	9	2	ω .	m c	, c	1 00	7	က	4	4	ന	ო	S.	9	4	21	20 0	0 4	7	2	22	္က (42	55	26	Ö	8 8	74	88	81	8	2 2	87	63	73	112 93
	Without Game (10/14/00)	Direc	1000	2 %	^	o	2	œ	က	ر م <u>ہ</u>	φ,	4 u	·	က	1	4	4	თ	7	တ	ιO	^	φί	ე ე	7 =	; ,	48	23	8	4. 4	4	20	20.2		65	20	56	69	8	9 6	98	67	92	8 8
		s t		3 5	<u> </u>	2	9	9	=	ர	~ (ю «	- «	9	7	თ	ဖ	9	우	æ	73	2	32	5 33	4 rc	79	104	135	163	213	246	158	25	0 0	152	164	185	172	159	147	20.00	162	196	212 257
		With	2																																									
	Set Set	Project																																										
		-	11																																									
	(Came																																										2
Conditions	(29/00)	ravel	1	5 C	'	5	9	Ó	,	o 1	٠ ،	0 11	- α	ဖ	7	ത	φ	9	6	œ	23	2	35	53	4 rc	62	<u>5</u>	135	163	213	246	158	9 9 1 9	2 0	152	164	185	172	159	4 1	204	162	196	212
Friday Co	e (9/29	=	I,	. د	, m	4	သ	က	ဖ	ო (a c	۰ ۳	. დ	m	-	ო	4	4	4	ო	2	တ	7 5	5 6	5 12	99	38	20	29	14 82 14 83	107	65	89	- 4	2 2	88	113	88	74	9	\$ 2	8	115	111
F	With Game (9/	ត្ត	1.	o (c	4	9	5	<u>س</u>	so .	တ (N C	<i>y</i> 0	1 01	ო	9	9	7	7	9	n	9	15	200	2 5	0 %	4	99	82	96	30 6	139	83	85	0 5	5 8 5	92	72	83	82	85	120	8 2	81	101 128
		בֿן לפֿוּ		. ~		7	9	9	.	۰.				,,			_		_	_	~						٥.	-		<u> </u>		~ 1	.0.1								,		_	2 -
	0/13/00	Total	5	10	w	,-	ŭ	•		•,	4 .	,	, ,			۳,	`	,-	¥	¥	20	7	32	32	8 5	5	112	4	156	229	Ŕ	9	9 9	2 7	<u> </u>	5.	179	165	15	177	198	184	201	235 281
	ame (1	Direction of Fravel	,	- 10	9	ო	ო	က ⁽	(1)	N (V 0	n w	က	~	ო	C4	-	တ	4	7	ဖ	9	= ;	2 6	2 42	37	44	. 56	69	8 2	47	74	97	5 1	99	8	105	74	83	5 5	ē 6	\$ 5	116	122 153
	Without Game (10/13/00)	West	12	ī 12	7	4	က	ო .	4 (, ,	N C	0 0	-	4	ro	က	ო	7	မ	∞ ;	5 1	14	2 8	7 8	S 4	69	68	88	87	136	127	88.	8 8	t 4	72	2	74	91	2	72	5 8	8 8	82	113
		ıme Adınını	2.00 014	12:15 AM	2:30 AM	2:45 AM	1:00 AM	1:15 AM	1:30 AM	1:45 AM	2.15 AM	2:30 AM	2:45 AM	3:00 AM	3:15 AM	3:30 AM	3:45 AM	4:00 AM	4:15 AM	4:30 AM	4:45 AM	5:00 AM	5:15 AM	5:30 AM	6:00 AM	6:15 AM	6:30 AM	6:45 AM	7:00 AM	7:30 AM	7:45 AM	8:00 AM	8:15 AM	8:45 AM	9:00 AM	9:15 AM	9:30 AM	9:45 AM	10:00 AM	10:15 AM	10.30 AM	11:00 AM	11:15 AM	11:30 AM 11:45 AM

144	
Net Project ADT Volumes	

																	,																															
		Vvita	165	191	182	199	178	155	170	166	158	00 7	9	132	133	154	153	179	150	146	136	144	150	701	32.5	135	2 5	163	106	94	122	110	104	112	75	/6	0 0	0 8	8 8	119	77	62	39	49	89 ·	45	7.7	9,216
		Volumes	The second of th																			10	9 6	2 9	7 0	> 7	- 6	, 6	0	0	13	4	7	on .	• :	-	> (2 9	-	22	10	7	0	n	80	19	0	
		Came																			;	9	15	2 6	es c	, c	- 4	24.0	i		56	κο	13	17	;	22	ć	2	28	4	20	22		S	15	6 ,	0	
Saturday Conditions	(00/0	Total	165	19	182	199	178	155	120	166	158	981	5 5 6 8	132	133	154	153	179	150	146	136	139	151	25.	946	135	5 5	3 5	106	8	109	106	97	103	12	9 5	2 2	D 4	3 2	26	67	22	39	46	51	04	27	9,038
urday (ne (9/3(on of Iravel	ç	8 8	98	98	100	75	87	08 i	22	2 8	9 6	2 92	8	83	84	84	94	77	-	2	87	3 6	99	9 0	ם ממ	32	62	84	22	20	53	42	9	6 i	3 8	2 6	א מ	3 2	28	24	17	25	56	23	15	4,698
Sati	With Game (9/30/00	West Fast	١.,	85.2	87	5	78	80	83	98	8 8	1 8	2 8	29	25	71	72	92	20	9	23	69	\$ 8	200	S () O	9 5	7 7	4	46	25	26	4	61	32	9 6	3 8	S G	2 4	2 6	4	27	23	77	25	8		4,340 4
÷	(10/14/00)	Vel	177	120	183	176	168	170	182	175		5 6	9 9	135	142	155	142	128	151	142	4	129	136	33	123	135	2 5	127	126	6	83	86	84	98	92	4 6	9 9	ş ;	- 5	3 6	47	29	51	4	36	ස :	27	8,580
	ne (10/	on of Travel	400	<u> </u>	96	93	26	92	92	35 1	7 1	2 8	0 0	3 8	2	81	7.5	20	11	4	9/	82	2 6	5 6	92	4 5	2 9	7 2	2 2	. 64	39	52	39	43	38	24	99	5 6	; ;	3 %	8 6	: =	22	22	9	13	17	556
	Without Game	West Fast	١.	69	87	8	۲	75	87	8	8 8	S 5	2 G	7 2	2	74	2	58	74	89	92	4	4 ;	24.2	80 T	5 6	5	2 6	49	200	4	46	45	43	22	\$;	S !	77 6	5 6	5 6	1 4	. 6	56	19	20	11	10	4,024 4,
	>1	<u> </u>	1			-																		-						-		_							_				_					
		With	240	227	252	261	223	208	213	529	-	27.	404	210	211	223	229	227	231	235	598	270	312	[0]	273	202	707	200	205	147	159	159	164	150	86	119	60 6	7 6	< 8	9 12	4	Š	4	57	4	37	33	12,648
	Net	Project Volumes																0	-	ø	4	~	ن	- (<u> </u>	0 9	2 0	> 0	, 42	~	9	<u>ش</u>	2	2	0	-	0	0 0	5 6	5 6	, c	· 173	0					
		Same															!	L		12	σ	4	 B		8		3		33	4	8	25	37	24		: 53	72	9		ď	•	ĸ						
onditions	(00/6	Total	242	227	252	261	223	208	213	228	171	2 2	† 4 1	210	211	223	529	227	231	528	265	268	297	162	263	208	047	280	28	145	149	146	145	138	86	9 3	6	26	2 2	ē 6	4 5	2 23	5	22	44	37	33	12,504
Friday Con	ne (9/2	on of Tre	108	22	131	138	116	90	5	105	20 L	2 2	t =	12	112	125	151	129	40	151	170	200	193	67,	152	139		9 0	105	73	4	83	62	74	49	5	4,2	4 (7 5	£ %	4 4	50	20	52	77	8	14	6,636
ű	With Game (9/29/0	West Fast Tot	١.,	5 5	121	123	107	108	6	2 2	3 8	8 8	8 8	8 8	66	88	78	86	တ်	28	ခင္သ	89	<u>5</u>	2 ;	1	g (3 8	2 &	8 8	2	82	63	83	49	49	% :	9		? ;	- 8°	3 2	27	50	35	23	17	- 1	5,868
	/13/00)	Total	806	199	237	226	223	203	503	180	500	2 2	2 6	188	233	236	230	529	241	217	257	264	797	4 6	243	233	7 00	194	158	141	129	121	108	114	115	8	e (20 20	† 6	9 6	5 12	. 4	49	45	41	58	27	12,380
	me (10	=	l.	5	113	66	115	91	97		2 0	10.0	5 5	5 8 8	146	136	136	152	162	14	179	186	185	1 60	1/6	135	3 5	3 6	6	11	65	53	48	25	48	99	4 (5	2 0	9 6	8 %	24	28	24	0	=	18	6,601
	Without Game (10/13/00)	West East	١.	8 8	124	127	108	112	8 8	1 6	òô	e e	5	۶ و	87	100	94	<u> </u>	6/ 1	9 1	80 f	8/8	25 6	9 8	/9	1 8	6 6	5 6	92	49	49	68	9	62	67	47	80 1	5	‡ 5	5 6	3	25	21	18	22	17	6	5,779
•	·	Beainning	12:00 PM	12:15 PM	12:30 PM	12:45 PM	1:00 PM	1:15 PM	1:30 P.M	7.45 PM	2.15 DM	2.30 PM	2:45 PM	3:00 PM	3:15 PM	3:30 PM	3:45 PM	4:00 PM	4:15 P.M	4:30 PM	4:45 PM	5:00 PM	MA CLIC	0.50 PW	0.45 PM	6:00 PM	6.30 PM	6.45 PM	7:00 PM	7:15 PM	7:30 PM	7:45 PM	8:00 PM	8:15 PM	8:30 PM	8:45 PM	9:00 PM	2000	9.30 TW	10.00 PM	10:15 PM	10:30 PM	10:45 PM	11:00 PM	11:15 PM	11:30 PM	11:45 PM	

178

Net Project ADT Volumes

Location: Fioral Avenue East of Avalanche Way

				*	OI	onditions	-						Ø	aturday	Saturday Conditions	S		
Ę.	Without	Without Game (10/13/00)	0/13/00)	With Game (9)		29/00)	(Net S	10001	Withou	Game (Without Game (10/14/00)	With	With Game (9/30/00	(00/0	2	Draion	14//44
eginning	West	East	Total	West	Ulrection of Tra	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project	West	Direction of Iravel	Total	West	Direction of Have	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project
2:00 AM	16	8	24	1		16			16	15	16	31	19	14	33			33
2:15 AM	o	φ.	5	ιn	4	o n			Φ		<u>কু</u>	23	1	O.	56			26
2:30 AM	5 ,	е	<u>က</u> ၊	~	თ ·	9			9		~ !	4	9 :	= :	27			27
4:00 AM	C) 14	en u	~ ç	4.0	4 (ω (eo ĉ		27 0	1 0	. .	5 5	53			52.53
1.15 AM	0, ₹	0 0	2 "	, ,	7 a	, t			7 5		xo ca	- 7	2 5	۰ ت	, e			3 °C
1:30 AM	- ო	4 10	ာဏ	t ro	ი ო	<u>,</u> 60			<u>7</u> ∞		9 2	50 ±	12	4 (4	, <u>4</u>			4
1:45 AM	7	, to	ı,	ω	4	5			. 6		. "	^	, co	φ	. 5			12
2:00 AM	4	7	ဖ	w	'n	5			10		7	13	7	ø	13			13
2:15 AM	က	7	ß	7	4	9			9		က	7	co.	₹	o			σ
2:30 AM	-	7	ო	4	9	5			10	_	4	#	ĸ	4	6			တ
2:45 AM	7	9	œ	ო	0	ო			ຕ		2	7	4	9	9			ę :
3:00 AM	0 0	~ (21	4 (۲.	Ξ,			₽.	· ·	7	5 ,	φ,	φ.	Ξ '			= 0
2.30 AM	ייני	N 6	ດເ	יו פי	, c	o c			Þ		4 (u .	4° 14	n	D O			σ
5:50 AM	n -	, o	ο α	ഹ ദ		o (ο (= 4	רח	, c	1 0			1 0
5.40 AM	4 -	V •	יי פ	.	4.0	2 4			7 0		4 (D .	4 4	7 r	- ;	•		- 1
4.00 AM	4		0 (? (ייי	.			0 (4 .	> •	10	₽ u	,,*	= "			<u>.</u> «
4. 10 AW		7 1	o 6	V	† (0 0			0 (* "	* (9 0	O 4		o c			οσ
4.50 AW	→ L	o ×	7	"	.	ه م			0 (7 0	o ć	, u	t u	p 5			9 5
W C C C C	0	+ (ָר ת י	, ,	? ?	9			0 8		~ L	3 5	· ·	7 4	2 1			2 1
MA 00.0	e (= 8	2 ;	2 '	3 2			2.2	• •	י מ	2 4	V 1 (4	0 4	- د			- 5
5.30 AM	, t	2 7	3 5	5 5	٥. ۲	5 8			7 6	4 1			o 5	† 0	2 5			5 6
0.50 AIM	- 2	<u>+</u> r	, 8	<u> </u>	<u>+</u> (3 8			2 6				2 0	1 0				5 4
0.43 AW	3 6	- a	35	<u> </u>	2 4	3 8			ς α κ		۸ ٥	<u> </u>	D C	` [2 5			21
8.15 AM	3 6	0 4	5 5	3 6	5 ¢	9 9			8 4	- 4	- 5	5 6	. 	. 5	27			27
6:30 AM	2.5	2 %	‡ %	3 8	- 65	7 1			£ /		10	7 6	19	<u> </u>	35			32
6:45 AM	6	5 4	10.5	8 8	3 6	96			96	- 62	16	35	2	22	43			43
7:00 AM	76	. 8	124	87	47	134			134	17	23	40	20	29	49			49
7:15 AM	78	29	137	93	61	154			154	22		46	27	32	53			53
7:30 AM	123	42	202	141	80	221			221	17		90	56	33	29			69
7:45 AM	171	107	278	162	102	264			264	4			6 l	42	102			102
8:00 AM	153	98 i	239	148	112	260			260				11	2 5	94.			148
8:15 AM	20.5	~ 8	163	≽ 6	9 0	132			155	2 2	2 4	2 5	8 4	2 7	125			125
0.30 AIM	5 5	4 5	202	3 6	, <u>,</u>	750			786	9			5 6	. 5	199			166
9:00 AM	5	115	216	122	5 5	232			232				86	83	187	49,000		187
9:15 AM	76	8	156	8	62	168			168	- 67			65	29	132	. =		132
9:30 AM	75	75	150	89	85	181			181	- 28		139	29	65	132	= 3k		132
9:45 AM	84	86	182	8	101	182			182	62			78	8	158			158
10:00 AM	82	129	214	101	127	228			228	89			86	123	221			221
10:15 AM	73	92	168	6	98	188			188	72			29	86	153			153
10:30 AM	78	108	186	79	83	162			162	29			<u>6</u>	6	185			185
10:45 AM	83	105	188	8	66	183			183	B9			66	104	203			203
11:00 AM	88	156	244	108	160	268			268	S :	-	220	92	2 3	210			210
11:15 AM	74	138	212	89	114	203			203	129	115	225	107	, 1	225			270
11:30 AM	88	129	217	95	124	219			219	102		808	3 6	71.	2 2			212
11:45 AM	102	144	246	120	146	266			007	<u> </u>		720	70	2	7			i i

	1864	Project	220	193	202	218	256	229	107	900	194	192	166	188	155	160	179	167	203	188	164	180	157	201	126	161	168	160	187	110	119	146	123	123	137	- co	8	96	73	96	164	149	98	10 S	0 0	3 2	10,861		324
	1	Volumes																				4.	9 (2 5	0.4	d re	, e.	. 62	16	•	4	20	80		35	5 V) M	, é	~	€	36	36	<u>~</u> :	4.	4 0	× c		:	T Volumes
ø	į	Volumes															1					27	11	0 · 6	38	\$ O	. 5	26	31		7	39	16	23	30		- 7 u	3.0	4	25	72	71	34	78	œ (16			Net Project ADT Volumes
Saturday Conditions	(00/	Vel	220	193	202	218	256	229	104	200	197	102	5 6	88	155	160	179	167	203	188	164	166	בי בי ל	100	187	156	7,7	147	171	110	115	126	115	11	122	6 6	1 6	. 08	71	83	128	113	78	4 .	y (33	10,537		ž
rday (e (9/3(or real	122	66	102	107	115	52	0 u	8 6	2 8	9 6	3 2	: 6	75	98	93	2	82	9	78	82	29	2 6	? ó	3 5	- 0	5.2	69	46	46	25	25	5	44	24 6	9 6	3.2	28	43	8	71	5	37	ရှင်	5 20	5.159		
Satu	With Game (9/30/00)	Ulrection of Iravel	١.	8 8	9	11	14	40,	5 5	2 6	5 5	3 5	2 6	8	8 8	74	98	86	118	88	98	2	S .	2 8	2 6	, u	4 S	S &	102	64	69	74	63	09	75	4 . 0 r	t 4 0 4	43	. 43	4	47	42	27	27	74	3 3	5.378 5.		
	 ~	-		264	260	224	243	214	977	200	000	170	197	194	184	162	180	140	141	167	150	139	140	141	55	5 5	1 1	2 5	140	124	108	87	66	88	92	97	7 5	4 6	67	28	56	42	4	96 ;	46	95 4 4	802		
	(10/14	Total			C.	ത	о (ν.			- a	o 4	re	, LC	. 60	6	7	0	ထ	7	co O	▼ ;		4 (,	2 6	v +			9	4	7	1 6	46	ை	0 (5 C	. "	, ac	ဖ	25	æ	_	0 (ω (C1 4	6	•	
	Vithout Game (10/14/00	Direction of Iravel	182	160	162	109	109	6 6	900	2 5	2 8	9 9	5 6	95	7	9	92				85		8	40 1						_	2			4	4	4 (i Ni		N	CV.		,		5.085		
	Withou	West	Ca	401	86	115	134	122	2.4	- 6	5 5	- 6	2 5	6	108	66	88	8	73	8	65	65	53	2 5	D (20 9	2 4	3 4	69	48	54	8	53	42	4	57	4 6	3 %	68	32	31	4	23	91	58	5 5	4.717	-	
		Project	357	234	273	274	317	250	24.0	240	240	104	204	220	237	229	258	283	271	262	269	347	320	356	307	310	0 10	241	223	223	189	191	206	181	181	131	141	115	2 8	6	89	20	65	44	28	52	14.516		225
	Set	Project Volumes																S.	0	0	0	9	4	<i>1</i> 0 0	9 0	> 0	2	2 00	න	22	6	22	25	\$	24	4	2 4			4	0	0	ro.						. Volumes
	,	Volumes															•	\$				32	ω :	12			. 6	27 4	17	44	=	43	20	37	48	œ ;	52	2 5	. u	- ω		0	69						Net Project ADT Volumes
nditions	(00/6	Total	357	234	273	274	317	250	24.5	7 0	6 6 6 6	104	20.	220	237	229	258	278	27.1	262	569	331	316	320	30.7	טרצ	0 10	277	214	201	183	169	181	162	157	127	82.7	5 5	? %	8 8	89	20	9	4	28	25	14 291		ž
Friday Cond	ne (9/2	on of Ire	L	122	141	132	186	122	7 5	4 -	- 6	2 0	106	113	126	111	139	159	144	140	151	182	182	197	5,5	15/	5 5	3 5	115	94	95	2	116	11	84	99	9 9	70 0	3 1	15	30	21	27	20	22		297		
Ē	With Game (9/29/00	West East Tot	1	112	132	142	131	128	2 2	127	5 +	- 6 -	8 6	10.5	Ξ	118	119	119	127	122	118	149	134	153	734	200	D C	102	9 6	107	91	66	65	82	73	61	7 2	- ¥	3 8	4	38	58	33	54	33	8 8	6 994 7		
	13/00)	-	# <u>s</u>	297	279	281	308	295	400	270	24.6	210	236	245	244	257	255	268	292	284	296	299	308	338	200	555	246	218	197	157	172	126	131	125	109	119	2 6	. c	3 6	87	78	. 20	51	43	8	88 8	33 14 128		
	ne (10/	East T	١.	182	160	152	171	153	5 2		- 4	4 8	102	105	118	125	141	146	147	159	162	168	186	184	200	181	0 4	5 5	11	92	96	65	63	26	22	27	- P	ç Ç	9 6	47	88	24	25	7	30		7 300 1		
	Without Game (10/13/00	West East Total						142				54					114							40,	<u> </u>	7 6	5 5			92	9/	61	89	69	2	62	75	, 4 4	8 8	9	9	56	56	22	6	7 3			
	≯ [9	u _	12:15 PM	12:30 PM	12:45 PM	MH 00:	20 CE:		MG 00.0	2.15 PM	2:30 PM	2:45 PM	3:00 PM	3:15 PM	3:30 PM	3:45 PM	4:00 PM	4:15 PM	4:30 PM	4:45 PM	5:00 PM	5:15 PM	5.30 PM	24.0 27.0 20.0	0.00 PM	ML 07.9	6.45 PM	7:00 PM	7:15 PM	7:30 PM	7:45 PM	8:00 PM	8:15 PM	8:30 PM	8:45 PM	9:00 PM	MG 05:0	9.45 PM	10:00 PM	10:15 PM	10:30 PM	10:45 PM	11:00 PM	11:15 PM	11:30 PM	1.40 TM		

					riday C	Friday Conditions		-					Sati	ırday C	Saturday Conditions			
ŗ	Without Game (10/13/00)	Same (10	(13/00)	With G	With Game (9/29/00)	(00/6		Net		Without G	Nithout Game (10/14/00)	4/00)	With Game (9/30/00)	e (9/30/	(00	,		
rime	North	Ulrection of Travel	avel	Direct	Direction of Tra	avel	Game	Project	With	Direct	Direction of Travel	-	Direction of Travel	tion of Trav	avel	Game	Project	With
S V V V		I		- 11	300	- Ciai	ACICIER	Volumes	riolect	1.		II d	- 11		, a	NOITH ON	Volunies	100001
2:15 AM	0	۰ ۵	v C	- c	-	۰ د			۰ د		c	v -	? C	- c	4 C			† C
2:30 AM	0			- 0		1 -			4 -	- 0	· c	۰ -	• •					
2:45 AM	8	0	~	0	. 0	. 0			- 0	1 -	• 0	4 -			ı - -			
1:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0				• •	0	0	0	0	. 0			0
1:15 AM	7	0	7	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
1:30 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	•	0	0	0	0	0			0
1.45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	-	0	γ			-
2:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	o	τ	7	က			ო
2:15 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	-	0	-	0	0	0			0
2:30 AM	0 0	0 (0 (0 (o ,	0			0	C4	0	73	-	0	-			₹-
2.40 AM	.	> +	> •	> c	- 0	۰- د			Ψ (- 1	0	-,	- (0 (- (- (
3:15 AM	~	- 0	- 4-	o c	,	- -			5 C		o c	- c	N C	5 C	NC			ν c
3:30 AM	0	0	. 0	0	0	• •			0	10	• •	40	• •	·	·			
3:45 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0			0		0	0	· 	. 0				
1:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	Ψ-	· 	. 0	· 				-
1:15 AM	0	0	0	0	-	-			-	8	0	7	0	-	-			•
1:30 AM	0	-	-	0	7	7			2	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
1:45 AM	-	0	~	-	_	7			2	-	0	-	0	0	0			0
5:00 AM	0	0	0	0	-	-			-	0	0	0	0	-	-			-
5:15 AM	0		-	0	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
5:30 AM	~	0	7	0	7	7			2	-	•	7	0	0	0			0
5:45 AM	~ 17	~	4	4	-	7			2	•	-	-	4	-	S.			up (
5:00 AM	· 1	7	ero -	•-	က	4			4	64	0	N	-	_	7			7
5:15 AM	n (4	တ္	0	0 ;	0			0	0	-	-	- -	%	ო (m (
5:30 AM	12	- (<u>ئ</u>	N (72	7 :			4 :	0	0 (ο.	۰ ۰	0 (۰ .			>
MA 00:2	ej- tu	N (φ,	N 6	י פ	= 8			11	4 (۰ د	4 (m (4 (4.0
7.00 AM	ນ ຊົ	э ч	4 ,	n c	17	2 5			2,50	7 4	- 1	n c		N C	, t			
7:30 AM	<u> </u>	1 C	<u>†</u> r	V 1 (1	; =	9 6			3 -		- 6	4 1	- •	o 4	- c			۰ -
7.45 AM	. 4	N (C	20	۰ د	37	5 8			o e	+ ·c	, c	~ 00	- 4	- 4	4 00			1 00
3:00 AM	8	~	52	25	24	9 4			49	4	9	5	· m	5	16			16
3:15 AM	7	6	16	4	15	58			29	4	4	œ	4	4	æ			89
3:30 AM	9	Ξ	17	=	12	23			23	œ	ĸ	5	တ	თ	18			18
3:45 AM	23	9	33	24	5	37			37	4	~	27	9	0	19			19
9:00 AM	=	œ	19	23	œ	31			34	9	4	2	12	o	2	-4		27
9:15 AM	~ '	ı cı	12	ر د	ø ·	= !			-	_	က	은 :	6 .	ις ·	35			ío (
9:30 AM	w į	/	12	Ξ	ဖ	17			17	9	2	=	ග	ග :	2	•		18
9:45 AM	4:	so (55	9 !	so i	57			57	ıcı i	4	თ ·	6 :	Ξ,	္က ႏ			S 7
7:00 AM	; ;	9	23	∞ .	ل .	E :			.	io i	4 1	on (<u>6</u>	n i	57 5			7.7
MV CER	= \$	2 \$	5 8	ο i	4 (12			77	1 0	o o	5 4	2 ;	2 4	77 9			77
M 000	2 ;	2 9	7 8	ဥ ;	N I	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	- ;	.	<u>.</u>	= ;	n	<u> </u>			2 5
MA 00.	<u>e</u> (o r	3 :	= 8		2 3			2 2	£ 6	۰ د	Q 7	2;	۰;	3 5			77 00
M 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	⊇ °	1 0	ខ្ម	3 5	41	8 8			56	2 7	4 r	4 5	4 0	4 1	8 8			9 6
1.30 AM	oα	~ c	១ ពុ	1 9	۰ ،	S 5			22	4 0	o 4	<u> </u>	20	~ 4	5 4			0 7 7
1.50 AM	n <u>t</u>	n c	<u>•</u> ;	~ 0	n ç	2 ?			2. 5	0 0		3 5	D =	0 1	5 5			2 5
- 4. - 5.	<u>-</u>	>	= -	<u>°</u>	2	<u>-</u>			- -	2	,	7	ţ	-	4			- 4

Direction of Travel North South Tot 8 8 8 7 4 5 5 7 7 7 7 8 9	of Trave								()								
1			Directic	۳	ıvel	Game	Project	With	Direc	E	ivei	Direction of	Ĕ	lei Ve	Game	Project	With
∞ r r o o r r o o	- 11	Total	- 1	South	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project	North	South	Total	North S	South	Total	Volumes	Volumes	Project
~ τυ αο ~ τυ α	ω	16	32	œ	40			40	o	ιO	14	9	ın	15			
n ∞ 1 − n ∞	4	-	19	5	8			34	ω	4	12	ത	ហ	7			
∞ \r 10 80	ın ı	9 :	ຂຸ	co	78			28	21	ဖ	27	9	2	12			
- uo eo	n 1	= ;	<u>.</u>	1 0	8 8			2 20	21.5	10	<u></u>	1 00	· ·	ن 5			
, ω	- α	± 6	7 5	~ u	8 4			2.5	0 (- 4	<u>.</u> :	~ 0	1 C	2 6			
,	σ	2 12	2 0	۸ د	5 4			<u>.</u>	• •	οα	ή ά	οα	۳ -	3 5			
o on	12	. 7	ο σ	۰ α	2 12			7	2 ^	σ	<u> </u>	ο «		14			
ေ	i rū	: =	, 7	۸ (: 7			. 7	- 6	4	2 5) (C	^	. (c)			
- 40	, _	: 2	σ		; 5			. 5	2 40	- 0	. ^	7	- 60	<u> </u>			
. 4	. ~	! ;	ο σ.	. 65	2,2			2 6) m	ł ur	α	r 00	.	- 14			
- αο	. α	16	000	2 0	1 2			10	^	, ru	12.	, ru	, α	. 65			
10	σ	19	£	l m	<u>(5</u>			13		^	<u>6</u>	2	. 7	4			
7	တ	16	9	4	4			4	-	က	4		7	00			
ß	œ	13	12	7	19			19	N	~	4	4	တ	13			, (
9	7	17	13	C 4	15			15	7	7	တ	7	=	18			
o o	ß	4	5	-	14	0	0	4	о	ო	12	7	· «	15			
80	4	12	15	7	17	10	n	20	4	4	∞	ന	o	72			
12	9	18	15	ო	6	0	0	18	12	τO.	17	œ	m	-			
10	œ	18	16	ო	19	-	_	20	^	7	4	۵	ю	=			
ω	თ	17	9	7	۵		0	80	13	ဖ	19	က	2	45		0	
7	œ	15	\$	12	22	7	4	26	-	'n	16	က	£	4		0	
က	9	5	17	9	27	14	7	34	ro.	4	σ	•	o,	9	-	~	
κò	ω	13	17	5	27	4	7	34	9	ĸ	=	ıΩ	Ŋ	5		0	
ၑ	თ	15	12	7	19	4	73	21	19	~	12	'n	8	7		0	
7	7	o	6	ဖ	15	9	m	18	ø	4	12	က	^	7	0	0	
7	_ග	16	4	4	18	7	-	19	ro.	~	12	Ġ	9	7		•	
o	7	16	13	ဖ	19	m	63	21	σ ₁	ιO	4	7	9	11	ന	- 2	
က	7	9	F	4	15	ĸ	<u>е</u>	18	ო	ග	თ	9	7	17	ω	4	
4	ιO.	တ	Ę	ıΩ	16	_	4	20	₆₀	ഹ	ω	7	∞	5	7	4	
7	ω	9	6	ហ	23	13	<u></u>	30	_	ဖ	5	Ξ	ဖ	17	খ	2	
80	თ	17	œ	ဖ	4		0	4.	co.	တ	=	თ	S	7	n	64	
4	ဖွ	0	o	ဖ	15	S.	e	18	4	4	∞,	~	က	9	7	fm.	
ო	^	10	œ	7	2	0	0	5	ო	8	3	9	'n	7	9	en	
თ	4	13	9		7		6	7	4	8	ထ	ن	8	чo		0	
თ	-	9	œ	0	유	0	0	5	4	-	c)	ო	4	7	6	fer.	
ω	7	10	7	9	œ		0	φ	S.	က	œ	7	က က	10		dm.	
4	4	œ	τ-	က	4		0	4	7	7	4	80	-	တ	ιΩ ≃	m	
9	5	-	ιΩ	ო	80		0	60	•	4	4	7	7	4	0	0	
œ	4	12	જ	7	7	_	0	7	က	7	z,	က	ທ	œ	က	7	
9	7	œ	2	_	9		0	9	m	-	4	9	8	œ	4	2	
ო	-	4	က	4	7	က	7	O	-	0	-	7	œ	15	14	7	
4		9	-	-	7	-	0		_	-	7	4	4	œ	9	m	
7	←	ო	0	ဖ	ဖ	ဗ	64	œ	_	7	က	7	ო	10	7	4	
ന	<u>_</u>	4	က	0	63			3	69	-	4	-	7	ო		0	
4	(7)	7	8	7	4			4	9		7	က	7	'n		0	
0	N	. 6	ı -	٠.	. 2			. 2		•	. 7	· "	8	10	(C)	7	
-		N	· -	0	۳-			· -	- 74	-	ı က	· vo	~	7	4	- 61	
538	439	776	753	523	1.276			1.327	495	278	773	484	404	888			934
	}		3	}	4				}			2	•	}			

Location: Bleakwood Avenue South of Avalanche Way

	With	Project	29	20	38	38	37	. 48	20	24	19	18	23	15	14	4	45	22	21	25	21	19	56	12	17	30	36	43	84 1	9 7	- 6	976	18	5 K	70	. t		÷ +	. <u>t.</u>	17	52	127	83	23	18	7	5	<u>.</u>	2	2,097	226
органдальнай допуторогорогорого	Droject	Volumes																					ဗ	0	~	_	6	2 :	4 6	22	7 1	- 6		1 1	- 4	9 0	7	- r	67	· •	16	41	27	^	vo.	•	0	4	0		T Volumes
8	G.	Volumes																					ιO		C4	13	15	50	28	4 6	47	4.4	۰ ۵		3	-		ž K		=	3	. 6	1 6	13	6			7			Net Project ADT Volumes
Saturday Conditions	(00)	Total	53	70	38	38	37	9	20	24	19	18	23	15	4	14	45	22	21	22	2,	19	23	12	16	23	<u>ب</u>	33	8 8	ξ, 5	8 9	ر ت	3 2	4 6	5 t	2 7	- 4	ōα	, C	: ;=	9	8 8	3 45	16	5 5	_	5	თ	2	1,871	Š
Saturday Conc	Direction of Travel	South	13	80	23	22	73	φ ;	9	4	œ	œ	16	9	თ	~	33	Ξ	ý	5	∞	~	ω	ო	4	~	<u>~</u>	4	4 1	_ (η,	·- •	4 6	၇ ၀	o c	oч	שיר	, ,	} LC	. 4	30	8 %	, <u>r</u>	9	5	က	က	က	1	775	
Sa	Direction Ga	North S	16	12	5	16	16	6	10	10	7	10	7	တ	ιΩ	7	12	7	5	15	13	12	5	တ	12	9	24	53	္က !	74	9 9	200	5 ;	= \$	2 5	2 4	· *	<u>-</u> «	o ur	^	· cc	•	r 40	φ	0	4	7	9	-	1,096	
	(00/+1	Total	50	9	33	9	78	23	52	23	17	თ	=	18	18	13	œ	4	12	œ	4	14	18	21	14	유	16	5	ဖ	6 ,	n ı	ω (D *	= "	o c	4 ű	2 "	יי כ	9		ı LC	> <	re	, m	. 4	0	7	71	9	1,181	
	Direction of Travel	South	11	ო	16	2	14	5	4	9	ω.	ო	9	12	œ	7	4	'n	က	-	မ	ιΩ	œ	တ	9	8	^	^	81	ın ı	N (CV ,	n =	d (n	5 0	0, 4		- (*	o c	٠ -	- 6	4 0	. 0	0	က	7	-	တ	458	
	Direction of Travel	North S	۱_	5	11	Ξ	-	ထ	-	5	o	9	ιΩ	9	10	9	4	တ	o	7	∞	თ	유	12	œ	ၹ	တ	ဖ	4 1	വ	n (ი (1 Q	~ (N (1 1	٠ ,	4 6	V ~	- c	4		4 -	- m	2	φ	ıO	-	3	723	
	\A/ifth	Project	09	84	20	53	33	78	56	23	78	53	13	23	31	31	32	35	18	52	21	24	35	54	55	32	52	35	52	23	25.	33	3 5	9 4	0 4 0	67 5	2 8	C T	, £	= =		· ·	» «	4		o	7	-	5	2,662	76
	Droject	Volumes																	0	80	0	-	ষ	77	on .	0	0	~	4	0	ا و	ın e	74 9	4 6	×0 1	0 0	> <	* 0	> 0) W	c	, c	0 0	, 0	7	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF					Volumes
	ou e	Volumes																	0	16		7	7	23	18			က	7	,	Ξ'	o •	4 0	, ,	9 9	2	1	•			- c) .			•						Net Project ADT Volumes
Friday Conditions	9/00)	Total	09	48	20	53	33	28	56	23	28	53	13	23	33	સ	35	35	8	4	2	23	33	42	46	35	55	33	57	8 8	23	58	X 6	8 8	3 8	₹ \$	2 5	<u>.</u> 4	, <u>t</u>	- 0	σ,	שי	ۍ د	4	- 40	0	7	-	2	2,586	Z
riday Co	Direction of Travel	South	36	9	58	54	7	7 '	ထ	5	7	5	4	2	13	16	15	9	=	17	c,	6	2	==	12	Ę	7	o	σ ;	<u>က</u> ၊	- ;	15	ဥ ငွ	7 7	4 3	= "	ა ද	<u>,</u>	, ,	4	- 4	۰ ۳	, (1 4	c	5	4	0	-	1,048	
7	S COLON	North	₩.	32	23	29	12	4 ;	20	5	4	4	တ	13	18	15	11	19	7	27	16	4	19	33	34	27	15	24	ត្ត :	₽ 9	2	4 (2 7	4 0	x 0 (1 (7	- r	~ c	10	, a) LC	ۍ د		- 0	· •	4	ო	-	4	1,538	
1000	(00/6)	Total	202	39	39	22	38	2.	/7	7	28	22	53	F	55	27	22	28	18	78	34	21	24	ნ	78	8	5 8	င္က	4 (4 6	2!	~ 7	4 6	8 4	9 9	2 8	6 5	2 -	- 4	2 00	. σ	, 5	i u	ο σ.	ı ka	ဖ	4	9	-	2,337	
	an of Travel	-	42	21	17	34	9	စေး	2	9	1	7	9	S.	ω,	5	6	12	은	~	ထ	6	ഗ	S	თ	2	ထ	5	4 1	~ 0	າ ເ	æ (2 7	- 4	n v	ט ק	<u>n</u> 4	D '<	ro	, c	, rt	אי	, c		ł	4	7	ı.co	0	940	
(30, 01, 01, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	Direction of	North S	11	18	22	<u>12</u>	55	5 5	2 :	=	=	ω	1	ý	14	4	12	16	ω	21	26	12	19	4	19	24	<u></u>	20	2 !	۲ ر	ָּת	o n c	0 7	<u> </u>	Ξ,	n ,	- 1	- 1	- 4	roc	4	•	- 11	^	. 2	· 74	2	1	+	1,397	
	E E	Beginning	12:00 PM	12:15 PM	12:30 PM	12:45 PM	1:00 PIN	1:15 PM	N 100	1:45 PM	2:00 PM	2:15 PM	2:30 PM	2:45 PM	3:00 PM	3:15 PM	3:30 PM	3:45 PM	4:00 PM	4:15 PM	4:30 PM	4:45 PM	5:00 PM	5:15 PM	5:30 PM	5:45 PM	6:00 PM	6:15 PM	6:30 PM	6:45 PM	7.00 T.	MH 61:7	7.45 DM	M. C.	8:00 P.W	0.00	0.30 TW	Na Co	9.15 PM	Md OE.6	9.45 PM	Ma 00:01	10.15 PM	10:30 PM	10:45 PM	11:00 PM	11:15 PM	11:30 PM	11:45 PM		

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

LOCATION:

CESAR CHAVEZ AVENUE W/O BLEAKWOOD AVENUE

DATE:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2000

FILE NO:

D2-2

DIRECTIO	N.		WES	TBOUND	*
TIME	25.55 80.55 5.55 5.55	8.2	4 8	45-60	HOUR TOTALS
- 00.00	15	15	10	9	49
01:00	12	8	4	6	30
02.00	9	9	6	6	30
03.00	4	2	5	1	12
04.00	3	3	5	5	16
105.00	6	8	14	9	37
06:00	13	12	21	24	70
07.00	18	40	48	56	162
08:00	46	41	76	78	241
90.00	57	79	67	82	285
1,10.00	90	84	95	104	373
#11.00	102	86	107	114	409
12.00	83	72	99	100	354
%13.00	95	116	85	92	388
14-00	92	79	74	80	325
15:50	76	104	58	77	315
16:00	71	75	72	78	296
17.00	84	69	54	64	271
1,18,00	77	78	71	73	299
\$ 19.00	63	74	65	55	257
320,00	56	50	50	35	191
1821.00	52	43	37	47	179
22.00	38	32	21	23	114
23.00	29	28	18	22	97
				TOTAL	4800
					_
AM PEAK	HOUR			11:00-12:0	0
VOLUME				409	
PM PEAK	HOUR			12:30-13:3	0
VOLUME				410	

DIRECTIC	iN.		FAST	rbound	
TIME		15-30	30-45	45-60	Asia HOUR
					TOTALS
00:00	15	20	11	10	56
01:00	13	9	7	8	37
02:00	4	5	5	8	22
03:00	4	3	2	5	14
04:00	6	3	4	. 7	20
05:00	3	10	10	15	38
206.00	14	12	18	24	68
07.00	27	45	51	59	182
08:00	50	51	78	84	263
99.00	66	65	109	84	324
10:00	102	70	104	105	381
11.00	108	96	99	92	395
\$12.00	95	120	98	105	418
113:00	112	91	95	108	41
14.00	67	91	80	100	33ხ
15.00	70	93	87	89	339
H16 00	83	79	75	76	313
17.00	72	64	59	74	269
18.00	66	70	80	72	288
£ 19.00	65	61	64	62	252
120.00	46	39	44	56	185
£21.00	30	36	32	34	132
22:00	28	21	21	29	99
23:00	16	20	16	24	. 76
				TOTAL	4915
AM PEAK	HOUR			10:30-11:3	30
VOLUME				413	
PM PEAK	HOUR			12:15-13:1	5
VOLUME				435	

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	9715

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

CATION:

CESAR CHAVEZ AVENUE E/O BLEAKWOOD AVENUE

DATE:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2000

FILE NO:

C2-2

DIRECTIC	N		WES	TBOUND	
TIME	00:15	15-30	30-45	45-60	HOUR
					TOTALS
00:00	. 17	10	11	10	48
01:00	9	9	10	5	33
3,02,00	6	6	7	3	22
03.00	2	4	. 2	3	11
04.00	5	1	0	1	. 7
05.00	3	. 5	8	10	26
06,00	13	10	15	15	53
07.00	13	20	33	49	115
08.00	49	69	70	88	276
09:00	85	90	49	44	268
10.00	66	80	103	98	347
11.00	99	108	120	107	434
12.00	103	111	108	89	411
13.00	88	107	105	88	388
14.00	101	104	106	97	408
15 00	84	90	81	70	325
16.00	77	85	79	90	331
17.00	72	71	60	66	269
18.00	60	59	61	45	225
19:00	42	50	33	37	162
20.00	39	44	42	32	157
21:00	38	42	44	48	172
22.00	42	39	31	33	145
23.00	24	23	20	17	84
				TOTAL	4717
AM PEAK	HOUR :	116		11:00-12:0	00
VOLUMÉ	***	434			
PM PEAK	HOUR		14:00-15:00		
VOLUME		200		408	

DIRECTIO	N.	EASTBOUND				
TIME	00-15	15-30	⇒ 30-45	45-60	FOTALS	
00:00	6	8	9	. 7	30	
01:00	6	10	8	6	30	
02:00	5	5	4	6	20	
03.00	. 8	3	5	6	22	
04.00	4	2	3	1	10	
05.00	2	4	6	7	19	
06.00	9	8	10	10	37	
07:00	16	. 18	24	35	93	
08:00	43	39	52	60	194	
09 00	68	76	66	70	280	
÷ 10:00	82	77	69	83	311	
11.00	81	97	96	111	385	
12.00	119	105	124	99	447	
13:00	126	110	87	90	413	
14:00	102	100	99	84	385	
15.00	103	101	87	79	370	
16:00	91	84	76	81	332	
17:00	83	70	67	63	283	
18.00	71	57	55	59	242	
19 00	61	63	57	61	242	
20.00	33	32	40	37	142	
21.00	30	29	30	28	117	
22.00	32	27	21	30	110	
23.00	22	19	24	16	81	
			1000	TOTAL	4595	
	the first the second of the se					
AM PEAK	HOUR	11:00-12:00				
VOLUME	100		385			
PM PEAK	HOUR		12:15-13:15			
VOLUME			<u> </u>	454		

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	9312

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

LOCATION:

FLORAL AVENUE W/O BLEAKWOOD AVENUE

DATE:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2000

FILE NO:

F2-2

DIRECTIO	N.	WESTBOUND			
TIME	00-15	15.30	30-45	45-60	HOUR
1-26					₹® TOTALS
00.00	13	8	7	9	37
91.00	7	8	3	5	23
02.00	5	4	5	1	15
65.03.00	3	11	4	4	22
04 00	9	2	. 9	5	25
22 05 00	7	6	15	11.	39
16 06:00	21	11	18	23	73
107.00	23	24	44	40	131
61 08 00	50	51	51	52	204
2,09:00	65	50	56	69	240
\$ 10.00	. 80	60	79	86	305
11.00	67	95	80	85	327
12:00	77	69	. 87	83	316
\$ 13.00	. 71	75	87	83	316
14:00	80	80	70	62	292
15:00	72	72	74	70	288
16.00	58	74	68	65	265
1700	44	74	42	58	218
18:00	61	61	62	52	236
19.00	49	50	44	46	189
\$ 20.00	45	43	- 57	40	185
921.00	30	27	37	. 31	125
22.00	27	16	18	26	87
23.00	19	20	17	10	66
				TOTAL	4024
	13.0				_
AM PEAK	HOURS		10:45-11:45		
VOLUME.			328		
PM PEAK	HOUR "		13:30-14:30		
VOLUME				330	

DIRECTIO	N .	EASTBOUND				
TIME	00-15	15-30	≃ 30-45	45-60	HÖÜR TÖTALS	
00 00	10	9	11	8	38	
01 00	10	6	5	8	29	
02.00	3	3	2	8	16	
03.00	2	3	4	4	13	
04:00	3	3	5	6	17	
05.00	4	2	8	8	22	
06:00	14	7	20	22	63	
707.00	30	39	56	42	167	
08.00	55	56	87	69	267	
6 09:00	65	74	88	81	308	
1510.00	96	77	93	87	353	
1341 ôo	92	73	112	93	370	
12.00	100	101	96	93	390	
13 00	97	95	95	92	37	
5114.00	71	73	88	87	315	
215 00	63	70	81	72	286	
16:00	70	77	74	76	297	
17.00	85	62	91	65	303	
1 18 00	74	73	59	75	281	
7119.00	77	49	39	52	217	
120 00	39	43	38	24	144	
21.00	39	21	34	22	116	
7522.00	26	31	11	25	93	
23.00	22	16	13	17	68	
				TOTAL	4556	
AND DE AM	AN PEAK HOUR (11:00-12:00			00		
VOLUME			11:00-12:00			
			370			
PM PEAK	ROCK		12:00-13:00			
VOLUME			<u> </u>	390		

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	8580
-----------------------------	------

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

TROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

CATION:

FLORAL AVENUE E/O AVALANCHE WAY

DATE:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2000

FILE NO:

E2-2

TIME	00-15				
		15-30	30-45	45-60	HOUR
			1000		TOTALS
00:00	15	9	7	7	38
01.00	9	6	10	4	29
02/00	6	4	7	5	22
303.00	. 5	1	9	5	20
04:00	4	4	5	6	19
§ 05.00	. 8	4	7	11	30
06.00	11	15	9	19	54
07.00	17	22	17	46	102
08:00	55	53	56	66	230
09 00	59	67	56	62	244
> 10.00	68	72	59	68	267
11.00	95	110	102	100	407
12.00	82	104	98	115	399
13.00	134	122	118	114	488
14:00	108	111	106	104	429
11 15 00	99	108	99	88	394
16 00	80	73	80	65	298
17.00	65	53	77	59	254
1318.00	63	65	65	59	252
4 19.00	69	48	54	50	221
20.00	53	42	43	57	195
21.00	42	32	26	39	139
122.00	32	31	14	23	100
123 00	16	28	22	20	86
				TOTAL	4717
AM PEAK	HOUR!		11:00-12:00		
VOLUME			407		
PM PEAK	HOUR		13:00-14:00		
VOLUME:				488	

TIME	00.15				EASTBOUND			
		15-30 15-30		45-60	HOUR AND STAILS STOTALS			
00.00	16	14	7	12	49			
01.00	8	8	10	3	29			
02.00	7	3	4	2	16			
03.00	7	4	2	4	17			
04:00	0	4	3	7	14			
05.00	5	1	4	6	16			
06 00	7	12	9	16	44			
07.00	23	24	43	51	141			
08.00	44	53	58	92	247			
09:00	87	71	83	97	338			
. 10 od	102	102	102	91	397			
11.00	125	115	106	138	484			
12.00	162	160	162	109	593			
13.00	109	92	108	106	415			
14.00	100	98	64	93	355			
15.00	95	76	63	92	326			
16.00	60	68	87	85	300			
17,00	74	87	64	79	304			
18.00	80	82	71	62	295			
119:00	71	76	54	37	238			
20:00	46	46	49	40	181			
21.00	30	40	23	28	121			
22.00	26	25	28	21	100			
23:00	20	18	12	15	65			
				TOTAL	5085			
AM PEAK	HOUR		11:00-12:00					
VOLUME			484					
PM PEAK	HOUR	12:00-13:00						
VOLUME				593				

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME		9802
	1	

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

LOCATION:

BLEAKWOOD AVENUE N/O AVALANCHE WAY

DATE:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2000

FILE NO:

A2-2

DIRECTIÓ	N,	NORTHBOUND				
TIME	00-15	15-30	30-45	45-60	HOUR	
100	4	1	2	4	TOTALS	
00.00 4 01.00	1 0	0	2 0	0	5 0	
3 02 00	0	1	2	1	4	
03:00	1	2	0	0	3	
04 00	0	2	0	1	.3	
05.00	0	0	1	0	1	
06:00	2	0	0	4	6	
07.00	2	1	4	6	13	
\$ 08 00	4	4	8	14	30	
09:00	6	7	6	-5	24	
10.00	5	5	7	19	36	
§ 11.00	20	14	18	18	70	
12:00	9	8	21	12	50	
// 13.00	8	6	10	7	31	
14:00	13	5	3	7	28	
15:00	. 11	11	2	7	31	
1416.00	9	4	12	7	32	
17.00	13	11	5	6	35	
₫18 od	10	8	. 5	9	32	
19-00	3	3	7	5	18	
1,20,00	4	3	4	4	15	
21.00	5	2	0	3	10	
* 22.00	3	1	1	1	6	
; 23.00	3	6	1	2	12	
	155			TOTAL	495	
The second of th				40.45.44	.=	
AM PEAK	HUUK		10:45-11:45			
VOLUME	uous		71			
PM PEAK VOLUME	HOUK		12:00-13:00			
VULUME			50			

DIRECTIO	N:	SOUTHBOUND				
TIME	00-15 11-2	15-30 15-30	≟ 30-45	45-60	HOUR	
00.00	1	0	0	0	1	
01.00	0	0	0	0	0	
02.00	0	0	0	0	0	
8 03 00	0	0	0	0	0	
04 00	1	0	0	0	1	
05.00	0	0	1	. 1	2	
¥06.00	0	1	0	0	1	
07.00	1	1	3	2	7	
8/08/00	6	4	5	7	22	
. 09.00	. 4	3	5	4	16	
10.00	4	5	8	6	23	
\$1100	4	5	5	3	17	
12.00	5	4	6	5	20	
(4,13.00	7	6	8	9	?	
§14.00	. 4	2	5	5	1,	
15.00	7	3	2	2	14	
1,16:00	3	4	5	7	19	
17.00	6	5	4	5	20	
18.00	2	4	7	5	18	
19 00	6	5	6	6	23	
20.00	4	2	2	1	9	
1,21,00	3	2	4	2	11	
22.00	.1	0	1	2	4	
9 23 00	1	1	1	1	4	
				TOTAL	278	
AM PEAK	HOUR		10:00-11:00			
VOLUME	All ha		23			
PM PEAK			13:00-14:00			
VOLUME			.	30		

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	773

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

CATION:

BLEAKWOOD AVENUE S/O AVALANCHE WAY

DATE:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2000

FILE NO:

B2-2

DIRECTIO	N:		NORT	HBOUND	·
TIME		15-30	. 30-45	45-60	HOUR
					TOTALS
00.00	1	2	2	1	6
01.00	0	0	2	. 0	2
3 02 00	0	0	. 0	1	1
03:00	3	1	0	0	4
04 00	2	- 0	0	. 0	2
05.00	0	1	1	1,	3
06 00	0	2	2	- 10	14
07.00	2	. 3	19	27	51
08:00	21	25	41	48	135
09.00	25	15	14	27	81
10.00	21	10	14	22	67
1100	15	10	9	18	52
12:00	9	13	17	11	50
13:00	11	8	11	13	43
14 00	9	. 6	5	6	26
15.00	10	6	4	9	29
16:00	9	7	8	9	33
\$17.00	10	12	8	8	38
2718/00	9	6	4	5	24
19.00	3	3	6	7	19
20.00	2	2	7	2	13
21.00	2	1	0	4	7
22.00	2	1	3	2	8
23:00	6	5	1	3	15
				TOTAL	723
and same	COUR				
AM PEAK	HUUK		08:15-09:15		
VOLUME	i katira		139		
PM PEAK	HUUR			12:15-13:1	5
VOLUME				52	

DIRECTION	1	SOUTHBOUND				
TIME	00-15	15-30	= 30-45	45-60	THE HOUR	
					TOTALS	
. 00:00	1	0	0	0	1	
01:00	0	0	0	2	2	
02:00	0	0	2	0	2	
03:00	0	2	0	0	2	
04:00	1	0	0	1	2	
05.00	. 0	1	1	1	3	
106.00	4	0	1	4	9	
# 07.00	0	4	7	10	21	
08.00	8	5	8	14	35	
09:00	6	5	8	9	28	
10.00	11	14	8	19	52	
11,00	16	8	13	16	53	
112.00	11	3	16	5	35	
13.00	17	15	14	10	56	
14:00	. 8	3	6	12	29	
15:00	8	. 7	4	- 5	24	
16:00	3	. 1	6	5	15	
17:00	. 8	9	6	2	25	
18:00	7	7	2	5	21	
19.00	2	2	3	4	11	
20.00	3	0	8	1	12	
21:00	1	3	0	1	5	
22.00	2	2	0	2	6	
23.00	3	2	1	3	9	
				TOTAL	458	
AM PEAK	HOUR!	3.6	10:15-11:15			
VOLUME		4.4	57			
PM PEAK	HOUR		13:00-14:00			
VOLUME				56		

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME		1181	
	1		ĺ

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

LOCATION:

CESAR CHAVEZ AVENUE W/O BLEAKWOOD AVENUE

DATE:

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 2000

FILE NO:

D2-1

DIRECTIO	N	WESTBOUND			
TIME	00-15	, 15-30	30-45	45-60	HOUR
.00:00	8	10	2	3	TOTALS 23
01.00	2	6	1	4	13
02.00	0	0	3	3	6
03:00	3	3	3	1	10
04.00	2	7	4	5	18
05.00	10	16	16	32	74
06.00	64	68	75	78	285
07.00	133	127	158	166	584
08.00	136	77	114	90	417
09.00	72	66	87	92	317
10.00	94	86	102	113	395
1100	96	84	155	144	479
1200	103	115	116	114	448
13/13/00	109	105	100	94	408
14 fd	103	94	78	91	366
15 00	96	97	111	99	403
16.00	82	101	94	98	375
17.00	98	101	93	96	388
18.00	93	89	91	100	373
19.00	68	79	72	68	287
1/20:00	61	80	58	60	259
#121.00	57	63	48	35	203
22.00	40	25	30	24	119
0 23 00	22	26	24	23	95
				TOTAL	6345
a a circa a				07:45 00:4	e
AM PEAK VOLUME	MUUH,	100	07:15-08:15		
PM PEAK	unio	a de la composición della comp	587 12:15-13:15		
VOLUME	HOUN,			454	J .
A OF OME				404	

DIRECTIO	N	EASTBOUND				
TIME	00-15	15-30	= 30-45	45-60	HOUR	
					TOTALS	
00.00	7	6	3	2	18	
01:00	4	7	2	5	18	
02.00	1	0	3	0	4	
03.00	4	1	2	1	8	
04.00	4	5	- 5	5	19	
# 05:00	5	12	22	23	62	
06:00	24	35	54	48	161	
1 07.00	62	120	137	109	428	
08 00	73	90	98	71	332	
1, 09.00	59	83	137	91	370	
10.00	63	81	95	93	332	
11.00	90	108	114	156	468	
12.00	98	105	98	108	409	
13:00	113	76	102	99	3	
14 00	. 76	100	120	142	430	
15.00	133	145	134	154	566	
16:00	158	210	198	212	778	
17.00	196	192	200	189	777	
18:00	156	160	112	107	535	
19.00	111	85	86	88	370	
20.00	89	65	49	51	254	
21.00	43	47	27	41	158	
22.00	33	29	15	21	98	
23.00	18	20	18	14	70	
				TOTAL	7063	
	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY					
AM PEAK	HOUR		11:00-12:00			
VOLUME			468			
	PM PEAK HOUR 16:15-17:15					
VOLUME				816		

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	13408

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

"ROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

CATION:

CESAR CHAVEZ AVENUE E/O BLEAKWOOD AVENUE

DATE:

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 2000

FILE NO:

C2-1

DIRECTIO	N;	WESTBOUND			
TIME	00-15	15-30	30.45	45-60	HOUR
	0	7	c	7	TOTALS
00.00 01.00	8 3	7	6 7	7 2	28 13
02.00	2	2	0	2	6
03:00	3	3	5	3	14
04.00	1	2	7	5	15
05.00	4	9	14	11	38
06:00	23	61	68	86	238
07:00	79	128	122	193	522
08.00	219	149	109	158	635
09:00	113	81	88	99	381
10:00	118	91	103	107	419
11.00	110	95	95	135	435
12:00	141	115	111	121	488
\ 19.00	127	90	115	101	433
14.00	90	100	99	77	366
15.00	92	112	92	119	415
16.00	101	83	110	93	387
17/00	91	105	97	112	405
18.00	96	84	98	97	375
19:00	116	78	55	58	307
20.00	49	34	24	23	130
21:00	30	28	31	30	119
22;00	22	23	31	34	110
23:00	20	18	19	18	75
				TOTAL	6354
				07.00.00	
	AM PEAK HOUR 07:30-08:30				
VOLUME					.0
	HOUR			12:00-13:0	10
VOLUME		***		488	

DIRECTIO	N		EAST	BOUND	
TIME	00-15) 15-30 91,040	÷ 30-45	45 60	TOTALS
00.00	6	8	7	3	24
01 00	1	1	4	8	14
02:00	5	6	3	4	18
03:00	4	2	3	6	15
04.00	5	. 3	2	7	17
05.00	8	5	9	15	37
06:00	10	13	10	15	48
£07:00	28	37	41	41	147
00.80	30	23	24	43	120
09.00	54	67	89	64	274
10.00	95	102	92	106	395
11.00	104	90	88	95	377
12.00	88	127	93	103	411
#13.00	135	91	108	. 90	424
14:00	74	106	87	89	356
15:00	100	119	139	123	481
16.00	142	165	166	171	644
17.00	180	156	172	154	662
18:00	123	119	142	133	517
19.00	119	108	80	52	359
20:00	68	52	55	57	232
21.00	42	43	60	39	184
22:00	45	50	33	29	157
23:00	22	28	22	19	91
				TOTAL	6004
	unun			40.45.44.4	ı.e
AM PEAK	HOUR			10:15-11:1	10
VOLUME				ıs.	
	HOUR		1.	16:45-17:4 679	10
VOLUME			L	679	

		l'	
тот	AL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	12358	

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

LOCATION:

FLORAL AVENUE W/O BLEAKWOOD AVENUE

DATE:

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 2000

FILE NO:

F2-1

DIRECTIO	N-	WESTBOUND			
TIME	00-15	15-30 File	30.45	45-60	HÖUR TOTALS
00.00	12	5	2	4	23
01.00	3	3	4	3	13
02:00	2	0	2	1	5
16 ,03.00	4	3	3	3	13
704 00	2	6	8	12	28
05:00	17	24	22	36	99
M 06.00	43	69	68	88	268
07.00	87	136	150	127	500
00.80	88	98	94	95	375
6.09 00	72	70	74	91	307
10.00	70	72	85	108	335
100	84	85	113	128	410
12 00	95	95	124	127	441
#13 00	108	112	106	99	425
\$14.00	87	99	81	91	358
15 00	79	87	100	94	360
\$ 16.00	77	79	76	78	310
17 00	78	82	86	67	313
1116.00	98	67	84	97	346
19 00	65	64	64	68	261
1 720 ou	60	62	67	47	236
21 60	. 38	51	44	49	182
据 22:00	28	32	24	21	105
£2:00	18	22	17	9	66
			2	TOTAL	5779
		3.0			_
	M PEAK HOUR 07:15-08:15				5
VOLUME					
	HOUK	12:30-13:30			
VOLUME				471	

DIRECTIO	N.	EASTBOUND			
TIME	00-15		465		HOUR FETOTALS
4.00.00	7	5	6	3	21
01.00	3	3	2	2	10
02:00	2	3	6	3	14
· 03:00	1	3	2	1	. 7
04.00	5	4	2	6	17
, 2, 05:00	10	11	10	20	51
06.00	18	37	44	56	155
07.00	69	93	130	74	366
1.08.00	74	97	113	75	359
. 09:00	66	81	105	74	326
10.00	83	105	81	90	359
11.00	100	116	122	153	491
4,12.00	113	104	113	99	429
13:00	115	91	97	81	38
3 (14 00	82	89	104	106	381
15:00	109	146	136	136	527
1 16:00	152	162	141	179	634
17:00	186	185	208	176	755
18:00	135	150	123	97	505
19:00	93	77	65	53	288
20.00	48	52	48	39	187
221.00	41	31	40	38	150
22:00	36	25	24	28	113
23.00	24	19	11	18	72
				TOTAL	6601
AMPEAK	HOUR			11:00-12:0	00
VOLUME					
	AK HOUR 16:45-17:45				
VOLUME			wyam.a.	758	

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	12380

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

--QJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

CATION:

FLORAL AVENUE E/O AVALANCHE WAY

DATE:

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 2000

FILE NO:

E2-1

DIRECTIO	N	WESTBOUND				
TIME		15-30	30-45	45-60	HOUR	
445				100	TOTALS	
00.00	16	9	10	2	37	
81.00	5	1	3	. 2	11	
02:00	4	3	1	2	10	
\$ 03:00	0	3	3	4	10	
04/00	4	1	4	5	14	
\$ 05.00	8	12	17	25	62	
₹ 06.00	23	28	58	59	168	
07.00	76	. 78	123	171	448	
# 08:00	153	92	110	118	473	
3 09 00	101	76	75	84	336	
10.00	85	73	78	83	319	
\$11.00	88	74	88	102	352	
12.00	127	115	119	129	490	
13.00	. 138	142	114	135	529	
14.00	137	129	142	134	542	
15:00	140	126	132	114	512	
16:00	122	145	125	134	526	
17.00	131	122	154	167	574	
18.00	142	130	101	95	468	
19:00	86	65	76	61	288	
F20:00	68	69	54	62	253	
21.00	52	44	55	43	194	
122 00	40	40	26	26	132	
23 00	22	18	23	17	80	
	124			TOTAL	6828	
AM PEAK	HÖUR 🤫	1.00	07:30-08:30			
VOLUME			539			
PM PEAK	HOUR		17:30-18:30			
VOLUME				593		

DIRECTIO	N:	EASTBOUND				
TIME	00-15	15 30	[™] 30-45	45-60	Hour.	
					TOTALS	
00.00	8	6	3	5	22	
₹ 01.00	5	2	3	3	13	
02.00	2	2	2	6	12	
03.00	- 2	2	3	. 2	9	
104.00	1	2	5	4	12	
9 05 00	3	10	14	. 7	34	
9 06 00	28	16	28	42	114	
107.00	48	59	79	107	293	
08:00	86	71	93	87	337	
1,09.00	115	80	75	98	368	
\$ 10,00	129	95	108	105	437	
\$11.00	156	138	129	144	567	
\$12.00	239	182	160	152	733	
13.00	171	153	140	91	555	
14:00	111	85	77	102	375	
15.00	105	118	125	141	489	
16.00	146	147	159	162	614	
17.00	168	186	184	193	731	
18.00	191	155	145	123	614	
19 00	111	92	96	65	364	
20.00	63	56	55	57	231	
\$21.00	51	45	28	36	160	
22.00	47	38	24	25	134	
23.00	21	30	15	16	82	
20.00			600.000	TOTAL	7300	
	毛。所谓的特别的特别,这种"自然"的特别的特别的 特别					
AM PEAK	HOUR	11:00-12:00				
VOLUME		567				
PM PEAK	HOUR		17:15-18:15			
VOLUME				754		

14128	-

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

LOCATION:

BLEAKWOOD AVENUE N/O AVALANCHE WAY

DATE:

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 2000

FILE NO:

A2-1

DIRECTIO)N:	NORTHBOUND			
TIME	00-15	15-30	30-45	45-60	HOUR
00.00	. 0	0	0	2	TOTALS 2
01 00	0	2	0	0	2
02:00	0	0	0	0	0
3 03 00	0	1	0	0	1
04,00	0	0	0	1	1
105.00	0	0	2	2	4
06.00	1	. 5	12	4	22
07.00	5	10	5	14	34
£08:00	18	7	6	23	54
09 00	11	7	5	17	40
10.00	17	11	12	15	55
11100	10	8	9	11	38
[12.00	8	7	. 5	8	28
113.00	7	5	8	9	29
14.00	6	5	4	8	23
15:00	10	7	5	6	28
16.00	9	8	12	10	39
17.00	. 8	7	3	5	23
18.00	6	2	7	9	24
119.00	3	4	2	8	17
720.00	4	3	9	9	25
21.00	8	4	6	8	26
22.00	6	3	4	2	15
23.00	3	4	0	. 1	8
				TOTAL	538
AM PEAK	HÖÜR	09:45-10:45			
VOLUME			57		
PM PEAK	HOUR		16:00-17:00		
VOLUME			······································	39	9

DIRECTIO	Nei	SOUTHBOUND				
TIME	00-15	15-30	⇒ 30-45	45-60	Hour	
00.00	2	0	0	0	TOTALS 2	
01.00	0	0	0	0	0	
02.00	0	0	0	0	0	
03.00	1	0	0	0	1	
04.00	0	0	1	0	1	
05.00	0	1	0	2	3	
1 06 00	2	4	1	2	9	
5707.00	9	4	2	6	21	
00.80	7	9	11	10	37	
09.00	8	5	7	5	25	
10.00	6	10	10	8	34	
1100	5	7	9	0	21	
r. 12.00	8	4	5	3	20	
13.00	7	8	9	12	₹ '	
14.00	5	7	7	8	2,	
15.00	9	9	. 8	11	37	
\$16.00	5	4	6	8	23	
\$17.00	9	8	10	8	35	
1,18:00	9	7	. 9	7	32	
19.00	7	5	8	9	29	
20.00	6	7	4	1	18	
21:00	2	4	5	4	15	
22.00	2	1	. 2	1	6	
23.00	1	3	2	1	7	
				TOTAL	439	
	Liotin					
AM PEAK	HOUR		and the state of t	08:15-09:1	5	
VOLUME	LIGHT		38			
PM PEAK	TIOUN		15:00-16:00			
VOLUME				37		

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	i,	977	

CLIENT:

KAKU ASSOCIATES

PROJECT:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE

CATION:

BLEAKWOOD AVENUE S/O AVALANCHE WAY

DATE:

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 13, 2000

FILE NO:

B2-1

DIRECTIO	N.	NORTHBOUND					
TIME	00:15	15-30	30-45	45-60	J HOUR		
00.00	2	0	1	1	TOTALS 4		
01.00	0	2	1	0	3		
02.00	0	0	0	0	0		
03.00	0	1	1	0	2		
. D4:00	0	0	2	2	4		
05:00	0	2	1	7	10		
06.00	4	6	17	18	45		
07.00	17	28	66	85	196		
08 00	26	26	86	65	203		
09.00	23	29	47	36	.135		
10.00	25	18	31	28	102		
11100	18	21	33	53	125		
12 00	28	18	22	21	89		
13.00	22	12	10	11	55		
1400	11	8	11	6	36		
K 15.00	. 14	14	12	16	56		
16.00	8	21	26	12	67		
317:00	19	14	19	24	76		
18.00	18	20	10	17	65		
8 19 00	9	. 9	8	14	40		
1 20 00	11	- 5	11	7	34		
21.00	7	4	8	4	23		
22.00	7	5	7	2	21		
23.00	2	2	1	1	6		
				TOTAL	1397		
AM PEÁK	HOUR	07:45-08:45					
VOLUME			07.45-06.45				
PM PEAK	HOUR		12:00-13:00				
VOLUME				89			

DIRECTIO)N		SOUT	HBOUND		
TIME	00-15	15-30	± 30-45	45-60	ASS HOUR	
					totals	
00:00	4	1	1	0	6	
01.00	0	0	2	0	2	
102.00	0	0	0	4	4	
03.00	0	0	0	0	0	
404.00	. 0	1	0	0	1	
05.00	. 2	1	2	6	11	
06.00	2	- 3	4	8	17	
107.00	10	21	21	17	69	
08 00	12	10	18	25	65	
99.00	12	-4	9	25	50	
10:00	20	17	15	39	91	
11:00	18	16	47	78	159	
12.00	42	21	17	34	114	
1213:00	16	. 9	17	10	52	
114.00	17	14	18	5	54	
\$15.00	8	13	10	12	43	
L-16.00	10	7	8	9	34	
\$17.00	- 5	5	9	10	29	
18.00	8	10	4	. 7	29	
19.00	3	8	16	14	41	
20 00	5	5	15	5	.30	
21.00	4	9	0	5	18	
22:00	5	0	2	3	10	
23:00	. 4	2	5	0	11	
100	42			TOTAL	940	
AM PEAK	HOUR		11:00-12:00			
VÕLUME.			159			
PM PEAK	HOUR		12:00-13:00			
VOLUME				114		

TOTAL BI-DIRECTIONAL VOLUME	2337



Appendix G

TRAFFIC STUDY/SUPPLEMENTAL TRAFFIC ANALYSIS

TRAFFIC AND PARKING STUDY FOR EAST LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE MASTER PLAN MASTER EIR

SEPTEMBER, 2000

PREPARED FOR

TERRY A. HAYES & ASSOCIATES

PREPARED BY



TRAFFIC AND PARKING STUDY FOR EAST LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE CAMPUS MASTER PLAN MASTER EIR

September 2000

Prepared for:

TERRY A. HAYES & ASSOCIATES

Prepared by:

KAKU ASSOCIATES, INC. 1453 Third Street, Suite 400 Santa Monica, California 90401 (310) 458-9916

Ref: 1315

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ě.	Introduction	1
	Project Location	1
	Project Description	1
	Study Scope	3
11.	Existing Conditions	7
	Existing Street System	7
	Existing Traffic Volumes and Levels of Service	10
	Public Transit	
III.	Future Traffic Projections	21
	Cumulative Base Traffic Projections	21
	Project Traffic Volumes	
	Cumulative Plus Project Traffic Projections	28
IV.	Traffic Impact Analysis	31
	Significant Traffic Impact Criteria	31
	Cumulative Base Traffic Conditions	31
	Cumulative Plus Project Traffic Conditions	33
	Mitigation of Project Impacts	
V.	Parking Analysis	35
	Existing Parking System	35
	Potential Future Parking Needs	37
VI.	Summary and Conclusions	43

Appendix A – Intersection Lane Configurations Appendix B – Level of Service Worksheets Appendix C – Parking Utilization Survey Results

LIST OF FIGURES

NO.		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Project Vicinity East Los Angeles College Campus Master Plan Study Area and Location of Analyzed Intersections Location of Automated Parking Gates Existing Peak Hour Traffic Volumes Existing Transit Routes Cumulative Base Peak Hour Traffic Volumes Project Distribution Project Only Peak Hour Traffic Volumes Cumulative Plus Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	11 13 19 24 27 29
	LIST OF TABLES	
NO.		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	External Roadway System Internal Roadway System Level of Service Definitions for Signalized Intersections Level of Service Definitions for Unsignalized Intersections East Lost Angeles College Master Plan Existing Intersection Levels of Service Trip Generation for Related Projects East Los Angeles College Campus Trip Generation Estimates Year 2015 Cumulative Base and Cumulative Plus Project Intersection Levels of Service Parking Lot Inventory Existing Parking Lot Utilization	12 15 16 17 23 26 32 36 38
11 12	Peak Period Parking Use by Category Projected Future On-Site Student Parking Demands	39

I. INTRODUCTION

This report documents the analysis methodologies and results of a study conducted by Kaku Associates, Inc., to evaluate the potential traffic, access, and parking impacts of the proposed Campus Master Plan for the East Los Angeles Community College (ELACC). This study is being conducted as part of an overall Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the Master Plan and will become an element of the technical document.

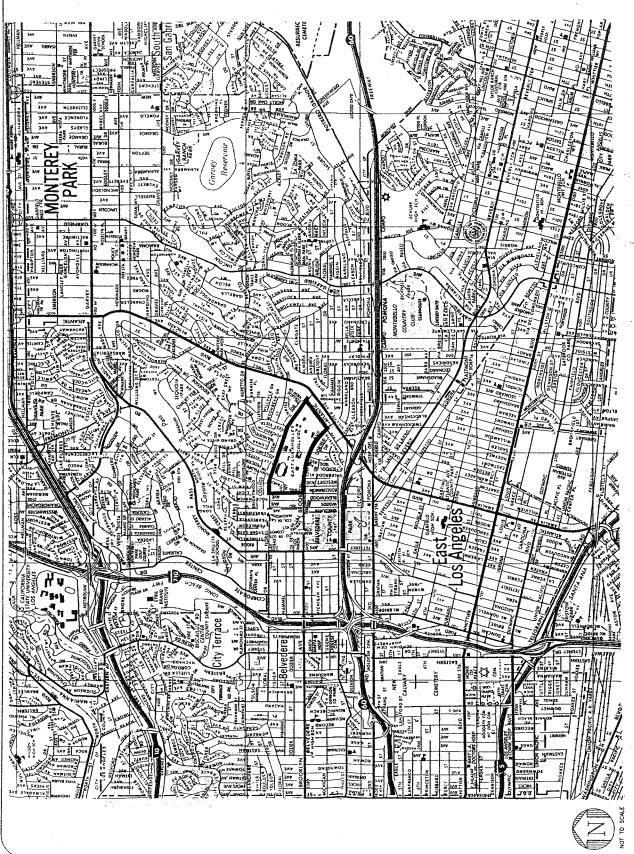
PROJECT LOCATION

East Los Angeles Community College is located in the City of Monterey Park. The campus is bounded by Cesar Chavez Avenue on the south, Collegian Avenue to the east, Bleakwood Avenue to the west and Floral Drive to the north, as shown in Figure 1. The principal academic facilities are generally located in the eastern portion of the campus, while the western portion of the campus is currently occupied by a football stadium, surface parking lots, and undeveloped land.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed Campus Master Plan is intended to serve as a guide for a campus-wide restoration effort that includes improving, enhancing, rehabilitating, and revitalizing the existing campus. The Campus Master Plan also contains guidelines that dictate future development of the University's physical improvements. The Plan identifies these physical improvements in terms of landscaping, signage, new buildings, and parking.

The Campus Master Plan improvements are designed to accommodate a total enrollment of approximately 25,000 full time students by Year 2015; an increase of 7,803 students (approximately 45 percent) over the existing year 2000 enrollment of 17,197. An illustration of the



proposed main academic campus concept plan for the proposed East Los Angeles Community College Campus Master Plan is shown in Figure 2.

STUDY SCOPE

The scope of analysis for this study was developed in conjunction with the staffs of the City of Monterey Park and ELACC. The assumptions, technical methodologies and analysis procedures, and results of the study are contained as part of the study.

The study focuses on the analysis of potential project-generated traffic impacts on the street system surrounding the site. The projected completion date of the proposed Campus Master Plan renovation is 2015, and therefore the impact analysis examines future conditions for this year, both without and with the proposed project. The following traffic scenarios are analyzed in the study:

- <u>Existing 2000 Conditions</u> The analysis of existing traffic conditions is intended to provide a
 basis for the remainder of the study. The existing condition analysis includes an
 assessment of existing street characteristics, traffic volumes, and operating conditions.
- Year 2015 Cumulative Base Conditions Future traffic conditions are projected for the Year 2015 without the completion of the proposed project. These conditions reflect changes resulting from regional growth and related projects in the vicinity of the project site.
- Year 2015 Cumulative Plus Project This is an analysis of future traffic conditions including traffic expected to be generated by the proposed project. The impacts of the proposed project on future traffic operating conditions can then be identified.

The following 12 intersections were analyzed for each of the scenarios described above:

- 1. Humphrey Avenue/I-710 Southbound off-ramp and Floral Drive
- Ford Boulevard/I-710 Northbound on-ramp and Floral Drive
- 3. Monterey Pass Road and Floral Drive
- 4. Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive
- 5. Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue
- 6. Atlantic Boulevard and US-60 Eastbound off-ramp

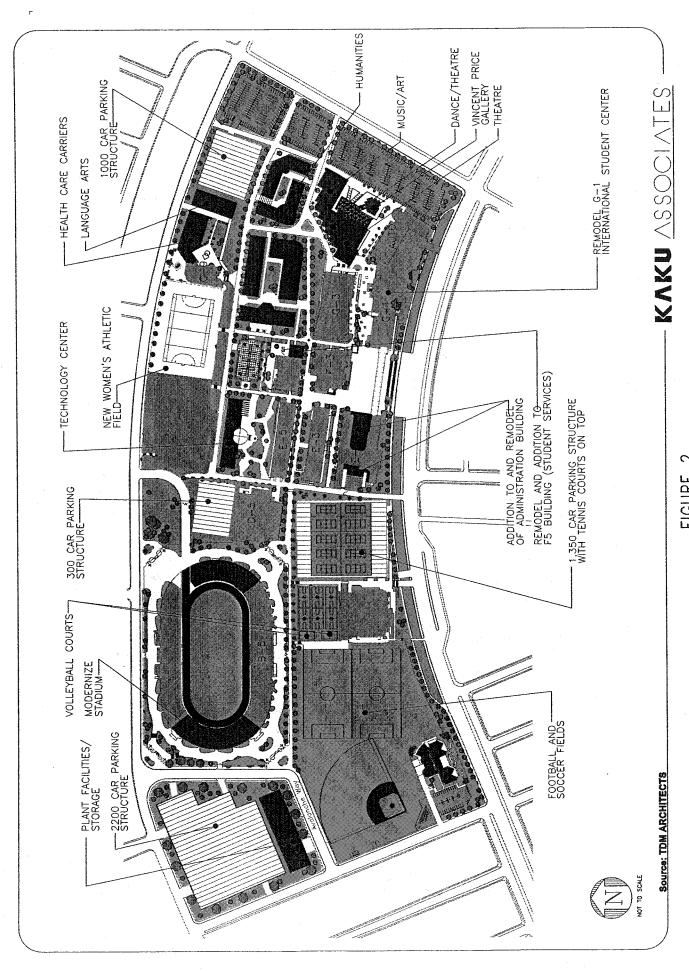


FIGURE 2 EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE CAMPUS MASTER PLAN

- 7. Atlantic Boulevard and US-60 Westbound off-ramp/1st Street
- 8. Collegian Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue
- 9. Atlantic Boulevard and Cesar Chavez Avenue
- 10. Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive
- 11. Atlantic Boulevard and Floral Drive
- 12. Atlantic Boulevard and Brightwood Street

The locations of the 12 study intersections are illustrated on Figure 3.

ORGANIZATION OF REPORT

This report is divided into six chapters. Chapter II describes the existing area and Campus street system, traffic volumes, and traffic conditions within the study area. The methodologies used to forecast future traffic volumes are described in Chapter III. Chapter IV presents an assessment of potential traffic impacts and mitigation measures. Chapter V discusses the results of the parking analysis. Finally, a summary of the analysis is included in Chapter VI. Intersection Lane Configurations, supporting intersection calculation worksheets and details of the Parking Utilization Survey are included as appendices to this report.

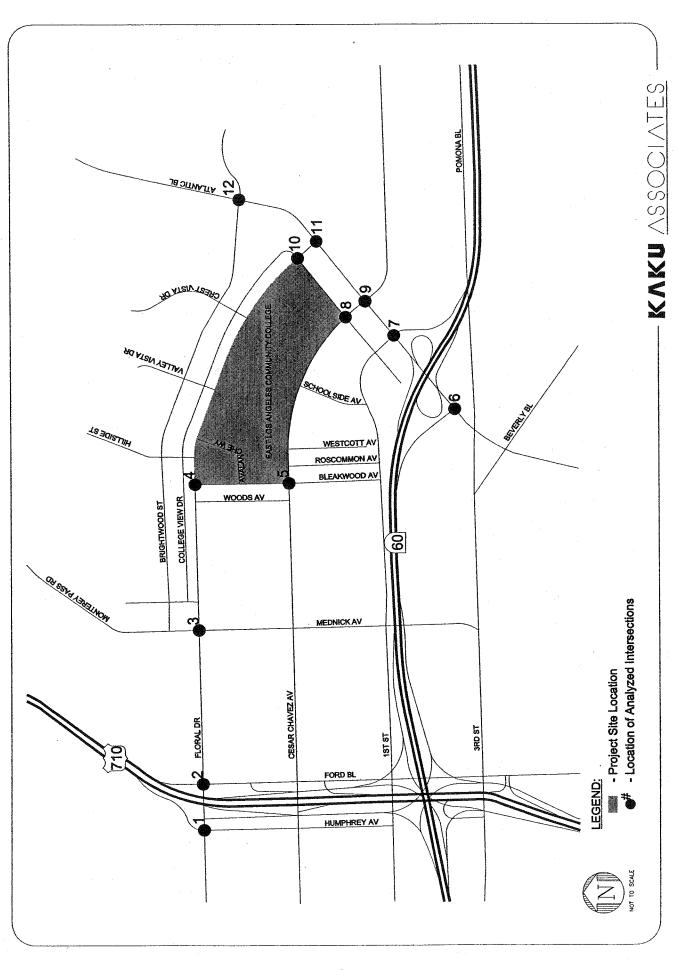


FIGURE 3 STUDY AREA AND LOCATION OF ANALYZED INTERSECTIONS

II. EXISTING CONDITIONS

A comprehensive data collection effort to identify the existing conditions within the study area was undertaken, including a general description of land uses in the study area; an inventory of the area street system; the determination of traffic volumes on the street system and the resultant operating conditions; and a summary of public transit services.

EXISTING STREET SYSTEM

The Pomona and Long Beach Freeways provide regional access to the Campus. The Pomona Freeway (SR-60) runs in east-west direction south of the Campus. The closest access between the Campus and the Pomona Freeway is via ramps at Atlantic Boulevard. The Long Beach Freeway (I-710) runs in a north-south direction approximately 1 mile west of the Campus. Nearest access to the Long Beach Freeway is available via Floral Drive and Cesar Chavez Avenue.

The major surface streets serving the Campus are Atlantic Boulevard, Eastern Avenue, and Garfield Avenue in the north-south direction and Cesar Chavez Avenue in the east-west direction. A description of the primary roadways in the vicinity of the campus is included in Table 1. Diagrams of the existing intersection lane configurations for the key intersections of the surrounding street system are contained in Appendix A.

Campus Internal Circulation

Access to the main campus facilities is available from Cesar Chavez Avenue at Access Road. The primary access point to the main student parking facility, the Stadium Lot, is from Avalanche Way via Floral Drive and Bleakwood Avenue. Floral Drive also provides secondary access to the campus.

TABLE 1 EXTERNAL ROADWAY SYSTEM

SR-60 Off-amp SR-60 EB Oh-ramp 3 SR-60 MB Oh-ramp SR-60 EB Oh-ramp 3 SR-60 MB Oh-ramp SR-60 EB Oh-ramp 3 SR-60 MB Oh-ramp SR-60 M		•	ı	בי	nes	Median	- 1	Parking Restrictions	Speed
SR-66 Off-ramp 2/3 3 RM NS 330p-6p		From	70	NB/EB	SB/WB	Type	NB/EB	SBWB	Limit
SR-66 Of-ramp 23 3 RM NS 3:30p-6p									
SR-60 EB Oh-ramp 3 3 RM NSAT	omona	· ·	SR-60 Off-ramp	2/3	n	Z.	NS 3:30p-6p	PA	
Str-60 WB On-ramp	SR-60 Of	f-ramp	SR-60 EB On-ramp	е .	e .	R.	NSAT	NSAT	
State	3R-60 EE	3 On-ramp B On-ramp	SR-60 WB On-ramp		<i>ب</i> د	<u> </u>	NSAT	NWAT NWAT	
Final Dr St Final Dr St Final Dr	st St		Cesar Chavez Av/Riggin St		. w		A-d	NSAT	
Midblock 3 3 RM NSAT	Sesar Cl	navez Av/Riggin St	Floral Dr		n	R.	NSAT	NSAT	32
Eligativiocal St 2	loral Dr		Midblock	m (_ල	Z :	NSAT	NSAT	
Casar Chavez Av	Midblock		Brightwood St	~ 6	27 (77.5	A .	A .	Ş
Brightwood St	SALES INC.	16 BG	El repello Ur	ν.	73	7	<u>د</u>	ď.	4
Horal Dr	(em Av		Brightwood St	2	2	2LT	NP 2a-5a; PA	2hr 7a-6p	- Andrews - Andr
Harmine St DY PA Harmine St DY PA Gesar Chavez Av 2	Srightwo	od St	Fioral Dr	7	~	2LT	Trucks 2hr 7p-7a; PA	∀ a	
Cosser Si	loral	. 6	Hammel St	2	27	à i	PA S	PA	32
Use of the content	Journal C	ž,	Cozier St	N (N1 (àà	A 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4.0	
Gleason St 2 2 DY NSAT	Segar C	havez Av	Tet St	4 0	40	5 2		1 hr 7 9 60	ž
3rd St 2	irst St		Gleason St	4 0	1 (1	<u> </u>	L SAI	NSAT	3
Cesar Chavez Av 1 DY Permit 7a-11p Cesar Chavez Av 1 1 SDY PA NB-Off Ramps 1 1 SDY PA Locar Av 1 1 DY PA NB-Off Ramps 1 1 DY PA 14 St St 1 1 DY PA 14 St St 2 2 RM PA NB-Off/On Ramps 2 2 RM PA NB-Off/On Ramps 2 1 DY NPAT Cesar Chavez Av 1 1 NM PA NB-Off/On Ramps 2 2 RM PA NB-Off/On Ramps 2 1 NM PA NB-Off/On Ramps 1 1 NM PA Atlantic Bl 1 1 NM PA Atlantic Av 1 1 NM PA Atlantic Bl 2 2 2 1	Sleasor	181	3rd St	~1	73	Z.	2hr 9a-6p	2hr 10a-4p	
NB-Off Ramps	loral D		Cesar Chavez Av	1	-	Δ	Permit 7a-11p	Permit 7a-11p	
NB-Off Ramps									
NB-Off Ramps	loral D	<u>_</u>	Cesar Chavez Av	Ŀ	1	SD≺	РА	NSAT	
Dozer Av	loral D		NB-Off Ramps	1	-	SDY		1 hr pk 7a-6p	30
Cesar Chavez Av	18-04F	Ramps	Dozer Av	-	<u>-</u>	SDY		PA	જ્ઞ
NB-Off Kamps	ozer A		Cesar Chavez Av		_	ል :	Green / PA	A A	සු ද
Attantic Bl 1 1 1 NM PA Attantic Bl 1 1 NM PA Attantic Bl 1 NOT PA NO	Sesar C	havez Av	NB-Off Ramps		- ,	<u>ک</u> ک	A «	FASA CO	2 4
NB-Off/On Ramps 2 1 NM PAT	500	катря	34.00	- ^		Š	ζ α	DA / No Truck Parking	8 8
Cesar Chavez Av 1 NM PA 1st St 1 1 NM PA Atlantic Bl 1 1 DY PA Sunrise Av 1 1 DY PA Sunrise Av 1 1 DY PA Sunrise Av 1 1 DY PA Hillside St 1 1 DY PA Hillside St 1 1 DY PA Hillside St 1 1 DY PA Kem Av 2 2 2 RM NSAT Mednik Av 2 2 2 RM NSAT Validevrest St 2 2 RM NSAT Validevrest St 2 2 RM NSAT Validevrest St 1 1 DY NSAT Validevrest St 1 1 DY NSAT Validevrest St 1 1 DY NSAT	id St		NB-Off/On Ramps	1 71	۰-	à	NPAT	PA	8
Attantic BI 1 1 NW PA Attantic BI 1 1 1 DY PA Creat Vista Dr Surrise Av Creat Vista Dr Surrise Av Creat Vista Dr Surrise Av Creat Vista Dr Attantic BI 1 1 DY Attantic BI Attantic B				ŀ				× 5	30
Attantic BI 1 1 DY NPAT Surnise Av Crest Vista Dr Surnise Av Crest Vista Dr Surnise Av Surnise Av Surnise Av Surnise Av Hillside St Monterey Pass Rd Monterey Pass Rd I Av SDY PA SDY PA Hillside St Monterey Pass Rd I Av Mednik Av SDY PA SDY		ir Shavez Av	Cesar Chavez Av			ž ž	4 4 4	4 4 4	52 P
Attantic BI 1 1 1 DY NPAT Sunrise Av 1 1 1 DY PA Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY PA Sunrysiope Dr 1 1 1 SDY PA Sunrysiope Dr 1 1 1 SDY PA Hillside St 1 1 1 SDY PA Monterey Pass Rd 1 1 SDY PA Monterey Pass Rd 1 1 SDY PA Monterey Pass Rd 1 1 SDY PA Kern Av 6 2 2 2 LT PA Kern Av 2 2 2 LT PA Kern Av 2 2 2 RM NSAT Kolonia de los Cedros 1 DY PA Vancourex Av 1 DY PA Hillside St 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 DY NSAT Collegan Av 1 DY NSAT Atlantic BI 2 1 DY NSAT Atlantic BI 2 1 DY NSAT									
Attentic B							The second section of the second seco		
Atlantic Bi		:	i		,	ì	j 5	ŀ	ŭ
Creat Vista Dr 1 SDY PA Surmyslope Dr 1 1 SDY PA Hillside St 1 1 SDY PA Monterey Pass Rd 1 1 SDY PA Kern Av 2 2 2LT PA Mednik Av 2 2 RM NSAT Ridgecrest St 2 2 RM NSAT Colonia de los Cedros 1 0Y PA Vancouver Av 1 0Y PA Vancouver Av 1 0Y NSAT Hiliside St 1 0Y NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 0Y NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 0Y NSAT Collegian Av 1 1 0Y NSAT Atlantic Bi 2 1 0Y NSAT	tast of	Atlantic bi	Attantic 61	- +		<u> </u>		Ad	3 58
Sunnyslope Dr 1 1 SDY PA Hilliside St 1 1 SDY PA Monterey Pass Rd 1 1 SDY PA Monterey Pass Rd 1 1 SDY PA Kem Av 2 2 2LT PA Mednik Av 2 2 RM NSAT Colonia de los Cedros 1 1 DY PA Vancouver Av 1 1 DY PA Vancouver Av 1 1 DY NSAT Hiliside St 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Collegan Av 1 1 DY NSAT Atlantic Bi 2 1 DY NSAT	unrise	i &	Crest Vista Dr		-	SDY		PA	35
Hillside St	Srest Vi	sta Dr	Sunnyslope Dr	-	-	SDY		PA	35 / 25
I Av Dangler Av	Sunnysk	ope Or	Hillside St	- +	- +	SD√		Red / Green / White Zones	25/35 35
ii Av Dangler Av 2 3 2LT PA Kern Av 2 2 2LT PA Mednik Av 2 2 RM NSAT Ridgecrest St 2 2 RM NSAT Colonia de los Cedros 1 1 DY PA Vancouver Av 1 1 DY PA Vancouver Av 1 1 DY NSAT Hiliside St 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Collegian Av 1 1 DY NSAT Atlantic Bl 2 1 DY NPAT	Dice	ñ	Wolffeley Pass Na	-	•	9			,
Kefft AV Z ZLI PA Medianit AV 2 2 RM NSAT Ridgecrest St 2 2 RM NSAT Colonia de los Cedros 1 1 DY PA Vancouver Av 1 1 DY PA Bleakwood Av 1 1 DY NSAT Hiliside St 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Atlantic Bl 2 1 DY NSAT	orporal	e Ctr/McDonnell Av	Dangler Av	2	9	2LT	PA	NSAT	
Note	Jangler	Α	Kem Av	N 1	71 (7 6	TA 80.01	140 Z	
Colonia de los Cedros 1 1 DY PA Vancouver Av 1 1 DY PA Bleakwood Av 1 1 DY NSAT Hiliside St 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Collegian Av 1 1 DY NSAT Atlantic Bl 2 1 DY NPAT	dednik (À	Ridgecrest St	4 74	4 71	<u> </u>	NSAT	NSAT	35
Vancouver Av 1 1 DY PA Bleakwood Av 1 1 DY NSAT Hiliside St 1 1 DY NSAT Valed br 1 1 DY NSAT Crest Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Collegian Av 1 1 DY NSAT Atlantic Bl 2 1 DY NPAT	Ridgecre	at St	Colonia de los Cedros	-	-	6	PA	NSAT	
Bleakwood Av	Jolonia	de los Cedros	Vancouver Av	-	-	۵	PA	NSAT	
Name	/ancouv	er Av	Bleakwood Av		· ·	2	NSAT	NOA!	
Creat Vista Dr 1 1 DY NSAT Collegian Av 1 1 DY NSAT Awantic Bi 2 1 DY NPAT	Heakwo	A Do	Miliside of	- +		2 5	NSAT	LASN LASN	
Collegian Av 1 1 DY NSAT Atlantic Bl 2 1 DY NPAT	/alley	ista Dr	Crest Vista Dr		-	à	NSAT	NSAT	
Atlantic Bi 2 1 DY NPAT	rest	sta Dr	Collegian Av	-	•	ձ	NSAT	NSAT	4
	ollegi	an Av	Atlantic Bi	73	-	ձ	NPAT	NPAT	

EXTERN.

ILE 1 ADWAY SYSTEM

			ague	90	Adadian	Darking	Darking Restrictions	Spead
Segment	From	Ţ,	NB/EB	SB/WB	Type	NB/EB	SBIWB	Limit
Pomona Bi	Atlantic BI	Woods Av		,	1 1 1	NP 10n-6a CV: PA	NP 10n-6a CV: PA	
	Woods Av	Midblock	ies	. m	2	NS 40-60: NP 100-6a CV: PA	NS 6:30a-9a: PA	
	Midhlock	I a Verne Av	2,5		-	NS 40-60: NP 10n-6a CV: DA	NS 6:30a-0a: PA	37
	I a Verne Av	Fettery, A.	3 5	2 2	, <u>-</u>	NS 45-80: ND 100-69 CV; DA	NS 6:303-93: NP 10p-6a CV: PA	3
		statule And	3 5	3 6	- 1	C 1 (A) BO TO THE TOTAL OF THE	NO COORTON INT. TOP-OR CV, TO	
-	AV Alleman	Wedlik Av	2/3	3	7	יאס שף מה יאס שף מש יאס לא יאס אלי	NO 0:008-08; ZIII 98-00	
Cesar Chavez Av/Ringin St	Fastern Av	Midhlock	6	1	2	NDAT	NDAT	
0	Midblock	Himphreys Av	• •	, ,	2		V	
	Humbrows Av	740 SB On 2000	4 0	4 (5 2	< <	1	
	1 240 SB O	TO SO CITIBILITY	4 (7 (5 2) ()	TYON.	
-	1-10 00 OT-8110	70d 6	7 (7 (à i	NSA	NOA!	į
	rod Bi	McDonnell Av	7	7	à	1hr 7a-6p; NS 6a-8a T-F	1hr /a-6p; NS 6a-8a M-R	52
	McDonnell Av	Midblock	~	~	Ճ	1hr 7a-6p; NS 6a-8a T-F	thr 7a-6p; NS 6a-8a M-R	
	Midblock	Dangler Av	7	~	Ճ	NPAT	1hr 7a-6p; NS 6a-8a M-R	
	Dangler Av	Arizona Av	~	~	Ճ	1hr 7a-6p; NS 6a-8a T-F	2hr 7a-6p	
	Arizona Av	Kem Av	2	7	ձ	1hr 7a-6p	2hr 7a-6p	
	Kem Av	Mednik Av	~	8	۵	1hr 7a-6p	2hr 7a-6p	8
	Mednik Av	Vancouver Av	7	2	۵	PA .	PA	52
	Vancouver Av	Woods Av	74	7	Ճ	NSAT	P.A.	
	Woods Av	Bleakwood Av	7	2	Ճ	NSAT	NSAT	
	Bleakwood Av	Midblock	7	8	δ	NSAT	NSAT	
	Midblock	Westcott Av	7	7	δ	PA	PA	
	Westcott Av	Schoolside Av	7	~	ձ	30 min M-F	PA Ad	
	Schoolside Av	Midblock	2	7	Ճ	РА	PA	32
	Midbiock	Collegian Av	7	7	ձ	NSAT	NSAT	
	Collegian Av	Atlantic BI	7	7	ž	NSAT	NSAT	
	Atlantic BI	Hillview Av	7	7	Ճ	NSAT	NPAT	
	Hillview Av	Midblock	7	~	ձ	PA ·	NPAT	
	Midblock	Gerhart Av	-	7	Ճ	PA	NPAT	• •
-	Gerhart Av	Bradshawe St	-		2L.T	PA	PA	
	Bradshawe St	Hendricks St	-	-	2LT	PA	PA	32
	Hendricks St	Findlay Av	-	_	2LT	PA	PA	
	Findlay Av	Ferdinand Av	-	_	2LT	PA	PA	
	Ferdinand Av	Isabelia Av	-	-	ò	PA	PA	
	isabella Av	Garfield Av	7	8	Δ	ΡΑ	PA	:
1st St	Mednik Av	Midblock	2	2	λQ	NSAT	NS 7a-5p School Days	25
,	Midblock	Vancouver Av	2	7	à	PA A	PA A	·
	Vancouver Av	Woods Av	7	-	2LT	Aq.	PA	
	Woods Av	Roscommon Av	_	-	2L.T	PA A	PA	-
	Roscommon Av	Sherbrook Av	-	_	2LT	PA	PA	
	Sherbrook Av	Schoolside Av	-	-	2LT	PA	Permit 7a-11p	
	Schoolside Av	Collegian Av		-	2LT	Permit 7a-11p	Permit 7a-11p	32
	Collegian Av	Atlantic BI	7	7	λo	ΡΑ	PA	
Notes:				-				THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1
1000								

LANES:

≈ Number of lanes #/# ≈ Off-Peak/Peak Number of lanes

DY = Double Yellow Centerline SDY = Single Dashed Centerline 2LT = Dual Left Turn Centerline RM = Raised Median MEDIAN MEDIAN TYPE:

Parking: PA = Parking Allowed NPAT = No Parking Anytime NSAT = No Stopping Anytime

Six gates have been installed at key locations in the campus, as shown in Figure 4. These gates allow the campus security to control access to the internal roadways and the restricted parking supply to authorized users. The gates are located at:

- Cesar Chavez Avenue at Access Road
- Collegian Avenue at the entrance to the Southeast Lot
- Collegian Avenue at the entrance to the Northeast Lot
- At the entrance of the Pool Lot
- On Access Road at the entrance of the Tennis Lot
- Avalanche Way at the entrance of the Stadium Lot

A description of the primary elements of the campus internal circulation system is shown in Table 2.

EXISTING TRAFFIC VOLUMES AND LEVELS OF SERVICE

The following sections discuss the existing peak hour intersection traffic volumes, describe the methodology utilized to analyze intersection traffic conditions, and present the resulting levels of service at each intersection for existing conditions.

Existing Traffic Volumes

Weekday traffic counts were conducted at the 12 study intersections in May 2000, while College classes were in full session. The traffic counts were conducted during both the morning (7 a.m. - 9 a.m.) and evening (4 p.m. - 6 p.m.) peak periods. Figure 5 shows the existing AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at each of the 12 intersections.

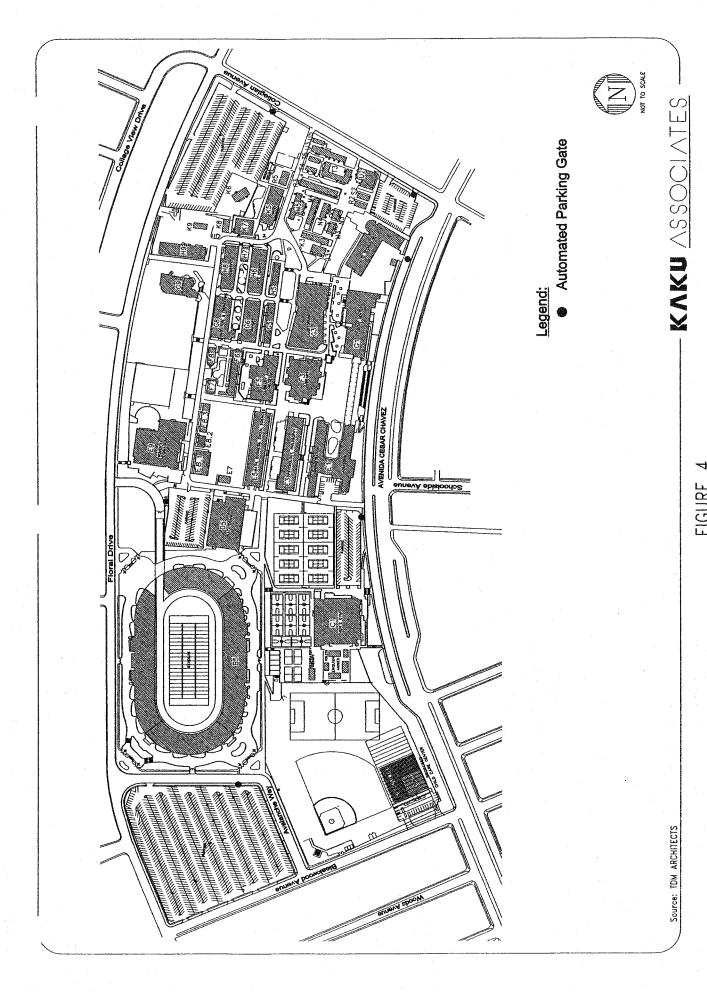


FIGURE 4 LOCATION OF AUTOMATED PARKING GATES

TABLE 2 INTERNAL ROADWAY SYSTEM

			Lar	Lanes	Median	Parking R	Parking Restrictions	Speed
Segment	From	То	NB/EB	NB/EB SB/WB	Type	NB/EB	SB/WB	Cimit
Avalanche Wy	Floral Dr	Bleakwood Av	,+-	1	SDY	SDY Metered Parking	Metered Parking	Ä.
Access Road	Cesar Chavez Av	Cesar Chavez Av	4	-	SDY	SDY Permit Parking	Permit Parking	ď Ž
Notes:		-						

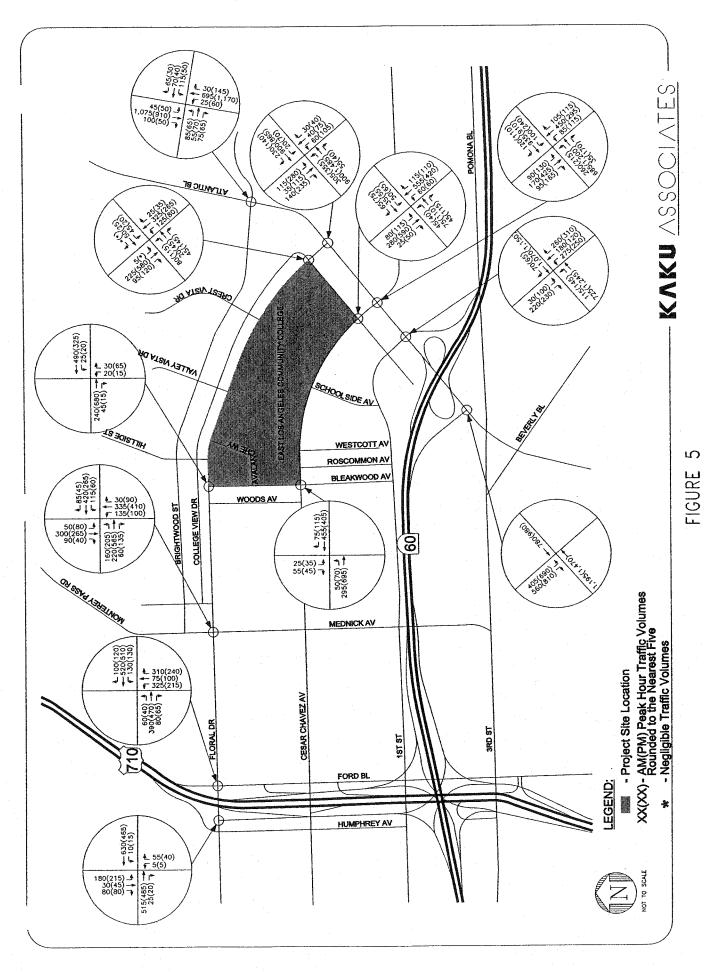
LANES:

= Number of lanes ## = Off-Peak/Peak Number of lanes NB/EB = Northbound/Eastbound SB/WB = Southbound/Westbound

SDY = Single Dashed Yellow Centerline

MEDIAN MEDIAN TYPE:

SPEED LIMIT: N.P. = Not Posted



EXISTING PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES

Level of Service Methodology

Level of service (LOS) is a qualitative measure used to describe the condition of traffic flow, ranging from excellent conditions at LOS A to overloaded conditions at LOS F. LOS D is typically recognized as the minimum acceptable level of service in urban areas, although as discussed later in this report, the City of Monterey Park has established this threshold at LOS C.

The "Intersection Capacity Utilization" (ICU) method of analysis was used to determine the intersection volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio and corresponding level of service for the twelve signalized study intersections. Level of service definitions for signalized intersections are summarized in Table 3.

The remaining intersections are two-way STOP sign-controlled. The levels of service for these locations were determined using the "Two-Way Stop Control" analysis method contained in Transportation Research Board, *Highway Capacity Manual, Special Report No. 209*, 1997, which calculates the average vehicle delay (in seconds) for the intersection. The level of service for unsignalized intersections is based on average vehicle delay, as described in Table 4.

Existing Peak Hour Levels of Service

The results of the level of service analysis of the existing intersections are shown in Table 5, which summarizes the V/C ratio and/or average vehicle delay, and corresponding LOS, at each of the study intersections during the morning and afternoon peak hours. As shown in Table 5, all of the study intersections currently operate at LOS C or better during both the AM and PM peak hours, with the exception of the intersection of Ford Boulevard/I-710 Northbound On-ramp and Floral Drive, which currently operates at LOS E in the morning and LOS D during the afternoon peak hour.

TABLE 3
LEVEL OF SERVICE DEFINITIONS FOR SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

	<u> </u>	
Level of Service	Volume/Capacity Ratio	Definition
Α	0.00-0.60	EXCELLENT. No Vehicle waits longer than one red light and no approach phase is fully used.
В	0.61-0.70	VERY GOOD. An occasional approach phase is fully utilized; many drivers begin to feel somewhat
С	0.71-0.80	restricted within groups of vehicles. GOOD. Occasionally drivers may have to wait through more than one red light; backups may
D	0.81-0.90	develop behind turning vehicles. FAIR. Delays may be substantial during portions of the rush hours, but enough lower volume periods occur to permit clearing of developing lines.
E	0.91-1.00	preventing excessive backups. POOR. Represents the most vehicles intersection
		approaches can accommodate; may be long lines of waiting vehicles through several signal cycles.
F	> 1.00	FAILURE. Backups from nearby locations or on cross streets may restrict or prevent movement of vehicles out of the intersection approaches.
		Tremendous delays with continuously increasing queue lengths

Source: Transportation Research Board, *Transportation Research Circular No. 212, Interim Materials on Highway Capacity*, 1980.

TABLE 4
LEVEL OF SERVICE DEFINITIONS FOR
UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

Average Total Delay (seconds/vehicle)
≤ 10.0
> 10.0 and ≤ 15.0
> 15.0 and ≤ 25.0
> 25.0 and ≤ 35.0
> 35.0 and ≤ 50.0
> 50.0

Source: Transportation Research Board, Highway Capacity

Manual, Special Report 209, 1997.

TABLE 5
EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN
EXISTING INTERSECTION LEVELS OF SERVICE

	E	XISTING C	ONDITIONS	
	AM Peak	Hour	PM Peak	Hour
INTERSECTION	V/C or Delay	LOS	V/C or Delay	LOS
1. I-710 SB Off-Ramp/Humphreys Av & Floral Dr	0.651	В	0.588	A
2. I-710 NB On-Ramp/Ford Bl & Floral Dr	0.920	Ε	0.863	D
Mednik Av/Monterey Pass Rd & Floral Dr	0.564	Α	0.564	Α
4. Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr [a]	13	В	17	. C
5. Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av [a]	13	В	17	C
6. SR-60 Freeway EB Off-Ramp & Atlantic Bl	0.549	А	0.719	C
7. SR-60 Freeway WB Off-Ramp/1st St & Atlantic Bl	0.652	В	0.765	C 1
8. Collegian Av & Cesar Chavez Av	0.494	Α	0.544	А
Atlantic Bl & Cesar Chavez Av	0.709	С	0.789	C
10. Collegian Av & Floral Dr	0.496	Α	0.789	С
11. Atlantic Bl & Floral Dr	0.616	В	0.726	С
12. Atlantic Bl & Brightwood St	0.634	В	0.611	В

Note:

[[]a] Stop controlled intersection; methodology does not calculate V/C. Represents total intersection delay in seconds.

PUBLIC TRANSIT

The campus is currently served by bus service provided by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transit Authority (MTA), City of Montebello and the Monterey Park Spirit, as illustrated in Figure 6. The following bus lines currently serve the campus:

- MTA Route #30 This route runs along 1st Street connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- MTA Route #31 This route runs along 1st Street connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- MTA Route #256 This route runs along 3rd Street in the study area, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- MTA Route #258 This route runs along Arizona Avenue and Mednik Boulevard in the study area connecting East Los Angeles and South Los Angeles.
- MTA Route #259 This route runs along Arizona Avenue and Mednik Boulevard in the study area, connecting East Los Angeles and South Los Angeles.
- MTA Route #260 This route runs along Atlantic Avenue in the study area connecting East Los Angeles and South Los Angeles.
- MTA Route #470 This route runs along 1st Street in the study area, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- Montebello Route #40 This route runs along 3rd Street in the study area, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- Montebello Route #341 This route runs along 3rd Street in the study area, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- Montebello Route #342 This route runs along 3rd Street in the study area, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- Montebello Route #343 This route runs along 3rd Street in the study area, connecting downtown Los Angeles and East Los Angeles.
- Monterey Park Route #1 This route runs along Cesar Chavez Avenue, 1st Street and Atlantic Boulevard in the study area and serves ELACC as well as central Monterey Park.

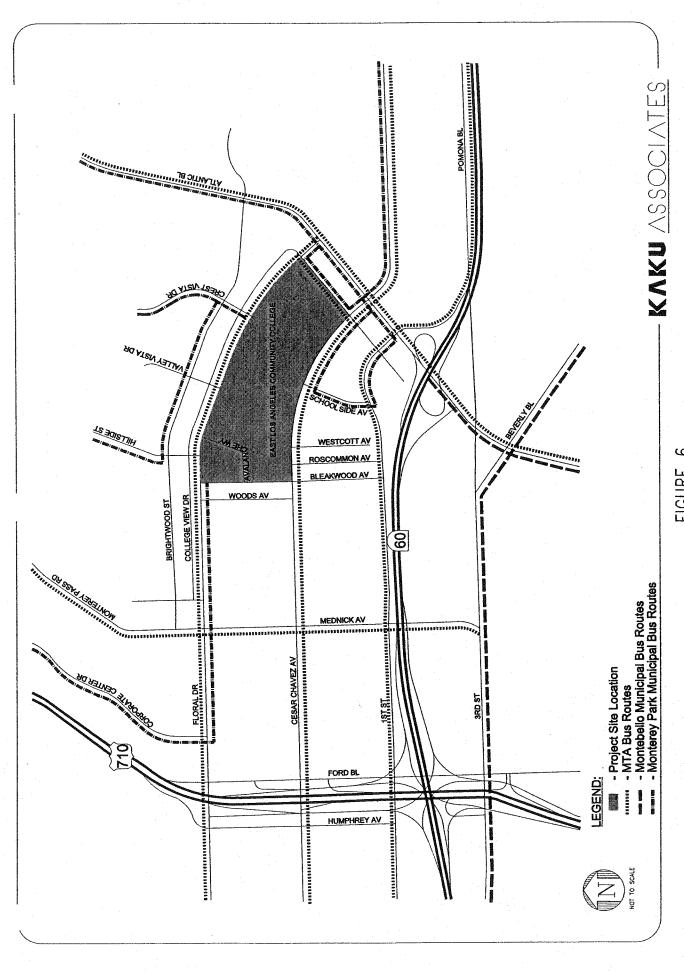


FIGURE 6 EXISTING TRANSIT ROUTES

- Monterey Park Route #2 This route runs along Atlantic Boulevard and Floral Drive in the Study area and serves ELACC as well as central Monterey Park.
- Monterey Park Route #4 This route runs along Monterey Pass Rd and Corporate Center Drive in the study area and serves the Medical Center along with Northern Monterey Park.
- Monterey Park Route #5 This route runs along Atlantic Avenue, Floral Drive, and Corporate Center Drive in the study area and serves ELACC, Corporate Center, and all of Southern Monterey Park.

III. FUTURE TRAFFIC PROJECTIONS

In order to properly evaluate the potential impacts of the proposed project on the local street system, it was necessary to develop estimates of future traffic conditions both without and with the project. The Cumulative Base traffic scenario represents future (year 2015) traffic conditions without development of the proposed project. The Cumulative Plus Project scenario estimates future traffic conditions with the development of the proposed project. Each of these future traffic scenarios is described further in this chapter.

CUMULATIVE BASE TRAFFIC PROJECTIONS

The Cumulative Base traffic projections reflect growth in traffic over existing conditions from two sources: growth in the existing traffic volumes to reflect the effects of overall regional growth and development outside the study area, and traffic generated by specific projects located within, or in the vicinity of, the study area. These factors are described below.

Areawide Traffic Growth

A review of historical traffic count data and forecast population figures indicate that traffic in the study area is predicted to increase at a rate of about 0.63% per year. Future ambient increases in the background traffic volumes due to regional growth and development are assumed to continue at this rate. Assuming a completion date in the year 2015, the existing 2000 traffic volumes were increased by approximately 9.5 percent to reflect the ambient regional growth between 2000 and 2015.

Cumulative Projects

Forecasts of the future year 2015 Cumulative Base traffic volumes were developed by adding the traffic expected to be generated by approved or proposed development projects in the area to the forecast ambient traffic growth described above. Listings of proposed or recently approved but uncompleted development in the study area were obtained from the City of Montebello, City of Monterey Park, and the County of Los Angeles. A review of these lists indicated that a total of nine projects of notable size have been proposed or approved within the study area. These projects are listed and described in Table 6. This list does not include projects expected to generate fewer than 10 PM peak hour trips, or development that is located outside an approximate two-mile radius from the East Los Angeles Community College campus. Such projects are not anticipated to have significant direct effects on the study area traffic conditions. However, the cumulative traffic increases due to these projects are accounted for in the areawide traffic growth described previously.

Traffic generated by the nine identified cumulative projects is also summarized in Table 6. Trip generation for these projects was based on data published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) in the 6th Edition of *Trip Generation*.

The cumulative projects traffic volumes were assigned to the area roadway system based on their locations, nearby roadway facilities, and area travel patterns. They were then combined with the forecast ambient traffic growth volumes, to form the Cumulative Base traffic volumes. Figure 7 illustrates the projected Year 2015 Cumulative Base (e.g., without project) conditions.

PROJECT TRAFFIC VOLUMES

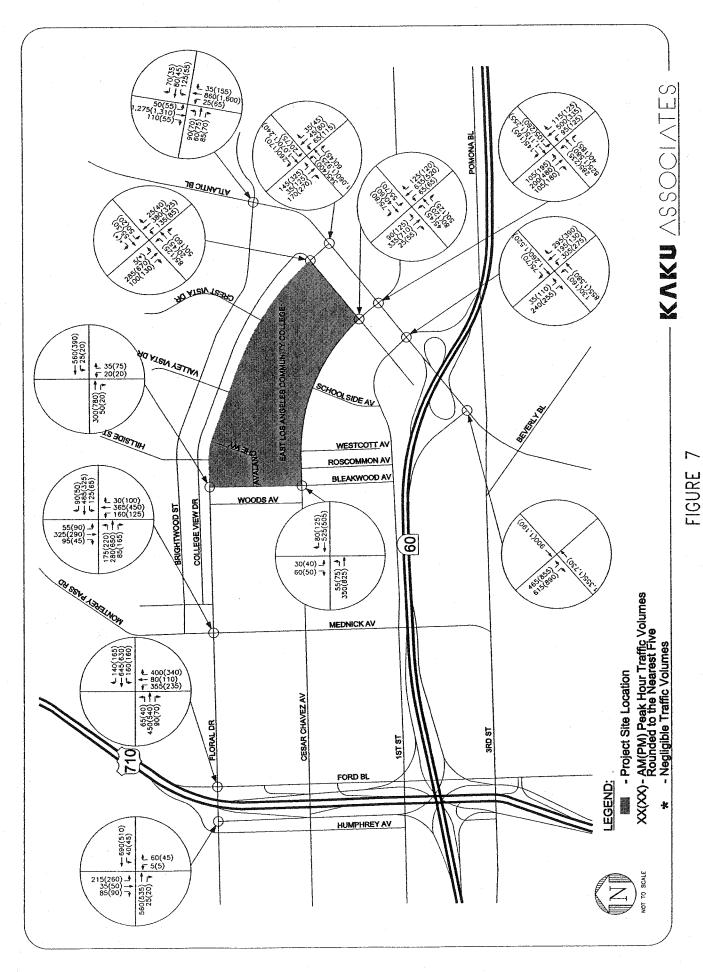
Determination of the traffic characteristics for the proposed East Los Angeles Community College Master Plan project involved a three-step process that included estimation of project traffic generation, trip distribution, and traffic assignment, as discussed below.

TABLE 6 TRIP GENERATION FOR RELATED PROJECTS

Мар		I I		Daily	AN	Peak H	lour	PM	Peak H	our
No.	Project	Land Use	Size	Trips	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total
. 1	Monterey Park Market Place Paramount Bl	Shopping Center	507,258 sf	19,366	257	164	421	880	954	1,834
2.	North Atlantic Project SEC Helman Av and Atlantic Bl	Shopping Center	300,000 sf	13,815	187	120	307	623	674	1,297
3.	Savon Drug Store SWC Newmark and Garfield Av	Pharmacy/Drugstore	17,000 sf	1,531	32	22	54	64	66	130
4.	Bank of Canton SEC Garvey and Moore Av	Walk-In Bank	6,000 sf	939	12	12	24	99	100	199
5.	Hilton Hotel 700 Corporate Center	Hotel	500 Rms	4,115	171	109	280	162	143	305
6.	Smart & Final SEC Garfield and Garvey Av	Discount Supermarket	20,000 sf	na	24	10	34	94	103	197
7.	Monterey Views Development De La Fuente and Atlantic Bl	Single-Family	83 DU	794	16	- 46	62	54	30	84
8.	Econo Lodge 516 S. Atlantic Bl	Hotel	50 Rm	412	17	11	28	16	14	31
9.	Supermarket Addition 3425 E. 1st St	Supermarket	5,000 sf	558	10	6	16	29	29	58
		•	Grand Total	41,529	726	502	1,228	2,021	2,112	4,133

Source:

Trip generation obtained from "Trip Generation, 6th Edition", Institute of Transportation Engineers, 1997.



CUMULATIVE BASE PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES

Project Trip Generation

The number of trips generated by the proposed project was estimated based on trip generation rates/equations included in the Institute of Transportation Engineers' *Trip Generation, 6th Edition*. The resulting estimate of the number of trips associated with the proposed Master Plan project is summarized in Table 7.

It is of note that although the Master Plan project calls for a total increase in enrollment of an additional 7,803 students, to a total of 25,000, only about 3,511 new daytime students are expected. This is based on the current enrollment split of 45 percent daytime students and 55 percent evening and/or night students. Since the daytime students are the most critical to the traffic analysis, which examines the typical AM and PM peak hours of weekday traffic, the potential traffic impacts of the Master Plan are based on this number of students. While the number of new nighttime students will be greater than the number of daytime students, they travel to and from the campus during off-peak periods of traffic, when overall traffic and congestion on the adjacent street system are less, and the potential for significant traffic-related impacts is reduced.

Using the ITE trip generation equations, the 3,511 new daytime students are expected to generate a total of approximately 5,407 net new trips per day. Approximately 492 net new trips will occur during the morning peak hour, while 597 net new trips will result during the evening peak hour.

Project Trip Distribution

The geographic distribution of project traffic is dependent on several factors including the layout of the street system, turning restrictions, and other travel characteristics, but is based primarily on the geographic distribution of population from which the students, staff, and faculty are drawn. The anticipated distribution pattern for the campus, based on historical student residence zip code information, is illustrated in Figure 8.

TABLE 7
EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE CAMPUS TRIP GENERATION ESTIMATES

	ITE TRIP RATE	A CALLEGE AND A	Daily	AM	AM Peak Hour	our	P	PM Peak Hour	ער
Land Use	CATEGORY	Size	Trips	므	Out	Out Total	드	Out	Out Total
ELAC Student Growth	Junior/Community College	3,510 students	5,410	445	45	490	405	190	595

Source: ITE Trip Generation Manual, 6th Edition

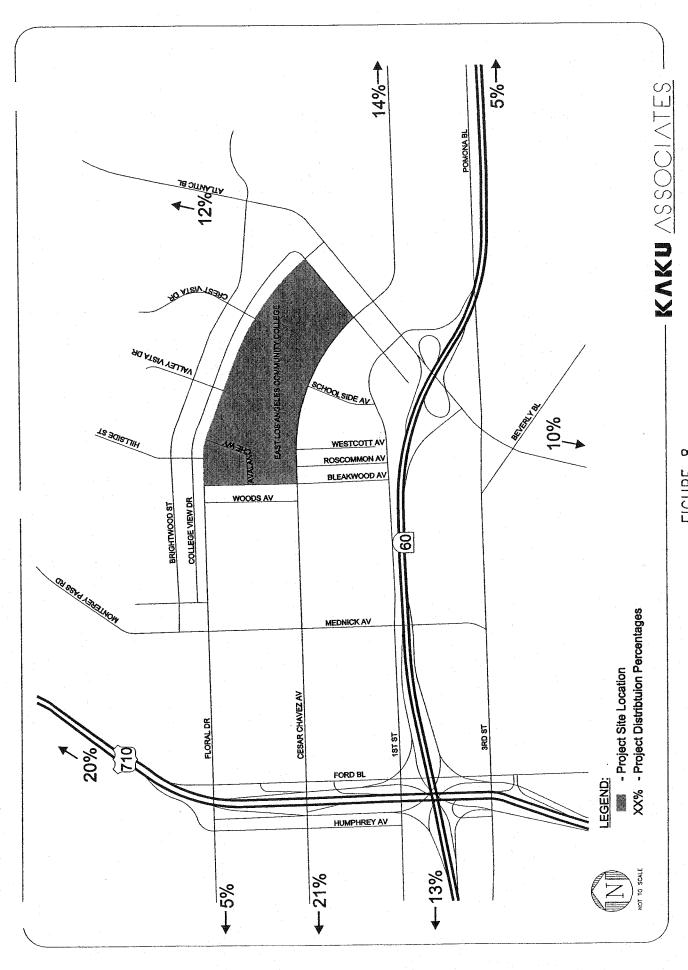


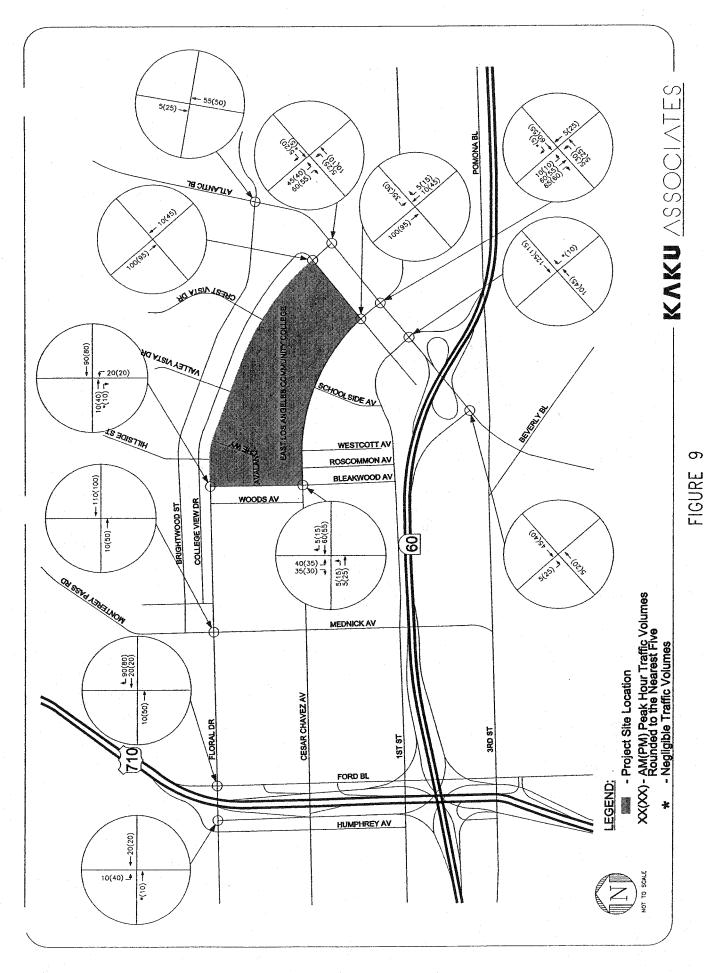
FIGURE 8 PROJECT DISTRIBUTION

Project Trip Assignment

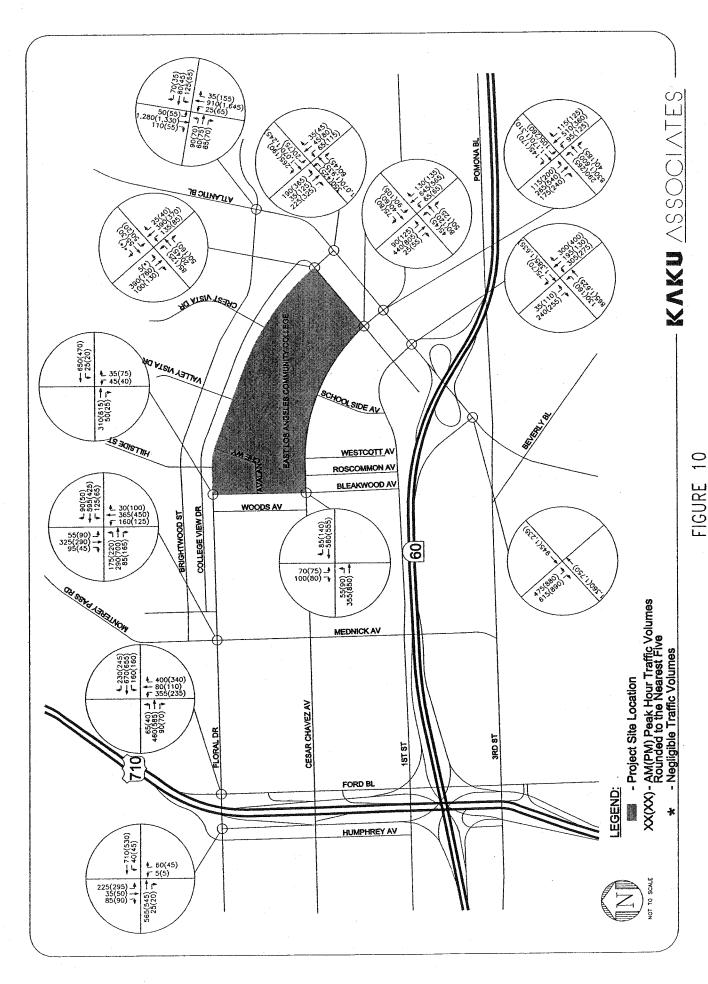
Utilizing the estimated trip generation and the distribution pattern developed and discussed earlier in this report, the traffic generated by the proposed project was assigned to the street network. Figure 9 shows the proposed project's peak hour traffic volumes at each of the study intersections for the Year 2015.

CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT TRAFFIC PROJECTIONS

The proposed project traffic volumes shown in Figure 9 were added to the Cumulative Base traffic projections, resulting in the Cumulative Plus Project peak hour traffic volumes (representing future conditions with the completed project) shown in Figure 10.



PROJECT ONLY PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES



CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT PEAK HOUR TRAFFIC VOLUMES

IV. TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

This section summarizes the results of the analysis of the projected Cumulative Base and Cumulative Plus Project traffic volumes, and identifies the potential impacts of the proposed project on the area street system.

SIGNIFICANT TRAFFIC IMPACT CRITERIA

The City of Monterey Park has established criteria for determining the significance of traffic impacts of proposed projects within the City. A project is considered to have a significant traffic impact if the addition of project-related traffic causes an intersection to operate at a half level of service worse than the pre-project conditions (V/C increase of 0.05). As an example, if an intersection is projected to operate at a V/C ratio of 0.70 under the Cumulative Base condition, the intersection would be considered significantly impacted if the Cumulative Plus Project V/C ratio is 0.75 or greater. The City also has established that the minimum acceptable level of service for intersections within its jurisdiction shall be LOS C. Thus, intersections that are caused to operate at worse than LOS C conditions by project-related traffic are also determined to be significantly impacted.

CUMULATIVE BASE TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

The Year 2015 Cumulative Base peak hour traffic volumes, illustrated previously in Figure 7, were analyzed to determine the V/C ratio and/or average vehicle delay, and LOS at each of the twelve study intersections for without project conditions. The results are summarized in Table 8. As shown, based on the standards established by the City Of Monterey Park, six of the twelve analyzed intersections are projected to operate at an unacceptable level of service (LOS D, E, or F) under future conditions without the addition of project traffic. These intersections are listed as follows:

TABLE 8
YEAR 2015 CUMULATIVE BASE AND CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT INTERSECTION LEVELS OF SERVICE

	Peak	Cumulative Base	live	Cumulative + Project	ive +	Project Increase	Significant Project	With Mitigation	th ation	Project Increase	Residual
Intersection	Hour	V/C or Delay	ros	V/C or Delay	ros	in V/C or Delay	Impact	N/C	ros	in V/C	Impacts
1. I-710 SB Off-Ramp/Humphreys Av & Floral Dr	P A	0.733	ပော	0.752	ပဏ	0.02	0 0 2 0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
2. I-710 NB On-Ramp/Ford BI & Floral Dr	AM PM	1.068	டட	1.082	пп	0.01	0 0 2 2	22	<u> </u>		
3. Mednik Av/Monterey Pass Rd & Floral Dr	AM PM	0.621	മ മ	0.656	മമ	0.04	0 0 2 2	22	<u> </u>		
4. Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr [a]	P.W.	14	ш O	18	OΩ	4 O	NO	0.571	∢ ∪	n/a n/a	0 0 2
5. Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av [a]	AM PM	14	ш О	39	ОШ	6 17	NO	0.448	∢ ∢	n/a n/a	9 Q
6. SR-60 Freeway EB Off-Ramp & Atlantic Bl	P A	0.607	ഇ ()	0.621	8 0	0.01	0 0 2 0	22	<u> </u>		
7. SR-60 Freeway WB Off-Ramp/1st St & Atlantic Bl	PM	0.728	ОШ	0.755	ОШ	0.03	0 0 2 2	22	<u> </u>		
8. Collegian Av & Cesar Chavez Av	AM PM	0.538	∢ ₪	0.565	∢ ໝ	0.03	NO	22	<u> </u>		
9. Atlantic BI & Cesar Chavez Av	P.M.	0.800 0.916	ОШ	0.823	DШ	0.02	<u> </u>	20	<u> </u>		
10. Collegian Av & Floral Dr	A M	0.557 0.875	∢ ۵	0.622	ωш	0.06	YES	0.492	∢ ໝ	-0.065	9 <u>9</u>
11. Atlantic Bi & Floral Dr	AM PM	0.700	<u>ш</u> О	0.718	ပြ	0.02	9 9 2 2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
12. Atlantic BI & Brightwood St	AM PM	0.716 0.760	ပပ	0.717	ပပ	0.00	0 0 2 2	22	ত্র		

Note:
[a] Stop controlled intersection; methodology does not calculate V/C. Delay is reported as total intersection delay, in seconds.
[b] No mitigation required.

32

- Ford Boulevard/I-710 Northbound On-Ramp and Floral Drive (AM & PM)
- Atlantic Boulevard and SR-60 Eastbound Off-Ramp (PM Only)
- Atlantic Boulevard and SR-60 Westbound Off-Ramp/1st Street (PM Only)
- Atlantic Boulevard and Cesar Chavez Avenue (PM Only)
- Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive (PM Only)
- Atlantic Boulevard and Floral Drive (PM Only)

CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

The Cumulative Plus Project peak hour traffic volumes, illustrated in Figure 10, were analyzed to determine the projected Future Year 2015 operating conditions with the proposed East Los Angeles Community College Master Plan project. The results of the Cumulative Plus Project analysis are also contained in Table 8.

Using the City of Monterey Park's impact criteria, project traffic would produce V/C increases large enough to result in significant impacts at four of the twelve study intersections during one or both of the peak hours, although one of these intersections (Collegian Avenue & Cesar Chavez Avenue) would operate at acceptable levels of service (LOS C or better). According to City guidelines, since this impacted intersection is projected to operate at acceptable levels of service, excess capacity would be available at the intersection and specific project-related mitigation measures would not be required for this location. However, the three other intersections are forecast to operate at unacceptable LOS D or worse during the afternoon peak hour and require mitigation.

The three significantly impacted intersections are listed below:

- Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive
- Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue
- Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive

MITIGATION OF PROJECT IMPACTS

Using City of Monterey Park's criteria for significant traffic impact (discussed earlier in this chapter), it was determined that the proposed project would have significant impacts at three intersections: Bleakwood Avenue & Floral Drive, Bleakwood Avenue & Cesar Chavez Avenue, and Collegian Avenue & Floral Drive. In order to address these impacts, the following mitigation measures are recommended for implementation by the project:

- Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive Install a traffic signal at this intersection.
- Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue Install a traffic signal at this intersection.
- <u>Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive</u> Widen Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane and a shared through/ right-turn lane on eastbound approach. Restripe Floral Drive to provide two departure lanes eastbound.

The effectiveness of these mitigation measures is also shown in Table 8. As indicated, the proposed measures will fully mitigate all project impacts, and reduce them to less than significant levels.

V. PARKING ANALYSIS

This section contains an analysis of the existing parking system at East Los Angeles Community College. The discussion includes a description of the existing parking supply, assesses the current parking demand by students, staff and faculty, and develops forecasts of future parking demand based on projected changes on campus due to the implementation of the master plan.

EXISTING PARKING SYSTEM

The description of the East Los Angeles College parking system was developed based on discussions with the East Los Angeles Campus Police Department and on-site observations of the campus. As summarized in Table 9, there are a total of 1,830 parking spaces available on the campus located in five major lots, three medium-sized lots, and along Avalanche Way and Access Road.

Restricted Lots

All parking facilities on campus, except those along Avalanche Way, are restricted and are located within the gated areas of the campus. A pass is required to access these facilities, which provide parking to students, faculty, staff, and visitors.

Two of the lots, the Northeast (ASO) Parking Lot and the Stadium Lot, provide the bulk of the onsite parking supply. These two together provide a total of 1,263 spaces available for use by students, with 18 of the spaces reserved for handicapped students. The remaining six restricted lots range in size from the Pool Lot, with a supply of 104 spaces, to the Administration Lot, with a supply of 14 spaces. Of the 567 spaces in these facilities, 23 are reserved handicapped spaces and 22 are for motorcycles.

The locations of all eight on-site parking facilities can be seen in Figure 1, provided previously in Chapter I.

TABLE 9
PARKING LOT INVENTORY

			Number of Spa	ices	
Location	Regular	Handicap	Car Pool	Motorcycle	Lot Total
Pool Lot	83	6	3	12	104
Tennis Lot	85	4	3	0	92
Administration Lot	13	1	0	0	14
M-2 Lot	37	0	0	0	37
Northeast Lot	390	8	0	0	398
Southeast Lot	79	2	3	0	84
Men's P.E. Lot	15	0	0	0	15
Access Road	131	10	0	10	151
Avalanche Way	70 (meters)	0	0	0	70
Stadium Lot	855	10	0	0	865
Grand Total	1,758	41	9	22	1,830

Parking Demand

Kaku Associates, Inc. conducted parking utilization surveys on November 24, 1998 to assess the use of the various parking facilities during the school session. The primary emphasis was on the usage of the five major lots, which provide approximately 84% of the total available parking supply on the campus. Parking utilization counts were conducted from 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.

As illustrated in Figures C-1 to C-6 in the appendix, most of the parking facilities on campus have two peak periods. The first peak occurs in the morning between 10 a.m. and 12 noon. The second peak occurs at night between 7 and 9 p.m. As summarized in Table 10, approximately 64% (984 spaces) of the total available parking spaces were utilized during the morning peak hour. Of these, 800 spaces were used by student vehicles and 184 were used by staff, faculty and visitor vehicles. The table also indicates that during the nighttime peak hour, approximately 58% (891 spaces) of the total available parking spaces were utilized. Of these, 748 were due to students and 143 were due to staff, faculty and visitors. Table 10 also indicates that the peak usage of the on-site parking supply during the afternoon hours occurred between 5 and 6 p.m., when a total of 712 spaces were occupied. Of this afternoon parking utilization, students used 592 spaces.

POTENTIAL FUTURE PARKING NEEDS

As indicated, it is projected that the student population is expected to increase to 25,000 students by year 2015. The following analysis was conducted to forecast the future parking needs for the campus.

Existing Parking Demand Rates

As previously indicated, the current student enrollment in 1998 (at the time the inventory and parking surveys were conducted) was approximately 16,500. Of these 16,500 students, 5,280, or

TABLE 10 EXISTING PARKING LOT UTILIZATION

		Morning Peak Hour	k Hour	Afternoon Peak Hour	ak Hour	Evening Peak Hour	k Hour
	Total	Number of	Percentage	Number of	Percentage	Number of	Percentage
Type of Lot	Capacity	Spaces Occupied	Utilized	Spaces Occupied	Utilized	Spaces Occupied	Utilized
Student Lots							
Stadium Lot	865	404	47%	256	30%	403	47%
Northeast Lot	398	396	%66	336	84%	345	87%
Subtotal	1,263	800	63%	592	47%	748	29%
Faculty/Staff/Guest Lots							
Pool Lot	104	72	%69	46	44%	29	21%
Tennis Lot	92	29	73%	43	47%	42	46%
Southeast Lot	84	45	24%	31	37%	45	20%
Subtotal	280	184	15%	120	10%	143	11%
Total	1,543	984	64%	712	46%	891	58%

32%, were students that take the morning classes. The total daytime student population was 7,425 students, which constitutes about 45% of the total population. The student population at night was about 9,075 students, approximately 55% of the total.

Based on the parking survey results, the peak parking demands in the five major lots for the key periods of the day are as follows:

Table 11
Peak Period Parking Use by Category

Period	Students	Staff/Faculty	Total
Morning Peak Hour	800	184	984
Afternoon	592	120	712
Nighttime Peak Hour	748	143	891

Using the peak parking demand numbers summarized above, it is estimated that students generate parking demands during the three surveyed periods at the following rates:

Morning Peak Hour 0.15 spaces/student

Afternoon 0.08

Nighttime Peak Hour 0.08

The remaining parking supply on campus provides a total of 287 spaces. Observation indicates that about 80% of these spaces, or 230 spaces, are occupied during each of the peak periods of usage on campus. These spaces are used by a mix of faculty/staff and visitors to the Campus. Adding these spaces to the known faculty/staff and guest/visitor parking use observed in the five major lots, summarized in Table 11, results in a total peak parking demand of about 414 spaces for staff, faculty and visitors.

Future Parking Demand

With the completion of the proposed project in the Year 2015, the student population is expected to increase by approximately 8,500 students over the 1998 enrollment levels surveyed for the parking demand analysis. It is reasonable to assume that these additional students will exhibit parking-use profiles similar to those of the existing students. Thus, it is assumed that the 8,500 new students will be distributed among the various time periods as follows:

Period	Master Plan <u>Increase</u>	Existing Student Enrollment	Total
Morning	2,720	5,280	8,000
Afternoon	3,825	7,425	11,250
Nighttime	4,675	4,400	9,075

These projections were used to forecast future parking demand for the campus. The parking demand rates observed on the campus during the three time periods, as discussed earlier, were used to project the incremental increases in parking demand by students during various times of the day. The following summarizes the future parking demands generated by students during the three time periods:

Table 12
Projected Future On-Site Student Parking Demands

Period	Existing Parking Demand	Increase in Student Population (1998-2015)	Parking Demand Rate	Increase in Student Parking Demand	Total Parking Demand
Morning Peak Hour	800	2,720	0.15	412	1,212
Afternoon	592	3,825	0.08	305	897
Nighttime Peak Hour	748	4,675	0.08	385	1,133

It can be seen that the peak student parking demand will still occur during the morning peak hour. The proposed enrollment increase is expected to result in an on-site student parking demand of about 1,212 spaces, an increase of 412 spaces.

Increases in student population are not the only factors affected by the Master Plan. The number of faculty/staff positions is also expected to increase as a result of the enrollment growth, although not to the same degree. The number of faculty and staff positions was assumed to increase about 25 percent by Year 2015, and the parking demand associated with their use was increased accordingly. Similarly, the number of guests/visitors was also assumed to increase by about 25 percent. This assumption results in a total future parking demand for staff, faculty and visitors of approximately 518 spaces.

Adding these parking demands to the student demands summarized in Table 12 results in a projected year 2015 peak parking demand for the campus of 1,730 spaces during the morning periods. Afternoon parking needs would be about 1,335 spaces, and the evening campus use would require a total of 1,599 spaces. The proposed Master Plan Project would provide a total of approximately 5,336 on-site spaces in a combination of surface and structural spaces. Therefore, the projected demand will be easily accommodated by the Master Plan.

However, it should be clarified that these parking projections are based on surveys of on -campus parking use only. It is acknowledged that students of and visitors to the East Los Angeles Community College campus park in the surrounding neighborhoods in order to avoid obtaining a parking permit, or because convenient on-site parking is not available. This segment of the overall school parking demand has not been addressed in the calculations summarized above, and could add substantially to the total amount of campus parking actually needed to meet the parking demands of the proposed Master Plan. An accurate assessment of the amount of off-campus parking that occurs is extremely difficult to obtain, and is outside the scope of this study. It is important to understand that this activity currently occurs, and is likely to continue in the future. As a result, while provision of at least 1,730 on-campus parking spaces by ELACC will meet the expected on-site parking demands of the Master Plan project, it will not address the existing or future use of nearby public streets for school parking. However, as noted before, the

project will provide 5,336 spaces, which are expected to allow all students who currently park offcampus to be accommodated on-site.

VI. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

This study was undertaken to analyze the potential traffic and parking impacts of the proposed East Los Angeles Community College Master Plan on the local street system. The following summarizes the results of this analysis:

- A total of twelve intersections were analyzed for this project. All twelve intersections operate at LOS C or better during both the morning and afternoon peak hour with the exception of the intersection of Ford Boulevard/I-710 Northbound On-ramp and Floral Drive, which currently operates at LOS E in the morning and LOS D during the afternoon peak hour.
- Under future Cumulative Base conditions, i.e., future conditions without the addition of the
 proposed project, one of the twelve analyzed intersections would operate at LOS F during
 the morning peak hour. Six of the twelve intersections would operate at LOS D, E or F
 during the evening peak hour.
- Under future Cumulative Plus Project conditions, i.e., future conditions with the addition of the proposed project, one of the twelve analyzed intersections would be significantly impacted during the evening peak hour, but this intersection would operate at acceptable levels of service (LOS C or better). Three other intersections are forecasted to operate at unacceptable LOS D or worse during the afternoon peak hour. Based on the standards established by the City of Monterey Park, those intersections would require mitigation.
- The proposed project would have a significant impact at three intersections: Bleakwood Avenue & Floral Drive, Bleakwood Avenue & Cesar Chavez, and Collegian Avenue & Floral Drive. These significant impacts may be mitigated by implementing the following measures:
 - Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive Install a traffic signal at this intersection.
 - <u>Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue</u> Install a traffic signal at this intersection.
 - Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive Widen Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane and a shared through/ right-turn lane on eastbound approach. Restripe Floral Drive to provide two departure lanes eastbound.

• Future on-site parking demands for the Master Plan are forecast at approximately 1,730 spaces. The Master Plan will provide 5,336 spaces, which will accommodate the projected on-site demand. Additionally, the provision of these spaces will allow students who currently park off-campus to park on-site.

REFERENCES

Transportation Research Board, Highway Capacity Manual-Special Report 209, 1997.

Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), Trip Generation Manual, 6th Edition, 1997.

APPENDIX A

INTERSECTION LANE CONFIGURATIONS

INTERSECTION LANE CONFIGURATIONS

EXISTING CONDITIONS

PROPOSED MITIGATIONS

- 1. I-710 SB Off-Ramp/Humphreys Dr & Floral Dr
- I-710 SB Off-Romp 2
 Floral Dr
 Humphreys Dr

NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

- 2. I-710 NB On-Ramp/Ford BI & Floral Dr
- I-710 NB On-Romp 2 Floral Dr

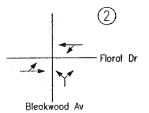
NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

- 3. Mednik/Monterey Pass Dr & Floral Dr
- Monterey Pass Dr 2
 Floral Dr
 Mednik Av

NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

4. Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr

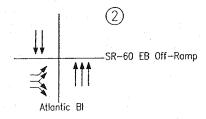
Floral Dr Bleakwood Av



5. Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av

- Cesar Chavez Av
- Cesar Chavez Av

6. Atlantic BI & SR-60 EB Off-Ramp



NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

Legend:

- Mumber of critical phases
- d Stop Sign

INTERSECTION LANE CONFIGURATIONS

EXISTING CONDITIONS

PROPOSED MITIGATIONS

- 7. Altantic BI & SR-60 WB Off-Ramp/1st St
- 1-710 SB Off-Romp 2

 1st St SR-60 WB Off-Romp

 Atlantic Bl

NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

8. Collegian Av & Cesar Chavez Av Collegian Av

NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

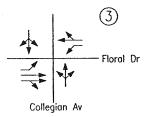
9. Atlantic BI & Cesar Chavez Av

Cesar Chavez Av

NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

10. Collegian Av & Floral Dr

Floral Dr



11. Atlantic BI & Floral Dr

4)
Floral Dr
Atlantic Bi

NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

12. Atlantic BI & Brightwood St

Brightwood St

NO MITIGATION REQUIRED

Legend:

- Number of critical phases
 - d Stop Sign

APPENDIX B

LEVEL OF SERVICE WORKSHEETS

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Printed: 8/31/00 Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

1. I-710 Freeway SB Off-Ramp/Humphreys Av & Floral Dr

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

%

N-S Split Phase: Ν E-W Split Phase:

Lost Time (% of cycle):

Ν 10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
0. 415.	D.T.	0.00	70	•		N O(A)	0.454.4
Southbound	RT	0.00	79	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.151 *
	TH	1.00	31	1,600	0.069	N-S(2):	0.073
	LT	1.00	179	1,600	0.112 *	E-W(1):	0.342
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.400 *
	TH	1.00	629	1,600	0.400 *		
	LT	0.00	11	1,600	0.007	V/C:	0.551
Northbound	RT	0.00	57	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	0	1,600	0.039 *		
	LT	0.00	6	1,600	0.004		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	23	0	0.000	ICU:	0.651
	TH	1.00	513	1,600	0.335		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	LOS:	В

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	80	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.161 *
	TH	1.00	44	1,600	0.078	N-S(2):	0.081
	LT	1.00	213	1,600	0.133 *	E-W(1):	0.327 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.301
	TH	1.00	464	1,600	0.301		
	LT	0.00	17	1,600	0.011 *	V/C:	0.488
Northbound	RT	0.00	39	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	0	1,600	0.028 *		
	LT	0.00	5	1,600	0.003		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	18	0	0.000	ICU:	0.588
	TH	1.00	487	1,600	0.316 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	LOS:	Α

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 8/31/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

2. I-710 Freeway NB On-Ramp/Ford BI & Floral Dr

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

%

Lost Time (% of cycle):

N-S Split Phase:

E-W Split Phase:

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	ICU ANALYSIS	
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.443 *	
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.203	
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.377 *	
Westbound	RT	1.00	102	1,600	0.064	E-W(2):	0.363	
	TH	1.00	520	1,600	0.325			
	LT	1.00	131	1,600	0.082 *	V/C:	0.820	
Northbound	RT	0.00	310	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100	
	TH	1.00	75	1,600	0.443 *	deregisteur		
	LT	0.00	324	1,600	0.203			
Eastbound	RT	0.00	80	0	0.000	ICU:	0.920	
	TH	1.00	392	1,600	0.295 *			
	LT	1.00	60	1,600	0.038	LOS:	E	

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
				_	0.000	11.0(1)	0047.4
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.347 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.135
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.416 *
Westbound	RT	1.00	122	1,600	0.076	E-W(2):	0.343
	TH	1.00	511	1,600	0.319		
	LT	1.00	13 1	1,600	0.082 *	V/C:	0.763
Northbound	RT	0.00	240	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	99	1,600	0.347 *		
	LT	0.00	216	1,600	0.135		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	65	0	0.000	ICU:	0.863
	TH	1.00	470	1,600	0.334 *		
	LT	1.00	38	1,600	0.024	LOS:	D
		•					

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 8/31/00 Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

3. Mednick Av/Monterey Pass Rd & Floral Dr

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

ITS:

%

%

N-S Split Phase:

Ν E-W Split Phase: ^ N

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANALYSIS	
			Landing to the second control of the second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Southbound	RT	0.00	88	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.146
	TH	2.00	299	3,200	0.121 *	N-S(2):	0.205 *
	LT	1.00	52	1,600	0.033	E-W(1):	0.158
Westbound	RT	0.00	83	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.259 *
	TH	2.00	422	3,200	0.158 *		
	LT	1.00	114	1,600	0.071	V/C:	0.464
Northbound	RT	0.00	29	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	333	3,200	0.113	· ·	
	LT	1.00	134	1,600	0.084 *		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	60	0	0.000	ICU:	0.564
	TH	2.00	219	3,200	0.087		
	LT	1.00	161	1,600	0.101 *	LOS:	Α
			•				

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	41	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.207 *
	TH	2.00	267	3,200	0.096	N-S(2):	0.158
	LT	1.00	80	1,600	0.050 *	E-W(1):	0.257 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	44	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.224
	TH	2.00	265	3,200	0.097		
	LT	1.00	60	1,600	0.038 *	V/C:	0.464
Northbound	RT	0.00	92	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	409	3,200	0.157 *		
	LT ·	1.00	99	1,600	0.062	OUD PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	
Eastbound	RT	0.00	137	0	0.000	ICU:	0.564
	TH	2.00	563	3,200	0.219 *		
	LT	1.00	203	1,600	0.127	LOS:	Α

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Scenario Report

Scenario:

Existing AM

Command: Volume:

Existing AM Existing AM

Geometry: Impact Fee: Existing Default Impact Fee

Trip Generation: Default Trip Generation
Trip Distribution: Default Trip Distribution Default Trip Distribution

Paths: Routes: Default Paths Default Routes

Configuration:

Default Configuration

Impact Analysis Report Level Of Service

Intersection			Base	Future	Change
		D	el/ V/	Del/ V/	in
		LOS V	eh C L	OS Veh C	
# 1 Bleakwoo	d Av & Floral Dr	В 12	.5 0.000 B	12.5 0.000	+ 0.000 V/C
		Section 2			
# 2 Bleakwoo	d Av & Cesar Chavez	2 Av B 12	.8 0.000 B	12.8 0.000	+ 0.000 V/C

ApproachLOS:

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ************* Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ************* Average Delay (sec/veh): 12.5 Worst Case Level Of Service: B ************** Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R _____|__||-_----| Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Include Rights: Lanes: 0 0 1! 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 _____| Volume Module: 0 PHF Adj: PHF Volume: 20 0
Reduct Vol: 0 0
Final Vol.: 20 0 31 0 0 0 0 240 44 24 490 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 240 . 44 24 490 31 Ω _____| Critical Gap Module: Capacity Module: Cnflict Vol: 800 xxxx Potent Cap.: 357 xxxx Move Cap.: 352 xxxx -----| Level Of Service Module: 7.8 xxxx xxxxx A * * LT - LTR - RT 7.8 xxxx xxxxx A * XXXXXX

XXXXXX

ApproachDel: xxxxxx

ApproachLOS:

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) Intersection #2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av ******************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 12.8 Worst Case Level Of Service: B ****************** Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - RControl: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Include Lanes: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1! 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 _____ -----| Critical Gap Module: Critical Gp:xxxxx xxxx xxxx 6.8 xxxx 6.9 4.1 xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx FollowUpTim:xxxxx xxxx xxxxx 3.5 xxxx 3.3 2.2 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx Capacity Module: 265 531 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxxx Cnflict Vol: xxxx xxxx xxxxx 737 xxxx 739 1047 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx Level Of Service Module:

Shared LOS: * * * * B * * * * *

12.8

В

XXXXXX

Scenario Report

Scenario:

Existing PM

Command:

Existing PM

Volume: Existing PM
Geometry: Existing
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: Default Trip Generation
Trip Distribution: Default Trip Distribution
Default Paths

Paths:

Default Paths

Routes: Configuration:

Default Routes Default Configuration

Page	2-	1

Impact Analysis Report Level Of Service

Intersection	Base Future Change
	Del/ V/ Del/ V/ in
	LOS Veh C LOS Veh C
# 1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr	C 16.7 0.000 C 16.7 0.000 + 0.000 V/C
# 2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av	C 16.5 0.000 C 16.5 0.000 + 0.000 V/C

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ***************** Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 16.7 Worst Case Level Of Service: ************************ Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Include _____| Volume Module: AM Peak Hour PHF Volume: 16 0 67 0 0 0 0 678 16 19 326 0 Reduct Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Final Vol.: 16 0 67 0 0 0 0 678 16 19 326 0 _____| Critical Gap Module: _____| Capacity Module: 694 xxxx xxxxx -----| Level Of Service Module: 9.0 xxxx xxxxx LOS by Move: * * * * * * * * 9.0 xxxx xxxxx Shared LOS: * C * * * * * * *

ApproachDel: 16.7 xxxxxx xxxxx

ApproachLOS: C * * * * * * * * * A * * XXXXXX ApproachLOS: C

Traffix 7.1.0607 (c) 1999 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to KAKU, SANTA MONICA, CA

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ************************* Intersection #2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av ****************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 16.5 Worst Case Level Of Service: C ******************************* Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Include Lanes: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1! 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 Volume Module:
Base Vol: 0 0 0 37 0 45 70 693 0 0 404 113 _____| Critical Gap Module: Critical Gp:xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx 6.8 xxxx 6.9 4.1 xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx ______| | -----| Capacity Module: 517 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxxx Cnflict Vol: xxxx xxxx xxxx 947 xxxx 259 Level Of Service Module: 8.6 xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxxx Stopped Del:xxxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx

 Shared LOS:
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 *
 <td ApproachLOS: C

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

6. Atlantic BI & SR-60 Freeway EB Off-Ramp

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

E-W Split Phase:

Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

%

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANALYSIS	
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.249 *
000111000110	TH	2.00	778	3,200	0.243	N-S(2):	0.243
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.200 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.200 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C:	0.449
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,195	4,800	0.249 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000		
Eastbound	RT	1.74	558	2,787	0.200 *	ICU:	0.549
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.26	403	2,013	0.200 *	LOS:	Α

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
						1	
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.306
	TH	2.00	982	3,200	0.307 *	N-S(2):	0.307 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.312 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.312 *
	TH	0.00	0	. 0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C:	0.619
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,468	4,800	0.306		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.62	810	2,594	0.312 *	ICU:	0.719
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	'LT	1.38	689	2,206	0.312 *	LOS:	С

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

7. Atlantic BI & SR-60 Freeway WB Off-Ramp/1st St

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase:

Ν N

Double Lt Penalty:

Lost Time (% of cycle):

N-S Split Phase:

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
			•				
Southbound	RT	0.00	68	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.226
	TH	3.00	1,068	4,800	0.237 *	N-S(2):	0.310 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.237
Westbound	RT	0.00	259	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.242 *
	TH	2.00	178	3,200	0.223 *		
	LT	0.00	277	1,600	0.173	V/C:	0.552
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	724	3,200	0.226		
	LT	1.00	117	1,600	0.073 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	220	1,600	0.064	ICU:	0.652
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.00	30	1,600	0.019 *	LOS:	В
						1	

Date/Time:

			•				
APPROACH	M∨MT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	63	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.389 *
	TH	3.00	1,150	4,800	0.253	N-S(2):	0.345
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.209
Westbound	RT	0.00	312	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.276 *
	TH	2.00	120	3,200	0.213 *		
	LT	0.00	249	1,600	0.156	V/C:	0.665
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	1,246	3,200	0.389 *		
	· LT	1.00	147	1,600	0.092		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	232	1,600	0.053	ICU:	0.765
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.00	101	1,600	0.063 *	LOS:	C

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

8. Collegian & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle): Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

%

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

3

APPROACH	 MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	67	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.133 *
	TH	1.00	36	1,600	0.094	N-S(2):	0.121
	LT	0.00	48	1,600	0.030 *	E-W(1):	0.134
Westbound	 RT	0.00	114	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.261 *
	TH	2.00	557	3,200	0.210 *		
	LT	1.00	60	1,600	0.038	V/C:	0.394
Northbound	RT	0.00	47	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	74	1,600	0.103 *	-	
	LT	0.00	43	1,600	0.027	WHEN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	
Eastbound	RT	0.00	25	0	0.000	ICU:	0.494
	TH	2.00	282	3,200	0.096		
400 mg (100 mg) (100	LT	1.00	81	1,600	0.051 *	LOS:	A
						1	

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
							-
Southbound	RT	0.00	74	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.205 *
	TH	1.00	56	1,600	0.122	N-S(2):	0.148
	LT	0.00	65	1,600	0.041 *	E-W(1):	0.236
Westbound	RT	0.00	111	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.239 *
	TH	2.00	421	3,200	0.166 *		
	LT	1.00	59	1,600	0.037	V/C:	0.444
Northbound	RT	0.00	113	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	108	1,600	0.164 *		
	LT	0.00	42	1,600	0.026		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	48	0	0.000	ICU:	0.544
	TH	2.00	590	3,200	0.199		
	LT	1.00	116	1,600	0.073 *	LOS:	Α
				·		- Secretarion	

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 8/31/00 Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection: Description: 9. Atlantic BI & Cesar Chavez Av **Existing Conditions (Year 2000)**

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

ITS:

% % Lost Time (% of cycle):

N-S Split Phase:

E-W Split Phase:

N 10

Ν

V/C Round Off (decs.):

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	121	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.212
	TH	3.00	936	4,800	0.220 *	N-S(2):	0.382 *
	LT	1.00	98	1,600	0.061	E-W(1):	0.137
Westbound	RT	0.00	103	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.227 *
	TH	2.00	448	3,200	0.172 *		
	LT	1.00	86	1,600	0.054	V/C:	0.609
Northbound	RT	0.00	37	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	686	4,800	0.151		
	LT	1.00	259	1,600	0.162 *		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	97	0	0.000	ICU:	0.709
	TH	2.00	168	3,200	0.083		
	LT	1.00	88	1,600	0.055 *	LOS:	C

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
701707			1 O L. O 11 1 L	0, ,		T	
Southbound	RT	0.00	109	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.434 *
	TH	3.00	908	4,800	0.212	N-S(2):	0.346
	LT	1.00	239	1,600	0.149 *	E-W(1):	0.255 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	114	. 0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.210
	TH	2.00	293	3,200	0.127		
	LT	1.00	113	1,600	0.071 *	V/C:	0.689
Northbound	RT	0.00	168	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,198	4,800	0.285 *		
	LT	1.00	215	1,600	0.134		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	165	0	0.000	ICU:	0.789
	TH	2.00	425	3,200	0.184 *		
	LT	1.00	132	1,600	0.083	LOS:	C

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 8/31/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

10. Collegian & Floral Dr

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase:

N Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	2	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.118 *
	TH	1.00	50	1,600	0.060	N-S(2):	0.109
	LT	0.00	44	1,600	0.028 *	E-W(1):	0.278 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	24	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.221
	TH	1.00	326	1,600	0.219		
	LT	1.00	124	1,600	0.078 *	V/C:	0.396
Northbound	RT	0.00	46	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	19	1,600	0.090 *		
	LT LT	0.00	79	1,600	0.049		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	93	0	0.000	ICU:	0.496
	TH	1.00	227	1,600	0.200 *		
	LT	1.00	3	1,600	0.002	LOS:	A
			•				

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	2	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.203 *
	TH	1.00	27	1,600	0.030	N-S(2):	0.103
	LT	0.00	19	1,600	0.012 *	E-W(1):	0.486 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	35	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.190
	TH	1.00	267	1,600	0.189		
	LT	1.00	78	1,600	0.049 *	V/C:	0.689
Northbound	RT	0.00	146	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	43	1,600	0.191 *		
	LT	0.00	116	1,600	0.073		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	121	0	0.000	ICU:	0.789
	TH	1.00	578	1,600	0.437 *		
	LT	1.00	1	1,600	0.001	LOS:	С

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

11. Atlantic BI & Floral Dr

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

ITS:

% %

Lost Time (% of cycle):

N Υ

10

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

E-W Split Phase:

APPROACH	 MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	228	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.211
Southboard	TH	3.00	899	4,800	0.000	N-S(1).	0.425 *
	LT	1.00	19	1,600	0.012	E-W(1):	0.091 *
Westbound	 RT	0.00	32	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.000
	TH	1.00	40	1,600	0.045 *	, ,	
	LT	1.00	59	1,600	0.037	V/C:	0.516
Northbound	 RT	0.00	56	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	899	4,800	0.199		
	LT	1.00	304	1,600	0.190 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	138	1,600	0.000	ICU:	0.616
	TH	0.46	34	735	0.046		
	LT	1.54	114	2,465	0.046 *	LOS:	В
							•

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	138	. 0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.361
	TH	3.00	865	4,800	0.209 *	N-S(2):	0.430 *
	LT	1.00	68	1,600	0.043	E-W(1):	0.196 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	42	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.000
	TH	1.00	74	1,600	0.073 *		
	LT	1.00	107	1,600	0.067	V/C:	0.626
Northbound	RT	0.00	42	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,486	4,800	0.318		
	LT	1.00	353	1,600	0.221 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	234	1,600	0.000	ICU:	0.726
	TH	0.58	114	926	0.123		
	LT	1.42	280	2,274	0.123 *	LOS:	C

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 8/31/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

12. Atlantic BI & Brightwood St

Description:

Existing Conditions (Year 2000)

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase:

Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

Lost Time (% of cycle):

N-S Split Phase:

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	99	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.246
	TH	2.00	1,076	3,200	0.367 *	N-S(2):	0.382 *
	LT	1.00	45	1,600	0.028	E-W(1):	0.152 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	65	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.137
	TH	1.00	71	1,600	0.085		
	LT of	1.00	114	1,600	0.071 *	V/C:	0.534
Northbound	RT	1.00	30	1,600	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	696	3,200	0.218		
	LT	1.00	24	1,600	0.015 *		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	77	0	0.000	ICU:	0.634
	TH	1.00	53	1,600	0.081 *	Province	
	LT	1.00	83	1,600	0.052	LOS:	В
						A-Managaran	

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	48	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.396 *
	TH	2.00	909	3,200	0.299	N-S(2):	0.335
	LT	1.00	49	1,600	0.031 *	E-W(1):	0.115 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	30	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.086
	TH	1.00	42	1,600	0.045		
	LT	1.00	50	1,600	0.031 *	V/C:	0.511
Northbound	RT	1.00	143	1,600	0.058	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	1,168	3,200	0.365 *		
	LT	1.00	58	1,600	0.036		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	66	0	0.000	ICU:	0.611
	TH	1.00	69	1,600	0.084 *		
	LT	1.00	65	1,600	0.041	LOS:	В

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

CUMULATIVE BASE CONDITIONS

Printed: 9/12/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

1. I-710 Freeway SB Off-Ramp/Humphreys Av & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle): Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

10 3

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	87	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.179 *
	TH	1.00	34	1,600	0.076	N-S(2):	0.080
	LT	1.00	217	1,600	0.136 *	E-W(1):	0.391
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.454 *
	TH	1.00	689	1,600	0.454 *		
	·LT	0.00	38	1,600	0.024	V/C:	0.633
Northbound	RT	0.00	62	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	0	1,600	0.043 *		
	LT	0.00	7	1,600	0.004		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	25	0	0.000	ICU:	0.733
	TH	1.00	562	1,600	0.367		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	LOS:	С

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	88	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.191 *
Coulibound	TH	1.00	48	1,600	0.085	N-S(2):	0.131
	LT	1.00	258	1,600	0.161 *	E-W(1):	0.373 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.344
	TH	1.00	508	1,600	0.344		
	LT	0.00	43	1,600	0.027 *	V/C:	0.564
Northbound	RT	0.00	43	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	0	1,600	0.030 *		
	LT	0.00	5	1,600	0.003		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	20	0	0.000	ICU:	0.664
	TH	1.00	533	1,600	0.346 *	,	
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	LOS:	В

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

2. I-710 Freeway NB On-Ramp/Ford BI & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle):

N-S Split Phase: Ν Ν 10

Double Lt Penalty: ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.523 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.222
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.437
Westbound	RT	1.00	139	1,600	0.087	E-W(2):	0.445 *
	TH	1.00	646	1,600	0.404 *		
	LT	1.00	161	1,600	0.101	V/C:	0.968
Northbound	RT	0.00	399	. 0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	82	1,600	0.523 *	atricomme	
	LT	0.00	355	1,600	0.222	·	
Eastbound	RT	0.00	88	0	0.000	ICU:	1.068
	TH	1.00	450	1,600	0.336	and the second s	
	LT	1.00	66	1,600	0.041 *	LOS:	F

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.429 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.148
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.481 *
Westbound	RT	1.00	163	1,600	0.102	E-W(2):	0.421
	TH	1.00	632	1,600	0.395		
	LT	1.00	160	1,600	0.100 *	V/C:	0.910
Northbound	RT	0.00	341	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	108	1,600	0.429 *		
	LT	0.00	237	1,600	0.148		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	71	0	0.000	ICU:	1.010
	TH	1.00	539	1,600	0.381 *		
	LT	1.00	42	1,600	0.026	LOS:	F

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 9/12/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

3. Mednick Av/Monterey Pass Rd & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle):

Ν 10

Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

3

ITS:

%

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
							121
Southbound	RT	0.00	96	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.160
	TH	2.00	327	3,200	0.132 *	N-S(2):	0.231 *
	LT .	1.00	57	1,600	0.036	E-W(1):	0.191
Westbound	RT	0.00	91	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.290 *
	TH	2.00	485	3,200	0.180 *		
	LT	1.00	125	1,600	0.078	V/C:	0.521
Northbound	RT	0.00	32	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	365	3,200	0.124		
)	LT	1.00	158	1,600	0.099 *		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	83	0	0.000	ICU:	0.621
	TH	2.00	279	3,200	0.113		
	LT	1.00	176	1,600	0.110 *	LOS:	В

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	45	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.227 *
	TH	2.00	292	3,200	0.105	N-S(2):	0.182
	LT	1.00	88	1,600	0.055 *	E-W(1):	0.297 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	48	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.255
	TH	2.00	324	3,200	0.116		
	LT	1.00	66	1,600	0.041 *	V/C:	0.524
Northbound	RT	0.00	101	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	448	3,200	0.172 *		
	LT	1.00	123	1,600	0.077		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	166	0	0.000	ICU:	0.624
	TH	2.00	652	3,200	0.256 *	.	
	LT	1.00	222	1,600	0.139	LOS:	В

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

_____ ______

Scenario Report

Scenario:

Cumulative Base AM

Command: Volume:

Cumulative Base AM Cumulative Base AM

Volume: Cumulative Base AM

Geometry: Existing

Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee

Trip Generation: Default Trip Generation

Trip Distribution: Default Trip Distribution

Paths: Default Paths

Routes: Default Routes

Configuration: Default Configuration

Page :	2-	1
--------	----	---

Impact Analysis Report Level Of Service

Int	ersection	Base	Future	Change
		Del/ V/	Del/ V/	in
		LOS Veh C	LOS Veh C	
#	1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr	B 14.0 0.000	в 14.0 0.000	+ 0.000 V/C
#	2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av	в 14.0 0.000	в 14.0.0.000	+ 0.000 V/C

A *

XXXXXX

ApproachLOS:

_____ ______ Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ***************** Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ******************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 14.0 Worst Case Level Of Service: B ******************** Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L-T-R L-T-R L-T-R_____| Volume Module: Base Vol: 22 0 34 0 0 0 302 48 26 560 PHF Volume: 22 0 34 0 0 0 0 302 48 26 560 0 Reduct Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Final Vol.: 22 0 34 0 0 0 0 0 302 48 26 560 0 -----| Critical Gap Module: FollowUpTim: 3.5 xxxx 3.3 xxxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx 2.2 xxxx xxxxx ______| Capacity Module: Level Of Service Module: 8.0 xxxx xxxxx LOS by Move: * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * Movement: LT - LTR - RT LT - LTR - RT LT - LTR - RT A * * LT - LTR - RT

В

Level Of Service Computation Report												
	1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative)											
Intersection								. * * * * *	*****		*****	
*****	****	****	*****	****	****	*****	*****					****
Average Delay	/ (sec	c/veh)	: *****	14.0	****	W *****	orst Ca	ase Le	evel 01	Servi	lce:	B *****
Approach:		cth Bo				ound					est Bo	
Movement:			- R			- R					- T	- R
Control:						ign				•	contro	
Rights:		Inclu	ıde		Inclu	ıde		Inclu			Inclu	ıde
Lanes:	-		0 0			0 0,			-) 1	1 0
Volume Module							11			11		
Base Vol:	0	0	0	28	0	62	53	351	.0	0	524	82
Growth Adj:		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00
Initial Bse:	0	0	0	28	0	62	53	351	0	0	524	82
User Adj: PHF Adj:	1.00		1.00 1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00 1.00
PHF Volume:	0	1.00	0	28	1.00	62	53	351	0	1.00	524	82
Reduct Vol:	ő	Ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	. 0	0	0
Final Vol.:	0	0	0	28	0	62	53	351	0	0	524	82
Cuitical Con												
Critical Gap Critical Gp:2			xxxxx	6.8	xxxx	6.9	<i>a</i> 1	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	****	XXXXX
FollowUpTim:					xxxx					XXXXX		
Capacity Modu												
Cnflict Vol:					XXXX				XXXXX			XXXXX
Potent Cap.: Move Cap.:					XXXX				XXXXX			XXXXX
nove cap												
Level Of Serv	vice N	Module	e:	, ,								•
Stopped Del:										XXXXX		
LOS by Move:			* .			*	A	* .	*	* T.M	*	*
Movement: Shared Cap.:		- LTR			- LTR 488	- KI			- RT		- LTR	- KL
Shrd StpDel:												
Shared LOS:	*	*	*	*	В	*	*	*		*	*	*
ApproachDel:	x	XXXX			14.0		X	XXXXX		xx	xxxxx	
ApproachLOS:		*			В			*			*	

Scenario Report

Scenario:

Cumulative Base PM

Command: Cumulative Base PM
Volume: Cumulative Base PM
Geometry: Existing
Impact Fee: Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation: Default Trip Generation
Trip Distribution: Default Trip Distribution
Paths: Default Routes

Routes:

Default Routes

Configuration:

Default Configuration

Pag	e	2-	-1
rau	u		- Т

Impact Analysis Report Level Of Service

Intersection	Base Del/ V/	Future Del/ V/	Change in	
# 1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr	LOS Veh C C 20.1 0.000	LOS Veh C C 20.1 0.000	+ 0.000 V/C	
# 2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez	Av C 21.2 0.000	C 21.2 0.000	+ 0.000 V/C	

XXXXXX

______ Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) *************** Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr **************** Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - RVolume Module: Base Vol: 18 0 73 0 0 0 778 18 .. 0 21 391 PHF Volume: 18 0 73 0 0 0 0 778 18 21 391 0 Reduct Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 778 18 21 391 0 0 _____| Critical Gap Module: Critical Gp: 6.4 xxxx 6.2 xxxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx 4.1 xxxx xxxxx FollowUpTim: 3.5 xxxx 3.3 xxxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx 2.2 xxxx xxxxx _____| Capacity Module: 796 xxxx xxxxx 835 xxxx xxxxx Move Cap.: 197 xxxx 395 xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx 835 xxxx xxxxx _____| Level Of Service Module: 9.3 xxxx xxxxx LOS by Move: * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * Movement: LT - LTR - RT LT - LTR - RT A * * LT - LTR - RT 9.4 xxxx xxxxx A * *

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) *************** Intersection #2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av ************* Average Delay (sec/veh): 21.2 Worst Case Level Of Service: ***************** Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - R _____| Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Include Lanes: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1! 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 _____|___|___| Volume Module: 0 0 0 41 0 49 77 824 0 0 503 Base Vol: _____| Critical Gap Module: Capacity Module: Cnflict Vol: xxxx xxxx xxxxx 1131 xxxx 314 627 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx Level Of Service Module:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

6. Atlantic BI & SR-60 Freeway EB Off-Ramp

Description:

Cumulative Base Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle): Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

10 3

ITS:

APPROACH	 MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	. 0	0 -	0.000	N-S(1):	0.282 *
Codubodia	TH	2.00	901	3,200	0.282 *	N-S(2):	0.282 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.225 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.225 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C:	0.507
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,354	4,800	0.282 *	a-spranteer	
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	and the second s	
Eastbound	RT	1.70	614	2,726	0.225 *	ICÜ:	0.607
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	,	
	LT	1.30	467	2,074	0.225 *	LOS:	В

Date/Time:

4555040H	3 43 /8 477	1 41150	1/01/19/2	04040171	\//O	1011 1111	11/010
APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
						•	
Southbound	RT	0.00	. 0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.361
	TH	2.00	1,192	3,200	0.373 *	N-S(2):	0.373 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.364 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.364 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C:	0.737
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,731	4,800	0.361		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.53	891	2,449	0.364 *	ICU:	0.837
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.47	855	2,351	0.364 *	LOS:	D

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

7. Atlantic BI & SR-60 Freeway WB Off-Ramp/1st St

Description:

Cumulative Base Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

E-W Split Phase:

Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

%

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	74	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.267
Coarnocana	TH	3.00	1,259	4,800	0.278 *	N-S(2):	0.358 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.262
Westbound	RT	0.00	296	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.270 *
	TH	2.00	195	3,200	0.249 *		
	LT	0.00	306	1,600	0.191	V/C:	0.628
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	855	3,200	0.267	504 504 504 504 504 504 504 504 504 504	
	LT	1.00	128	1,600	0.080 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	241	1,600	0.071	ICU:	0.728
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.00	33	1,600	0.021 *	LOS:	C

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
				manufacture			
Southbound	RT	0.00	69	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.494 *
	TH	3.00	1,522	4,800	0.331	N-S(2):	0.432
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.230
Westbound	RT	0.00	392	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.318 *
	TH	2.00	131	3,200	0.249 *		
	LT	0.00	275	1,600	0.172	V/C:	0.812
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	1,580	3,200	0.494 *		
	LT	1.00	161	1,600	0.101		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	254	1,600	0.058	ICU:	0.912
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.00	111	1,600	0.069 *	Los:	Ε

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection: Description:

8. Collegian & Cesar Chavez Av **Cumulative Base Conditions**

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

% %

ITS:

N-S Split Phase:

Ν E-W Split Phase: Ν

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10 3

V/C Round Off (decs.):

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	73	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.145 *
	TH	1.00	39	1,600	0.103	N-S(2):	0.132
	LT	0.00	53	1,600	0.033 *	E-W(1):	0.154
Westbound	RT	0.00	125	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.293 *
	TH	2.00	634	3,200	0.237 *		
	LT	1.00	66	1,600	0.041	V/C:	0.438
Northbound	RT	0.00	51	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	81	1,600	0.112 *		
	LT	0.00	47	1,600	0.029		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	27	0	0.000	ICU:	0.538
	TH	2.00	336	3,200	0.113		
	LT .	1.00	89	1,600	0.056 *	LOS:	Α

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		T T	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Southbound	RT	0.00	81	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.224 *
	TH	1.00	61	1,600	0.133	N-S(2):	0.162
	LT	0.00	71	1,600	0.044 *	E-W(1):	0.280 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	122	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.280 *
	TH	2.00	522	3,200	0.201 *		
	LT	1.00	65	1,600	0.041	V/C:	0.504
Northbound	RT	0.00	124	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	118	1,600	0.180 *		
·	LT	0.00	46	1,600	0.029		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	53	0	0.000	ICU:	0.604
	TH	2.00	711	3,200	0.239		
	LT	1.00	127	1,600	0.079 *	LOS:	В

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

9. Atlantic BI & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

Cumulative Base Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

oo vpii

chany.

% % E-W Split Phase : Lost Time (% of cycle) :

N-S Split Phase:

N N 10

ITS:

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	146	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.248
Coathboaria	TH	3.00	1,115	4,800	0.263 *	N-S(2):	0.441 *
	LT	1.00	107	1,600	0.067	E-W(1):	0.155
Westbound	RT	0.00	113	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.259 *
	TH	2.00	501	3,200	0.192 *		
	LT	1.00	94	1,600	0.059	V/C:	0.700
Northbound	RT	0.00	41	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	826	4,800	0.181		
	LT	1.00	284	1,600	0.178 *		,
Eastbound	RT	0.00	106	0	0.000	ICU:	0.800
	TH	2.00	201	3,200	0.096		
	LT.	1.00	107	1,600	0.067 *	LOS:	С
	LT.	1.00	107	1,600	0.067 *	LOS:	С

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
				02-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-			
Southbound	RT	0.00	166	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.531 *
	TH	3.00	1,257	4,800	0.296	N-S(2):	0.443
	LT	1.00	262	1,600	0.164 *	E-W(1):	0.285 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	125	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.265
	TH	2.00	335	3,200	0.144		
	LT	1.00	124	1,600	0.078 *	V/C:	0.816
Northbound	RT	0.00	184	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,578	4,800	0.367 *		
	LT	1.00	235	1,600	0.147		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	181	0	0.000	ICU:	0.916
	TH	2.00	482	3,200	0.207 *	,	
	LT	1.00	193	1,600	0.121	LOS:	Ε

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

10. Collegian & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

1600 vph

Left Lane: Double Lt Penalty:

%

Lost Time (% of cycle):

Ν 10 3

Ν

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

E-W Split Phase:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	2	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.129 *
	TH	1.00	55	1,600	0.066	N-S(2):	0.120
	LT	0.00	48	1,600	0.030 *	E-W(1):	0.328 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	26	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.256
	TH	1.00	380	1,600	0.254		
	LT	1.00	136	1,600	0.085 *	V/C:	0.457
Northbound	RT	0.00	50	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	21	1,600	0.099 *		
	LT	0.00	87	1,600	0.054		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	102	0	0.000	ICU:	0.557
	TH	1.00	287	1,600	0.243 *		
	LT	1.00	3	1,600	0.002	LOS:	A
						1	

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	2	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.222 *
	TH	1.00	30	1,600	0.033	N-S(2):	0.112
	LT	0.00	21	1,600	0.013 *	E-W(1):	0.553 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	38	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.229
	TH	1.00	326	1,600	0.228	and the second s	
	LT	1.00	85	1,600	0.053 *	V/C:	0.775
Northbound	RT	0.00	160	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	47	1,600	0.209 *		
	LT	0.00	127	1,600	0.079		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	132	0	0.000	ICU:	0.875
	TH	1.00	668	1,600	0.500 *		
	LT	1.00	1	1,600	0.001	LOS:	D

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

11. Atlantic BI & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

E-W Split Phase:

Ν Y

Double Lt Penalty:

%

Lost Time (% of cycle):

N-S Split Phase:

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	262	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.246
	TH	3.00	1,071	4,800	0.278 *	N-S(2):	0.493 *
	LT	1.00	21	1,600	0.013	E-W(1):	0.107 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	35	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.000
	TH	1.00	44	1,600	0.049 *		
	LT	1.00	65	1,600	0.041	V/C:	0.600
Northbound	RT	0.00	61	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
and the state of t	TH	3.00	1,059	4,800	0.233	Y	
	LT	1.00	344	1,600	0.215 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	168	1,600	0.000	ICU:	0.700
	TH	0.40	37	643	0.058		
	LT	1.60	147	2,557	0.058 *	LOS:	В

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	171	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.457
	TH	3.00	1,240	4,800	0.294 *	N-S(2):	0.545 *
	LT	1.00	74	1,600	0.046	E-W(1):	0.220 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	46	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.000
•	TH	1.00	81	1,600	0.079 *		
	LT	1.00	: 117	1,600	0.073	V/C:	0.765
Northbound	RT	0.00	46	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,927	4,800	0.411		*
	LT	1.00	401	1,600	0.251 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	272	1,600	0.000	ICU:	0.865
	TH	0.55	125	887	0.141		
	LT	1.45	326	2,313	0.141 *	LOS:	D

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 9/12/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection: Description:

12. Atlantic BI & Brightwood St **Cumulative Base Conditions**

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

%

ITS:

%

N-S Split Phase:

Ν E-W Split Phase:

Lost Time (% of cycle):

N 10

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	108	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.299
	TH	2.00	1,277	3,200	0.433 *	N-S(2):	0.449 *
	LT	1.00	49	1,600	0.031	E-W(1):	0.167 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	71	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.150
	TH	1.00	78	1,600	0.093		
	LT	1.00	125	1,600	0.078 *	V/C:	0.616
Northbound	RT	1.00	33	1,600	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	859	3,200	0.268		
	LT	1.00	26	1,600	0.016 *		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	84	0	0.000	ICU:	0.716
	TH	1.00	58	1,600	0.089 *		
	LT	1.00	91	1,600	0.057	LOS:	С

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	53	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.533 *
	TH	2.00	1,308	3,200	0.425	N-S(2):	0.465
	LT	1.00	54	1,600	0.034 *	E-W(1):	0.127 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	33	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.093
	TH	1.00	46	1,600	0.049		
	LT	1.00	55	1,600	0.034 *	V/C:	0.660
Northbound	RT	1.00	157	1,600	0.064	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	1,598	3,200	0.499 *		
	LT	1.00	64	1,600	0.040		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	72	0	0.000	ICU:	0.760
	TH	1.00	76	1,600	0.093 *		
	LT	1.00	71	1,600	0.044	LOS:	С
				•			

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

CUMULATIVE BASE PLUS PROJECT CONDITIONS

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

1. I-710 Freeway SB Off-Ramp/Humphreys Av & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty: ITS: %

%

N-S Split Phase:

Ν E-W Split Phase:

Lost Time (% of cycle):

Ν 10

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	87	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.184 *
	TH	1.00	34	1,600	0.076	N-S(2):	0.080
	LT	1.00	226	1,600	0.141 *	E-W(1):	0.392
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.468 *
	TH	1.00	711	1,600	0.468 *		
	LT	0.00	38	1,600	0.024	V/C:	0.652
Northbound	RT	0.00	62	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	0	1,600	0.043 *		
	LT	0.00	7	1,600	0.004		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	25	0	0.000	ICU:	0.752
	TH	1.00	564	1,600	0.368		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	LOS:	С

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	88	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.215 *
	TH	1.00	48	1,600	0.085	N-S(2):	0.088
	LT	1.00	296	1,600	0.185 *	E-W(1):	0.379 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.357
	· TH	1.00	528	1,600	0.357		
	LT	0.00	43	1,600	0.027 *	V/C:	0.594
Northbound	RT	0.00	43	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	0	1,600	0.030 *		
	LT	0.00	5	1,600	0.003		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	20	0	0.000	ICU:	0.694
	TH	1.00	543	1,600	0.352 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	LOS:	В

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

2. I-710 Freeway NB On-Ramp/Ford BI & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane: Double Lt Penalty:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle):

Ν 10

Ν

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.523 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.222
. :	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.444
Westbound	RT	1.00	228	1,600	0.143	E-W(2):	0.459 *
	TH	1.00	669	1,600	0.418 *		
	LT	1.00	161	1,600	0.101	V/C:	0.982
Northbound	RT	0.00	399	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	82	1,600	0.523 *		
	LT	0.00	355	1,600	0.222		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	88	0	0.000	ICU:	1.082
	TH	1.00	461	1,600	0.343		
	LT	1.00	66	1,600	0.041 *	LOS:	F

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	. 0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.429 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.148
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.511 *
Westbound	RT	1.00	244	1,600	0.153	E-W(2):	0.434
	TH	1.00	653	1,600	0.408		
	LT	1.00	160	1,600	0.100 *	V/C:	0.940
Northbound	RT	0.00	341	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	108	1,600	0.429 *		
	LT	0.00	237	1,600	0.148		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	71	0	0.000	ICU:	1.040
	TH	1.00	587	1,600	0.411 *		
	LT	1.00	42	1,600	0.026	LOS:	F

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

3. Mednick Av/Monterey Pass Rd & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

ITS:

% % N-S Split Phase:

Ν E-W Split Phase: N

Lost Time (% of cycle): 10

V/C Round Off (decs.): 3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	96	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.160
	TH	2.00	327	3,200	0.132 *	N-S(2):	0.231 *
	LT	1.00	57	1,600	0.036	E-W(1):	0.195
Westbound	RT	0.00	91	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.325 *
	TH	2.00	597	3,200	0.215 *		
	LT	1.00	125	1,600	0.078	V/C:	0.556
Northbound	RT	0.00	32	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	365	3,200	0.124		
	LT	1.00	158	1,600	0.099 *		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	83	0	0.000	ICU:	0.656
	TH	2.00	290	3,200	0.117		
	LT	1.00	176	1,600	0.110 *	LOS:	В

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	45	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.227 *
	TH	2.00	292	3,200	0.105	N-S(2):	0.182
	LT .	1.00	88	1,600	0.055 *	E-W(1):	0.311 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	48	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.287
	TH	2.00	425	3,200	0.148		
	LT	1.00	66	1,600	0.041 *	V/C:	0.538
Northbound	RT	0.00	101	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	448	3,200	0.172 *		
	LT	1.00	123	1,600	0.077		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	166	0	0.000	ICU:	0.638
	TH	2.00	699	3,200	0.270 *		
	LT	1.00	222	1,600	0.139	LOS:	В
······································	·····					<u> </u>	

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Scenario Report

Scenario:

Cumulative Base Plus Project AM

Command:

Cumulative Base Plus Project AM

Existing

Impact Fee:

Default Impact Fee

Trip Generation:

Default Trip Distribution

Paths:

Default Paths

Paths: Routes: Default Paths Default Routes

Configuration:

Default Configuration

Impact Analysis Report Level Of Service

·Tn	tersection		Bas	se	Fut	ure	Change
			Del/	V/	Del/	V/	in
			LOS Veh	C	LOS Veh	C	
#	1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr		C 18.1 (0.000	C 18.1	0.000	+ 0.000 V/C
#	2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chav	ez Av	C 19.8 (0.000	C 19.8	0.000	+ 0.000 V/C

****	Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ***********************************											
Intersection	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	****	*****	****	*****
Average Delay	Average Delay (sec/veh): 18.1 Worst Case Level Of Service: C											
Approach: Movement:	τ, -	- T	ound - R	L -	- T	ound - R	L -	- T	– R	L -	est Bo	- R
Control: Rights: Lanes:	0	top Si Inclu	ign ide 0 0	St 0 (top S: Inclu 0 0	ign ade 00	Und 0 (contro Inclu	olled ude 1 0	Und 0	contro Inclu	olled ade 0 0
Volume Module Base Vol: Growth Adj: Initial Bse: User Adj: PHF Adj: PHF Volume: Reduct Vol: Final Vol.:	44 1.00 44 1.00 1.00 44 0 44	0 1.00 0 1.00 1.00 0 0	34 1.00 34 1.00 1.00 34 0	1.00 0 1.00 1.00 0 0	0 1.00 0 1.00 1.00 0 0	0 1.00 0 1.00 1.00 0 0	1.00 0 1.00 1.00 0 0	311 1.00 311 1.00 1.00 311 0	50 1.00 50 1.00 1.00 50 0	26 1.00 26 1.00 1.00 26 0	649 1.00 649 1.00 1.00 649	0 1.00 0 1.00 1.00 0 0
Critical Gap Critical Gp: FollowUpTim:	Modu. 6.4 3.5	le: xxxx xxxx	6.2 3.3	xxxxx	xxxx xxxx	xxxxx xxxxx	xxxxx xxxxx	xxxx xxxx	xxxxx	4.1 2.2	xxxx	xxxxx
Capacity Mod Cnflict Vol: Potent Cap.: Move Cap.: Level Of Ser	ule: 1037 258 254	xxxx xxxx xxxx	336 711 711	xxxx xxxx xxxx	xxxx xxxx	xxxxx xxxxx	XXXX XXXX	xxxx xxxx xxxx	xxxxx xxxxx	361 1209 1209	xxxx xxxx	xxxxx xxxxx
Stopped Del: LOS by Move: Movement: Shared Cap.: Shrd StpDel: Shared LOS: ApproachDel: ApproachLOS:	LT XXXX XXXXX *	* - LTR 353 18.1	* - RT * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	LT xxxx xxxxx	* - LTR xxxx xxxx	* - RT xxxxx	LT XXXX XXXXX	* - LTR xxxx xxxx	* - RT xxxxx	A LT xxxx 8.0 A	* - LTR xxxx	

1	Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ************************************											
Intersection #2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av												
Average Delay	1 1500	/wehl	•	19.8		Wo	rst Ca	se Le	evel Of	Servi	.ce:	С
Approach: Movement:	Nor	th Bo	ound - R	Sou L	ith Bo	ound - R	Ea L -	st Bo	ound - R	We L -	est Bo T	ound - R
Control: Rights: Lanes:	St	op Si Inclu	lgn ide 0 0	St 0 (op Si Inclu	lgn ide 0 0	Uno	contro Inclu	olled ide 0 0	Und	contro Inclu	olled ide 1 0
Volume Module	e:											
Growth Adj: Initial Bse:	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 69	1.00	1.00 98	1.00 56	1.00 356	1.00	1.00	1.00 582	1.00 86
User Adj: PHF Adj: PHF Volume:	1.00	1.00	1.00 1.00 0	1.00	. 0	1.00 1.00 98	1.00		1.00	1.00		1.00
Reduct Vol: Final Vol.:	0	0	0	0 69	Ω	n	Ω	Ω	0	0	0 582	0 86
CITCICAL Gap	110ddu.	L C •										
Critical Gp:: FollowUpTim::	xxxxx	XXXX	xxxxx	3.5	xxxx	3.3	2.2	xxxx	xxxxx	XXXXX	xxxx	xxxxx
Capacity Mod	ule:											
Cnflict Vol: Potent Cap.:	XXXX	XXXX	XXXXX	915 276	XXXX	33 4 668	668 931		XXXXX			
Move Cap.:	xxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	263 	xxxx	668			xxxxx			
Level Of Ser Stopped Del:	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	9.1	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx
TOC by Motro	*	*	* - RT	*	*	*	7\	*	*	*	+	. +
Shared Cap.:	XXXX	XXXX	XXXXX	XXXX	408	XXXXX	XXXX	XXXX	xxxxx	XXXX	XXXX	XXXXX
Shrd StpDel: Shared LOS:	*	*	* .	*	C	*	*	*	*	*	*	xxxxx *
ApproachDel: ApproachLOS:	. XX	*			19.8 C		X	*		X	*****	

Scenario Report

Scenario:

Cumulative Base Plus Project PM

Command:
Cumulative Base Plus Project PM
Volume:
Cumulative Base Plus Project PM
Command:
Cumulative Base Plus Project PM
Commetry:
Existing
Impact Fee:
Default Impact Fee
Trip Generation:
Default Trip Generation
Trip Distribution:
Paths:
Default Paths
Routes:
Configuration

Configuration:

Default Configuration

Impact Analysis Report Level Of Service

Intersection		Base	Future	Change
		Del/ V/	Del/ V/	in
		LOS Veh C	LOS Veh C	
# 1 Bleakwood Av	& Floral Dr	D 28.6 0.000	D 28.6 0.000	+ 0.000 V/C
# 2 Bleakwood Av	& Cesar Chave	z Av E 38.5 0.000	E 38.5 0.000	+ 0.000 V/C

_____ Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) Intersection #1 Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr ****************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 28.6 Worst Case Level Of Service: D ******************* Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - RL - T - R _____| Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Rights: Include Include Include Include Lanes: 0 0 1! 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 -----| Volume Module: Base Vol: 38 0 73 0 0 0 816 27 21 472 PHF Volume: 38 0 73 0 0 0 0 816 27 21 472 Reduct Vol: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Final Vol.: 38 0 73 0 0 0 0 816 27 21 472 -----| Critical Gap Module: Capacity Module: Level Of Service Module: 9.5 xxxx xxxxx A * * LOS by Move: * * * * * * * * Movement: LT - LTR - RT LT - LTR - RT LT - LTR - RT A * XXXXXX ApproachLOS: D

Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) ******************* Intersection #2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av ******************************* Average Delay (sec/veh): 38.5 Worst Case Level Of Service: E **************** Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R L - T - RControl: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Include Lanes: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1! 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 Volume Module: Base Vol: 0 0 0 77 0 82 92 848 0 556 141 PHF Volume: 0 0 0 77 0 82 92 848 0 0 556 141 Reduct Vol: 0 0 0 0 77 0 82 92 848 0 0 556 141 Critical Gap Module: Critical Gp:xxxxx xxxx xxxxx 6.8 xxxx 6.9 4.1 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxxx xxxxx FollowUpTim:xxxxx xxxx xxxxx 3.5 xxxx 3.3 2.2 xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx Capacity Module: Cnflict Vol: xxxx xxxx xxxx 1235 xxxx 349
Potent Cap.: xxxx xxxx xxxx 172 xxxx 653
Move Cap.: xxxx xxxx xxxx 158 xxxx 653 653 909 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx Level Of Service Module: ApproachDel: 38.5 xxxxxx XXXXXX XXXXXX ApproachLOS: F.

Traffix 7.1.0607 (c) 1999 Dowling Assoc. Licensed to KAKU, SANTA MONICA, CA

Printed: 9/12/00 Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

6. Atlantic BI & SR-60 Freeway EB Off-Ramp

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

1600 vph

Left Lane:

%

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle): Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty: ITS:

%

N-S Split Phase:

10

V/C Round Off (decs.):

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.283
	TH	2.00	945	3,200	0.295 *	N-S(2):	0.295 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.226 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.226 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C:	0.521
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,358	4,800	0.283		
	LT	0.00	0	. 0	0.000 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.69	614	2,711	0.226 *	ICU:	0.621
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.31	473	2,089	0.226 *	LOS:	В

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N C/4\-	0.365
Southbound			_			N-S(1):	
	TH	2.00	1,233	3,200	0.385 *	N-S(2):	0.385 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.369 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.369 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	V/C:	0.754
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,750	4,800	0.365	***	
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	direction of the second	
Eastbound	RT	1.51	891	2,416	0.369 *	ICU:	0.854
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	-	
	LT	1.49	879	2,384	0.369 *	Los:	D

⁻ Denotes critical movement

Printed: 9/12/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

7. Atlantic BI & SR-60 Freeway WB Off-Ramp/1st St

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

%

ITS:

%

N-S Split Phase:

E-W Split Phase :

N N

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10

V/C Round Off (decs.): 3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	74	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.270
	TH	3.00	1,384	4,800	0.304 *	N-S(2):	0.384 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.262
Westbound	RT	0.00	299	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.271 *
	TH	2.00	195	3,200	0.250 *		
	LT	0.00	306	1,600	0.191	V/C:	0.655
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	865	3,200	0.270		
	LT	1.00	128	1,600	0.080 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	241	1,600	0.071	ICU:	0.755
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.00	33	1,600	0.021 *	LOS:	С

Date/Time: PM PEAK HOUR

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	69	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.508 *
	TH	3.00	1,635	4,800	0.355	N-S(2):	0.456
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	E-W(1):	0.230
Westbound	RT	0.00	401	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.321 *
	TH	2.00	131	3,200	0.252 *		
	LT	0.00	275	1,600	0.172	V/C:	0.829
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	1,624	3,200	0.508 *		
	LT	1.00	161	1,600	0.101		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	254	1,600	0.058	ICU:	0.929
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	1.00	111	1,600	0.069 *	LOS:	E

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

8. Collegian & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle): Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

%

10

ITS:

V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	73	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.167 *
	TH	1.00	39	1,600	0.125	N-S(2):	0.154
	LT	0.00	88	1,600	0.055 *	E-W(1):	0.187
Westbound	RT	0.00	128	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.298 *
	TH	2.00	645	3,200	0.242 *		
	LT	1.00	66	1,600	0.041	V/C:	0.465
Northbound	RT	0.00	51	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	81	1,600	0.112 *		
	LT	0.00	47	1,600	0.029		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	27	0	0.000	ICU:	0.565
	TH	2.00	439	3,200	0.146		
	LT	1.00	89	1,600	0.056 *	LOS:	Α

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	81	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.245 *
	TH	1.00	61	1,600	0.154	N-S(2):	0.183
	LT	0.00	104	1,600	0.065 *	E-W(1):	0.309 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	137	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.299
	TH	2.00	566	3,200	0.220		
	LT	1.00	65	1,600	0.041 *	V/C:	0.554
Northbound	RT	0.00	124	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	118	1,600	0.180 *		
	LT	0.00	46	1,600	0.029		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	53	0	0.000	ICU:	0.654
	TH	2.00	804	3,200	0.268 *		
	LT	1.00	127	1,600	0.079	LOS:	В
			Situation			<u> </u>	

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

9. Atlantic BI & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

ITS:

% % N-S Split Phase:

Ν E-W Split Phase: Ν 10

Lost Time (% of cycle):

V/C Round Off (decs.): 3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	147	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.249
	TH	3.00	1,172	4,800	0.275 *	N-S(2):	0.456 *
	LT	1.00	107	1,600	0.067	E-W(1):	0.195
Westbound	RT	0.00	113	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.267 *
	TH	2.00	508	3,200	0.194 *		
	LT	1.00	94	1,600	0.059	V/C:	0.723
Northbound	RT	0.00	41	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	832	4,800	0.182		
	LT	1.00	290	1,600	0.181 *		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	173	0	0.000	ICU:	0.823
	TH	2.00	263	3,200	0.136		
	LT	1.00	116	1,600	0.073 *	LOS:	D
						<u> </u>	

Date/Time:

LANES VOLUME	CAPACITY V/C	National design of the control of
	ONFACILITY VIC	ICU ANALYSIS
0.00 170	0 0.000	N C/4). 0 E2G *
3.00 1,310	4,800 0.308	N-S(1): 0.536 * N-S(2): 0.473
1.00 1,310	1,600 0.308	E-W(1): 0.321 *
0.00 125	0 0.000	E-W(1): 0.321 E-W(2): 0.278
2.00 362	3,200 0.152	E-VV(2). 0.210
1.00 124	1,600 0.078 *	V/C: 0.857
0.00 184	0 0.000	Lost Time: 0.100
3.00 1,602	4,800 0.372 *	
1.00 264	1,600 0.165	
0.00 241	0 0.000	ICU: 0.957
2.00 538	3,200 0.243 *	
1.00 201	1,600 0.126	LOS: E
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

10. Collegian & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

1600 vph

Left Lane:

%

E-W Split Phase:

Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.): -- 3

N-S Split Phase:

APPROACH		MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound		RT	0.00	2	. 0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.129 *
		TH	1.00	55	1,600	0.066	N-S(2):	0.120
		LT	0.00	48	1,600	0.030 *	E-W(1):	0.393 *
Westbound		RT	0.00	26	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.263
		TH	1.00	391	1,600	0.261		
	1	LT	1.00	136	1,600	0.085 *	V/C:	0.522
Northbound	1 2	RT	0.00	50	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
		TH	1.00	21	1,600	0.099 *		
		LT	0.00	87	1,600	0.054		
Eastbound		RT	0.00	102	0	0.000	ICU:	0.622
		TH	1.00	390	1,600	0.308 *		
		LT	1.00	3	1,600	0.002	LOS:	В

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································	**************************************		AND A COLUMN
Southbound	RT	0.00	2	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.222 *
	TH	1.00	30	1,600	0.033	N-S(2):	0.112
	LT	0.00	21	1,600	0.013 *	E-W(1):	0.611 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	38	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.256
	TH	1.00	370	1,600	0.255		
	LT	1.00	85	1,600	0.053 *	V/C:	0.833
Northbound	RT	0.00	160	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	47	1,600	0.209 *	Name and Associated in the Control of the Control o	
	LT	0.00	127	1,600	0.079		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	132	0	0.000	ICU:	0.933
	TH	1.00	761	1,600	0.558 *		
	LT	1.00	1	1,600	0.001	LOS:	E

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 9/12/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

11. Atlantic BI & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle):

N-S Split Phase: Ν Y

Double Lt Penalty:

%

10 3

ITS:

%

V/C Round Off (decs.):

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	267	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.248
	TH	3.00	1,071	4,800	0.279 *	N-S(2):	0.498 *
	LT	1.00	21	1,600	0.013	E-W(1):	0.120 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	35	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.000
	TH	1.00	44	1,600	0.049 *		
	LT	1.00	65	1,600	0.041	V/C:	0.618
Northbound	RT	0.00	61	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,068	4,800	0.235		
	LT	1.00	350	1,600	0.219 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	226	1,600	0.000	ICU:	0.718
	TH	0.32	37	519	0.071	New Parket	
	LT	1.68	191	2,681	0.071 *	LOS:	С
				•			

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	190	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.459
	TH	3.00	1,244	4,800	0.299 *	N-S(2):	0.565 *
	LT	1.00	74	1,600	0.046	E-W(1):	0.232 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	46	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.000
	TH	1.00	81	1,600	0.079 *	•	
	LT	1.00	117	1,600	0.073	V/C:	0.797
Northbound	RT	0.00	46	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	3.00	1,936	4,800	0.413		
	LT	1.00	426	1,600	0.266 *		
Eastbound	RT	1.00	325	1,600	0.000	ICU:	0.897
	TH	0.51	125	815	0.153		
	LT	1.49	366	2,385	0.153 *	LOS:	D

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

12. Atlantic BI & Brightwood St

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

%

E-W Split Phase:

Ν Ν 10

Lost Time (% of cycle): V/C Round Off (decs.):

N-S Split Phase:

3

ITS: %

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANALYSIS	
Southbound	RT	0.00	108	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.316
0000000	TH	2.00	1,282	3,200	0.434 *	N-S(2):	0.450 *
	LT	1.00	49	1,600	0.031	E-W(1):	0.167 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	71	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.150
	TH	1.00	78	1,600	0.093		
	LT	1.00	125	1,600	0.078 *	V/C:	0.617
Northbound	RT	1.00	33	1,600	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	912	3,200	0.285		
	LT	1.00	26	1,600	0.016 *	en e	
Eastbound	RT	0.00	84	0	0.000	ICU:	0.717
	TH	1.00	58	1,600	0.089 *		
	LT	1.00	91	1,600	0.057	LOS:	С

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
					,		
Southbound	RT	0.00	53	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.549 *
	TH	2.00	1,331	3,200	0.433	N-S(2):	0.473
	LT	1.00	54	1,600	0.034 *	E-W(1):	0.127 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	33	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.093
	TH	1.00	46	1,600	0.049		
	LT	1.00	55	1,600	0.034 *	V/C:	0.676
Northbound	RT	1.00	157	1,600	0.064	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	2.00	1,647	3,200	0.515 *		
	LT	1.00	64	1,600	0.040		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	72	0	0.000	ICU:	0.776
	TH	1.00	76	1,600	0.093 *		
	LT	1.00	71	1,600	0.044	LOS:	C

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

CUMULATIVE BASE PLUS PROJECT WITH MITIGATIONS

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

4. Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project with Mitigations

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

%

ITS:

%

N-S Split Phase:

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle):

Ν 10 3

Ν

V/C Round Off (decs.):

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANALYSIS		
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.011	
	TH	0.00	. 0	0	0.000 *	N-S(2):	0.049 *	
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.242	
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.422 *	
	TH	1.00	649	1,600	0.422 *	1		
	LT	0.00	26	1,600	0.016	V/C:	0.471	
Northbound	RT	0.44	34	697	0.011	Lost Time:	0.100	
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	1		
	LT	0.56	44	903	0.049 *	1.		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	50	0	0.000	ICU:	0.571	
	TH	1.00	311	1,600	0.226			
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	LOS:	Α	

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.049
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	N-S(2):	0.069 *
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(1):	0.540 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.308
	TH	1.00	472	1,600	0.308		
	LT	0.00	21	1,600	0.013 *	V/C:	0.609
Northbound	RT	0.66	73	1,052	0.049	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000		
	LT	0.34	38	548	0.069 *		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	27	0	0.000	ICU:	0.709
	TH	1.00	816	1,600	0.527 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	LOS:	С

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Printed: 9/12/00

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

5. Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project with Mitigations

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

Double Lt Penalty:

%

ITS:

%

N-S Split Phase: Ν

E-W Split Phase:

N Lost Time (% of cycle): 10 V/C Round Off (decs.): 3.

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					MARKET 1400 CA	
Southbound	RT	0.59	98	939	0.045	N-S(1):	0.104 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.045
	LT	0.41	69	661	0.104 *	E-W(1):	0.111
Westbound	RT	0.00	86	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.244 *
	TH	2.00	582	3,200	0.209 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	V/C:	0.348
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *	·	
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU:	0.448
	TH	2.00	356	3,200	0.111		
	LT	1.00	56	1,600	0.035 *	LOS:	Α

Date/Time:

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.52	82	825	0.000	N-S(1):	0.099 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.000
	LT	0.48	77	775	0.099 *	E-W(1):	0.265
Westbound	RT	0.00	141	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.276 *
	TH	2.00	556	3,200	0.218 *		
	LT	0.00	• . 0	0	0.000	V/C:	0.375
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU:	0.475
	TH	2.00	848	3,200	0.265		
	LT	1.00	92	1,600	0.058 *	LOS:	Α

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

10. Collegian & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project with Mitigations

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

%

E-W Split Phase: Lost Time (% of cycle): Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

N-S Split Phase:

10

ITS:

% V/C Round Off (decs.): 3

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	2	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.129 *
Southboaria	TH	1.00	55	1,600	0.066	N-S(1).	0.129
	LT	0.00	48	1,600	0.030 *	E-W(1):	0.239
Westbound	RT	0.00	26	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.263 *
	TH	1.00	391	1,600	0.261 *		
	LT	1.00	136	1,600	0.085	V/C:	0.392
Northbound	RT	0.00	50	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	21	1,600	0.099 *		
	LT	0.00	87	1,600	0.054		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	102	0	0.000	ICU:	0.492
	TH	2.00	390	3,200	0.154		
	LT	1.00	3	1,600	0.002 *	LOS:	Α
····							

Date/Time: **PM PEAK HOUR**

APPROACH	MVMT	MVMT LANES RT 0.00	VOLUME 2	CAPACITY 0	V/C	ICU ANALYSIS	
Southbound	RT				0.000	N-S(1):	0.222 *
	TH	1.00	30	1,600	0.033	N-S(2):	0.112
	LT	0.00	21	1,600	0.013 *	E-W(1):	0.332 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	38	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.256
	TH	1.00	370	1,600	0.255		
	LT	1.00	85	1,600	0.053 *	V/C:	0.554
Northbound	RT	0.00	160	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	47	1,600	0.209 *		
	LT	0.00	127	1,600	0.079		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	132	0	0.000	ICU:	0.654
	TH	2.00	761	3,200	0.279 *		
	LT	1.00	1	1,600	0.001	LOS:	В

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

APPENDIX C

PARKING UTILIZATION SURVEY RESULTS

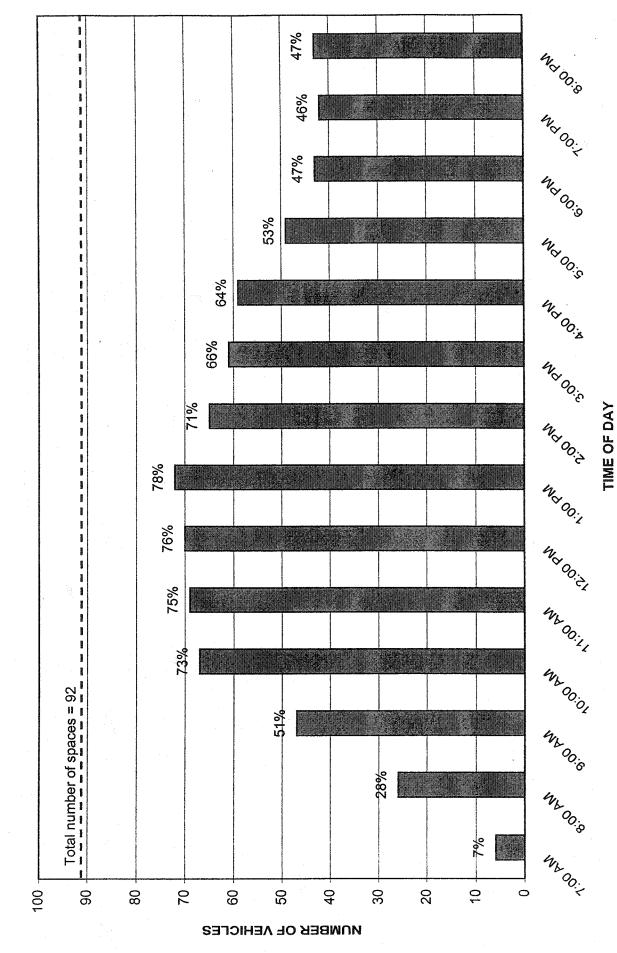
46% W 00:0 47% W. OO. 30% WY 00:0 27% 4 00:s 24% 4 OO. X PARKING UTILIZATION BY TIME OF DAY STADIUM LOT 16% 4 OO:5 TIME OF DAY 21% 4400:3 24% WY 00:1 29% Wy Oo. ch 49% W 00:11 47% W 00:01 Total number of spaces = 865 total edite gifts them owns total same from their state total state exce same 36% 4 00:0 11% 4 00:0 2% 800 200 900 400 300 200 100 0 900 700 *UNMBER OF VEHICLES*

FIGURE C-1

20% W 00:0 21% W. 00. 44% 4,00.0 45% W. 00.5 47% W 00.x 47% W 00:5 58% TIME OF DAY POOL LOT %02 W 00:1 %59 W. OO. 21 %6/ WN 00:11 %69 W 00:01 Total number of spaces = 104 64% W 00:6 32% 4 00:0 17% Mr 00. 100 20 0 80 9 40 NOMBER OF VEHICLES

FIGURE C-2 PARKING UTILIZATION BY TIME OF DAY

FIGURE C-3
PARKING UTILIZATION BY TIME OF DAY
TENNIS LOT



83% W 00:0 Ė 8 87% WY 00: • ì 84% W 00:0 J %9/ W 00:5 %01 W 00.x Total number of spaces = 398 62% W 00.5 72% WY 00:2 74% W 00:1 %49 W. OO. 21 91% W 00:11 %66 W 00:01 I 101% 4 00:8 ì ì 42% I 4 00:0 400 spa į %9 Mx 00. 200 100 20 450 400 300 250 150 0 350 *NOMBER OF VEHICLES*

PARKING UTILIZATION BY TIME OF DAY

FIGURE C-4

NORTHEAST LOT

TIME OF DAY

37% W 00:0 20% W. 00:-37% 4,0000 33% 4×00.5 early come total farms sayed come care 20% 4 00.x 48% W. OO.S. Spirit about Broad samply 51% TIME OF DAY SOUTHEAST LOT 4400:3 100 48% W 00:1 -52% W. OO. 21 55% WN 00:11 1950 THE THE STATE STATE STATE WHO WERE THE STATE THE STATE 54% W 00:01 Total number of spaces = 84 43% m 00:0 17% W 00:0 5% W 00: 20 40 30 9 0 20 9 20 8 8 NOMBER OF VEHICLES

FIGURE C-5 PARKING UTILIZATION BY TIME OF DAY

55% 4,00:0 58% W 00: Southeast Lot Northeast Lot Stadium Lot ☐ Tennis Lot LEGEND ■ Pool Lot 46% 1 00:0 EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE PARKING UTILIZATION SUMMARY CHICA COLOR COLOR COLOR COLOR 43% W 00.5 41% 4 00.x State rates weeks where table tables should began rates spirit tables same same tables cares cares **TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24,1998** W 00:50 41% WY 00:2 45% W 00:1 45% W. OO. 21 64% W 00:11 Total number of spaces = 1,543 64% W 00:01 8 26% 4 00:0 ŧ 22% W 00:0 4% Mr OO: 1600 1400 1200 1000 800 900 400 200 0 NUMBER OF VEHICLES

FIGURE C-6

TIME OF DAY

Appendix H

COMMENTS ON THE DRAFT EIR

	^			
				1
	,			
•				
		•		
				C.

P.Ol



COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY

1955 Workman Mill Road, Whittier, CA 90601-1400 Mailing Address: P.O. Box 4998, Whittier, CA 90607-4998 Telephone: [562] 699-7411, FAX: (562] 699-5422 www.lacsd.org

JAMES F. STAHL Chief Engineer and General Manager

December 26, 2000 File: 31R-100.20

Dr. Holiday Wagner, PhD Associate Dean of Research and Planning East Los Angeles College, Office of the President 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez Monterey Park, CA 91754

Dear Dr. Wagner;

East Los Angeles College Master Plan Environmental Impact Report

The Sanitation Districts have received your Notice of Availability, dated December, 2000, and offer the following correction and comment in regard to solid waste management for the above-mentioned project within the City of Montercy Park:

- The Puente Hills Landfill is a publicly owned and operated disposal facility open to the public. Currently, the Puente Hills Landfill closes early due to permit-imposed tonnage restrictions. The existing local land use permit authorizes the disposal of a maximum of 13,200 tons per day, not to exceed 72,000 tons per week. This permit is valid through November 1, 2003, at which time it will have to be renewed to continue operations. The proposed permit renewal would no increase the landfill's daily tomage rate.
- The document should address the California Integrated Waste Management Act, AB 339, requiring cities to meet ambitious waste diversion goals. The Act also requires each city and county to promote source reduction, recycling and safe disposal or transformation. In order to assist in meeting these goals, the Sanitation Districts recommend that the proposed development incorporate storage and collection of recyclables into each project design. It is recommended that refuse collection contracts include collection of recyclables. All occupants should be calcouraged to recycle, at a minimum, newspaper, glass bottles, aluminum and bimetal cans, and F.E.T. bottles. Recycling should be included in the design of the project by reserving space appropriate for the support of recycling, such as adequate storage areas and access for recycling vehicles. In addition, all contractors should be urged to recycle construction and demolition wastes to the extent feasible. It should be recognized that, even with recycling, adequate regional disposal capacity is needed to

P.OZ

Jan-03-01 01:42P EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE 323 265 8975

December 26, 2000

Dr. Holiday Wagner

-2-

accommodate new developments. If you have any further questions about recycling, please contact Bill George, who is the Recycling Coordinator for the Sanitation Districts, at extension 2427.

If you have any questions regarding these comments, please contact the undersigned at (562) 699-7411, extension 2456.

Very truly yours.

James F. Stabl

Colocio WWW.T.
Felicia Ursini
Project Engineer

Solid Waste Management Department

FAU:wpa

Jan-18-01 03:05P EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE 323 265 8975

P.01



COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY

1955 Workman Mill Road, Whittier, CA 90601-1400 Malling Address: P.O. Box 4998, Whittier, CA 90607-4998 Telephone: (562) 699-7411, FAX: (562) 699-5422

JAMES F. STAHL Chief Engineer and General Manager

www.lacsd.org

January 17, 2001

File No: 02-00,04-00

Holliday Wagner, Ph.D.
Associate Dean of Research and Planning
East Los Angeles College
Office of the President
1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez
Monterey Park, CA 91754

Dear Dr. Wagner:

East Los Angeles College Master Plan

The County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County (Districts) received a Notice of Availability of a Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR) for the subject project on December 18, 2000. The proposed development is located within the jurisdictional boundaries of District No. 2. After viewing the DEIR document online, we offer the following comments:

- All information concerning Districts' sewerage facilities contained in the documents currently complete and accurate.
- Comments regarding solid waste management for the subject project were forwarded under separate cover.

If you have any questions, please contact the undersigned at (562) 699-7411, extension 2717.

Very truly yours.

James F. Stahl

Ruth L. Frazen

Engineering Technician

Planning & Property Management Section

RIF:rf

Post-it Fux Note 767	1 Date 1/15/01 100 1 100
To Diran	From Holiday
Co./Dopt. TDM	CO ELAC
Phone /	Phone #
Fax # 323 254 75//	FEX \$ 323.265 8669

Post-it® Fax Note 7671	Date /22 61 # of pages
TO RANDI COOPER	From CIRAN
Co./Dept. THA	Co. TDM
Phone #	Phone #
Fax #	Fax #

323 265 8975

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA



ASSOCIATION of GOVERNMENTS

Main Office

818 West Seventh Street 12th Floor Los Angeles, California 90017-3435

> 1 (213) 236-1800 f (217) 236 1805

www.scag.ca.gov

Officers, * Proofers, 4 margingardes from faces Stage (*) Although "Society Vie Processor (*) Southernber Hab British Cras Coppeter — Internation Park Driving Supers Sec. Sev. Institute depter 1950 - Provints of Succeeding day, Succeeding committee

Impetiti Fennsye kan Ve*pe*r, i special chi es e Pipe e Obolico, ili i more

Important commercial consequence of the processing of the processing of the commercial commercial processing of the commercial processing of the commercial processing of the commercial processing of these commercial processing of the commercial pro

George County, Chains Contr. (1999). County -Rout Bars. Lea Manton & Bulgh Barne, Heartington Bards - Art Brown, Joens Date - Blander B. Crown, Cook Mor. Chilego Berling, Leginia Sugart -Religial Divino, Uska Pariest - Alto Dube La Falenza. Shall 5 Vet talker Analysis s fire Pray fire

Riveredit County, Bull Boser, Biserade (1) any s Ban Lucendge, Booksels - inag Bank, Takiadad Lucy - A pitter Phys. Rivered (1) Best Bulleda. Tiene (2) s Charles White, Marcan Valley

Sai Bernardini County, but Alexanan, Radoni Communication Bay By Dermymic Pales Stand Colombia, Evolume Stre Am. Gap C., Hand Respec-cioses. Soften Persy, Stany Culls a miled Colom-tics. In martine.

Ventura Limity, 1985 Mikels, Ventoese Santage + Changa Ge Paria, San Bhumasendina + Glori never (2) Sami Velley + Kan Yerang, 8 so Friend in

Assertable County Franchischalisch Cummisaiener geloge Links, themes

Vinues County Transportation Control where half Party, sing Yahr

January 10, 2001

Ms. Holiday Wagner, Ph.D. Associate Dean of Planning and Research East Los Angeles College Office of the President 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez Monterey Park, CA 91754

Comments on the Draft Environmental Impact Report for the East Los RE: Angeles College Master Plan Project - SCAG No. 1 20000602

Dear Ms. Holiday:

Thank you for submitting the Draft Environmental Impact Report for the East Los Angeles College Master Plan Project to SCAG for review and comment. As areawide clearinghouse for regionally significant projects, SCAG assists cities, counties and other agencies in reviewing projects and plans for consistency with regional plans.

It is recognized that the proposed Project considers the development of a Master Plan, which will be designed to address the physical improvements proposed for East Los Angeles College (ELAC). The proposed improvements include the divelopment of facilities that would permit a capacity of at least 25,000 students. improvements include renovation to three existing facilities, construction of up to nine new buildings, four new parking structures, improved and additional recruptional and outdoor facilities and the modernization of the Weingart Stadium. This proposed improvements will add 476,300 square feet along with approximately 3,512 additional parking spaces. The Project area encompasses 82 acres. The Project area is located in the City of Monterey Park in Los Angeles County.

SCAG staff has evaluated the Draft EIR for consistency with this Regional Comprehensive Plan and Guide. The Draft EIR in Section 4.6 (Land Use and Planning) includes discussions on the proposed Projects' consistency with SCAG policies and applicable regional plans, which were outlined in our July 10, 2000 letter on the Notice of Preparation (NOP) for this Draft EIR.

The Draft EIR cited SCAG policies and addressed the manner in which the proposed Project is consistent with applicable core policies and supportive of applicable ancillary policies. Table 4 6-1 (Comparison of the Proposed Project to SCAC Registral Policies) incorporated a side-by-side comparison of SCAG policies with a discussion of the consistency or support of the applicable policies with the proposed Project. This approach to discussing consistency or support of SCAG policies is commendable and we appreciate your efforts. Based on the information provided in the Draft EIR, we have no further comments. A description of the proposed Project will be / was published in the January 1, 2001 Intergovernmental Review Report for public review and comment.

if you have any questions, please contact me at (213) 236-1867. Thank you.

Sincerely

M. SMITH Senior Planner

Intergovernmental Review

Post-it® Fax Note 7671	Date 1/6/01 pages
To Disar	From Halliday
Co./Dept. 1DM	OI ELAC
Phone #	Phone *
FBX # 323 254-9511	FUX # 823 265-8669

CITY OF MONTEREY PARK

320 west newmark avenue • monterey park, ca 91754-2896

municipal services center

January 29, 2001

Holliday Wagner, PhD Associate Dean of Research and Planning East Los Angeles College, Office of the President 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez Monterey Park, CA 91754

RE: Comments on Draft Environmental Impact Report – East Los Angeles College (ELAC) Facilities Master Plan

Dear Dr. Wagner:

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR) and supplemental Appendices for the ELAC Facilities Master Plan. As provided by an extension of time granted by the Los Angeles Community College District and East Los Angeles College, this letter will provide requested comments and concerns on the documents. The City of Monterey Park serves as one of the most crucial responsible agencies in this mandated environmental review process, since the college is an active and highly visible entity within the community. Various City Departments have reviewed the DEIR to analyze potentially significant impacts to local and regional environments and provide the following comments and concerns:

Planning/Administration

Page 1-1, et al: Any reference to the 17,197 enrollment figure should be qualified to indicate if this number is actual students on the ELAC campus or does it also include students at any satellite facilities.

Page 2-1: The reference to adding approximately 457,161 does not appear to be consistent with the project description beginning on Page 3-16. Please confirm the square footage. A table would be helpful.

Pages 2-2, 2-3: Mitigation Measures AQ3 and AQ12 have potential conflict with implementation. For apparently the same issue, AQ3 provides two options, but AQ12 provides only one of the options. Additional appropriate mitigation measures should include identification of equipment maintenance to optimal operational specifications and control of airborne particulate matter during any demolitions of buildings.

Page 2-4: A mitigation measure which states that, "Design measures should be incorporated so as buildings and facilities should be located at a distance from residential uses to the maximum extent possible" should be considered for inclusion.



Page 2-5: Mitigation Measures N1 and N2 should include language to further qualify the types of activities. N1 should make reference to "general" construction activities and N2 should more definitively describe "noisy" construction activities.

Page 2-6, et al: All references to Lane Elementary School should be corrected to Robert Hill Lane Elementary School.

Page 2-6: Mitigation Measure N14 should include those days of the week that events are permitted.

Page 2-6: In Mitigation Measure N12, define the meaning of "sufficient." Under Public Services, due to the pending contract for services between the College District and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, the analysis is insufficient at this time. A compilation of mitigation measures for Police services due to the increased enrollment and potential servicing of the Stadium is anticipated. The document contains older data related to responses from City Public Safety personnel, and should be revised to include discussion relating to applicable updates. Another related mitigation measure should indicate the timing of use of on-site security personnel.

Reference to "Fire Access" should be restated as "Fire Services." There should be further discussion in the document to identify current service needs to the college and potential service needs of the Stadium.

- Page 2-7: All references to "Cesar Chavez Avenue" should be corrected to "Avenida Cesar Chavez." Mitigation Measure T2 is not applicable since it already exists. All references as a mitigation measure should be omitted and any related traffic data and analysis should be reevaluated for an updated presentation. In Mitigation Measure T3, indicate the extent of the proposed mitigation to "widen" Floral Drive and expand in the body of the document. For Mitigation Measure T4, other agencies such as Caltrans, MTA, Montebello Transit, and appropriate City and County Departments should be included in the list of entities to be notified. For Mitigation Measure T8, an implementation time, subject to City of Monterey Park review, should be indicated.
- Page 2-8: In Mitigation Measure U3, an implementation time should be indicated.
- Figure 3-3: Not all facilities listed in the legend are identified on the map.
- Page 3-12: The statement regarding the surrounding shopping centers needs to be corrected and expanded to indicate the following:
 - 1. The "Prado Center" is located on the north side of Avenida Cesar Chavez.
 - 2. The Monterey Park Village is located on the south side of Avenida Cesar Chavez

- 3. The Atlantic Square Shopping Center is located on the east side of Atlantic Boulevard.
- 4. The Monterey Galleria is located on the north side of Floral Drive.
- Figure 3-10: The figure should be corrected to include the R-3 designation for the area north of Floral Drive and the R-2 designation for the area south of Avenida Cesar Chavez. The shopping centers indicated for Page 3-12 should be appropriately identified and corrected.
- Page 3-23: Project Construction Phasing should be considered to indicate all parking lot/structure improvements at the same time or prior to the modernization of the Weingart Stadium.
- Page 4.1-2: In the second paragraph under to "Existing Lighting Conditions" section, the statement that the Stadium lights do not directly emit onto the surrounding neighborhoods should be confirmed through the production of a "line of projection" diagram that depicts the light standards and angles of direction. Figure 3-9 assists in understanding the potential issue, but the quality of the photo does not provide the clarity to ascertain that the lamps are not directly pointed across to which direct lighting could be received by the surrounding residential properties.
- Pages 4.1-5 and 4.1-6: Table 4.1-2 needs to be further clarified regarding pedestrian, security and other provisions of lighting for the planned improvements. For example, the P-2 Parking Structure may need to indicate lights with shields.
- Pages 4.2-3 to 4.2-8: The Carbon Monoxide analysis needs to be further qualified to discuss the extent of study locations. There appears to be a number of other potentially impacted intersections, such as further west to Mednik Avenue at Avenida Cesar Chavez and Floral Drive, and the E-bound off ramp at Atlantic Boulevard. The analysis should quantify the number of trucks and other equipment needed in which the emissions data is based upon. If changes, this needs to be coordinated with the traffic analysis. The analysis for the parking structures should be expanded, in particular to include the 1,000-car structure.
- Page 4.5-2: Under Operation Impacts, in regards to the use and storage of hazardous materials, the discussion should indicate any review and comments from the City of Monterey Park Fire Department.
- Page 4.6-1: In the second paragraph under "Existing Environmental Settings," there are also multiple-family residential units to the south.

- Pages 4.6-4 and 4.6-5: Policies 3.12 and 3.27 would seem to be applicable to the activities and welfare of the college. The discussion should be expanded.
- Page 4.6-6: Policy 11.07 makes reference to "City mandated water conservation policies," but the College is served by the California Water Service Company, a private entity.
- Page 4.7-10: The document does not adequately address operational noise impacts as a result of vehicle and pedestrian use of the proposed parking structures. Appropriate mitigation measures must be incorporated.
- Pages 4.7-11 and 4.7-15: The statement in the second paragraph related to exemption from the Monterey Park Noise Ordinance should clarify that it refers to "school events." The statement indicated that was paraphrased from conversation with Ray Hamada should be corrected to state, "In addition, there is not an awareness of any incidences that would require the City to enforce the Noise Ordinance on events at the Weingart Stadium."
- Pages 4.8-1 and 4.8-3: According to Fire Marshal Jerry Wombacher, the analysis does not adequately address any discussion response call history to the college. It is anticipated that the expanded construction and growth of enrollment could proportionately increase the call volume, and increase service level requirements for fire fighting, building plan checks and inspections. City staff conclusions would indicate that additional personnel would be required. Due to the pending contract arrangements with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for campus law enforcement and security, the discussion would likely require revisions for staffing, operations and implementation of mitigation measures. The statement regarding no traffic impacts must be reconsidered.
- Page 4.8-4: The discussion should include information on crime data related to response calls to specifically the college. The number of Monterey Park sworn officers should be corrected to reflect 82. Mitigation Measure PS1 needs reconfirmation. PS2 needs to be expanded to include "in-house phones" connected to the Campus Security Office on parking structure levels and other strategic locations on the campus, and maintenance of landscaping to minimize concealment. An additional mitigation measure should be included to make reference to inter-jurisdictional cooperation on managing parking and access for special events at the stadium. General comments from Daniel Cross, Chief of Police are provided as follows:
- Page 2.0: A need to discuss plans to address traffic flow in and around the college during construction.

- Page 2-1: There is a need to address traffic flow into parking areas during special events.
- Page 2-10: The plans, under the less than significant or no impact heading, does not base the public safety issues based on the present policing with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's.
- Page 3.5: Security measures, with anticipated increase of 45% in student population, what are the policing plans through the provision of service from the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department.
- Page 3-16: Will there be, or are there plans to have "in-house" phones inside each building so that incidents of trouble or calls for police service to the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Campus Police can be done so in the most expeditious way? Also with anticipated expansion in use and contracts with special and sporting events, what are the security measures for money handling, traffic flow and lighting.
- Page 3-19: Where will the security camera be installed and who will make the recommendations as to the location, and distance between cameras and lighting proposed to be installed? The cameras need to be taped and kept on file for a period of time review. Also where will public address system, for evacuation purposes, be installed?
- Page 3-23: During construction, where there will be loss of parking spaces, how will parking issues be mitigated where the surrounding neighborhood will not suffer any impact?
- Page 4.1-7: Lighting and phones, location of both items needs discussion and the lighting brightness needs to be addressed.
- Page 4.8-3: Information is based on now defunct L.A. Community College District Police provision of service and not on service provided by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. The level and type of service should remain the same, however this is not discussed and can have a negative effect on the public safety of surrounding community. With an anticipated increase of 45% in college enrollment, there was a call in the Environmental Impact Report for an additional 17 police officers as well as increase in other related personnel, is this number of personnel going to be provided by the Sheriff Department since this study calls for it? Public safety plans for special events were not discussed as these events, with the proposed expansion of stadium capacity can impact the surrounding neighborhood. There needs to be coordination with the City of Monterey Park Departments.

mitigated by installation of a recently installed traffic signal. Collegian Avenue and Avenida Cesar Chavez doesn't require mitigation since it is forecast to operate at LOS 'B" even after addition of project related traffic. The intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive however, requires additional analysis. At the intersection of I-710 NB on-Ramps at Ford and Floral Drive is forecasted to operate at LOS 'F' after the project. Project related traffic does not worsen conditions at I-710 NB on-Ramps at Ford and Floral Drive by a significant level.

Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive calculates to LOS 'E' during the PM peak hour but in actuality operates significantly worse than that. For example, at noon this intersection experiences massive backups that frequently queue back to the west 400 feet or more.

What this means is traffic counts taken there only show the number of vehicles that get through the intersection during that period and doesn't account for the large number of vehicles that were blocked from entering the intersection. A delay analysis should be performed for this intersection, which will present a more accurate representation of the actual operating conditions.

The EIR indicates that traffic impacts at Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive can be mitigated by widening Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane, and a shared through/right-turn lane on eastbound approach and restripe Floral Drive to provide two eastbound departure lanes. There doesn't appear to be room to add the two eastbound departure lanes suggested at this location. Insufficient information was provided as part of the EIR to determine if this recommended mitigation can be implemented. Preliminary engineering drawings presenting the proposed mitigation will need to be provided and approved by the City prior to our acceptance of this proposed mitigation measure.

On-street student parking, which impacts adjacent residential areas, is a major concern to both residents and the City. However, this problem is not anticipated to get much worse than it currently is. As more students park off-site the distance they have to walk increases proportionately making it less desirable than parking on the campus. Therefore, we expect student-parking intrusion into residential areas to remain relatively the same as it currently is. Should residents find it increasingly difficult to find parking near their homes, the City can expand the permit parking areas as needed.

Forecasts of future student parking demand, was based solely on parking counts of onsite parking facilities. Expansion of enrollment will have a greater impact to on-site parking facilities than was forecast since off-site parking is nearly exhausted. As the distance of available parking increases and should the residential permit parking area be

Page 4.8-4: The number of police and security personnel in relationship to population of campus was discussed to ensure adequate campus public safety, however how was this ratio derived?

Pages 4.9-1 to 4.9-13: Comments from Steve Hilton, City Traffic Consultant is provided as follows: The master plan analyzed traffic impacts associated with the increased student load at the college. The following table presents those intersections that are forecasted to operate at LOS 'D' or worse and/or have significant impacts upon implementation of the ELAC master plan.

Table 1 INTERSECTIONS WITH LOS 'D' OR WORSE AND/OR SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS

(Year 2015 Cumulative Plus Project ELAC Master Plan – EIR)

		WITHOUT MITIGATION		SIGNIF-	WITH MITIGATION	
INTERSECTION	PEAK HOUR	V/C OR DELAY	LOS	ICANT IMPACT	V/C OR DELAY	LOS
	AM	0.823	D	NO	n/a	n/a
Atlantic Blvd. & Avd. Cesar Chavez	PM	0.957	Ε	NO	n/a	n/a
	AM	0.718	С	NO	n/a	n/a
Atlantic Blvd. & Floral Dr.	PM	0.897	D	NO	n/a	n/a
	AM	20	С	NO	0.448	Α
Bleakwood Av & Avd. Cesar Chavez	PM	39	E	YES	0.475	Α
	AM	18	C ·	NO	0.571	Α
Bleakwood Av & Floral Dr.	PM	29	D	YES	0.709	С
	AM	0.565	Α	NO	n/a	n/a
Collegian Ave. & Cesar Chavez	PM	0.654	В	YES	n/a	n/a
	AM	0.622	В	YES	0.492	Α
Collegian Ave. & Floral Dr.	PM	0.922	E	YES	0.654	В
	AM	1.082	F	NO	n/a	n/a
I-710 NB On-Ramp/Ford Bl & Floral	PM	1.040	F	NO	n/a	n/a

Table 1, presents intersections that are expected to operate at LOS 'D' or worse and/or whose impact is considered significant. Significant impact is when the addition of project-related traffic causes an intersection to operate at a half level of service worse than the pre-project conditions (V/C increase of 0.05) or an intersection is caused to operate at worse than LOS C conditions by the addition of project-related traffic.

Intersections where the project traffic has a significant impact are presented in "Bold" typeface for easy recognition. According to the DEIR, the traffic added to these intersections can be mitigated. Bleakwood Avenue at Avenida Cesar Chavez was

expanded more students will be parking on campus. Therefore, the forecast on-site student parking demand is too low.

Although the forecast on-site parking demand is too low, the proposed project indicates, upon completion, it will provide a total of 5,336 on-site surface and structural spaces, which should meet the anticipated student, faculty and visitor parking demands.

Nearby commercial uses have complained about students utilizing their parking lots and making it difficult for customers to find parking. Some of them have hired additional security personnel to try to keep college students from taking valuable customer parking. These developments have complained to the City that they are losing revenue because their customers can't find parking. Student parking intrusion into commercial areas needs to be stopped. It is suggested that the college adopt a program to educate students on where they can and cannot park and that campus security assist the local businesses in preventing their parking from being used by students.

The plan doesn't provide a phasing plan stating when these parking spaces will be added or how parking will be provided during construction. A phasing program should be developed and integrated into the master plan document.

In regards to the Weingart Stadium improvements:

From the information presented in the DEIR it appears that their analysis was based on the weekday peak hour traffic information utilized in the main body of the traffic section. It should be noted that Monterey Park frequently experiences heavier traffic volumes on weekends than on weekdays. This is due, in large part, to the ethnic shopping opportunities throughout town. If peak stadium activities are expected to occur on weekends then weekend traffic counts should be collected and used for the analysis. If not, weekday peak hour impacts must be recalculated to account for stadium activities.

Other issues that need to be addressed include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Numerous police officers are needed to direct traffic when events are held at the stadium since traffic capacity of surrounding intersections is pushed to the point of "grid lock". We realize that streets can't be designed to accommodate the demand from a major event at the stadium however; traffic control measures must be incorporated in the plan to handle this demand.
- 2. During stadium events the City receives a multitude of complaints from area residents, which include;
 - a. Traffic is so heavy they can't get to or from their homes.
 - b. I came home and have no place to park.
 - c. Their driveways are blocked and they can't get in or out.
 - d. Strangers are parked in their driveway.

e. Trash is littering their street and yard.

f. People are drunk and yelling in front of their home.

g. Fights are breaking out in front of their homes.

The DEIR made reference to a Special Event Parking and Access Management Program, which could reduce potential impacts to a less-than-significant level. That program should be included in the EIR and available for review.

Review of the Facilities Master Plan and Draft EIR has raised numerous issues, which need to be addressed. These issues are summarized as follows:

1. Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive calculates to LOS 'E' during the PM peak hour but in actuality operates significantly worse than that. A delay analysis should be performed for this intersection, which will present a more accurate representation of the actual operating conditions.

2. There doesn't appear to be room to add the two eastbound departure lanes suggested at the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive. Insufficient information was provided as part of the EIR to determine if this recommended mitigation can be implemented. Preliminary engineering drawings presenting the proposed mitigation will need to be provided and approved by the City prior to our acceptance of this proposed mitigation measure.

3. Nearby commercial uses have complained about students utilizing their parking lots and making it difficult for customers to find parking. It is suggested that the college adopt a program to educate students on where they can and cannot park and that campus security assist the local businesses in preventing their parking from being used by students.

4. The plan doesn't provide a phasing plan stating when the additional surface and structured parking spaces will be added or how parking will be provided during construction. A phasing program should be developed and integrated into the master plan document.

5. If peak stadium activities are expected to occur on weekends then weekend traffic counts should be collected and used for the analysis. If not, weekday peak hour impacts must be recalculated to account for stadium activities.

6. The EIR made reference to a Special Event Parking and Access Management Program, which could reduce potential impacts to a less-than-significant level. That program should be included in the EIR and available for review.

7. On page 13, "Avenida Cesar Chavez, east of Bleakwood Avenue" is listed twice, shouldn't the second one be Avenida Cesar Chavez, west of Bleakwood Avenue? On page 13, first paragraph following the bulleted intersections (last sentence) should be corrected to state the following; "These intersections would continue to operate at their current level of service of LOS A for Avenida Cesar Chavez/Bleakwood Avenue and LOS C for Floral Drive/Bleakwood Avenue."

Other traffic related comments include the following:

Pages 4.9-1 and 4.9-6: The document needs to be more descriptive and explain the base parameters from which anticipated traffic is increased upon.

Page 4.9-5: The 1998 parking utilization study is outdated and needs to be replaced with more current data. The parking use analysis should also address on-street use.

Page 4.9-9: The intersection of Atlantic Boulevard and Pomona Boulevard should be evaluated as a potentially impacted intersection. There continues to be recognized congestion level at the proximity of this intersection.

Page 4.9-11: The fourth paragraph acknowledges the potential impact on public streets because on-site parking is not completely used. This has raised local problems in the past and will likely expand with the growth of enrollment. This aspect needs to be thoroughly analyzed with a parking study.

Pages 4.9-12 and 4.9-13: The analysis projects net new trips as a result of the stadium expansion, however, does not identify how the figures are generated according to the type of activity that would occur at the stadium. Mitigation Measure T2 identifies an improvement that exists, therefore lending to reiterate that the analysis needs updates. Mitigation Measure T5 needs correction for consistency with summary on Page 2-7.

The following are comments and/or concerns relative to the supplemental traffic study.

There are basic flaws in the methodology used in calculating demand for the stadium.

- 1. The study counted the traffic on non-event days and event days and estimated stadium traffic based on the difference between the counts. Then they increased that by a factor of 50 percent to account for the same percentage increase in stadium seating.
- 2. The study didn't indicate how many of the 20,000 seats were occupied for each event surveyed.
- 3. The forecast of additional trips generated by the 10,000-seat expansion is way too low based on past experiences when stadium occupancy was very high. Capacity crowds should be used in all calculations.
- 4. Intersection Capacity Utilization was based on the traffic extrapolated from item #1 above and indicates that Level of Service will be very high. With a capacity crowd this couldn't happen.

An acceptable methodology would include the following.

- 1. The traffic counts taken on event and non-event days are acceptable.
- 2. A survey of vehicles parked prior to, during and after the event should be made.
- 3. Observations of vehicle occupancy for patrons destined for the stadium should be recorded.
- 4. Calculate traffic generation rates based on trips per occupied seat.
- 5. Calculate parking demand rates per occupied seat.
- 6. Determine traffic impacts to surrounding streets by adding traffic generation for a full stadium to the future traffic volumes presented in the Master Plan EIR.

Determine parking demand based on the above mentioned calculated parking demand rates and apply them to a capacity crowd.

Other Public safety comments related to the supplemental traffic study are as follows:

- 1. The Police Department also reiterates the anticipated lack of parking to accommodate the Stadium use. Based upon a maximum attendance of 30,000 and plans for approximately 4,700 parking spaces available, the occupants per vehicle ratio would equate to 6.38, which seems high.
- 2. With the Sheriff's Department providing campus police services/security, the service levels are unknown to determine adequacy for providing traffic control and campus security for the increased numbers of people and vehicles to the college.
- 3. Any future mitigation that may be resolved with use of the Monterey Park Police Department is subject to negotiation on levels of service and compensation.
- Page 5-2: Under Alternative 2, there should be expanded discussion to analyze the possible increased use of satellite facilities as a viable alternative.
- Page 6-3: Some of the contents of the table is outdated and should be considered for updates. The college exhibits a regional draw; therefore, the analysis should have likely included more projects in East Los Angeles and Montebello.

These comments have been provided in response to the mandated DEIR review and comment process. This letter attempts to provide a single coordinated response, however, there is the possibility that other City Departments transmitted separate letters of response. If you have any questions regarding the responses, please contact me at (626) 307-1463.

Sincerely,

Ray Hamada Planning Manager

C: Chris Jeffers, City Manager
Adolfo Reta, Director of Community Development
Ron Merry, Director of Public Works
Kelvin Tainatongo, Director of Economic Development
Daniel Cross, Police Chief
Marc Revere, Fire Chief
Elias Saykali, Assistant City Engineer
Steve Hilton, City Traffic Consultant
Jones Moy, Police Lieutenant
Jerry Wombacher, Fire Marshal
Randi Cooper, Terry Hayes Associates

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

FINDINGS OF FACT,
STATEMENT OF OVERRIDING CONSIDERATIONS
AND
MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM

Prepared for

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

Prepared by

TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES

FEBRUARY 2002



FINDINGS OF FACT AND STATEMENT OF OVERRIDING CONSIDERATIONS

FOR THE

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

Pursuant to Sections 15091 and 15093 of the State CEQA Guidelines and Section 21081 of the Public Resources Code:

The Final Environmental Impact Report ("FEIR") for the East Los Angeles Community College, Facilities Master Plan Project ("the Proposed Project") identified significant environmental impacts which will result from the implementation of the Proposed Project. However, the Los Angeles Community College District finds that the inclusion of certain mitigation measures as part of project approval will reduce most, but not all, of those potential significant effects to a less-than-significant level. Those impacts which are not reduced to a less-than-significant level are identified and overridden due to specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other feasibility considerations. As required by CEQA, the Los Angeles Community College District (the District), in adopting these Findings of Fact and Statement of Overriding Considerations ("findings"), also adopts a Mitigation Monitoring Plan for the Proposed Project. The District finds that the Mitigation Monitoring Plan, which is incorporated by reference and made a part of these findings as Attachment C, meets the requirements of Public Resources Code Section 21081.6 by providing for the implementation and monitoring of measures intended to mitigate potentially significant effects of the Proposed Project. In accordance with CEQA and the CEQA Guidelines, the District adopts these findings as part of the certification of the FEIR for the Proposed Project. Pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21082.1(c)(3), the District also finds that the FEIR reflects the District's independent judgment as the lead agency for the Proposed Project.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Page
Section 1: Introduction	3
Section 2: East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan Project	4
Section 3: Unavoidable Significant Adverse Impacts	6
Section 4: Effects Determined to be Mitigated to a Less-Than-Significant Level	8
Section 5: Effects Determined Not to be Significant or Less-Than Significant	14
Section 6: Cumulative Effects	14
Section 7: Feasibility of Project Alternatives	16
ection 8: Statement of Overriding Considerations	18
TTACHMENT A – MITIGATION MONITORING PLAN	

SECTION 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 Statutory Requirements for Findings

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Public Resources Code Section 21081), and particularly the CEQA Guidelines (the Guidelines) (14 Cal. Code Regulations, Section 15091) require that:

"No public agency shall approve or carry out a project for which an EIR has been certified which identifies one or more significant environmental effects of the project unless the public agency makes one or more written findings for each of those significant effects, accompanied by a brief explanation of the rationale for each finding. The possible findings are:

- a. Changes or alterations have been required in, or incorporated into, the project which avoid or substantially lessen the significant environmental effect as identified in the final EIR.
- b. Such changes or alterations are within the responsibility and jurisdiction of another public agency and not the agency making the finding. Such changes have been adopted by such other agency or can and should be adopted by such other agency.
- c. Specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other considerations, including provision of employment opportunities for highly trained workers, make infeasible the mitigation measures or project alternatives identified in the final EIR."

In short, CEQA requires that the lead agency adopt mitigation measures or alternatives, where feasible, to avoid or mitigate significant environmental impacts that would otherwise occur with implementation of the Project. Project mitigation or alternatives are not required, however, where they are infeasible or where the responsibility for modifying the project lies with another agency. (CEQA Guidelines, Section 15091 (a), (b).)

For those significant effects that cannot be mitigated to a less-than-significant level, the public agency is required to find that specific overriding economic, legal, social, technological, or other benefits of the project outweigh the significant effects on the environment (see, Pub. Res. Code Section 21081(b)). The Guidelines state in section 15093 that:

"If the specific economic, legal, social, technological, or other benefits of a propos[ed] project outweigh the unavoidable adverse environmental effects, the adverse environmental effects may be considered 'acceptable."

1.2 Record of Proceedings

For purposes of CEQA and the findings set forth herein, the record of proceedings for the District decision on the Proposed Project consists of: (a) matters of common knowledge to the District, including, but not limited to, federal, state and local laws and regulations and (b) the following documents which are in the custody of the Office of the Associate Dean of Planning of East Los Angeles College (ELAC):

 Notice of Preparation and other public notices issued by ELAC in conjunction with the Proposed Project;

- The Draft Environmental Impact Report dated December, 2000;
- All written comments submitted by agencies or members of the public during the public comment period on the Draft EIR and responses to those comments;
- The Final Environmental Impact Report dated November, 2001;
- The Mitigation Monitoring Program (attached);
- All findings, statements of overriding consideration, and resolutions adopted by the District in connection with the Proposed Project, and all documents cited or referred to therein;
- All final reports, studies, memoranda, maps, correspondence, and all planning documents
 prepared by the Office of the Vice President of East Los Angeles College, the District, or the
 consultants with respect to: (a) ELAC's compliance with CEQA; (b) development of the
 Proposed Project Site; or (c) the District's action on the Proposed Project; and
- All documents submitted to the District or ELAC by agencies or members of the public in connection with development of the Proposed Project Site or the Proposed Project.

1.3 Organization/Format of Findings

Section 2 of these findings contains a summary description of the Proposed Project, sets forth the project objectives and provides related background facts. Section 3 identifies the significant impacts that cannot be mitigated to a less-than-significant level even though all feasible mitigation measures have been identified and incorporated into the Proposed Project. Section 4 identifies the potentially significant effects of the Proposed Project which were determined to be mitigated to a less-than-significant level. All numbered references identifying specific mitigation measures refer to numbered mitigation measures found in the FEIR. Section 5 identifies the Proposed Project's potential environmental effects that were determined not to be significant, and, therefore, no mitigation is required. Cumulative effects are discussed in Section 6. Section 7 discusses the feasibility of Proposed Project alternatives, and Section 8 includes the District' Statement of Overriding Considerations.

SECTION 2: THE EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN PROJECT

2.1 Project Objectives

The Master Plan is proposed to be undertaken in order to facilitate superior instructional delivery for ELAC students and the community. The following facility goals were developed from these campus-wide meetings and reflect the participants' primary concerns:

- To have an inviting and enjoyable college campus;
- To have a safe and friendly college campus; and
- To be a community landmark.

It is also the concern of the administration that ELAC is unable to fully meet the educational needs of current students due to overcrowding and inadequate facilities. Expansion would enable the college to accommodate the expected increase in enrollment as it is ELAC's goal to provide an improved learning environment. Expansion would also result in technological improvements,

aesthetic improvements, improved safety through building improvements, lighting and adequate and convenient parking, and the ability to maintain and/or increase course offerings and programs.

The Master Plan includes the expansion and improvement of the Weingart Stadium. This proposed project is intended to encourage non-school related athletic events (i.e., professional soccer games). This increased use in the stadium facilities would provide the college with the financial means to undertake continued improvement to the college facilities.

2.2 Project Description

ELAC is overcrowded and unable to adequately meet current educational requirements of the students. Further, anticipated growth is expected to aggravate the problems that ELAC is currently experiencing. In order to meet the increasing demand for classroom space and facilities, to improve the aesthetic character of ELAC, and to handle safety issues, ELAC is undertaking the preparation of a Facilities Master Plan. This plan is designed to address the physical improvements to the campus. The Facilities Master Plan will be designed to allow for development of the facilities which would permit a capacity of 25,000 students. Buildout would permit an increase from the current enrollment of 17,197 students. This will allow for an approximately 45 percent increase in enrollment.

The Facilities Master Plan is intended to act as a guide for future development within the campus. In order to meet the goals of the Facilities Master Plan, several projects have been proposed:

- Technology Center The purpose of this building is to consolidate and expand the operations of the Architecture, Art, Broadcasting, Computer Science and Information Technology, Engineering, Electronics, Journalism, Office Administration and Photography departments. These new facilities will enable these departments to take advantage of modern technology. Further, the additional space would address capacity for increased student population.
- Comprehensive Fitness Center and Modernization of the Swim Stadium The Comprehensive Fitness Center will provide the campus with improved total fitness facilities which will be shared by Men's and Women's Athletics and the community at large.
- Performing and Fine Arts Center The objective of this new facility is to consolidate and modernize existing art-related facilities. The building will house the Art, Dance, Theater Arts and Music Departments.
- Volleyball Courts, Practice Football and Soccer Fields Volleyball courts will be located
 on the west side of the campus west of the proposed elevated tennis courts and parking
 structure. This proposed project will add one full-sized field to the east of the existing field
 for football and soccer practice.
- Student Services and Administration Building Additions The proposed project will connect the northeast and southeast wings of the Administration Buildings at the formal front entry of the campus. Addition to the Library Annex are also proposed.
- Modernization of Women's Gymnasium Rehabilitation of this 1961 concrete structure
 will facilitate improved instructional delivery and provide up-to-date amenities for women
 currently not available.

- Humanities Center The proposed humanities center would be located to the north of the proposed Performing and Fine Arts Center.
- **New Women's Athletic Field** This new field will be located on the north side of the campus immediately east of the women's gymnasium.
- New Plant Facilities/Storage
- Modernization of Weingart Stadium The proposed project includes new seating at the
 east and west ends of the playing fields, as well as new shower and locker facilities and
 other stadium appurtenances below the new seating. With implementation of the Master
 Plan the stadium would seat 30,000 persons.
- Language Arts and Health Care Two buildings are included in this project: a new Language Arts building and an expansion of the existing nursing building.
- Re-orientation of Baseball Field Undertaken to restore the full outfield to the existing baseball field.
- Remodel Student Center The existing Student Center, situated to the east of the formal entry to the campus, would be remodeled.
- Air Conditioning, Infrastructure Upgrade, Landscaping, and Security Upgrades
- Math and Science Complex This proposed facility will serve to consolidate the math and science facilities and will replace many existing classroom buildings north of the Auditorium Building.
- Parking Approximately 3,512 net new parking spaces will be provided with the addition
 of four parking structures. One of the parking structures will house the campus police
 facilities and tennis courts on the top level.
- Removal of Bungalows

SECTION 3: UNAVOIDABLE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS

Based on the analysis contained in the Draft EIR, the proposed project would create the following unavoidable significant impact after the application of mitigation measures:

- Air Quality Impacts Related to PM₁₀ from Construction. PM₁₀ emissions are anticipated to exceed SCAQMD thresholds during the grading/excavation phase of the construction period. Overlapping construction could result in an exceedance of the SCAQMD threshold for PM₁₀.
- Noise Related Impacts from Intermittent Disruptions during Construction.

3.1 Air Quality

Impact 3.1.1 Air Quality Impacts Related to PM₁₀ from Construction. Under worst case scenario conditions PM₁₀ emissions are anticipated to exceed South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) thresholds during the grading/excavation phase of construction period. In addition, construction phases for some of the developments proposed in the Facilities Master Plan could potentially overlap, and increase emissions during certain days. Under these circumstances PM₁₀ emissions are anticipated to exceed SCAQMD thresholds.

Mitigation Measure for Impact 3.1.1

AQ1 PM₁₀ Abatement. Through construction contracts, the District shall ensure that best practices are employed to reduce the creation of inhaleable dust particles during the construction process. Abatement shall use measures consistent with SCAQMD Rule 403, including site wetting, covering of haul trucks and storage piles, and periodic street sweeping.

Findings for Impact 3.1.1. Best available dust control measures will be employees and compliance with this measure shall be monitored by ELAC. Beyond the measures described above, the District finds that there are no additional feasible measures to reduce short-term construction related PM_{10} levels below the daily emissions thresholds established by the SCAQMD, and the emissions of PM_{10} while reduced, would remain significant and unavoidable. However, pursuant to Section 21081(a)(3) of the Public resources Code, as described in the Statement of Overriding Considerations, the District has determined that this impact is acceptable based on specific overriding considerations found herein in Section 8 below.

3.2 Noise

Impact 3.2.1 Noise Related Impacts from Intermittent Disruptions during Construction. Construction activity during the hours of 7:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. on weekdays, or 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays or Holidays would result in a significant noise impact. The construction noise mitigation measures represent the best available techniques and practices to reduce noise from heavy equipment. Overall, construction-related impacts would generally be reduced to a less than significant level. However, it is expected that during certain phases of construction when equipment may be in operation in proximity to residences or educational facilities, there would be intermittent disruptions (noise peaks at levels greater than 5 dB above ambient) event with the implementation of mitigation measures.

Mitigation Measures for Impact 3.2.1

- N1 Construction activities (i.e., demolition, ground clearing, excavation, grading, laying of foundations, structural and finishing activities) shall be conducted between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.
- N2 For schools within 500 feet of a major construction site on the ELAC campus, coordination must be undertaken with the appropriate school district to define mitigation measures to substantially reduce construction noise impacts. Such measures may include limiting hours of construction for noisy construction activities (i.e., excavation and finishing phases), limiting construction in certain site areas to hours when the school would not be affected,

providing prior notification to the school of particularly noisy activities, substitution of electric powered versus combustion engine powered equipment, and the use of temporary shrouds or barriers may be considered.

- N3 Change the timing and/or sequence of the noisiest construction operations (i.e., excavation and finishing phases) to avoid sensitive times of the day.
- N4 Use noise control devices, such as equipment mufflers, enclosures, and barriers.
- Adjacent residents shall be given notification of major construction activities and their duration. A sign, legible at a distance of 50 feet, shall be posted on the construction site identifying a telephone number where residents can inquire about the construction process and register complaints.
- N6 Construction occurring within 1,000 feet of the Child Development Center shall be limited to hours when the Child Development Center would not be affected. The Child Development Center shall be notified of particularly noisy activities.

Findings for Impact 3.2.1

The mitigation measures listed above would significantly reduce the frequency and level of construction noise disruptions to adjacent sensitive uses. However, mitigation would not completely eliminate the possibility of occasional noise levels that would exceed the 5 dB significance thresholds. During these occurrences the District finds that there are no additional practical and feasible mitigation measures that would substantially improve the noise abatement achieved from measures N1-N6. Therefore, the impact would be reduced to a less than significant level.

SECTION 4: SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS THAT CAN BE MITIGATED TO LESS-THAN-SIGNIFICANT LEVEL

4.1 Aesthetics and Lighting

4.1.1 Visual Impacts onto Adjacent Residences due to Glare and Glow Impacts. There is the potential for glare and glow impacts to residences near athletic fields and parking structures due to lighting upgrades and vehicles accessing the parking structures on campus.

Mitigation Measures for Impact 4.1.1.

- All high-intensity light standards associated with the tennis courts, athletic fields and/or stadium expansion shall be fitted with visors and glare control devices such that all light is focused on the fields, and glare and spillover light onto adjacent properties is minimized. Spillover and glare shall be routinely monitored and lights adjusted and/or repaired by ELAC to ensure that ELAC's contribution to ambient light levels at residential property lines shall not exceed 1 foot candle.
- L2 Screening (i.e., trees, fencing, etc...) along the boundaries of the athletic fields, tennis courts (on parking structure), and parking structures (where appropriate) shall be used to diffuse glare and spillover light. Screening shall be of such height and density to intercept the line of sight between the light fixtures and adjacent residential properties.

Parking Structures will be fitted with screens where appropriate to prevent vehicle headlight glare onto adjacent residential properties.

Findings for Impact 4.1.1. The District finds that routine maintenance and repair of lighting such that lighting levels don't exceed 1 foot candle and the implementation of specific design elements to lighting and parking structures will serve to reduce any potential impacts as to glare or glow to a less then significant impact.

4.2 Geology

Impact 4.2.1 Seismic Hazards. The project may be subject to seismic hazards such as groundshaking and the project area is located within a designated landslide zone.

Mitigation Measures for Impact 4.2.1

GS1 A California Certified Engineer and Geologist shall conduct a detailed subsurface engineering geologic/geotechnical investigation prior to completing final design plans for each proposed project. The site-specific geotechnical investigation should comply with the Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117 Guidelines to avoid seismic hazard impacts. The investigation should recommend mitigation measures and provide for an agency review of the investigation procedures. The investigation should include soil borehole logs to evaluated surface rupture, landsliding and settlement potential. The investigation report should include recommendations for ensuring seismic safety on the site including ground improvements and shall be considered by the State Architect in the approval of all plans.

Findings for Impact 4.2.1 . The District finds that upon a geological evaluation, prior to the final design of any proposed project, the implementation of recommendations based on an investigation would result in any impacts related to seismic hazards being reduced to a less than significant level.

4.3 Hazards & Hazardous Materials

Impact 4.3.1 Potential for Release of Hazardous Materials Upon Removal of Buildings. Due to the age of the buildings targeted for removal there is the potential for the existence of asbestoscontaining building materials, lead based paint and PCB containing units. Improper disposal of these materials pose a risk to workers at construction sites, residents and employees within the vicinity. It is noted that hazardous materials generated as a result of maintenance operations are stored on campus for subsequent removal. The storage and removal of hazardous materials were found in the EIR and supporting documentation to be conducted appropriately.

Mitigation Measures for Impact 4.3.1

- **HW1** Secondary containment is recommended beneath metal drums used for waste liquids in the maintenance operations area.
- HW2 For those campus facilities effected by the Master Plan, lead-based paint testing should be conducted due to the deteriorating condition of many painted surfaces. All materials identified as containing lead shall be removed by a licensed lead-based paint/materials abatement contractor.

- HW3 For those campus facilities affected by the Master Plan, asbestos sampling should be conducted to determine if building materials used in the construction of the structures in question have an asbestos fiber content. All material identified as containing asbestos shall be removed and/or encapsulated by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor as provided by the provisions of Rule 1403 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rules and Regulations.
- **HW4** PCB containing units removed from buildings affected by the Master Plan should be properly disposed of as required by law.

Findings for Impact 4.3.1 The District finds that the requirement that lead-based testing and asbestos sampling be done prior to demolition of targeted structures would ensure that the existence of hazardous materials are identified and that the appropriate remediation is recommended. Further, it is noted that units identified as containing PCB's will be properly disposed of in accordance with the law. Thus, implementation of mitigation measures H1 through H4 would reduce the potential for release of hazardous materials to less-than-significant levels. As to the storage and removal of hazardous materials, although no impact was found as to this practice, the District finds that the recommendation of secondary containment would ensure that the storage of waste materials is continued in a safe manner.

4.4 Noise

Impact 4.4.1 Stadium Noise. Operation of the stadium during special events would result in crowd noise as well as noise from the amplified sound system.

Mitigation Measures for Impact 4.4.1

- N7 Prior to implementation of improvements to the Weingart Stadium an acoustical noise analysis shall be conducted to determine the need or requirement for the construction of a sound wall to be located along the perimeter of the Weingart Stadium, behind the top of the bleachers, to achieve noise abatement within the vicinity of the stadium. The college shall implement the recommendations and findings of the acoustical analysis.
- N8 Events at Weingart Stadium should be limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on a weekday or weekend.
- N9 Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or school activities and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive load noises.
- N10 The use of compressed air horns and similar noise generating devices by spectators shall be prohibited. Signs shall be posted within and outside of the stadium indicating this restriction.
- N11 Parking structures shall be designed to reduce noise impacts on adjacent sensitive receptors by ensuing that the sides facing sensitive uses are enclosed, surfaces shall be chosen that will reduce tire squeal, and the implementation of a good neighbor signage program. Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or schools and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive loud

noises, instructing drivers to disable alarms while parking on campus, prohibition against tailgating and a posted speed limit. All prohibitions shall be strictly enforced by on campus security.

Findings for Impact 4.4.1. Mitigation Measures N7 through N11 will be effective in reducing crowd noise and noise from the amplified sound system. Through these design and operational measures the impact due to special events at the stadium would be reduced to a less-then-significant level.

4.5 Public Services

Impact 4.5.1 Increased Demand for Police Service. Due to the operation of the proposed project (increase in enrollment) an increase in the daytime population in the area is anticipated. This increase is anticipated to a have a negligible effect on the demand for police service (or calls to the campus).

Mitigation Measures for Impact 4.5.1

- **PS1** ELAC shall implement security features (i.e., security cameras, improved lighting, maintenance of landscaping, and security phone system) as proposed in the Facility Master Plan.
- PS2 ELAC shall, design and implement, in coordination with the Monterey Park Police Department a Special Event Security Plan. Issues addressed may include, but not be limited to: Security needs, emergency evacuation procedures, and money handling issues.

Findings for Impact 4.5.1

The District finds that measures to implement security features and establish and implement a coordinated and collaborative Special Event Security Plan between the college and the Monterey Park Police Department would reduce potential impacts on police service and security to a less-than-significant level.

4.6 Transportation and Traffic

Impact 4.6.1 Operational Traffic Impacts

Twelve intersections were studied to determine the impact of the proposed project on the surrounding area. Three intersections were forecast to operate at unacceptable Level of Service (Level of Service) D during the afternoon peak hour. The intersections are Bleakwood Avenue/Floral Drive, Bleakwood Avenue/Avenida Cesar Chavez and Collegian Avenue/Floral Drive. Originally without a traffic signal, the Bleakwood Avenue/Avenida Cesar Chavez intersection was identified as having the potential to be impacted with the operation of the proposed project. Mitigation recommended for this intersection involved the installation of a signal. A traffic signal has since been installed, however, an impact is still identified.

Mitigation Measures for Impact 4.6.1

- T1 Install a traffic signal at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive.
- T2 At the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive, widen Floral Drive to provide a left-

turn lane, a through lane, and a shared through/right-turn lane on eastbound approach. Restripe Floral Drive to provide two eastbound departure lanes.

Findings for Impact 4.6.1

The District finds that the proposed physical and operational improvements are feasible and that implementation of mitigation measures T1 and T2 would reduce impacts to a less-than-significant level at Bleakwood Avenue/Floral Drive and Collegian Avenue/Floral Drive. As to the intersection Bleakwood Avenue/Avenida Cesar Chavez an amendment to the traffic study dated June 28, 2001 indicates that according to the City of Monterey Park standards this intersection will operate at acceptable levels of service even with the completion of the proposed Master Plan Project. This conclusion was reached based on the fact that the City of Monterey Park has established Criteria that define a project-related traffic impact as "significant" if it results in an increase in V/C of 0.05 or more. Additionally, the City has established that the minimum acceptable LOS for intersections within its jurisdiction shall be LOS C, and any impact that causes an intersection to operate at worse than LOS C is also considered significant. Traffic resulting from implementation of the Project would be sufficient to increase the intersection V/C level by more than 0.05 during both the AM and PM peak hours. However, this intersection is projected to operate at very good conditions both with and without the proposed project. Although the intersection would experience increased in the V/C ratio in excess of 0.05 during both peak hours, the intersection will operate at LOS A both with and without traffic generated by the proposed project due to the installation of the traffic signal. Thus no mitigation is warranted for this intersection.

Impact 4.6.2 Construction Related Traffic Impacts. During the project construction phase trucks and other construction vehicles have the potential to cause traffic delays and may pose an increased danger to pedestrian students near staging areas.

Mitigation Measures for Impact 4.6.2

- The Project Manager or designee shall notify the LAUSD Transportation Branch, Caltrans, LACMTA, Montebello Transit and any other appropriate City or County Department, to the extent that they are affected, of the expected start and ending construction dates for the various portions of the project that may affect traffic through the areas.
- The contractors shall avoid staging trucks and equipment along streets in the area to facilitate the movement of buses during peak traffic hours.
- When possible, avoid heaviest construction traffic between the hours of 6:30 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. and between 3:30 p.m. and 4:30 p.m. to minimize delays to the arrivals and departures of buses.

Findings for Impact 4.6.2. The District finds that through coordination with local affected agencies delays in traffic will be minimized to less then significant levels. Further, by preventing staging of trucks and equipment on local streets and limiting hours of construction related travel any traffic delays and/or dangers posed to student pedestrians would be reduced to a level of no significance.

4.6.3 Construction Related Parking Impacts. During project construction which includes removal of existing parking, there will be a shortage of on-campus parking.

Mitigation Measures for Impact 4.6.3

- Prior to construction of the proposed parking facilities, a detailed construction program, including construction traffic and parking, and campus parking relocation (if necessary), will be prepared. Preparation of this plan shall be done in coordination with the city of Monterey Park.
- To accommodate any additional need for parking during construction, temporary parking and shuttle bus service will be provided off-site as needed for those displaced parking spaces only.

Findings for Impact 4.6.3. The District has found that through the implementation of a construction program, which will be developed prior to the construction of the proposed parking facilities, the short-fall of on-site parking during construction will be reduced to a level of no significant impact. This finding is based on the fact the construction program shall include a detailed plan which will take into account the removal of existing parking to allow for the construction of the proposed parking structures.

Impact 4.6.4 Special Events Impacts. During special events planned for the Weingart Stadium residential access is expected to be impacted. In addition, on-street parking during events may occur due to parking overflow.

Mitigation Measure for Impact 4.6.4

Upon completion of stadium improvements, the College shall, in coordination with the City of Monterey Park, implement a Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program. Specifics of this program should be finalized based on actual scheduled events and anticipated attendance. This program shall include a traffic management plan which shall be developed in coordination with the City of Monterey Park Police Department and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for major events. The College shall hire a Parking Management Consultant to address parking related issues.

Such a Program could include, but not limited to, the following elements:

- A traffic control plan, including traffic control officers at campus access points, to direct and control traffic during peak arrival and departure times for stadium events. This plan shall include directional signage to ensure sufficient traffic flow and traffic control officers to minimize delays.
- Information services to educate attendees about recommended access routes and parking locations. Such a service could supply maps or other information along with ticket sales and signage.
- Enhanced enforcement of off-site parking violations, to address nearby resident's concerns about increased traffic and parking demands during events.
- If necessary during events with expected high attendance, satellite parking areas should be identified. However, the current level of stadium usage would not suggest the need for this measure on a regular basis.
- Provision of special event and school parking separation (designated school parking areas).

- Provisions for alternative parking for attendees, should on-campus parking become full.
- Use of tandem, or stacked parking on campus lots and/or turf parking to handle overflow during large stadium events.
- Instructions for proper deployment of staff to handle parking issues.
- Upon completion of stadium improvements, provisions shall be made for off-site parking and shuttle service as needed to handle parking overflow during special events at the Weingart Stadium.

Findings for Impact 4.6.4. The District has made the finding that by implementing the various elements of a Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program such issues as parking overflow and access to adjacent residential properties would be lessened. Further, the implementation of the outlined measures would be monitored to ensure full compliance. Therefore, the District finds that access and off-site parking issues would be reduced to a less than significant level.

4.7 Utilities/Service Systems

Impact 4.7.1 Water Demand. An incremental increase in water demand may result and could thus contribute to regional impacts on water supply.

Mitigation Measure for Impact 4.7.1

- In undertaking the landscape improvements to the campus drought tolerant plants shall be used wherever possible.
- As a water conservation measure, the proposed projects shall be equipped with wastewater conservation fixtures including low flow toilets.

Findings for Impact 4.7.1

The District finds that the incremental increase in water usage due to increased enrollment is effectively mitigated through the identified water conservation measures. Mitigation measures U1 and U2 will serve to reduce water consumption through the use of landscape improvements and fixtures equipped with low flow mechanisms. Impacts to water supply would be reduced to a less-then-significant level.

Impact 4.7.2 Utilities/Service Systems. Operation of the proposed project would result in an increase in solid waste generation which could contribute to regional impacts to landfill capacity.

Mitigation Measure for Impact 4.7.2

U3 A recycling program shall be designed and implemented to reduce the amount of solid waste going to landfills. This program shall promote the recycling of newspaper, glass bottles, aluminum, bimetal cans and P.E.T. bottles.

U4 Adequate recycling bins and chutes shall be provided at appropriate locations with sufficient access for recycling vehicles.

Findings for Impact 4.7.2

As required by the California Integrated Waste Management Act, AB 939 a recycling program shall be implemented to ensure that ELAC's contribution to the reduction in the regional landfill capacity is decreased to a less-then-significant level. The District finds that implementation of Mitigation Measures U3 and U4 ensures compliance with AB 939.

SECTION 5: LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS OR NO IMPACT. Based on the analysis contained in the Draft EIR and the Initial Study for the ELAC Facilities Master Plan the following were found to result in a less-than-significant impact or no impact.

- Agricultural Resources
- Biological Resources
- Cultural Resource
- Hydrology/Water Quality
- Land Use Compatibility
- Mineral Resources
- Population/Housing
- Scenic Resources
- Recreation

SECTION 6: CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

In certain instances, a proposed project may have possible environmental effects which are individually limited but cumulatively considerable. In accordance with Section 15130 of the CEQA Guidelines (as amended through January 1, 2000), the Draft EIR analyzed the cumulative impacts that could occur with the proposed project. Cumulative impacts (e.g., two or more individual effects which, when considered together, compound or increase the environmental impact of a proposed project) can result from individually minor but collectively significant projects taking place over a period of time. The cumulative impact discussion is as follows:

Aesthetics

The cumulative projects (approved or proposed development projects in the general study area) are too distant from each other to have a combined effect. In addition, each project is of a scale in keeping with the City of Monterey Park and the surrounding area. No cumulative change in the physical environment is expected.

The ELAC campus will be provided with upgraded lighting in an already developed environment. None of the listed projects would produce an intense concentration of lighting that would be different from a typical urban environment. No cumulative change in lighting is expected.

Air Quality

Cumulative NO_x levels would exceed SCAQMD daily emissions criteria by 21 percent. However, the ELAC Master Plan accounts for about 11 percent of the cumulative NO_x emissions total.

Cultural Resources

No cultural resources have been identified within or adjacent to the ELAC campus, therefore, no cumulative effects are anticipated.

Geology

Concerns related to geology and seismicity are site specific. A portion of the proposed project site does have in area subject to landslide hazards. The proposed project site would not be expected to be affected by the other projects on the cumulative project list. As no projects are proposed to be developed on or adjacent to this sensitive area no cumulative effects are expected.

Hazards & Hazardous Materials

Concerns related to hazardous materials are site specific. All new development projects would be required to mitigate prior to implementation hazardous concerns (if existing). The proposed ELAC project has not identified negative effects related to hazardous materials, therefore, no cumulative effects are anticipated.

Land Use/Planning

The proposed ELAC land use is in character with the surrounding developed setting. Further, the related projects appear to be in keeping with the low to moderate density character of the area. Thus, no cumulative effects are expected.

Noise

With respect to traffic-related noise, a cumulative increase in traffic would result in sound level changes of one to two decibels when existing conditions are compared to future conditions, including the ELAC Master Plan. Because significant noise changes are typically defined as an increase of three decibels or more, no significant cumulative noise impacts are anticipated.

Public Services

With respect to traffic-related noise, a cumulative increase in traffic would result in sound level changes of one to two decibels when existing conditions are compared to future conditions, including the ELAC Master Plan. Because significant noise changes are typically defined as an increase of three decibels or more, no significant cumulative noise impacts are anticipated.

Transportation and Traffic

The impact analysis revealed that in regard to cumulative traffic impacts, with implementation of mitigation measures would not result in unavoidable significant impacts. Thus, no cumulative traffic impacts are anticipated.

Utilities/Service Systems

A combined effect on utilities is expected. It is not expected that the increase will be significant as there appears to be adequate capacity in the current utility systems to accommodate the projects.

Findings

The District does not have jurisdiction to impose mitigation measures that reduce potential cumulative impacts to a less-then-significant level. The District finds that the mitigation of cumulative impacts falls within the jurisdiction of other public agencies where entitlements for adjacent projects were permitted.

SECTION 7: FEASIBILITY OF PROJECT ALTERNATIVES

7.1 ALTERNATIVES TO THE PROJECT

ALTERNATIVE 1-NO PROJECT ALTERNATIVE

The No Project alternative is required by Section 15126(e) of the CEQA Guidelines and assumes that the proposed project would not be implemented. The No Project Alternative does not mean that development within the project area will be prohibited. The "No Project" alternative allows decision-makers to compare the impacts of approving the proposed project with the impacts of not approving the proposed project. With respect to the proposed project, analysis of the "No Project" alternative includes existing environmental impacts on-site, as well as those environmental effects which would be reasonably expected to occur in the foreseeable future if the project were not approved.

IMPACT SUMMARY

This alternative would avoid all impacts associated with the preferred alternative.

PROJECT OBJECTIVE

The No Project alternative would not be considered a feasible alternative by the college because it would not meet project objectives, in particular the objective to provide a safe environment for the students.

Furthermore, as California enrollment continues to rise, ELAC would not be able to accommodate the needs of these additional students.

Bungalows. The cost to maintain most of the temporary facilities have become cost prohibitive for the college. Further, most of these buildings as they exist do not meet applicable safety standards.

Parking. Parking is currently underutilized in those parking lots located away from the main educational uses of the campus. Underutilization in these lots results in lack of parking in other lots. The "No Project" objective would not serve to eliminate this problem. Rather, failure to act will result in an exacerbation of the problem.

Lighting, Air Conditioning and Landscaping. The temporary buildings are currently not air conditioned and provides an uncomfortable environmental not suitable for learning. Campus lighting upgrades could serve to improve safety on campus. Failure to implement new light upgrades would not meet the goal of improving safety on campus for the students and faculty. Landscaping in certain areas of the campus is sparse and detracts from the appearance of the campus.

ALTERNATIVE 2-UPGRADE EXISTING FACILITIES

This alternative would allow ELAC to continue to offer existing programming to students and would only allow upgrades to existing uses. This alternative would include the upgrade of the electrical infrastructure and air conditioning to those buildings capable of supporting such amenities. This alternative would also provide access for the disabled. In addition, temporary buildings that have outlived their usefulness will be demolished. Programs that are currently held in these building will either be discontinued or provided at a satellite facility. Lighting will be improved in those areas where safety issues are a concern.

The implementation of this alternative would improve energy efficiency on campus to conform to environmental and safety regulations and concerns.

Satellite Facilities. The continuation of the provision of off-campus classes can help to reduce lack of space for existing educational programming. Where programs must be discontinued on campus due to lack of space additional facilities may be acquired off campus.

IMPACT SUMMARY

This alternative would avoid all impacts associated with the preferred alternative.

PROJECT OBJECTIVES

This alternative while meeting environmental and safety related issues fail to adequately meet the primary goal of accommodating the existing student body and the anticipated growth in enrollment. Further, the goal of significantly improving the overall appearance of the campus would not be reached.

ENVIRONMENTALLY SUPERIOR ALTERNATIVE

Section 15126.6 (e)(2) of the State CEQA Guidelines requires that an environmentally superior alternative be identified among the selected alternatives (excluding the No Project alternative). The Superior Alternative as discussed in the EIR is the implementation of the Facilities Master Plan as proposed. The Master Plan is proposed to be undertaken in order to facilitate superior instructional delivery. The goals of the proposed project are to develop an inviting and enjoyable college campus, a safe and friendly college campus; and to be a community landmark. It is also the concern of the administration that ELAC is unable to fully meet the educational needs of current students due to overcrowding and inadequate facilities. Expansion would enable the college to accommodate the expected increase in enrollment. Expansion would also result in technological and aesthetic improvements, improved safety through building improvements, lighting and adequate and convenient parking, and the ability to maintain and/or increase course offerings and programs.

Findings Regarding Alternatives

Consistency With Project Objectives. The District find that the "No Project" Alternative (Alternative 1) would not achieve the objectives of the Proposed Project. The District finds that Alternative 2 would achieve the Proposed Project objectives to a limited extent, however, the ability to meet the needs of the current students as well as the anticipated increase in enrollment would be compromised.

Environmentally Superior Alternative. From a strictly environmental standpoint, excluding social or economic issues, the "No Project" alternative (Alternative 1) is environmentally superior to the Proposed Project. The "No Project" alternative would eliminate all potentially significant environmental impacts that could occur with the Proposed Project.

Among alternatives, the proposed project is identified as the environmentally superior alternative. The District finds that the proposed project would most completely meet the objectives of the college while balancing the anticipated environmental effects.

7.2 Findings

The Board of Trustees for the Los Angeles Community College District has considered all of the mitigation measures recommended in the Draft EIR for the Proposed Project. None of the recommended measures that are within the college's jurisdiction have been rejected by the Board of Trustees.

To the extent that these Findings conclude that various proposed mitigation measures outlined in the Final EIR are feasible and have not been modified, superseded or withdrawn, the Board of Trustees hereby binds itself to implement or, as appropriate, require implementation of these measures. These Findings, in other words, are not merely informational, but rather constitute a binding set of obligations that will come into effect when the Board of Trustees adopts a resolution approving the Proposed Project. The mitigation measures are referenced in the Mitigation Monitoring Program adopted concurrently with these Findings, and will be effectuated through the process of constructing and implementing the Proposed Project.

SECTION 8: STATEMENT OF OVERRIDING CONSIDERATIONS

CEQA requires the decision-making agency to balance, as applicable, the economic, legal, social, technological, or other benefits of a project against its unavoidable risks when determining whether to approve a project. If the specific economic, legal, social, technological or other benefits of the project outweigh the unavoidable adverse environmental effects, those effects may be considered acceptable (state CEQA Guidelines Section 15093(a)). CEQA requires the agency to support, in writing, the specific reasons for considering a project acceptable when significant impacts are not avoided or substantially lessened. Those reasons must be based on substantial evidence in the FEIR or elsewhere in the administrative records (state CEQA Guidelines Section 15093(b)). In accordance with the requirements of CEQA and the state CEQA Guidelines, the Los Angeles Community College District finds that the mitigation measures identified in the FEIR and the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, when implemented, avoid or substantially lessen virtually all of the significant effects identified in the FEIR. Nonetheless, certain significant impacts of the project are unavoidable even after incorporation of all feasible mitigation measures. These significant unavoidable impacts are identified and discussed in Section 3 of these Findings.

The District further specifically finds that notwithstanding the disclosure of these significant unavoidable impacts, there are specific overriding economic, legal, social, technological, and other reasons for approving this project. Those reasons are as follows:

- This project supports the educational mission of East Los Angeles Community College by providing by providing expanded facilities which will lessen overcrowding.
- The proposed project would result in a more inviting campus environment.

- The proposed project would result in improved campus safety through the implementation of updated lighting and building safety improvements.
- The proposed project will contribute to student life on campus, by enhancing existing campus athletic and educational programs through expanded facilities and technological improvements.
- On balance, the District finds that there are specific, economic, legal, social, technological, and other considerations associated with the project that serve to override and outweigh the project's significant unavoidable effects and, thus, the adverse effects are considered acceptable.

		46. <u>.</u>

ATTACHMENT A

MITIGATION MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM TO THE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT FOR THE EAST LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN FEBRUARY 2002

INTRODUCTION

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires the adoption of feasible mitigation measures to minimize or eliminate potentially significant environmental impacts associated with project development. The Final EIR includes project-specific mitigation measures to reduce the potential environmental effects of the project. In order to ensure that the mitigation measures and project revisions identified in an EIR are implemented, a public agency is required to adopt a program for monitoring or reporting on the revisions which it has required in the project and the measures it has imposed to mitigate or avoid significant environmental effects (CEQA Guidelines Section 15097).

The project-specific mitigation measures included in the Final EIR will be monitored by the appropriate reviewing agency described in **Table 1** of this Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program.

PURPOSE

Monitoring of the implementation of adopted mitigation measures is required by Public Resources Code Section 21081.6. Therefore, this Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMP) has been prepared to ensure compliance with all of the mitigation measures identified in the Final EIR which would lessen or avoid potentially significant adverse environmental impacts resulting from implementation of the proposed project. The implementation of this MMP shall be carried out by the Los Angeles Community College District (LACCD), the East Los Angeles Community College (ELAC) and other agencies or entities (e.g., developer or consultants) specified below or designated by ELAC. Project-specific mitigation measures will be implemented during: (1) development of the design; (2) preparation of the construction contracts; (3) the construction phase; and (4) project operation.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

East Los Angeles Community College (ELAC) is overcrowded and unable to adequately meet current educational requirements of the students. Further, anticipated growth is expected to aggravate the problems that ELAC is currently experiencing. In order to meet this growth a Facilities Master Plan has been prepared.

The Facilities Master Plan is intended to act as a guide for future development within the campus. In order to meet the goals of the Facilities Master Plan, several projects have been proposed:

- Technology Center The purpose of this building is to consolidate and expand the operations of the Architecture, Art, Broadcasting, Computer Science and Information Technology, Engineering, Electronics, Journalism, Office Administration and Photography departments. These new facilities will enable these departments to take advantage of modern technology. Further, the additional space would address capacity for increased student population. The building, a 98,065-square-foot structure, will rise four stories. The Technology Center would enclose the northern portion of the main courtyard and would be located north of the existing student park. This project would replace several temporary buildings on the east side of campus.
- Comprehensive Fitness Center and Modernization of the Swim Stadium The
 Comprehensive Fitness Center will provide the campus with improved total fitness facilities
 which will be shared by Men's and Women's Athletics and the community at large. This
 proposed project will modernize the existing swim stadium and eliminate one of the two
 swimming pools, thus creating an 8,000-square-foot floor exercise area. The existing
 bleachers will be modified to allow space to accommodate exercise equipment. The locker
 Rooms and bathroom facilities will be updated to meet current codes and standards.
- Performing and Fine Arts Center This proposed project will be located along the eastern side of the ELAC campus. This 119,270-square-foot facility will replace temporary structures. The facility will include a gallery, exhibition space and a theater. The two-story building will include a basement. The objective of this new facility is to consolidate and modernize existing art-related facilities. The building will house the Art, Dance, Theater Arts and Music Departments.
- Volleyball Courts, Practice Football and Soccer Fields Volleyball courts will be located
 on the west side of the campus west of the proposed elevated tennis courts and parking
 structure. This proposed project will add one full-sized field to the east of the existing field
 for football and soccer practice. A retaining wall, which will allow the fields to be level, will
 be constructed along the east side of the field, west of the men's gymnasium.
- Student Services and Administration Building Additions The proposed project will connect the northeast and southeast wings of the Administration Buildings at the formal front entry of the campus. Addition to the Library Annex are also proposed. The facility would contain the student services functions that currently occur in temporary structures throughout the campus. This proposed project will reconstruct approximately 36,700 square feet of existing space, and add approximately 62,590 square feet of space.
- Modernization of Women's Gymnasium Rehabilitation of this 1961 concrete structure will facilitate improved instructional delivery and provide up-to-date amenities for women currently not available.
- **Humanities Center** The proposed humanities center would be located to the north of the proposed Performing and Fine Arts Center and encompass approximately 110,000 square feet (95,700 net new square feet).
- New Women's Athletic Field This new field will be located on the north side of the campus immediately east of the women's gymnasium.

- New Plant Facilities/Storage At the northwest side of the campus immediately south of the 2,200- car parking structure, 40,000 square feet will be provided for plant facilities.
- Modernization of Weingart Stadium The proposed project includes new seating at the
 east and west ends of the playing fields, as well as new shower and locker facilities and
 other stadium appurtenances below the new seating. The stadium currently seats 20,400
 persons. With implementation of the Master Plan the stadium would seat 30,000 persons.
 The field will be expanded transforming the stadium into an international-size stadium
 suitable for professional athletic games.
- Language Arts and Health Care This 78,000-square-foot facility will be located on the
 northeast side of campus in an area which is currently used for maintenance and storage.
 Two buildings are included in this project: a new Language Arts building and an expansion
 of the existing nursing building.
- Re-orientation of Baseball Field Undertaken to restore the full outfield to the existing baseball field.
- Remodel Student Center The existing Student Center, situated to the east of the formal
 entry to the campus, would be remodeled. No buildings would be removed for this project,
 and no increase in floor area would occur.
- Air Conditioning, Infrastructure Upgrade, Landscaping, and Security Upgrades These improvements will primarily affect buildings that are not targeted for removal. Several buildings, which are proposed to be removed under the Facilities Master Plan. will need improvements for continued use in the short term as the proposed projects will be phased over a ten-year period. Infrastructure improvements would be necessary to install air-conditioning units in existing facilities. Infrastructure improvements include increasing electrical power to the amounts required to operate the proposed air-conditioning units an structural improvements to support the new air-conditioning units. Data line improvements are proposed to allow local area network throughout the campus. Upgraded landscape features for the frontage road are proposed and will improve the campus appearance by providing street frontage with consistent and well-maintained landscape along the Avenida Cesar Chavez campus entry.

Fire safety, security features, and a campus-wide energy management system are incorporated into this proposed project. As part of infrastructure upgrades and as an effort to improve security, cameras and a public address system will be installed. Security cameras, monitored from the security office, will be installed in strategic locations such as the parking areas. A public address system is essential in case of the need for evacuation of students.

- Math and Science Complex This proposed facility will serve to consolidate the math and science facilities and will replace many existing classroom buildings north of the Auditorium Building. The proposed facility will encompass approximately 140,000 square feet creating an additional 79,704 square feet.
- Parking Additional parking will primarily be provided in four parking structures. Parking will also be provided in a parking lot on the east side of the campus through the removal of existing parking lots. Approximately 3,512 net new parking spaces will be provided.

- **1,350-Car Parking Structure (with Raised Tennis Courts and Campus Police Facilities)** This proposed project will be located at the center of the campus near the Avenida Cesar Chavez boundary of the campus, and will be used as preferred parking for a variety of campus activities, as well as, future developments envisioned by the Facilities Master Plan. The four level structure will provide approximately 1,350 parking spaces. Three levels are above-ground and one subsurface level. The proposed project also includes tennis courts on the top level. These tennis courts are intended to replace the existing tennis courts which are targeted for removal to build the parking structure. This structure will also house the campus police office.
- **1,000-Car Parking Structure** This structure will provide 1,000 parking spaces with four levels above-ground and one level below-ground. This parking structure will be located near the northwest corner of the campus.
- **2,200-Car Parking Structure** The proposed project will replace the existing surface parking lot at the northwest corner of the ELAC with a new parking structure. The proposed project will provide parking for approximately 2,200 vehicles with two levels above-ground and one subsurface level. This structure will house the plant facility's office and shops.
- **300-Car Parking Structure** This 300-car parking structure will be located near the north boundary of the campus east of the Weingart Stadium. This lot will replace the existing "pool" lot. This structure will contain three levels above-ground and one level below-ground.
- Removal of Bungalows Approximately 40 percent of the buildings on campus are temporary structures. At least five of these structures date back to World War II when they were used as military housing before being moved to the campus in 1957. Additional bungalows were installed on campus in the early 1970's to keep up with the growing student enrollment. However, the bungalows are suffering from age and deferred maintenance. In addition, the buildings do not meet current safety standards. In an effort to remedy this, a majority of the bungalows are proposed to be removed.

RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

The Los Angeles Community College District, Facilities, Planning and Development Department is delegated responsibility for implementation and any revisions to this MMP.

Monitoring of mitigation measures has been assigned to specific agencies and/or entities with regard to their particular areas of expertise, as specified in Table 1. Many of these monitoring actions are included in existing policies, laws, and regulations, while others require additional oversight to ensure that mitigation measures are implemented by the developer or other specified parties, and that LACCD and/or ELAC monitor the implementation of these measures. Monitoring will consist of determining whether:

- Specific issues were considered in the design development phase;
- Construction contracts included the specified provisions;
- Specific actions occurred prior to construction; and
- The required measures were implemented during construction and/or after implementation of the project.

MONITORING PROCEDURES

The designated individual or agency shall monitor all field activities. The authority and responsibilities of the lead agency are described above.

REPORTING PROCEDURES

Upon the request of the Los Angeles Community College District a monthly report affirming compliance with these mitigation measures shall be provided. In addition, where needed, an independent environmental consultant may be retained to ensure mitigation compliance, timely preparation of reports, and to assist ELAC or the designated individual or agency.

An annual mitigation monitoring report shall be prepared for this project by ELAC until compliance with the required mitigation measures is complete. The report shall be placed on file at both the LACCD office at the Facilities, Planning and Development Department and at the ELAC campus in the office of the Associate Dean of Planning.

TABLE 1: MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM TO THE EAST LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT	PROGRAM TO THE EA	ST LOS ANGELES COMI	MUNITY
Mitigation Measure	Timing/Phase	Responsible Party	Monitoring Party
AESITHERICS			
L1 All high-intensity light standards associated with the tennis courts, athletic fields and/or stadium expansion shall be fitted with visors and glare control devices such that all light is focused on the fields, and glare and spillover light onto adjacent properties is minimized. Spillover and glare shall be routinely monitored and lights adjusted and/or repaired by ELAC to ensure that ELAC's contribution to ambient light levels at residential property lines shall not exceed 1 foot candle.	Development of the Design; the Construction Phase; and Project Operation	ELAC Plant Facilities	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department
L2 Screening (i.e., trees, fencing, etc) along the boundaries of the athletic fields, tennis courts (on parking structure), and parking structures (where appropriate) shall be used to diffuse glare and spillover light. Screening shall be of such height and density to intercept the line of sight between the light fixtures and adjacent residential properties.	Development of the Design; the Construction Phase; and Project Operation	ELAC	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department
L3 Parking Structures will be fitted with screens where appropriate to prevent vehicle headlight glare onto adjacent residential properties.	Development of the Design; and the Construction Phase	ELAC	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department
AIR OUALITY TENED TO THE		S. S	
AQ1 PM ₁₀ Abatement. Through construction contracts, the District shall ensure that best practices are employed to reduce the creation of inhaleable dust particles during the construction process. Abatement shall use measures consistent with SCAQMD Rule 403, including site wetting, covering of haul trucks and storage piles, and periodic street sweeping.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and the Construction Phase	ELAC/Construction Contractors	ELAC
CULTURAL RESOURCES		是不 是人 自己,在一个人	
No Mitigation Measures Required	N/A	N/A	N/A

Mitigation Measure	Timing/Phase	Responsible Party	Monitoring Party
SEDIOGY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
GS1 A California Certified Engineer and Geologist shall conduct a detailed subsurface engineering geologic/geotechnical investigation prior to completing final design plans for each proposed project. The site-specific geotechnical investigation should comply with the Division of Mines and Geology, Special Publication 117 Guidelines to avoid seismic hazard impacts. The investigation should recommend mitigation measures and provide for an agency review of the investigation procedures. The investigation should include soil borehole logs to evaluated surface rupture, landsliding and settlement potential. The investigation report should include recommendations for ensuring seismic safety on the site including ground improvements and shall be considered by the State Architect in the approval of all plans.	Development of the Design	ELAC	California State Architect
HAZARDS: & HAZARDÓUS MATERIALS			
HW1 Secondary containment is recommended beneath metal drums used for waste liquids in the maintenance operations area.	Project Operation	ELAC Plant Facilities	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department
HW2 For those campus facilities effected by the Master Plan, Lead-based paint testing should be conducted due to the deteriorating condition of many painted surfaces. All materials identified as containing lead shall be removed by a licensed lead-based paint/materials abatement contractor.	Development of the Design; and Preparation of the Construction Contracts	ELAC/Abatement Contractor	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC
HW3 For those campus facilities affected by the Master Plan, asbestos sampling should be conducted to determine if building materials used in the construction of the structures in question have an asbestos fiber content. All material identified as containing asbestos shall be removed and/or encapsulated by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor as provided by the provisions of Rule 1403 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rules and Regulations	Development of the Design; Preparation of the Construction Contracts	ELAC/Abatement Contractor	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC
HW4 PCB containing units removed from buildings affected by the Master Plan should be properly disposed of as required by law.	Construction Phase; and Project Operation	ELAC/Construction Contractor	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC

East Los Angeles Community College Facilities Master Plan EIR Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

Mitigation Measure	Timing/Phase	Responsible Party	Monitoring Party
ISEBLANNING TO THE TRANSPORT OF THE PROPERTY O	を から の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の		STEEL STATE OF THE
None Required	N/A	N/A	N/A
			"一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个
N1 Construction activities (i.e., demolition, ground clearing, excavation, grading, laying of foundations, structural and finishing activities) shall be conducted between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. on weekdays and the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	ELAC/Construction Contractor	ELAC
N2 For schools within 500 feet of a major construction site on the ELAC campus, coordination must be undertaken with the appropriate school district to define mitigation measures to substantially reduce construction noise impacts. Such measures may include limiting hours of construction for noisy construction activities (i.e., excavation and finishing phases), limiting construction in certain site areas to hours when the school would not be affected, providing prior notification to the school of particularly noisy activities, substitution of electric powered versus combustion engine powered equipment, and the use of temporary shrouds or barriers may be considered.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	ELAC/Construction Contractor	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC
N3 Change the timing and/or sequence of the noisiest construction operations (i.e., excavation and finishing phases) to avoid sensitive times of the day.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	Construction Contractor	ELAC
N4 Use noise control devices, such as equipment mufflers, enclosures, and barriers.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	Construction Contractor	ELAC
N5 Adjacent residents shall be given notification of major construction activities and their duration. A sign, legible at a distance of 50 feet, shall be posted on the construction site identifying a telephone number where residents can inquire about the construction process and register complaints.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	Construction Contractor	ELAC
N6 Construction occurring within 1,000 feet of the Child Development Center shall be limited to hours when the Child Development Center would not be affected. The Child Development Center shall be notified of particularly noisy activities.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	Construction Contractor	ELAC

2002

Mitigation Measure	Timing/Phase	Responsible Party	Monitoring Party
N7 Prior to implementation of improvements to the Weingart Stadium an acoustical noise analysis shall be conducted to determine the need or requirement for the construction of a sound wall to be located along the perimeter of the Weingart Stadium, behind the top of the bleachers, to achieve noise abatement within the vicinity of the stadium. The college shall implement the recommendations and findings of the acoustical analysis.	Development of the Design; Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	ELAC	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department
N8 Events at Weingart Stadium should be limited between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on a weekday or weekend.	Project Operation	ELAC	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC
N9 Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or school activities and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive load noises.	Development of the Design; and Project Operation	ELAC	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC
N10 The use of compressed air horns and similar noise generating devices by spectators shall be prohibited. Signs shall be posted within and outside of the stadium indicating this restriction.	Project Operation	ELAC	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC
N11 Parking structures shall be designed to reduce noise impacts on adjacent sensitive receptors by ensuing that the sides facing sensitive uses are enclosed, surfaces shall be chosen that will reduce tire squeal, and the implementation of a good neighbor signage program. Signs shall be posted in all parking areas indicating that there are nearby residences or schools and that lot users are expected to refrain from making intrusive loud noises, instructing drivers to disable alarms while parking on campus, prohibition against tailgating and a posted speed limit. All prohibitions shall be strictly enforced by on campus security.	Development of the Design; and Project Operation	ELAC/L.A. County Sheriff's	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC
PUBLIC SERVICES FOR THE PROPERTY OF			
PS1 ELAC shall implement security features (i.e., security cameras, improved lighting, maintenance of landscaping, and security phone system) as proposed in the Facility Master Plan.	Development of the Design; and Project Operation	ELAC	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department
PS2 ELAC shall design and implement a Special Event Security Plan, in coordination with the Monterey Park Police Department. Issues addressed may include, but not be limited to: Security needs, emergency evacuation procedures, and money handling issues.	Development of the Design; and Project Operation	ELAC/L.A. County Sheriff's	Monterey Park Police Department
	A THE STREET OF THE PARTY OF TH	Contraction to the contraction of the contraction o	

Mitigation Measure	Timing/Phase	Responsible Party	Monitoring Party
WANNERSONATION AND TRAFFICE STATES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
T1 Install a traffic signal at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive.	Construction Phase	ELAC	City of Monterey Park
T2 At the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive, widen Floral Drive to provide a left-turn lane, a through lane, and a dedicated right turn lane on eastbound approach. Widen Collegian Avenue along the northwest side of the street to achieve a 45-foot curb-to-curb cross section increasing the existing curb section by 5 feet, extending approximately 200 feet south from Floral to accommodate traffic and existing bus layover activities. Restripe Floral Drive to provide two eastbound departure lanes.	Construction Phase	ELAC	City of Monterey Park
T3 The Project Manager or designee shall notify the LAUSD Transportation Branch, Caltrans, LACMTA, Montebello Transit and any other appropriate City or County Department, to the extent that they are affected, of the expected start and ending construction dates for the various portions of the project that may affect traffic through the areas.	Construction Phase	ELAC	LAUSD Transportation Branch, Caltrans, LACMTA, Montebello Transit and any other appropriate City or County Department
T4 The contractors shall avoid staging trucks and equipment along streets in the area to facilitate the movement of buses during peak traffic hours.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	Construction Contractor	ELAC
T5 When possible, avoid heaviest construction traffic between the hours of 6:30 a.m. to 8:00 a.m. and between 3:30 p.m. and 4:30 p.m. to minimize delays to the arrivals and departures of buses.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	Construction Contractor	ELAC
T6 Prior to construction of the proposed parking facilities, a detailed construction program, including construction traffic and parking, and campus parking relocation (if necessary), will be prepared. This plan will be submitted for approval to the City of Monterey Park.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts	ELAC, Construction Contractors	City of Monterey Park
T7 To accommodate any additional need for parking during construction, temporary parking and shuttle bus service will be provided off-site as needed for those displaced parking spaces only.	Preparation of the Construction Contracts; and Construction Phase	ELAC, Construction Contractors	ELAC, City of Monterey Park

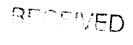
Los Angeles Community College Facilities Master Plan EIR

Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

LACCD Facilities, Planning Monitoring Party Monterey Park Police Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department and Development Department Department ELAC ELAC/L.A. County Sheriff's Responsible Party Development of the Design; Timing/Phase and Project Operation in coordination with the City of Monterey Park, implement a include a traffic management plan which shall be developed in coordination with the City of Monterey Park Police Department and The College shall hire a Parking Management Consultant to Specifics of this program should be finalized based on actual scheduled events and anticipated attendance. This program shall Such a Program could include, but not limited to, the following A traffic control plan, including traffic control officers at campus access points, to direct and control traffic during This plan shall include directional signage to ensure efficient traffic flow and traffic control officers to minimize information services to educate attendees about the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for major events. peak arrival and departure times for stadium events. Enhanced enforcement of off-site parking violations, to address nearby resident's concerns about increased Provision of special event and school parking separation Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program. recommended access routes and parking locations. Such a service could supply maps or other information If necessary during events with expected high However, the current level of stadium usage would not Provisions for alternative parking for attendees, should T8 Upon completion of stadium improvements, the College shall attendance, satellite parking areas should be identified. suggest the need for this measure on a regular basis. traffic and parking demands during events. along with ticket sales and signage. (designated school parking areas). on campus parking become full. address parking related issues. Mitigation Measure delays. elements:

East Los Angeles Community College Facilities Master Plan EIR Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

	Timing/Phase	Responsible Party	Monitoring Party
 Use of tandem, or stacked parking on campus lots and/or turf parking to handle overflow during large stadium events. Instructions for proper deployment of staff to handle parking issues. 			
T9 Upon completion of stadium improvements, and provisions shall be made for off-site parking and shuttle service as needed to handle parking overflow during special events at the Weingart Stadium.	Development of the Design; and Project Operation	ELAC	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC
JELETELES/SERVIGE SYSTEMS.		はのできませんがは	
U1 In undertaking the landscape improvements to the campus drought tolerant plants shall be used wherever possible.	Development of the Design; and Construction Phase	ELAC Plant Facilities	ELAC
U2 As a water conservation measure, the proposed projects shall be equipped with wastewater conservation fixtures including low and C flow toilets.	Development of the Design; and Construction Phase	ELAC Plant Facilities	ELAC
U3 A recycling program shall be designed and implemented to reduce the amount of solid waste going to landfills. This program and P shall promote the recycling of newspaper, glass bottles, aluminum, bimetal cans and P.E.T. bottles.	Development of the Design; and Project Operation	ELAC Plant Facilities	California Integrated Waste Management Board, LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department
U4 Adequate recycling bins and chutes shall be provided at appropriate locations with sufficient access for recycling vehicles.	Development of the Design; and Project Operation	ELAC Plant Facilities	LACCD Facilities, Planning and Development Department/ELAC



· 特別為 新洲(4)

JACOBE PAULITIES INC.

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN ADDENDUM TO FINAL EIR

PREPARED FOR

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

PREPARED BY

TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES LLC

APRIL 2004



ADDENDUM TO THE EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

Prepared for

THE LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE **DISTRICT**770 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD LOS ANGELES, CA 90017

Prepared by

TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES LLC 6083 BRISTOL PARKWAY, SUITE 200 CULVER CITY, CA 90230

April 2004

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	Projec	t Overview	1
2.0	Enviro	nmental Review Requirements	l
3.0	Subjec	et and Focus of the Addendum	2
4.0	Previo	usly Disclosed Master Plan Impacts	5
5.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11	sion of Impacts Aesthetics and Lighting Air Quality Cultural Resources Geology and Seismicity Hazards and Hazardous Materials Land Use and Planning Noise Public Services Transportation and Traffic Utilities and Service Systems Recreation ary of Mitigation Measures	5 8 9 10 10 11 12 12 14 15
7.0	Effects	Determined Not to be Significant	16
		Appendices	
Append	dix A	ELAC Master Plan EIR Traffic and Parking Analysis Update	
		Tables	
Table 1 Table 2		Project Description Summary	
		Figures	
Figure 1		ELAC Master Plan	

1.0 PROJECT OVERVIEW

Background

As presented in the East Los Angeles College (ELAC) Master Plan Final Environmental Impact Report (Master Plan Final EIR), certified by the Los Angeles Community College District (LACCD) Board of Trustees on February 20, 2002, the Master Plan consists of the addition of 433,149 square feet of space to the ELAC Facilities and 3,512 net new parking spaces within four new parking structures. Due to budgetary issues, changes to the Master Plan are proposed. These proposed changes are categorized accordingly: 1) change in location of new facilities proposed in the Master Plan; 2) construction of new facilities not proposed in the Master Plan; and 3) demolition of existing facilities that were to remain intact under the Master Plan.

Prior Environmental Review and Actions

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires environmental review of all projects to determine whether there may be a significant impact on the environment. This report is an Addendum to the Final Environmental Impact Report for the ELAC Master Plan Project. The Master Plan Final EIR evaluated the potential environmental impacts which would result from the implementation of the Master Plan.

The Lead Agency certified that the EIR was prepared in accordance with CEQA and the State CEQA Guidelines, as amended. Findings of Fact were prepared for all significant impacts, and a Statement of Overriding Considerations was prepared for those significant impacts that could not be mitigated. These Findings of Fact were adopted by the Lead Agency at the time the Master Plan Final EIR was certified. For all impacts identified as significant, a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) was adopted which outlined the required mitigation and identified those parties responsible for carrying out and enforcing these measures.

A Notice of Determination indicating LACCD approved the project was filed on February 25, 2002 with the Los Angeles County Clerks office. The 30-calendar-day statute of limitations on court challenges to the project approval expired on March 29, 2002. No challenges to the EIR or project approval of the project has been filed.

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

An Addendum to the previously certified Master Plan Final EIR is permitted if some changes or additions are necessary but none of the conditions described in Section 15162 calling for preparation of a subsequent EIR have occurred. The CEQA Guidelines provide in Sections 15162 and 15164 that an addendum to a previously certified EIR can be prepared for a project if the criteria and conditions summarized below are satisfied:

- 1. **No Substantial Changes.** There are no substantial changes proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the previous EIR due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects.
- 2. **No Substantial Changes in Circumstances.** Substantial changes have not occurred with respect to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken which will require major revisions of the previous EIR due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects.
- 3. **No Substantial New Information**. There is no new information of substantial importance which was not known or could not have been known at the time of the previous EIR that shows any of the following:

- (A) The project will have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR;
- (B) Significant effects previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR;
- (C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would, in fact, be feasible and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternatives; or
- (D) Mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative.

Each of the above conditions is satisfied:

- There have been no substantial changes to the Master Plan design or components since certification of the Final EIR. Revisions have been made to the location of certain buildings. Square footages and the use of various buildings have stayed essentially the same.
- Circumstances and existing conditions surrounding the Master Plan have not changed from those depicted in the Final EIR. The environmental conditions of the Master Plan area have not changed since the Final EIR was certified in February 2002.
- There is no substantial new information meeting any of the standards set forth in paragraph 3(A) through (D) above. Evaluation of the changes to the proposed parking structures has been conducted and no new significant impact is anticipated.

Thus, as detailed in the following sections, no supplemental or subsequent EIR is required in connection with this site plan change. CEQA Guidelines Section 15164 requires either the Lead Agency or a responsible agency to prepare an addendum to a previously certified EIR if "some changes or additions are necessary but none of the conditions described in Section 15162 calling for preparation of a subsequent EIR have occurred." In addition, Section 15164(b) provides that an addendum "may be prepared if only minor technical changes or additions are necessary."

ELAC has developed this addendum in order to fully reflect the site plan changes described in Section 3.0. No circulation of this Addendum for public review is required by CEQA or the Guidelines per Section 15164(c)).

3.0 SUBJECT AND FOCUS OF THE ADDENDUM

The following sections of this report demonstrate that the criteria and conditions identified above have been satisfied and that an addendum is the appropriate type of environmental documentation for the ELAC Facilities Master Plan, and a Subsequent or Supplemental EIR is not necessary. Specifically, this report evaluates whether there are any potentially significant environmental impacts resulting from changes to the Master Plan.

Project Description

The table below outlines the proposed changes to the June 2001 ELAC Facilities Master Plan. The revisions primarily consist of location changes. Specifically, buildings which were originally proposed bordering the campus have been moved to the interior of the campus to improve efficiency of pedestrian flow. Changes to total net square footage for the proposed buildings would be minimal. For this document, the revisions to the proposed parking structures are the primary focus for evaluation. Total Parking as proposed under the Master Plan was 5,336 spaces (includes existing). With the update to the Master Plan 4,744 parking spaces will be provided.

TABLE 1: PROJECT DESCRIPTION SUMMA	NRY
ELAC MASTER PLAN	ELAC MASTER PLAN UPDATE
Lot #3: 1,350-Space Parking Structure with Tennis Courts/Campus Police Facilities. Lot 3 (tennis lot) is located along Cesar Chavez Boulevard. Lot 3 is currently a 92-space surface parking adjacent to the tennis courts. The approved Master Plan proposed a four level 1,350-car parking structure with tennis courts on the roof and space for campus police facilities. Three levels were proposed above-ground with one level below-ground. This structure was to replace the existing tennis courts and tennis lot.	The changes to the Master Plan would result in a six-story 1,900-space above-ground parking structure with the first two to three stories stepped back about 40 feet. Access to the structure is still anticipated to be at Cesar Chavez Avenue. Replacement of the tennis courts is not anticipated as part of the new proposed parking structure. The top level of the structure will likely be used for parking or possibly as the future location of solar panels.
2,200-Space Parking Structure. A parking structure providing 2,200 spaces was proposed to replace the existing surface lot in the northwest corner of the campus. According to the Master Plan, it would consist of two levels above-ground and one below-ground. This structure would house the plant facility office and shops.	The 2,200-space parking structure proposed to be located at the northwest corner of the campus will not be built, and the existing 865-space surface lot will remain.
Lot #4: 1,000-Space Parking Structure and Transportation Center. Parking Structure 4 (identified as Lot 4) was proposed to provide 1,000 spaces. This structure was proposed for the corner of Floral and Collegian with four levels above-ground and one level below ground. Currently, there is a 398-space surface parking lot at this location.	The footprint has expanded and will incorporate the entire existing surface parking lot currently located at the corner of Floral and Collegian. Access was originally proposed for Collegian only. Access is now proposed for both Floral and Collegian. This structure will be four stories in height with no setback and will provide up to 1,600 parking spaces.
Proposed Surface Parking Lot along Eastern Boundary. Approximately 407 spaces were proposed for this surface lot.	The surface parking lot proposed to be located along the eastern boundary of the campus will not be constructed.
300-Car Parking Structure. Currently, a surface parking lot occupies the site just north of the existing swimming pool. The Master Plan proposed a new 300-car parking structure to be constructed on this site with three levels above-ground and one below-ground.	This parking structure is included in the updated development plan.
Comprehensive Fitness Center and Swim Stadium. Under the proposed Master Plan, a consolidated and improved fitness facility would be provided by remodeling the current swim stadium. One of the existing pools would be modernized while the other pool would be removed to create space for an 8,000-square-foot exercise area. The locker rooms and bathrooms would also be updated.	The swim stadium renovation is no longer included in the revised development plan. While the consolidation and improvement of the fitness facilities may occur at the Men's Gym, the swim stadium will remain in its current form. This revision is undertaken to consolidate all physical education and athletic facilities to the western end of the campus.

ELAC MASTER PLAN	ELAC MASTER PLAN UPDATE
Weingart Stadium. The existing Weingart Stadium, which currently seats 20,400 spectators, was proposed in the Master Plan to be modernized and enlarged to seat 30,000 persons. The new seating was proposed for the east and west ends of the playing fields.	The stadium plans have been revised. New seating will be added to the west side of the stadium, however, there will be a net loss of 400 seats to meet Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliance standards. The Weingart Stadium will seat 20,000 attendees as opposed to the 30,000 proposed in the original Master Plan. No additional seating is proposed.
Student Services and Administration Buildings. The Master Plan proposed that an addition be made to the current Administration Building, connecting the northeast and southeast wings of the building at the formal front entry of the campus. An addition to the Student Services Building was also proposed.	Renovations to the Administration Building are as proposed in the original Master Plan. The planned addition to the Student Services Building is no longer part of the project.
Health Care Careers Building. The Master Plan proposed an expansion of the existing Nursing Building, located at the north end of campus adjacent to the Women's Athletic Field, into a Health Care Careers Building.	The proposed changes to the Master Plan include relocation of this building to the southwest of the nursing building on the current site of the Architecture and Engineering Building. This building is now part of the Math & Science Complex.
Performing and Fine Arts Complex and Gallery. The Master Plan proposed a new facility to consolidate and modernize existing art-related facilities. The building was to house the Art, Dance, Theater Arts and Music Departments.	The proposed revisions would create two separate Performing and Fine Arts Complex Buildings along with a separate Gallery. The site of the buildings in the revised plan is roughly the same area as the complex proposed in the Master Plan, but the new buildings would occupy portions of a proposed surface parking lot along the eastern boundary that is no longer part of the revised plan. No new building demolitions are required.
Humanities Center. The Master Plan proposed that a Humanities Center would be located to the north of the proposed Performing and Fine Arts Center. In order to construct this center, the existing Music buildings are proposed to be demolished.	The revised plan changes the location of the Humanities Center to a location just north of the Administration Building. The Music Buildings will not be demolished under the proposed revision. However, the E-3 and E-5 buildings would be demolished (see discussion below).
Math and Science Complex. Under the Master Plan, this proposed facility would consolidate the math and science facilities and replace many existing classroom buildings north of the Auditorium.	Under the revised plan, the location would remain the same. However, the Health Care Careers building is now part of this complex.
Baseball Field. Re-orientation of the baseball field is proposed to restore the full outfield.	The re-orientation of the baseball field as proposed in the Master Plan is no longer a part of the proposed project. However, new baseball lockers and dugouts are proposed at the site of the current baseball field. Also, a new fence will be included along the border of the field.
Proposed Volleyball Courts, Football and Soccer Fields. Volleyball courts and one full-sized field (for football and soccer) east of the existing field was proposed. A retaining wall would be constructed along the east side of the field to allow the fields to be level.	The volleyball courts and football/soccer field are not included in the updated Master Plan.
Women's Athletic Field. The Master Plan proposed to locate a new women's athletic field on the north side of campus directly east of the Women's Gymnasium.	The new Women's athletic field is no longer a part of the proposed project. The existing field will remain.
Plant Facility. The Master Plan proposed the addition of new plant/storage facilities building to be located just south of the proposed 2,200-space parking structure. The existing plant facility was to be demolished in order to construct a new Language Arts Center on that site.	The revised plan keeps the existing plant facility intact. Improvements would be made to the facility without relocating it.

See Figure 1 for the Original Master Plan and Figure 2 for the Updated Master Plan.

New Facilities Included in Updated Master Plan

Transportation Center. There will be an uncovered transportation center/bus terminal to accommodate six buses with a park-and-ride facility located next to proposed Parking Structure No. 4.

Clock Tower. A 70-foot clock tower is proposed to be located adjacent to the main entrance of the campus along Cesar Chavez Boulevard. This tower would not contain bells or any mechanisms that would audibly announce the time.

Proposed Demolitions in Updated Master Plan

Buildings E-3 and E-5. Building E-3, which houses the Office Administration, Psychology and Philosophy Departments, and Building E-5, which houses the Business, Math, Social Sciences and Foreign Languages Departments, are to be demolished in order to construct the new Humanities Building. These existing buildings were to remain under the original Master Plan.

4.0 PREVIOUSLY DISCLOSED MASTER PLAN IMPACTS

The Master Plan Final EIR disclosed that there would be a significant impact on air quality related to PM₁₀ from construction and noise related to intermittent disruptions during construction. The Master Plan Final EIR concluded that, with application of mitigation as described in the Mitigation Monitoring Plan, no other significant environmental impacts would occur with respect to the construction and operation of the proposed project. The proposed changes to the Master Plan would result in no new significant environmental impacts that have not already been disclosed and considered in the Master Plan Final EIR for the proposed project.

5.0 DISCUSSION OF IMPACTS

5.1 Aesthetics and Lighting

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The primary concern of the Master Plan EIR was the potential impact of spillover lighting associated with tennis courts, athletic fields, and stadium lighting on adjacent residential properties. The Master Plan EIR indicated that no unavoidable significant impacts were anticipated with regard to aesthetics or lighting and that mitigation measures related to spillover lighting would reduce potential impacts to less-than-significant levels.

No scenic resources are found within or adjacent to the project site. The general project area is described as a developed urban setting with no distinguishing scenic or public views. No scenic highways exist.

Master Plan Update. The updated Master Plan does not add any new structures that would cast additional lighting onto adjacent residential communities. In addition, no specific changes with regard to lighting plans are proposed by the updated Master Plan. The location of security lighting may change. However, mitigation measures applicable to lighting would continue to be applicable. Therefore, no new significant impacts would result from the proposed project. Buildings, as proposed in the Master Plan Update, would not extend above four stories in height (excluding the revised Lot No. 3). Lot No. 3 parking structure will be six stories in height. The first two or three stories will be stepped back from the first floors so as to avoid a consistent six-story wall.

ddendum to East Los Angeles College Facilities Master

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

FINAL EIR MASTER PLAN

FIGURE 1

F-5 LIBRARY G-1 STUDENT CENTER G-3 AUDITORIUM G-9 NURSING P-1 AUTO TECHNOLOGY

BUSINESS, MATH SOCIAL SCIENCES FOREIGN LANGUAGES E-9 WOMEN'S GYMNASIUM

E-1 ADMINISTRATION
E-3 OFFICE ADMINISTRATION
PSYCHOLOGY
PHILOSOPHY

A-1 CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER

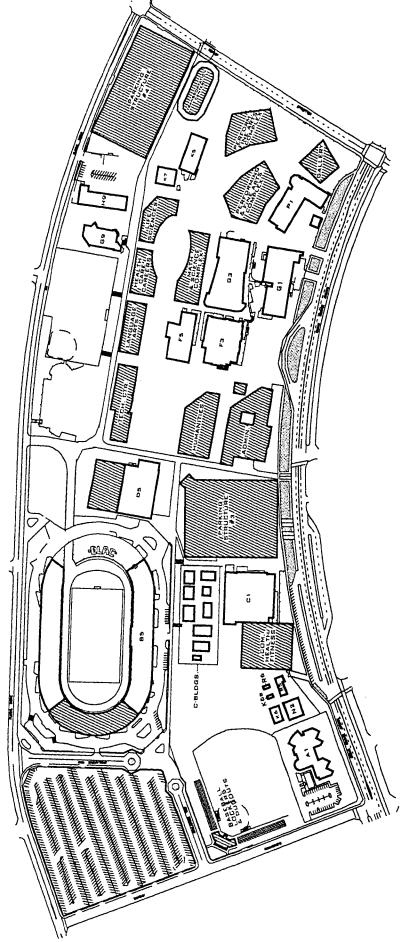
LEGEND

B-5 BLEACHERS C-1 MEN'S GYMNASIUM D-5 SWIMMING POOL

SOURCE: TDM Architects, Inc., 2000

E-5 (FORMER LIBRARY)

F-3 BAILEY LIBRARY



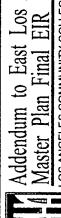
LEGEND:

PASSAGE FOR PEDESTRAINS & AUTOMOBILE... EXISTING BUILDINGS

BUILDING LEGEND:

A1 - CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER
B5 - WEINGART STADIUM/LOST
C1 - CB - C" BUILDINGS
C1 - ME NS GYMNASIUM
C0 - MENS GYMNASIUM
C0 - MENS GYMNASIUM
C0 - MENS GYMNASIUM
C1 - CB - ADMINISTRARY
F3 - BAILEY LIBRARY
F3 - BAILEY LIBRARY
F3 - STUDENT SERVICES/VINCENT
F8 - STUDENT SERVICES/VINCENT
F8 - STUDENT SERVICES/VINCENT
F8 - STUDENT SERVICES/VINCENT
F8 - STUDENT FACILITY
K5/K7 - MUSIC DEPT.
K6/K68 - CDMMUNITY SERVICES
P1 - AUTO TECHNOLOGY
F1 - CAUNORKS
F2 - FAMILY & CDNSUMER STUDIES

SOURCE: East Los Angeles College Master Plan



Addendum to East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan Final EIR

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

No other changes are proposed that would result in building heights extending over four stories. The Master Plan Update does, however, propose a 70-foot clock tower to be located near the main entrance of the campus along Cesar Chavez Boulevard. This structure would be visible from the surrounding area, but would not pose a negative aesthetic impact to the surrounding area as there are no scenic views or vistas in the vicinity of the campus. The tower, while extending 70-feet in height, would encompass a small footprint and thus be a narrow structure that would not block views. The structure would be designed to complement the building materials, style and character of the proposed changes to the campus boundaries. No bells or other audible mechanisms are proposed.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.2 Air Quality

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. For construction-related impacts, the Master Plan EIR disclosed that PM₁₀ emissions are expected to exceed South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) thresholds during the grading/excavation phase of the construction period, resulting in a significant impact. PM₁₀ abatement measures were recommended consistent with SCAQMD Rule 403 to reduce PM₁₀ levels to the maximum extent feasible. Such impacts, however, were not anticipated to be reduced to less-than-significant levels. The Master Plan EIR did not find any other impacts related to air quality.

Daily operations emissions for the Master Plan would be generated by motor vehicles. An evaluation of criteria pollutants; carbon monoxide (CO), reactive organic gas (ROG), nitrogen oxides (NO_{x)} and particulate matter (PM₁₀), determined that operational emissions would not exceed the SCAQMD significance threshold.

Master Plan Update. Potential PM₁₀ construction impacts are anticipated to remain in the updated plan. Changes proposed in the updated plan are not significantly different from the improvements proposed in the Master Plan. No new significant impacts would result from the proposed project, or would impacts be greater than impacts discussed in the Master Plan EIR.

Due to the fact that the two proposed parking facilities (Parking Structure No. 3 and No. 4) are larger than originally proposed, the proposed parking facilities were evaluated individually. The Weingart Stadium Parking Structure was originally proposed for 2,200 parking spaces. This structure will not be built as part of the updated Master Plan and will remain as the existing 865-space surface parking lot. As noted in **Table 2** below, no significant CO impacts would result due to the proposed changes. The CO concentrations would not exceed State standards and thus no significant impact would occur.

TABLE 2: MAS	STER PLAN UPDATE -	CO CONCENTRAT	ION AT PARKING FAC	LITIES
Parking Struc	ture No. 3 - Parking at	South Side of Camp	ous - 1,896 parking spa	ces
Distance (meters)	1-Hour CO concentration (ppm)	Exceed 1-hr Standard? (20 ppm)	8-Hour CO Concentration (ppm)	Exceed 8-Hour Standard? (9.0 ppm)
15	4.397	no	3.078	no
30	4.218	no	2.953	no
60	4.014	no	2.810	no
120	3.533	no	2.473	no
240	3.685	no	2.580	no
Parking Struct	ure No. 4 - Parking at I	Northeast Corner of	Campus - 1,600 parkir	ng spaces
Distance (meters)	1-Hour CO concentration (ppm)	Exceed 1-hr Standard? (20 ppm)	8-Hour CO Concentration (ppm)	Exceed 8-Hour Standard? (9.0 ppm)
15	4.398	no	3.079	no
30	4.236	no	2.965	no
60	4.036	no	2.825	no
120	3.844	no	2.691	no
240	3.678	по	2.574	no
SOURCE: Terry A. Ha	yes Associates LLC, 2004			

Daily operations emissions (CO, ROG, NO_x and PM₁₀) are a function of the number of vehicles accessing the site. The proposed update does not anticipate in increase in enrollment over that discussed in the Master Plan EIR, therefore, CO, ROG, NO_x and PM₁₀ were not re-evaluated. Thus, no significant impact due to vehicle emissions as a result of increased enrollment is anticipated. Thus, no significant impact due to the proposed update to the Master Plan is anticipated.

Transportation Center: The new transportation center is designed to accommodate an existing transit system. There are no plans to increase service to the surrounding area due to the Master Plan Update projects or this facility. No significant adverse impact would result.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.3 Cultural Resources

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan EIR stated that a record search of the ELAC campus, conducted by the South Central Coastal Information Center, found that no historical or prehistoric archaeological sites were located within a one-half-mile radius of the campus. No State or National historic places or points of interest were located within the area, and a search conducted by the California Native American Heritage Commission failed to indicate the presence of any Native American cultural resources in the immediate project area. In addition, no buildings of historic value were identified. Thus, no impact to historical resources was anticipated.

Master Plan Update. Due to the fact that there are no cultural resources existing on-site, no new significant impacts would result.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.4 Geology and Seismicity

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The potential for groundshaking was found to be high because the ELAC campus is situated above the Elysian Park Thrust Fault. The potential effects of groundshaking would be reduced to less-than-significant levels by designing all new buildings according to current City and State seismic building and development code requirements. The Master Plan EIR also found that landsliding could occur due to seismic groundshaking. Because there is a state-designated landslide zone on-site, impacts were anticipated. However, implementation of a mitigation measure requiring a detailed subsurface engineering geologic/geotechnical investigation prior to completing design plans for the proposed project would reduce impacts to less-than-significant levels.

<u>Master Plan Update</u>. The proposed project would be subject to the same building requirements and mitigation measures discussed in the Master Plan EIR.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.5 Hazards and Hazardous Materials

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The demolition and/or renovation of any structures with asbestos containing materials or lead-based paint was found to have the potential to release these substances into the atmosphere and cause a significant impact if these substances are not properly stabilized or removed prior to demolition. Implementation of mitigation measures to ensure the safe removal of such materials before demolition would reduce impacts associated with hazardous materials to less-than-significant levels.

Master Plan Update. In addition to the buildings proposed to be demolished in the Master Plan, two additional buildings will be demolished (Buildings E3 and E5). Due to the age of these buildings the potential for lead and asbestos-containing materials exists. The demolition of these buildings would be subject to proper removal and disposal. Mitigation measures stipulated in the Master Plan EIR would be applied to the updated plan to ensure safe removal of any hazardous materials before demolition. With the implementation of these mitigation measures, no new significant impacts would result.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.6 Land Use and Planning

<u>Master Plan EIR Conclusions</u>. The Master Plan EIR concluded that the proposed project was consistent with existing uses on campus and would not conflict with regional and local zoning and land use plans. No significant adverse land use impacts were anticipated.

Master Plan Update. The Master Plan Update proposes a 70-foot clock tower. The tower would be designed to complement the building materials, style and character of the proposed changes to the campus boundaries. The City of Monterey Park Zoning Code does not make reference to zoning requirements for this type of structure. This structure does exceed the building heights for the applicable R1 zone of thirty feet. This is a potential significant adverse impact.

With the exception of the proposed clock tower, the proposed changes to the Master Plan would be consistent with all regional and local zoning and land use plans. Therefore, with the exception of the proposed clock tower, the proposed project would not result in any new significant impacts and would be consistent with findings in the Master Plan EIR.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures.

Addendum LU1

The construction of a 70-foot clock tower shall be contingent upon a determination by the LACCD Board that ELAC is eligible under State Government Code, Section 53094 for an exemption from the Los Angeles County Zoning Ordinance.

Level of Significant After Mitigation. Less than significant.

5.7 Noise

<u>Master Plan EIR Conclusions</u>. Noise limit thresholds would likely be exceeded due to construction activities. Mitigation measures were recommended to reduce construction noise impacts to the maximum extent feasible. However, an unavoidable significant adverse impact due to intermittent disruptions during construction was disclosed

For operational impacts, changes in traffic-related noise were concluded to be less than three decibels. This level of change is not discernable to the human ear, therefore, no significant impacts due to traffic-related noise were anticipated.

The modernization of Weingart Stadium was anticipated to have the greatest impact on noise levels in the project vicinity due to proposed increase from 20,400 to 30,000 attendees under worst-case conditions. The Master Plan EIR concluded that noise increases of greater than three decibels were likely at nearby sensitive receptors.

Master Plan Update. Potential construction-related noise impacts would not increase due to the updated plan. The update to the Master Plan would not extend the length of time that construction activities would occur as the proposed facilities are virtually the same. The location of some of these facilities on campus have changed. Most of the facilities have moved away from the periphery of the campus closer to the core. These facilities would be subject to the same mitigation measures identified in the Master Plan EIR. No new significant impact would result from the proposed project.

Operational noise levels are the result of traffic-related noise, which is driven by enrollment. The proposed changes in the Master Plan Update would not increase enrollment. Thus, there would not be a significant impact related to operational noise levels.

Noise impacts from the proposed stadium modernization are no longer anticipated as the increase in stadium capacity is no longer proposed. In addition, seating in the stadium has been decreased by 400 seats to meet ADA requirements.

The Master Plan Update proposes a 70-foot clock tower. This clock tower would not affect noise levels as this clock tower does not include bells, chimes or any audible component.

Transportation Center: The new transportation center is designed to accommodate an existing transit system. There are no plans to increase service to the surrounding area due to Master Plan Update projects or this facility. No significant adverse impact would result on noise.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.8 Public Services

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan Final EIR found that no potential significant impacts to fire protection were anticipated. Increase in enrollment due to Master Plan improvements was anticipated to result in a significant impact on security. The implementation of mitigation measures to improve security on the ELAC campus was found to reduce this potential impact to a less-than-significant level.

Master Plan Update. The updated plan proposes changes to ELAC on a similar scale to those in the Master Plan in different configurations. In some cases, the level of development under the updated plan would be less intense. Further, the proposed updates would not result in an increase in student enrollment over the additional 8,000 students projected in the Master Plan. Since no significant impact was indicated in the Master Plan EIR for that level of development or enrollment, no new significant impact would result from the proposed project.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.9 Transportation and Traffic

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan EIR summarized the findings of a traffic and parking study conducted by Kaku Associates in September 2000. The study evaluated traffic generated by the proposed Facilities Master Plan and the impacts on the surrounding street system. The traffic analysis addressed existing conditions, cumulative base conditions, and cumulative plus project conditions. Existing and future parking demands were also analyzed in detail, and traffic and parking mitigation measures were recommended as needed.

Twelve project area intersections were analyzed to determine the volume to capacity (V/C) ratio and corresponding level of service (LOS) for the signalized intersections and average vehicle delay for unsignalized intersections.

The study concluded that three of the twelve intersections would be significantly impacted by the proposed project. These intersections are Bleakwood Avenue at Floral Drive, Bleakwood Avenue at Avenida Cesar Chavez, and Collegian Avenue at Floral Drive. However, with implementation of mitigation measures, impacts associated with the proposed project at these intersections would be reduced to less-than-significant levels.

Special Event Parking: The study concluded that "special event" traffic related to the proposed expansion of Weingart Stadium could impact access to residential properties, as well as on-street parking for residential properties located along Bleakwood Avenue and Floral Drive. In order to mitigate such impacts to less-than-significant levels, a Special Event Traffic, Parking and Access Management Program was recommended as a mitigation measure.

Parking: The Master Plan proposed 5,336 parking spaces (3,506 new), allowing all students who currently park off-campus to be accommodated on-site. Projected year 2015 peak parking demand for the campus is 1,730 spaces during the morning period, 1,335 spaces during the afternoon, and 1,599 spaces during the evening hours. The traffic study stated that the parking demand created by the project would easily be accommodated by these parking spaces.

Special Event Parking: The study concluded that "special event" parking would be accommodated by oncampus parking facilities. However, under worst case conditions (full capacity of the stadium) mitigation measures would ensure that no significant impact occur. Master Plan Update. A traffic and parking analysis update was prepared by Kaku Associates dated October, 2003. The change in the proposed parking plan due to the update to the Master Plan results in a reduction in the number of parking structures and re-allocates the number of parking spaces in each on-campus parking lot. The traffic analysis update includes a review of Parking Structures No. 3 and No. 4. In addition the three intersections found to be impacted in the Master Plan EIR were re-evaluated.

The intersections re-evaluated were:

- Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue
- Collegian Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue
- Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive

Using the City of Monterey Park's impact criteria, the intersection at Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue is projected to operate at LOS E during PM peak hours under the update as was noted in the Master Plan EIR. The September 2000 traffic study indicated that installing a traffic signal at this intersection would mitigate the impact to a less-than-significant level. This mitigation is still required. No new significant impact would result at this intersection.

Re-evaluation of the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue indicated that during the AM peak hour the intersection will operate at LOS B due to the proposed changes to the Master Plan. At LOS B this intersection will operate at an acceptable LOS as defined by the City of Monterey Park's impact criteria. Thus, no new significant impact would result.

The intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive was not significantly impacted as identified in the previous analysis, due to the re-allocation of parking spaces resulting from the change in the parking plan. Thus, no new significant impact would result at this intersection.

Review of Potential Traffic Impacts due to Changes in Parking: A review of Parking Structure No. 3, located at the intersection of Cesar Chavez Avenue and School Side Avenue was conducted to determine traffic-related impacts. Two access points to the structure are provided via the service road. The study concluded that there is sufficient capacity to accommodate the projected AM and PM peak hour through-movement. No new significant impact would result.

A review of Parking Structure No. 4, proposed on the southwest corner of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive, was conducted. Access would be provided off of both Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive. It was determined that improvements would be required to accommodate the projected capacity at this intersection due to improvements to this structure. With implementation of mitigation measures identified below, a less-than-significant impact would result. Previous mitigation for this intersection included the provision of a left-turn lane, a through lane, and a shared through/right-turn lane on the eastbound approach of Floral Drive. This mitigation measure would remain and no new significant impacts would result.

Parking: Approximately 4,744 parking spaces will be provided on-campus. Year 2015 peak parking demand would occur in the morning with a demand for 1,730 parking spaces. The proposed 4,744 parking spaces would accommodate this demand. No new significant impact would result.

Special Event Parking: The total number of on-campus parking spaces will increase from 1,830 to approximately 4,744 spaces. Further, the two athletic fields (the woman's athletic field and the baseball field) can be used as surface parking during special events. The two athletic fields can provide an additional 1,490 parking spaces for a total of 6,234 parking spaces. In the event of a fully occupied stadium (20,000 spectators), the proposed 6,234 parking spaces would provide sufficient parking with a surplus of 569 spaces. No new significant impact would occur.

The proposed revisions also includes a transportation facility to accommodate six buses. No changes to the provision of bus service are anticipated. The transportation facility is proposed to ensure the safe flow of pedestrian traffic along Collegian Avenue, as well as the efficient flow of vehicular traffic. The addition of this structure would not result in an unavoidable significant impact.

Transportation Center: The Transportation Center will be located along the eastern boundary of the campus just south of Parking Structure No. 4. This facility would not impact traffic or parking in the vicinity of the campus. This facility is designed to accommodate existing bus service to the area. The facility would be a beneficial use as it would provide a safe and convenient location for students and other transit riders to gain access to buses. Further, removing buses from Collegian Avenue allows for better flow of traffic.

Project-Specific Mitigation Measures.

Addendum T1 Provide a separated westbound left-turn lane at the intersection of Collegian Avenue

and Floral Drive.

Addendum T2 Provide a separate northbound left-turn lane at the Collegian Avenue driveway.

Level of Significance After Mitigation. Less than significant.

5.10 Utilities and Service Systems

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan, due to a projected increase in student enrollment, was anticipated to increase water usage by 125,000 gallons per day. The Master Plan EIR identified that there was sufficient capacity in the existing water pipe system to accommodate the additional water usage and construction of a new system would not be necessary. However, in an effort to comply with regional efforts to conserve water, the Master Plan EIR recommended mitigation measures to ensure that water resources were conserved to the greatest extent feasible.

The campus improvements under the Master Plan would result in an increase in average wastewater flow of approximately 70,075 gallons per day. Based on a conversation with the County sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County, there is sufficient capacity to accommodate the additional wastewater flow.

The Master Plan was anticipated to generate an additional 0.5 tons of solid waste per day. Solid waste generated by the campus is accepted at the La Puente Landfill and additional solid waste contribution would be negligible. Mitigation measures were recommended to help ensure that conservation measures are observed to limit the amount of future solid waste to the extent feasible.

<u>Master Plan Update</u>. The updated Master Plan does not result in any increases in student enrollment or campus usage that may potentially burden utilities and service systems. Therefore, no new significant impacts would result from the proposed project.

As part of the proposed revisions to the Parking Facility No. 3 (which was originally proposed with tennis courts on the roof) solar collectors might be installed on the top level. The installation of solar collectors would be done in accordance with the District Mandate to use renewable power on District campuses to the extent practicable. A beneficial impact would occur should the solar collectors be installed.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.11 Recreation

Master Plan EIR Conclusions.

Impacts related to recreation were not evaluated in the Master Plan EIR due to the fact that during the scoping process no impacts to recreation was anticipated. The Master Plan does not contain a residential component and thus, an increase in demand for neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities was not anticipated.

Master Plan Update. The Master Plan included a component that would have relocated the tennis courts to the top level of a parking structure (Lot #3). The update does not include replacement of the tennis courts but instead proposes the top level as the future location of solar panels. The loss of these facilities could potentially result in the increase of the use of existing neighborhood, regional parks or other recreational facilities but such use would not result in substantial physical deterioration of these facilities. Further, as documented in the Master Plan EIR, the Master Plan update does not contain a residential component ad would not require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None Required.

6.0 SUMMARY OF MITIGATION MEASURES

This section summarizes the mitigation measures identified in the previous section. This mitigation measures are in addition to the measures adopted for the ELAC Facilities Master Plan project as provided in the Master Plan EIR and Mitigation Monitoring Program.

Land Use and Planning

Addendum LU1 The construction of a 70-foot clock tower shall be contingent upon a determination

by the LACCD Board that ELAC is eligible under State Government Code, Section

53094 for an exemption from the Los Angeles County Zoning Ordinance.

Traffic and Transportation

Addendum T1 Provide a separated westbound left-turn lane at the intersection of Collegian Avenue

and Floral Drive.

Addendum T2 Provide a separate northbound left-turn lane at the Collegian Avenue driveway.

7.0 EFFECTS DETERMINED NOT TO BE SIGNIFICANT

In the preparation of the Master Plan certain CEQA topic areas were not discussed because these effects were considered not significant or not expected to occur. These topic areas are:

- Agricultural Resources
- Biological Resources
- Flood Hazard
- Mineral Resources
- Population and Housing
- Scenic Resources
- Schools

The proposed update to the Master Plan would not result in the need to address these topic areas. However, in the case of recreation it is noted that the existing tennis courts will not be replaced as part of the update. Recreational impacts is documented in Section 5.0 above.

APPENDIX A

TRAFFIC STUDY UPDATE

A Corporation

Transportation Planning

Traffic Engineering

Parking Studies

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Randi Cooper, Terry A. Hayes Associates

FROM:

Chris Munoz Paul Taylor

SUBJECT:

East Los Angeles Community College Master Plan EIR

Traffic and Parking Analysis Update

DATE:

October 15, 2003

REF: 1680

Kaku Associates, Inc. has been retained to update the traffic analysis included in *Traffic and Parking Study for East Los Angeles Community College Master Plan EIR*, Kaku Associates, September 2000, due to a design change in the proposed parking plan. The change in the proposed parking plan reduces the number of parking structures and re-allocates the number of parking spaces in each on-campus parking lot. This analysis updates three of the ten analyzed intersections in the previous EIR study and includes the following:

- Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue
- Collegian Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue
- Collegian Avenue and Floral Avenue

A previous memorandum was prepared on January 16, 2003 that updated the traffic and parking study due to planned upgrades to the College Stadium, as well as addressed issues raised by the City of Monterey Park. The traffic analysis included in this memorandum is based on the methodologies, assumptions, and procedures included within the above-mentioned previous studies.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The East Los Angeles Community College (ELACC) Master Plan project consists of a campus-wide program designed to enhance and improve the existing campus facilities and to allow for an increase in enrollment to approximately 25,000 full time students by the year 2015. The program includes the renovation of or the addition to several buildings and the construction of some new facilities including parking structures. In addition, a new bus layover facility is proposed on Collegian Avenue, south of the Floral Drive.

1453 Third Street, Suite 400

Santa Monica, CA 90401

UPDATE TO PROPOSED PARKING PLAN

The proposed parking plan for the ELACC Master Plan originally included a total of four parking structures and five surface parking lots with a total of 5,336 spaces. These parking facilities include the following:

Parking Structures

- Stadium Structure 2,200 spaces
- Tech Structure 300 spaces
- Tennis Structure 1,350 spaces
- Language Structure 1,000 spaces

Surface Parking Lots

- Administration Lot 9 spaces
- Avalanche Way On-Street 70 spaces
- Northeast Lot (adjacent to Collegian Avenue) 119 spaces
- East Lot (adjacent to Collegian Avenue) 71 spaces
- Southeast Lot (adjacent to Collegian Avenue) 217 spaces

This proposed parking plan is illustrated in Figure 1. Both the Master Plan EIR and the January 16, 2002 Update memo are based on the proposed parking plan.

The update to the proposed parking plan reduces the number of parking structures and reallocates the parking spaces to other on-campus facilities. This parking plan is illustrated in Figure 2 and includes the following changes:

- Stadium Structure is not proposed. The existing 865-spaces surface lot will remain.
- Proposed Tennis Structure to provide 1,900 spaces.
- Proposed Language Structure to provided 1,600 spaces.
- Northeast Lot, East Lot, and Southeast Lot not proposed.

Table 1 summarizes the results of these changes.

PROJECT TRAFFIC PROJECTIONS

This analysis uses the same three-step process described in the traffic study, which includes the estimation of project traffic generation, trip distribution, and traffic assignment.

Project Trip Generation

The number of trips generated by the proposed project was estimated based on trip generation rates/equations included in the Institute of Transportation Engineers' *Trip Generation*, 6th Edition. Approximately 5,407 net new trips per day will be generated by the 3,511 new daytime students.

Approximately 492 net new trips will occur during the morning peak hour, and 597 net new trips will result during the evening peak hour.

Project Trip Distribution

The geographic distribution of project traffic used in the traffic study was based primarily on the geographic distribution of students, staff, and faculty. The anticipated regional distribution pattern for the campus, based on historical student residence zip code information, is as follows:

- 32% North
- 10% South
- 19% East
- 39% West

Project Trip Assignment

Using the estimated trip generation and the revised distribution pattern within the study area, the traffic generated by the proposed project was assigned to the street network, resulting in the Cumulative Plus Project peak hour traffic volumes. These volumes represent future conditions with the completed project.

TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS

The intersection impacts were evaluated using the same "Intersection Capacity Utilization" (ICU) method of analysis to determine the intersection volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio and corresponding level of service for the two signalized study intersections. The third study intersection was analyzed using the "Two-Way Stop Control" analysis method contained in Transportation Research Board, *Highway Capacity Manual, Special Report No. 209*, 1997, which calculates the average vehicle delay (in seconds) for the intersection. The results are summarized in Table 2. The supporting calculation worksheets appear in the appendix.

Traffic Impacts

Using the City of Monterey Park's impact criteria, project traffic would produce V/C increases large enough to result in significant impacts at two of the three study intersections re-evaluated during one or both of the peak hours, although one of these intersections (Collegian Avenue & Cesar Chavez Avenue) would operate at acceptable levels of service (LOS C or better). According to City guidelines, since this impacted intersection is projected to operate at acceptable levels of service, excess capacity would be available at the intersection, and specific project-related mitigation measures would not be required. However, Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez

Avenue is projected to operate at LOS D during the afternoon peak hour and requires mitigation. Table 2 further indicates that the resulting project traffic would not produce V/C increases large enough to result in a significant impact at the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive. Therefore no mitigation measure is required at this location.

Mitigation Measures

It was determined that the proposed project would have a significant impact at the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue. As recommended in the previous study, installing a traffic signal at this intersection would mitigate the significant impact.

Table 2 summarizes the proposed mitigation measure's effectiveness. As indicated, the proposed measure will fully mitigate the project impact at this intersection and will reduce the level of service to less than significant.

PARKING ANALYSIS

The parking needs and potential impacts of a fully occupied 20,000-seat stadium during a special event were examined. The following section describes the estimated parking demand for the facility, the magnitude of the parking supply, and the results of an evaluation of the proposed supply's adequacy.

Parking Demand

The existing stadium accommodates approximately 20,000 spectators. Of that total, approximately 15 percent (3,000 spectators) are assumed to arrive via transit. In comparison, the City of Los Angeles Department of Transportation estimates that roughly 20 percent of the spectators at the Los Angeles Memorial Coliseum will arrive via a non-automobile mode (Source: Wilbur Smith & Associates, *Feasibility Study of Estimated Parking Demand and Revenues*, prepared for the Los Angeles Memorial Coliseum Commission, June 1986).

Thus, approximately 17,000 spectators will arrive via automobile. According to the Institute of Transportation Engineers' *Transportation and Traffic Engineering Handbook, 2nd Edition,* six out of the ten football stadiums studied had auto occupancy rates ranging from 2.7 to as high as 3.2 persons per vehicle. Given that the auto occupancy rates vary from 2.7 to 3.2 persons per vehicle, the average occupancy rate of 3.0 would be more reasonable to use. Applying the average occupancy factor of 3.0 to the proposed 17,000 spectators creates a parking demand of approximately 5,665 parking spaces.

Parking Supply

The existing campus provides approximately 1,830 on-site parking spaces throughout the site, including approximately 865 spaces in the existing stadium surface lot at the southeast corner of Floral Drive and Avalanche Way and 70 additional metered spaces along Avalanche Way.

As part of the proposed Master Plan project, a significant amount of additional parking will be constructed. The total number of on-campus spaces will increase from 1,830 to approximately 4,744 spaces, as shown in Table 1. Most significantly, a new 1,900-space parking structure is proposed south of the current stadium, increasing available parking adjacent to the stadium.

In addition, two athletic fields, the women's athletic field and the baseball field, can be used as surface parking lots during events at the stadium. In order to optimize the use of the playing fields for parking, the Rose Bowl uses three parking arrangements depending on the event size: regular (2-stack), 3-stack and 5-stack parking. Each parking arrangement is illustrated in Figure 3. In order to accommodate small crowds (25,000 spectators), the Rose Bowl uses the 2-stack parking arrangement and the 3-stack arrangement for medium crowds (up to 50,000 spectators). For spectators of 100,000, the Rose Bowl uses the 5-stack arrangement.

When larger crowds are attracted to the East Los Angeles College stadium, it is recommended that the college use the 2-stack arrangement to maximize the use of the baseball field. If the 2-stack arrangement is used, they can provide an additional 1,490 parking spaces at the baseball field. When combined with the 4,744 parking spaces proposed as part of the Master Plan project, the total parking supply for the campus would be 6,234 spaces.

Assessment of Future Parking Conditions

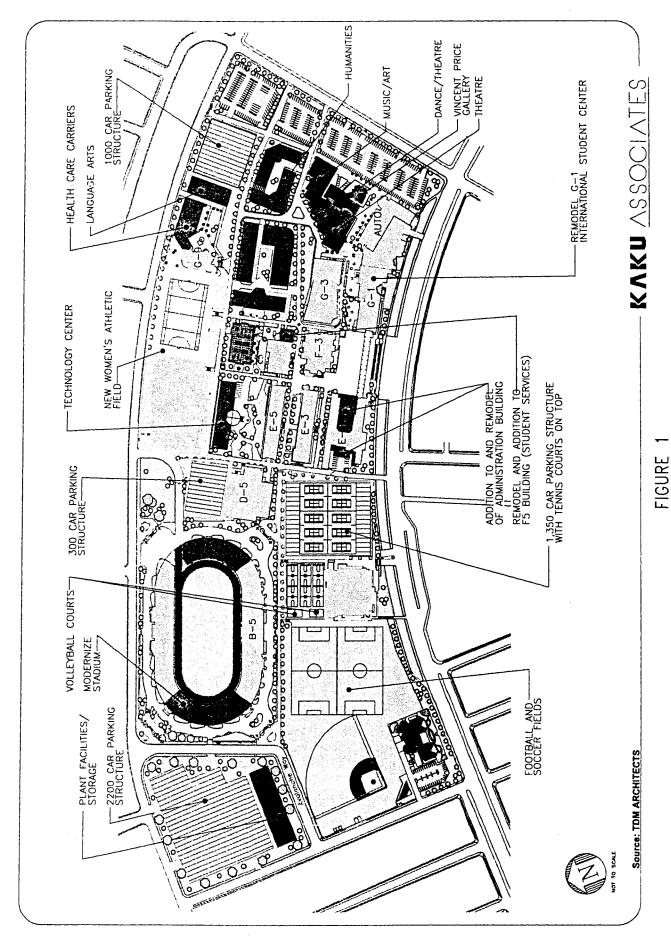
Table 3 summarizes the results of the analysis of the future parking conditions for the campus with a fully occupied 20,000-seat stadium. This represents the worst-case analysis. As shown, the number of parking spaces provided due to campus improvements would be 569 spaces more than the 5,665 estimated parking demand for the stadium if the 2-stack parking arrangement is used. Thus, with an average occupancy rate of 3.0 and 15 percent arriving via transit, the current 6,234 parking supply can accommodate a fully occupied stadium during a sold out event.

SUMMARY

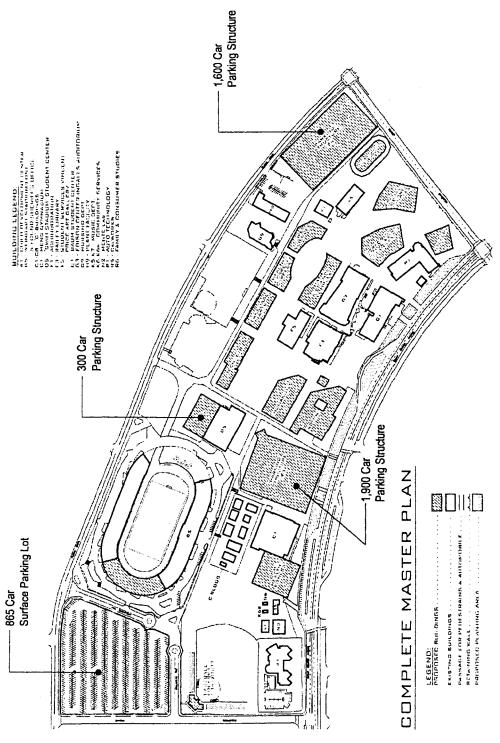
Three intersections were analyzed for this study. Based on the standards established by the City of Monterey Park, the intersection of Bleakwood Avenue and Cesar Chavez Avenue would be significantly impacted by the proposed Master Plan expansion and would require mitigation. This is the same intersection impacted in the original traffic study. To fully mitigate the project impact, provide a traffic signal at this intersection.

The parking needs and potential impacts of a fully occupied stadium event were assessed. With an average occupancy rate of 3.0 and 15 percent arriving via transit, the proposed 6,234 parking supply due to the campus Master Plan project can accommodate 20,000 visitors at the stadium, with a surplus of 569 spaces. The proposed parking supply will be able to support a fully occupied stadium during a sold out event.

This update did not identify any new or additional project impacts beyond the Master Plan analyses already performed for the EIR. No additional mitigation beyond that already identified in the Master Plan traffic study is necessary. However, due to the re-allocation of parking spaces resulting from the change in parking plan used in this analysis, the intersection of Collegian Avenue and Floral Drive was not significantly impacted as identified in the previous analyses.



EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE CAMPUS MASTER PLAN (FROM EIR)



Source: Terry A. Hayes Associates

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE CAMPUS MASTER PLAN (UPDATE) FIGURE 2

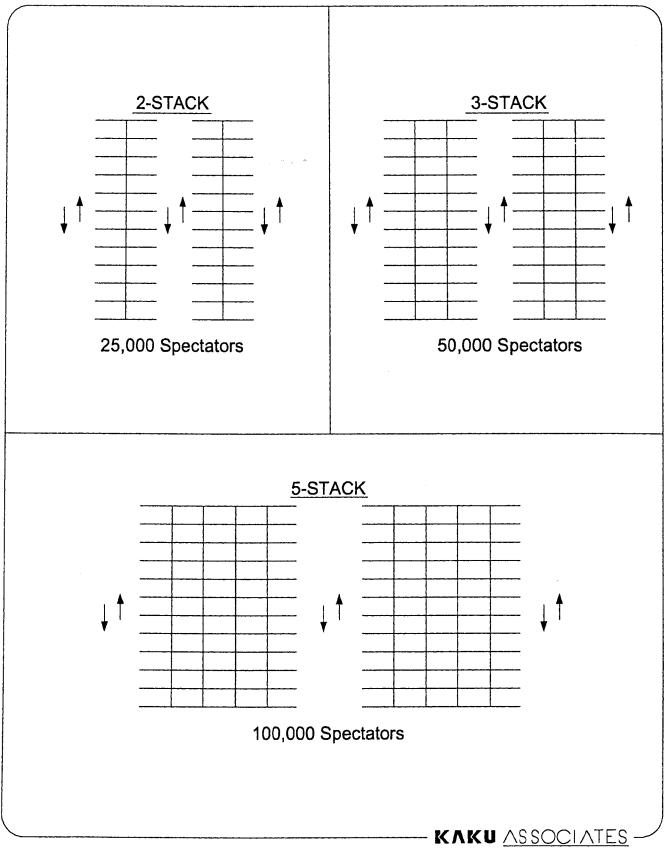


FIGURE 3
ALTERNATIVE PARKING ARRANGEMENTS

TABLE 1 PARKING INVENTORY

EX	EXISTING	PROPOSED (old)	ED (old)	PROPOSED (update)) (update)
Lot	Number of Spaces	Lot	Number of Spaces	Lot	Number of Spaces
Pool Lot	104	Stadium Structure	2,200	Stadium Lot	865
Tennis Lot	92	Tech Structure	300	Tech Structure	300
Admin Lot	14	Tennis Structure	1,350	Tennis Structure	1,900
M-2 Lot	37	Language Structure	1,000	Language Structure	1,600
Northeast Lot	398	Admin Lot	o	Admin Lot	თ
Southeast Lot	84	Avalanche	70	Avalanche	02
Men's PE Lot	15	Northeast Lot	119		
Access Rd	151	East Lot	7.1		
Avalanche	70	Southeast Lot	217		
Stadium Lot	865				
Total	1,830	Total	5,336	Total	4,744
	NET TOTAL		3,506		2,914

TABLE 2
YEAR 2015 CUMULATIVE BASE AND CUMULATIVE PLUS PROJECT INTERSECTION LEVELS OF SERVICE

		Cumulative	tive	Cumulative	ve +	Project	Significant	Ξ	With	Project	
	Peak	Base		Project	#	Increase	Project	Mitig	Mitigation	Increase	Residual
Intersection	Hour	V/C or Delay	ros	V/C or Delay	ros	in V/C or Defay	Impact	DIΛ	SOT	in V/C	Impacts
5. Bleakwood Av &	A	14	œ	22	O	80	<u>Q</u>	0.438	∢	n/a	ON ON
Cesar Chavez Av [a]	M.	21	ပ	20	ш	29	YES	0.473	∢	n/a	2
8. Collegian Av &	AM	0.538	∢	0.612	80	0.07	00	<u>ā</u>	<u> </u>		
Cesar Chavez Av	₽ ¥	0.604	മ	0.691	80	60:0	ON	<u> </u>	9		
10. Collegian Avenue &	A	0.557	∢	0.573	∢	0.016	O _N	[<u>q</u>]	Q		
Floral Drive	ď.	0.875	۵	606.0	ш	0.034	O _N	<u> </u>	<u>s</u>		

[a] Stop controlled intersection; methodology does not calculate V/C. Delay is reported as total intersection delay, in seconds. [b] No mitigation required.

TABLE 3
PROPOSED PARKING PLAN

	Number of Spaces
Parking Demand	5,665
Parking Supply Parking Lots Athletic Fields Total	4,744 <u>1,490</u> 6,234
Surplus/Shortfall	569

APPENDIX

Cumulative Base Plus ProjecTue Feb 3, 2004 11:48:34 Page 5-1 Level Of Service Computation Report 1997 HCM Unsignalized Method (Base Volume Alternative) Intersection #2 Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av ****************** Average Delay (sec/veh): 3.1 Worst Case Level Of Service: C[22.1] ************************ Approach: North Bound South Bound East Bound West Bound Movement: L - T - R L - T - R -----Control: Stop Sign Stop Sign Uncontrolled Uncontrolled Rights: Include Include Include Lanes: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1! 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 -----|----|-----| Volume Module: Base Vol: 0 0 0 74 0 66 85 411 0 0 534 95 Initial Bse: 0 0 0 74 0 66 85 411 0 0 534 95 -----|-----| Critical Gap Module: Critical Gp:xxxxx xxxx xxxxx 6.8 xxxx 6.9 4.1 xxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx xxxxx FollowUpTim:xxxxx xxxx xxxxx 3.5 xxxx 3.3 2.2 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxxx -----|----|-----|------| Capacity Module: Cnflict Vol: xxxx xxxx xxxxx 957 xxxx 315 629 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx Potent Cap.: xxxx xxxx xxxx 259 xxxx 687 963 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxxx Move Cap.: xxxx xxxx xxxx 242 xxxx 687 963 xxxx xxxxx xxxx xxxx xxxxx Volume/Cap: xxxx xxxx xxxx 0.31 xxxx 0.10 0.09 xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx xxxx -----|----| Level Of Service Module:

Shared LOS: * * * * C * * * * * * * *

22.1

С

ApproachDel: xxxxxx

ApproachLOS:

*

xxxxxx

*

xxxxxx

CHIMITACIAE D	ase rius r	rojecri	re ren	3, 2	004 II:	49:57			F	age	2-1
		Level (of Seri	rice (Computa	etion 1	Penori	 -			
	1997 HCM U								ive)		
*****										***	*****
Intersection											

Average Dela	y (sec/veh	.):	4.6	Wor	st Case	e Leve	1 Of :	Service	≘:	E [49.7]

Approach: Movement:	North B				ound			ound		t Bo	
	L - T	- K	. رو ا	- 1	- K	ىد المحمد ال	- 1	- R	L -		
Control:	Stop S	ian	St	on S	ian	I I I In	contro	olled	Unco	ntro	lled
Rights:	Incl	ude		Incl	ude	011	Incl	ude	I	nclu	de
Lanes:	0 0 0				0 0	1		0 0			1 0
Volume Modul											•
Base Vol:	0 0			0	63	107	879	0	0	548	135
Growth Adj:			1.00	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 1	00	1.00
Initial Bse:		-	86	0	63	-	879		=	548	135
User Adj:			1.00		1.00		1.00				
PHF Adj: PHF Volume:				1.00	1.00		1.00				
Reduct Vol:	0 0	-	86 0	0	63 0	107 0		-	_	548 0	135 0
	0 0	_	_	0		107	_	_	a	548	135
Critical Gap		,	1 1			1 1			1 1		ļ
Critical Gp:				xxxx	6.9	4.1	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx x	xxx	xxxxx
FollowUpTim:				xxxx					xxxxx x		
Capacity Mod											
Cnflict Vol:									xxxx x		
Potent Cap.: Move Cap.:	XXXX XXXX	XXXXX	163						XXXX X		
Volume/Cap:				xxxx				xxxxx			
Level Of Serv			1 1			1 1			11		
Stopped Del:>	xxxx xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx	xxxx	xxxxx	9.4	xxxx	xxxxx	xxxxx x	xxx	xxxxx
LOS by Move:				*	*	A			*	*	*
Movement:								- RT			
Shared Cap.:											
Shrd StpDel:>											
Shared LOS:		*	*	E	*	*		*	*		*
ApproachDel: ApproachLOS:				49.7		X	xxxxx *		xxx	xxx	
uphroacuros:	•			E			*			*	

3

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

8. Collegian & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane: Left Lane: 1600 vph

1600 vph %

Double Lt Penalty: ITS:

%

N-S Split Phase: Ν E-W Split Phase: Ν 10

LOS:

В

Lost Time (% of cycle): V/C Round Off (decs.):

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	76	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.150 *
	TH	1.00	39	1,600	0.110	N-S(2):	0.139
	LT	0.00	61	1,600	0.038 *	E-W(1):	0.158
Westbound	RT	0.00	191	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.362 *
	TH	2.00	743	3,200	0.292 *		
	LT	1.00	66	1,600	0.041	V/C:	0.512
Northbound	RT	0.00	51	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	81	1,600	0.112 *		
	LT	0.00	47	1,600	0.029		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	27	0	0.000	ICU:	0.612

347

112

3,200

1,600

0.117

0.070 *

Date/Time:

PM PEAK HOUR

2.00

1.00

TH

LT

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	I VSIS
711 TOTOTT	141 4 141 1	LANES	VOLOIVIL	CALACITI	V/C	T TOO AINA	L 1010
Southbound	RT	0.00	91	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.247 *
	TH	1.00	61	1,600	0.162	N-S(2):	0.191
	LT	0.00	107	1,600	0.067 *	E-W(1):	0.294
Westbound	RT	0.00	181	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.344 *
	TH	2.00	621	3,200	0.251 *	1	
	LT	1.00	65	1,600	0.041	V/C:	0.591
Northbound	RT	0.00	124	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	118	1,600	0.180 *		
	LT	0.00	46	1,600	0.029	<u> </u>	
Eastbound	RT	0.00	53	0	0.000	ICU:	0.691
	TH	2.00	757	3,200	0.253		
	LT	1.00	148	1,600	0.093 *	LOS:	В

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

10. Collegian & Floral Dr

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project Conditions

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane:

1600 vph

Left Lane:

1600 vph

N-S Split Phase:

E-W Split Phase:

Ν Ν

Double Lt Penalty:

%

Lost Time (% of cycle): V/C Round Off (decs.): 10 3

ITS:

%

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	2	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.134 *
	TH	1.00	- 55	1,600	0.066	N-S(2):	0.125
	LT	0.00	48	1,600	0.030 *	E-W(1):	0.339 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	26	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.291
	TH	1.00	437	1,600	0.289		
	LT	1.00	145	1,600	0.091 *	V/C:	0.473
Northbound	RT	0.00	51	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	21	1,600	0.104 *		
	LT	0.00	95	1,600	0.059		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	105	0	0.000	ICU:	0.573
	TH	1.00	291	1,600	0.248 *		
	LT	1.00	3	1,600	0.002	LOS:	Α

n-	4-1	T:	ne:
IJA	16/	3 I I	ue.

PM PEAK HOUR

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.00	2	0	0.000	N-S(1):	0.229 *
	TH	1.00	30	1,600	0.033	N-S(2):	0.117
	LT	0.00	21	1,600	0.013 *	E-W(1):	0.580 *
Westbound	RT	0.00	38	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.261
	TH	1.00	378	1,600	0.260		
	LT	1.00	94	1,600	0.059 *	V/C:	0.809
Northbound	RT	0.00	164	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	1.00	47	1,600	0.216 *		
	LT	0.00	135	1,600	0.084		
Eastbound	RT	0.00	148	0	0.000	ICU:	0.909
	TH	1.00	685	1,600	0.521 *		
	LT	1.00	1	1,600	0.001	LOS:	E

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

Revised:

Project Title:

EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE MASTER PLAN

Intersection:

5. Bleakwood Av & Cesar Chavez Av

Description:

Cumulative Base + Project with Mitigations

Date/Time:

AM PEAK HOUR

Thru Lane: Left Lane: 1600 vph

1600 vph

N-S Split Phase: Ν E-W Split Phase: Ν

Double Lt Penalty: % ITS: %

Lost Time (% of cycle):

10 V/C Round Off (decs.): 3

APPROACH MVMT CAPACITY V/C ICU ANALYSIS LANES VOLUME Southbound RT 754 0.000 N-S(1): 0.088 * 0.47 66 0.000 0.000 TH N-S(2): 0.00 0 0 LT 0.53 74 846 0.088 * E-W(1): 0.128 Westbound 0.250 * RT 95 0.000 E-W(2): 0.00 TH 3,200 2.00 534 0.197 * V/C: 0.338 LT 0.00 0.000 0 0 Northbound RT 0 0 0.100 0.00 0.000 Lost Time: TH 0.00 0 0 0.000 * LT 0 0.000 0.00 0 Eastbound RT 0.00 0 0 0.000 ICU: 0.438 TH 3,200 0.128 2.00 411 LT 1.00 85 1,600 0.053 * LOS: Α

Date	/Time:

PM PEAK HOUR

APPROACH	MVMT	LANES	VOLUME	CAPACITY	V/C	ICU ANA	LYSIS
Southbound	RT	0.42	63	677	0.000	N-S(1):	0.093 *
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000	N-S(2):	0.000
	LT	0.58	86	923	0.093 *	E-W(1):	0.275
Westbound	RT	0.00	135	0	0.000	E-W(2):	0.280 *
	TH	2.00	548	3,200	0.213 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	V/C:	0.373
Northbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	Lost Time:	0.100
	TH	0.00	0	0	0.000 *		
	LT	0.00	0	0	0.000	l	
Eastbound	RT	0.00	0	0	0.000	ICU:	0.473
	TH	2.00	879	3,200	0.275	İ	
	LT	1.00	107	1,600	0.067 *	LOS:	Α
						i	

^{* -} Denotes critical movement

This document was printed on 30% recycled paper.

SECOND ADDENDUM TO THE EAST LOS ANGELES COLLEGE FACILITIES MASTER PLAN FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

STATE CLEARINGHOUSE NO. 2004109028

Prepared for

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

770 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90017

Prepared by

TERRY A. HAYES ASSOCIATES LLC

8522 National Boulevard, Suite 102 Culver City, CA 90232

January 3, 2008

		TABLE OF CONTENTS	<u>Page No.</u>
1.0	PRO	JECT OVERVIEW	1
2.0	ENV	RONMENTAL REVIEW REQUIREMENTS	1
3.0	SUBJ	ECT AND FOCUS OF THE ADDENDUM	2
4.0	PREV	VIOUSLY DISCLOSED MASTER PLAN IMPACTS	3
5.0	DISC	USSION OF IMPACTS	6
	5.1	Aesthetics and Lighting	6
	5.2	, Air Quality	6
	5.3	Cultural Resources	
	5.4	Geology and Seismicity	
	5.5	Hazards and Hazardous Materials	8
	5.6	Land Use and Planning	8
	5.7	Noise	8
	5.8	Public Services	9
	5.9	Transportation and Traffic	9
	5.10	Utilities and Service Systems	10
6.0	EFFE	ECTS DETERMINED NOT TO BE SIGNIFICANT	11
		LIST OF FIGURES	
Figure	: 1:		
Figure	2:	Floor Building Area Plans	5

i

1.0 PROJECT OVERVIEW

Introduction

The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires environmental review of all projects to determine whether there may be a significant impact on the environment. This report is the Second Addendum to the Final Environmental Impact Report (Final EIR) for the East Los Angeles College (ELAC) Facilities Master Plan Project, which specifically addresses the modernization and expansion of the existing Dr. Helen Miller Bailey Library. The Final EIR evaluated the potential environmental effects, which would result from implementation of the proposed ELAC Facilities Master Plan.

ELAC is located at 1301 Avenida Cesar Chavez in the City of Monterey Park, approximately 5.5 miles east of Downtown Los Angeles. More specifically, the ELAC campus is bounded by Avenida Cesar Chavez on the south, Floral Drive on the north, Collegian Avenue on the east, and Bleakwood Avenue on the west.

Background

As presented in the East Los Angeles College Master Plan Final Environmental Impact Report (Master Plan Final EIR), certified by the Los Angeles Community College District (LACCD) Board of Trustees (Lead Agency) on February 20, 2002, the Master Plan consisted of the addition of 433,149 square feet of space to the ELAC Facilities and 3,512 net new parking spaces within four new parking structures.

The Lead Agency certified that the EIR was prepared in accordance with CEQA and the State CEQA Guidelines, as amended. Findings of Fact were prepared for all significant impacts, and a Statement of Overriding Considerations was prepared for those significant impacts that could not be mitigated. These Findings of Fact were adopted by the Lead Agency at the time the Master Plan Final EIR was certified. For all impacts identified as significant, a Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) was adopted which outlined the required mitigation and identified those parties responsible for carrying out and enforcing these measures.

A Notice of Determination indicating LACCD approved the project was filed on February 25, 2002 with the Los Angeles County Clerk's Office. The 30-calendar-day statute of limitations on court challenges to the project approval expired on March 29, 2002. No challenges to the EIR or project approval of the project had been filed.

Due to budgetary issues, changes to the Master Plan were proposed in the First Addendum to the Master Plan Final EIR, which was prepared in February 2004. The proposed changes involved (1) a change in location of new facilities proposed in the Master Plan, (2) construction of new facilities not proposed in the Master Plan, and (3) demolition of existing facilities that were to remain intact under the Master Plan. This Addendum was adopted by the Lead Agency in 2004.

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

An Addendum to a previously certified Master Plan Final EIR is permitted if some changes or additions are necessary but none of the conditions described in Section 15162 calling for preparation of a subsequent EIR have occurred. The CEQA Guidelines provide in Sections 15162 and 15164 that an Addendum to a previously certified EIR can be prepared for a project if the criteria and conditions summarized below are satisfied:

taha 2007-130

- 1. **No Substantial Changes**. There are no substantial changes proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the previous EIR due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects.
- 2. **No Substantial Changes in Circumstances.** Substantial changes have not occurred with respect to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken which will require major revisions of the previous EIR due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects.
- 3. **No Substantial New Information**. There is no new information of substantial importance which was not known or could not have been known at the time of the previous EIR that shows any of the following:
 - (A) The project will have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR;
 - (B) Significant effects previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR;
 - (C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would, in fact, be feasible and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternatives; or
 - (D) Mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative.

Each of the above conditions is satisfied. There have been no substantial changes to the Master Plan design or components since certification of the Final EIR or the First Addendum. There is no substantial new information meeting any of the standards set forth in paragraph 3(A) through (D) above. Evaluation of the changes to the proposed modernization and expansion of the existing Helen Miller Bailey Library has been conducted, and no new significant impact is anticipated.

Accordingly, as detailed in the following sections, no supplemental or subsequent EIR is required in connection with this change in the Master Plan. CEQA Guidelines Section 15164 requires either the Lead Agency or a responsible agency to prepare an addendum to a previously certified EIR if "some changes or additions are necessary but none of the conditions described in Section 15162 calling for preparation of a subsequent EIR have occurred." In addition, Section 15164(b) provides that an addendum "may be prepared if only minor technical changes or additions are necessary."

ELAC has developed this addendum in order to fully reflect the Master Plan change described in Section 3.0 Subject and Focus of the Addendum. No circulation of this Addendum for public review is required by CEQA or the Guidelines per Section 15164(c)).

3.0 SUBJECT AND FOCUS OF THE ADDENDUM

The following sections of this report demonstrate that the criteria and conditions identified above have been satisfied and that this Addendum is the appropriate type of environmental documentation for the ELAC Facilities Master Plan, and a Subsequent or Supplemental EIR is not necessary. Specifically, this

report evaluates whether there are any potentially significant environmental impacts resulting from change to the Master Plan as a result of the proposed project.

As presented in the certified Final EIR, the ELAC Facilities Master Plan provided a comprehensive framework for the removal and remodeling of existing structures and the construction of new campus facilities. The subject and focus of this Addendum is to update the Master Plan (Master Plan Update) to include the modernization and expansion of the existing Dr. Helen Miller Bailey Library (library), which is centrally located on the ELAC campus, as shown in **Figure 1**. This improvement was not included in the original Master Plan or the proposed changes to the Master Plan that were addressed in the First Addendum to the Final EIR.

The existing library faces Cesar Chavez Avenue within the ceremonial courtyard adjacent to the Administration and Student Services buildings. This two-story library contains approximately 45,400 gross square feet (GSF), and at the time of its completion in December 1979, it was designed to hold 110,000 volumes and seat 600 students, as well as house reading rooms, study carrels, student study areas, stacks, microfilm reading, and library offices.

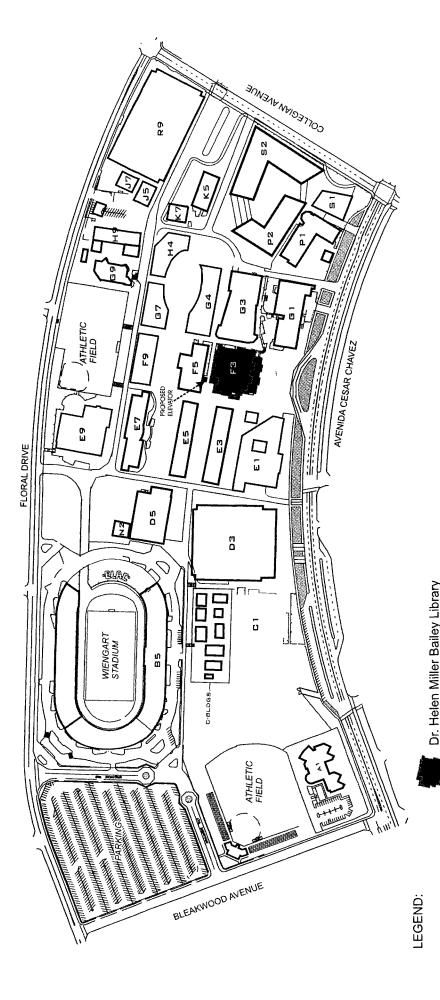
Due to the current and anticipated future growth of the campus and ever changing library services, the library necessitates the proposed expansion and modernization to address current and future technology and resource demands. The existing library would be expanded to approximately 57,100 GSF, an increase of 11,700 GSF to accommodate changing student population and increased collection size. The improved library would (1) accommodate approximately 150,000 volumes; (2) include reading and study facilities of varying sizes and types from individual to small and medium group study rooms; (3) house library offices, campus archives and library support; and (4) create a new building entrance.

Computer and technology now take an important role in library services, factors that were not considered when the library was originally designed. The existing library was constructed under the 1973 Uniform Building Code and requires updating to current codes and standards. Modernization of the library would also address computer and technology changes, fire protection/life safety, accessibility, security, and seismic modifications based on Division of the State Architect (DSA) requirements.

In addition, the proposed improvements would involve the removal of the existing bridge that connects the library building to the Campus Center building (Building F5 in **Figure 1**) and the addition of an elevator to Building F5 to provide access for the disabled to the second level. **Figure 2** shows the existing first and second floor plans for the proposed improvements to the existing library.

4.0 PREVIOUSLY DISCLOSED MASTER PLAN IMPACTS

The Master Plan Final EIR disclosed that there would be a significant impact on air quality related to PM₁₀ from construction and a significant impact on noise related to intermittent disruptions during construction. The Master Plan Final EIR concluded that, with application of mitigation as described in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, no other significant environmental impacts would occur with respect to the construction and operation of the proposed project. The proposed change to the Master Plan as a result of the modernization and expansion of the existing Dr. Helen Miller Bailey Library would not result in any new significant environmental impacts that have not already been disclosed and considered in the Master Plan Final EIR and First Addendum for the implementation of the ELAC Facilities Master Plan.



F3 - DR. HELEN MILLER BAILEY LIBRARY F5 - CAMPUS CENTER

BUILDING LEGEND

F9 - NEW LANGUAGE ARTS BUILDING G1 - BAUM STUDENT CENTER G3 - AUDITORIUM G4 - NEW MATH & SCIENCE #3 G7 - NEW HEALTH CARE BUILDING G9 - NURSING DEPARTMENT H4 - NEW MATH & SCIENCE #2 H9 - PLANT FACILITY

J5 - NEW OFFICE J7 - NEW CARPENTRY BUILDING

A1 - CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER
B5 - WEINGART STADIUM/SHERIFF'S OFFICE
C1 - MEN'S GYMNASIUM
D3 - PARKING STRUCTURE #3 (UNDER CONSTRUCTION)
D5 - "SWIM STADIUM" - STUDENT CENTER
E1 - STUDENT SERVICES
E3 - CLASSROOM BUILDING
E5 - CLASSROOM BUILDING
E7 - NEW TECHNOLOGY CENTER
E9 - WOMEN'S GYMNASIUM

K5/K7 - MUSIC DEPARTMENT

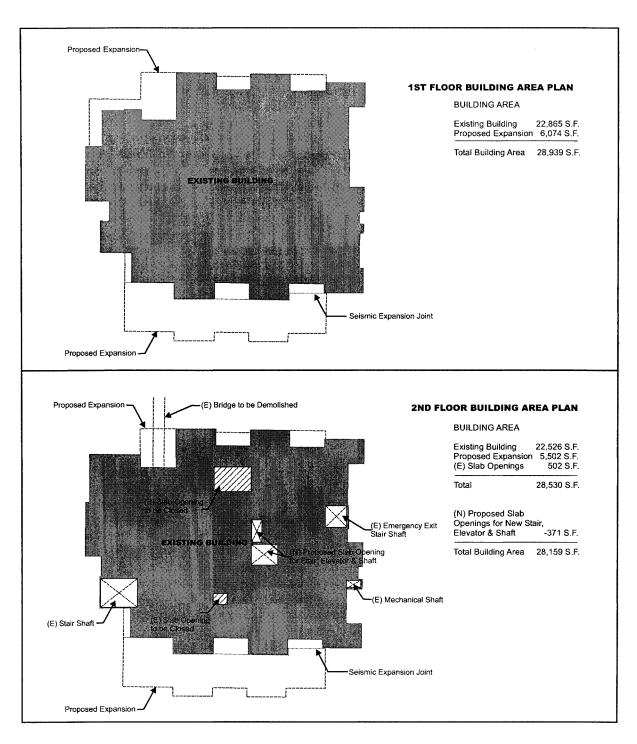
N2 - MENTE LAB P1 - AUTO TECHNOLOGY P2 - NEW PERFORMING AND FINE ARTS COMPLEX R9 - NEW PARKING STRUCTURE #4/TRANSIT CENTER S1 - VINCENT PRICE ART GALLERY S2 - NEW PERFORMING AND FINE ARTS COMPLEX

SOURCE: Tetra Design Architects & Planners, May 2005



East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan Second Addendum Final

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

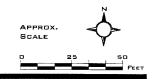


LEGEND:

Existing Building

Proposed Expansion

SOURCE: Tetra Design Architects & Planners, May 2005





East Los Angeles College Facilities Master Plan Final EIR Second Addendum

LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

FIGURE 2

5.0 DISCUSSION OF IMPACTS

5.1 Aesthetics and Lighting

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. One of the primary concerns of the Master Plan EIR was the potential impact of spillover lighting associated with the tennis courts, athletic fields, and stadium lighting on adjacent residential properties. Lighting for the new buildings would be used as accents to the new structures, as well as for security purposes. The Master Plan EIR concluded that lighting associated with the new buildings would not result in glare or glow to the surrounding community. In addition, the Master Plan EIR indicated that no unavoidable significant impacts were anticipated with regard to aesthetics or lighting and that mitigation measures related to spillover lighting would reduce potential impacts to less-than-significant levels.

No scenic resources are found within or adjacent to the project site. The general project area is described as a developed urban setting with no distinguishing scenic or public views. No scenic highways exist.

Master Plan Update. The modernization and expansion of the existing library and the addition of an elevator to Building F5 would not add any new structures that would impact the line-of-sight from the surrounding neighborhood or cast additional lighting onto adjacent residential communities. The proposed improvements would retain the existing building height as the expansion is proposed horizontally, slightly adding to the northern and southern faces of the existing library building and the southern face of Building F5. In addition, the proposed expansion would be designed to complement the materials, style, and character of the existing library building. Therefore, no new impacts related to aesthetics and lighting beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed improvements.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.2 Air Quality

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. For construction-related impacts, the Master Plan EIR disclosed that PM_{10} emissions are expected to exceed South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) thresholds during the grading/excavation phase of the construction period, resulting in a significant impact. PM_{10} abatement measures were recommended consistent with SCAQMD Rule 403 to reduce PM_{10} levels to the maximum extent feasible. However, such impacts were not anticipated to be reduced to less-than-significant levels and, as such, were considered to be significant and unavoidable. The Master Plan EIR did not find any other significant unavoidable impacts related to air quality.

Daily operations emissions for the Master Plan would be generated by motor vehicles. An evaluation of criteria pollutants; carbon monoxide (CO), reactive organic gas (ROG), nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and particulate matter (PM_{10}), determined that operational emissions would not exceed the SCAQMD significance threshold.

Master Plan Update. The proposed improvements would involve the modernization and expansion of the existing library and the addition of an elevator to Building F5, which would not require any major construction, grading, or excavation activities that may result in significant air quality construction emissions. Air quality emissions during construction of the proposed improvements would be negligible and would likely be limited to mobile emissions from the vehicles that deliver construction materials and demolition of the north and south faces of the existing building. As with the findings presented in the Master Plan EIR, construction emissions are not anticipated to exceed South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) thresholds on any given day during the construction period. Because

the proposed improvements would not require any major grading or excavation, which is the phase of Master Plan construction that would exceed the threshold for particulate matter (PM₁₀), construction impacts are not anticipated to contribute to this exceedance. Therefore, no new air quality impacts related to construction emissions beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed improvements.

Daily operations emissions are a function of the number of vehicles accessing the site. The proposed improvements would not result in increased enrollment beyond what was presented in the Master Plan EIR. Therefore, no new air quality impact related to project operation beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed improvements.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.3 Cultural Resources

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan EIR stated that a record search of the ELAC campus, conducted by the South Central Coastal Information Center, found that no historical or prehistoric archaeological sites were located within a one-half-mile radius of the campus. No State or National historic places or points of interest were located within the area, and a search conducted by the California Native American Heritage Commission failed to indicate the presence of any Native American cultural resources in the immediate project area. In addition, no buildings of historic value were identified. Accordingly, no impact to historical resources was anticipated.

Master Plan Update. Because there are no cultural resources existing on-site, the proposed modernization and expansion of the existing library and the addition of an elevator to Building F5 are not anticipated to disturb or impact any cultural resources. Additionally, construction activities associated with the proposed improvements would not require major excavation that could potentially disturb any unknown archaeological resources. Therefore, no new impacts related to cultural resources beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed improvements.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.4 Geology and Seismicity

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The potential for groundshaking was found to be high because the ELAC campus is situated above the Elysian Park Thrust Fault. The potential effects of groundshaking would be reduced to less-than-significant levels by designing all new buildings according to current City and State seismic building and development code requirements. The Master Plan EIR also found that landsliding could occur due to seismic groundshaking. Because there is a state-designated landslide zone on-site, impacts were anticipated. However, implementation of a mitigation measure requiring a detailed subsurface engineering geologic/geotechnical investigation prior to completing design plans for the proposed project would reduce impacts to less-than-significant levels.

Master Plan Update. The proposed project would involve the modernization and expansion of an existing building and the addition of an elevator to another building on the ELAC campus. As such, the proposed improvements to the existing library and Building F5 would be subject to the same building requirements (e.g., City and State seismic building and development code requirements) and mitigation measures discussed in the Master Plan EIR. Therefore, no new impacts related to geology and seismicity beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed project.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required beyond those identified in the Master Plan EIR.

5.5 Hazards and Hazardous Materials

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The demolition and/or renovation of any structures with asbestos containing materials or lead-based paint was found to have the potential to release these substances into the atmosphere and cause a significant impact if these substances are not properly stabilized or removed prior to demolition. Implementation of mitigation measures to ensure the safe removal of such materials before demolition would reduce impacts associated with hazardous materials to less-than-significant levels.

Master Plan Update. The existing library was completed in December 1979 prior to the ban on the use of asbestos containing materials in 1989 but after the ban on the use of lead-based paint in 1978. Consequently, there is a potential for asbestos containing materials to be present in the existing library building. Similar to the previous finding, the proposed improvements would have the potential to release asbestos containing materials into the atmosphere and cause a significant impact if asbestos containing materials are not properly removed prior to disturbance. However, the proposed improvements to the existing library would be subject to proper removal and disposal. In addition, the mitigation measures identified in the Master Plan EIR would be applied to the proposed improvements to ensure safe removal of any hazardous materials before demolition. With the implementation of these mitigation measures, no new significant impacts related to hazards and hazardous materials beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed project.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required beyond those identified in the Master Plan EIR.

5.6 Land Use and Planning

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan EIR concluded that the proposed facilities and improvements to the ELAC campus were consistent with existing uses on campus and would not conflict with regional and local zoning and land use plans. No significant adverse land use impacts were anticipated.

Master Plan Update. The proposed change to the Master Plan associated with the modernization and expansion of the existing library and the addition of an elevator to Building F5 would not create a new use that does not already exist on the campus and, as such, would be consistent with all regional and local zoning and land use plans. Therefore, the proposed project would not result in any new significant impacts beyond those previously disclosed and would be consistent with findings presented in the Master Plan EIR.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.7 Noise

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan EIR concluded that noise limit thresholds would likely be exceeded due to construction activities. Mitigation measures were recommended to reduce construction noise impacts to the maximum extent feasible. However, a significant unavoidable impact due to intermittent disruptions during construction was identified.

For operational impacts, changes in traffic-related noise were concluded to be less than three decibels. This level of change is not discernible to the human ear. Therefore, no significant impacts due to traffic-related noise were anticipated.

The modernization of Weingart Stadium was anticipated to have the greatest impact on noise levels in the project vicinity due to proposed increase in attendees from 20,400 to 30,000 under worst-case conditions. The Master Plan EIR concluded that noise increases of greater than three decibels were likely at nearby sensitive receptors.

Master Plan Update. The proposed improvements would involve the modernization and expansion of the existing library and the addition of an elevator to Building F5, which would not require any major construction, grading, or excavation activities that may result in excessive noise. Potential construction-related noise associated with the proposed improvements is not anticipated to exceed the noise levels estimated at the residential units on Avenida Cesar Chavez identified in the Master Plan EIR. Therefore, no new noise impacts related to project construction beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed improvements.

Operational noise is a function of the number of vehicles accessing the site based on enrollment. The proposed improvements would not result in increased enrollment beyond what was presented in the Master Plan EIR. Therefore, no new noise impact related to project operation beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed improvements.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.8 Public Services

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan Final EIR concluded that no potential significant impacts to fire protection were anticipated. The increase in enrollment due to Master Plan improvements was anticipated to result in a significant impact on campus security provided by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. The implementation of mitigation measures to improve security on the ELAC campus was determined to be sufficient to reduce this potential impact to a less-than-significant level.

Master Plan Update. The proposed improvements would involve the expansion and modernization of an existing library to address current and future technology and resource demands and the addition of an elevator to Building F5 to provide access for the disabled to the second level. Accordingly, these improvements would not result in the creation of a new building/facility or the addition of students to the ELAC campus to place additional demands on fire protection and campus security services. Therefore, proposed project would not result in any new impacts beyond those previously disclosed. Although no significant impacts would result from the proposed improvements, the mitigation measures identified in the Master Plan EIR would be applied to the proposed project to continue the improvement of safety and security on the ELAC campus.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required beyond those identified in the Master Plan EIR.

5.9 Transportation and Traffic

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan EIR summarized the findings of a traffic and parking study conducted by Kaku Associates in September 2000. The study evaluated traffic generated by the proposed Facilities Master Plan and the impacts on the surrounding street system. The traffic analysis addressed existing conditions, cumulative base conditions, and cumulative plus project conditions. Existing and future parking demands were also analyzed in detail, and traffic and parking mitigation measures were recommended as needed. Twelve project area intersections were analyzed to determine the volume to capacity (V/C) ratio and corresponding level of service (LOS) for the signalized intersections and average vehicle delay for unsignalized intersections. The study concluded that three of the 12 intersections would be significantly impacted by the proposed Master Plan. These 3 intersections

are Bleakwood Avenue at Floral Drive, Bleakwood Avenue at Avenida Cesar Chavez, and Collegian Avenue at Floral Drive. However, with implementation of mitigation measures, impacts associated with the proposed project at these intersections would be reduced to less-than-significant levels.

The Master Plan proposed 5,336 parking spaces (3,506 new), allowing all students who currently park off-campus to be accommodated on-site. Projected year 2015 peak parking demand for the campus is 1,730 spaces during the morning period, 1,335 spaces during the afternoon, and 1,599 spaces during the evening hours. The traffic study stated that the parking demand created by the project would easily be accommodated by these parking spaces. However, the change in the proposed parking plan due to the update to the Master Plan in 2004 (First Addendum to the Master Plan Final EIR) resulted in a reduction in the number of parking structures and spaces and reallocated the number of parking spaces in each oncampus parking lot. This first Master Plan Update proposed approximately 4,744 parking spaces to be provided on-campus. Similar to the findings of the Master Plan EIR, year 2015 peak parking demand would occur in the morning with a demand for 1,730 parking spaces. The proposed 4,744 parking spaces would accommodate this demand. Accordingly, no new impacts were identified.

Master Plan Update. The proposed improvements would involve the modernization and expansion of the existing library to address current and future technology and resource demands and the addition of an elevator to Building F5 to provide access for the disabled to the second level. Accordingly, these improvements would not result in increased enrollment beyond what was presented in the Master Plan EIR. Because project traffic and the demand for parking are based on enrollment at the ELAC campus, no change in trips or parking demand would occur from implementation of the proposed improvements. Therefore, no new traffic and parking impacts beyond those previously disclosed would result from implementation of the proposed improvements.

Project-Specific Mitigation Measures. None required.

5.10 Utilities and Service Systems

Master Plan EIR Conclusions. The Master Plan, due to a projected increase in student enrollment, was anticipated to increase water usage by 125,000 gallons per day. The Master Plan EIR identified that there was sufficient capacity in the existing water pipe system to accommodate the additional water usage and construction of a new system would not be necessary. However, in an effort to comply with regional efforts to conserve water, the Master Plan EIR recommended mitigation measures to ensure that water resources were conserved to the greatest extent feasible.

The campus improvements under the Master Plan would result in an increase in average wastewater flow of approximately 70,075 gallons per day. Based on a conversation with the County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County, there is sufficient capacity to accommodate the additional wastewater flow.

The Master Plan was anticipated to generate an additional 0.5 tons of solid waste per day. Solid waste generated by the campus is accepted at Puente Hills Landfill and additional solid waste contribution would be negligible. Mitigation measures were recommended to help ensure that conservation measures are observed to limit the amount of future solid waste to the extent feasible.

Master Plan Update. The proposed improvements would involve the expansion and modernization of the existing library to address current and future technology and resource demands and the addition of an elevator to Building F5 to provide access for the disabled to the second level. Accordingly, these improvements would not result in the creation of a new building/facility or the addition of students to the ELAC campus to place additional burden or demands on utilities and service systems. Therefore, proposed project would not result in any new impacts beyond those previously disclosed. Although no

significant impacts would result from the proposed improvements, the mitigation measures identified in the Master Plan EIR for water and solid waste would be applied to the proposed project to continue to encourage water conservation and recycling on the ELAC campus.

Project Specific Mitigation Measures. None required beyond those identified in the Master Plan EIR.

6.0 EFFECTS DETERMINED NOT TO BE SIGNIFICANT

In the preparation of the Master Plan EIR, certain CEQA topic areas were not discussed because these effects were considered not significant or not expected to occur. These topic areas are:

- Agricultural Resources
- Biological Resources
- Flood Hazard/Hydrology
- Mineral Resources
- Population, Employment, and Housing
- Recreation
- Schools

The current update to the Master Plan (i.e., modernization and expansion of the existing Dr. Helen Miller Bailey Library and the addition of an elevator to Building F5) would not result in the need to address these topic areas.